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Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 1996



U.S. Department of Labor
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Preface

Annual data on the labor force, employment, and unemployment in States and sub-State areas are available from two major sources: the Current Population Survey (CPS) and the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program. The CPS is a sample survey of about 50,000 households conducted by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). The LAUS program is a Federal-State cooperative endeavor, in which State employment security agencies prepare estimates using concepts, definitions, and estimation procedures prescribed by BLS.

This bulletin presents 1996 annual averages from the CPS for census regions and divisions, the 50 States and the District of Columbia, 50 large metropolitan areas, and 17 central cities. Data are provided on the employed and unemployed by selected demographic and economic characteristics. A cut in the CPS sample for 1996 in several large States due to budgetary reasons may have caused a reduction in reliability of annual average estimates and possible shifts in estimations of demographic characteristics.

Tables 1-11 present 1996 annual average labor force estimates for census regions and divisions. Similar information for all States and the District of Columbia appears in tables 12-22. These data incorporate updated 1990 census-based population controls, adjusted for the estimated undercount. The LAUS program uses the total CPS estimates for States and the District of Columbia as the official annual average labor force statistics.

Tables 23-27 display 1996 annual average labor force rates, ratios, and percent distributions from the CPS for 50 large

metropolitan areas and 17 central cities. Levels for the various labor force categories are not presented because independent, 1990 census-based population controls, adjusted for the estimated undercount, are not generally available for geographic areas below the State level. **The CPS metropolitan area and city estimates may differ from the official estimates produced by the individual States through the LAUS program.** CPS estimates are provided herein because they are the only current source of information on demographic and economic characteristics for these areas. Official annual average LAUS estimates for 1996 for selected metropolitan areas appeared in the May 1997 issue of *Employment and Earnings*. Official LAUS estimates for metropolitan areas and cities were published in the report, *Supplement to Unemployment in States and Local Areas, 1996*. Geographic definitions for metropolitan areas in this publication reflect those issued by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) on June 30, 1993. (See appendix C.)

This bulletin was prepared in the Office of Employment and Unemployment Statistics by the Division of Local Area Unemployment Statistics in collaboration with the Division of Data Development and Publications. The Data Users and Publication Services Group provided editorial assistance.

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Contents

	<i>Page</i>
Geographic profile of employment and unemployment, 1996	1
Section I. Estimates for Census regions and divisions	3
Tables: Census regions and divisions, 1996 annual averages:	
1. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin	5
2. Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin	10
3. Employment status of the experienced civilian labor force by occupation	12
4. Percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic origin	15
5. Employment status of the experienced civilian labor force for private nonagricultural wage and salary workers by industry	19
6. Percent distribution of employed private nonagricultural wage and salary workers by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic origin	21
7. Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin	25
8. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, reason for working less than 35 hours, and usual status ...	27
9. Employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and reason not at work ...	29
10. Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and reason for unemployment	31
11. Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and duration of unemployment	33
Section II: Estimates for States	35
Charts:	
1. Unemployment rates by State, 1996 annual averages	36
2. Employment-population ratios by State, 1996 annual averages	36
Tables: States, 1996 annual averages:	
12. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin	37
13. Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin	49
14. Employment status of the experienced civilian labor force by occupation	55
15. Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation	59
16. Employment status of the experienced civilian labor force by industry	64
17. Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry	68
18. Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin	73
19. Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, reason for working less than 35 hours, and usual status	78
20. Employed persons with a job but not at work by reason	82
21. Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and reason for unemployment	83
22. Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and duration of unemployment	87

Contents—Continued

	<i>Page</i>
Section III. Estimates for metropolitan areas and cities	91
Tables: Metropolitan areas and cities, 1996 annual averages:	
23. Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin	93
24. Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation	103
25. Unemployment rates by occupation	110
26. Percent distribution of employed persons in nonagricultural industries by sex, race, and Hispanic origin	112
27. Unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers by industry	119
Appendixes:	
A. Concepts and definitions of data derived from the Current Population Survey	121
B. Sampling and estimation procedures and sampling error tables	123
C. Geographic boundary definitions	137

Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment, 1996

The Current Population Survey (CPS) is the regular monthly survey of about 50,000 households from which the national unemployment rate is derived. (See appendix A for concepts and definitions used in the CPS and appendix B for a description of the estimation procedure.)

Annual average estimates of the labor force by demographic (age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin) and economic characteristics of the employed and unemployed are published in this bulletin only if they meet the BLS standards for publication, as explained in appendix B. Table B-1 lists the minimum bases required for publication for various geographic areas.

Estimates for census regions and divisions are shown in section I; data for States are shown in section II; and limited data for metropolitan areas and cities are shown in section III. Estimates of levels are not provided in section III be-

cause population controls needed to make estimates of levels comparable to those in the other sections of this publication are not available for 1996.

Because the estimates are based on a survey rather than on a complete census of the population, they are subject to sampling error. Consequently, error ranges have been calculated, in the form of 90-percent confidence intervals, and displayed for the unemployment rates in the first table of sections I, II, and III. In addition, appendix B provides tables from which the sampling error ranges can be obtained for the data in other tables in sections I and II. Separate error tables are not provided for each population group (i.e., total, white, black, or Hispanic). Instead, one table is used for all population groups for a given labor force characteristic, because differences in sampling errors are usually minimal.

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**Section I. Estimates for Census Regions
and Divisions**

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Table 1. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
UNITED STATES ²								
Total	200,591	133,943	66.8	126,708	63.2	7,236	5.4	5.3 - 5.5
Men	96,206	72,086	74.9	68,207	70.9	3,880	5.4	5.3 - 5.5
Women	104,385	61,857	59.3	58,501	56.0	3,356	5.4	5.3 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	14,934	7,806	52.3	6,500	43.5	1,306	16.7	16.2 - 17.2
White	156,317	113,106	67.2	107,808	64.1	5,300	4.7	4.6 - 4.8
Men	81,489	61,783	75.8	58,888	72.3	2,896	4.7	4.6 - 4.8
Women	66,828	51,325	59.1	48,920	56.3	2,404	4.7	4.6 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	11,622	6,607	55.9	5,667	47.9	939	14.2	13.7 - 14.7
Black	23,604	15,134	64.1	15,042	57.4	1,582	10.5	10.2 - 10.9
Men	10,575	7,264	68.7	6,456	61.1	808	11.1	10.6 - 11.6
Women	13,029	7,869	60.4	7,086	54.4	784	10.0	9.5 - 10.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,356	923	39.2	613	26.0	310	33.6	31.5 - 35.6
Hispanic origin	19,213	12,774	66.5	11,642	60.6	1,132	8.9	8.5 - 9.2
Men	9,604	7,646	79.6	7,039	73.3	607	7.9	7.5 - 8.3
Women	9,610	5,128	53.4	4,602	47.9	525	10.2	9.7 - 10.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,948	845	43.4	648	33.1	199	23.6	21.9 - 25.3
Northeast Region								
Total	39,750	25,690	64.6	24,246	61.0	1,444	5.6	5.4 - 5.8
Men	18,606	13,697	72.8	12,888	68.5	808	5.9	5.7 - 6.1
Women	20,944	11,993	57.3	11,357	54.2	636	5.3	5.1 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,788	1,307	47.2	1,069	39.3	218	16.7	15.6 - 17.7
White	33,962	22,112	65.1	21,025	61.9	1,088	4.9	4.8 - 5.1
Men	16,221	11,930	73.5	11,309	69.7	621	5.2	5.0 - 5.4
Women	17,740	10,182	57.3	9,716	54.7	467	4.6	4.3 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,244	1,134	50.5	870	43.2	164	14.4	13.3 - 15.5
Black	4,384	2,655	60.6	2,347	53.5	309	11.6	11.0 - 12.3
Men	1,885	1,244	66.0	1,080	57.3	164	13.2	12.2 - 14.2
Women	2,499	1,411	56.5	1,267	50.7	145	10.2	9.4 - 11.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	422	141	33.3	90	21.4	50	35.6	32.4 - 39.2
Hispanic origin	3,021	1,788	59.2	1,603	53.1	185	10.4	9.8 - 11.1
Men	1,406	1,014	72.1	914	65.0	99	9.8	8.8 - 10.8
Women	1,615	774	47.9	689	42.6	86	11.1	9.8 - 12.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	320	105	33.0	76	23.8	29	27.8	23.5 - 32.1
New England Division								
Total	10,312	7,021	68.1	6,665	64.6	356	4.8	4.5 - 5.1
Men	4,931	3,661	74.7	3,497	70.9	185	5.0	4.6 - 5.4
Women	5,380	3,340	62.1	3,168	59.3	152	4.5	4.2 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	669	366	54.6	312	46.6	54	14.6	12.9 - 16.3
White	9,526	6,492	68.1	6,204	65.1	288	4.4	4.2 - 4.7
Men	4,566	3,418	74.8	3,258	71.3	160	4.7	4.3 - 5.1
Women	4,962	3,074	62.0	2,946	59.4	128	4.2	3.8 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	595	336	56.9	292	49.1	46	13.6	11.8 - 15.3
Black	573	386	67.4	345	60.1	41	10.7	9.0 - 12.4
Men	260	186	71.3	164	63.1	21	11.5	9.0 - 14.0
Women	313	200	64.1	180	57.7	20	10.0	7.7 - 12.3
Hispanic origin	400	245	61.1	215	53.6	30	12.4	10.1 - 14.8
Men	183	133	72.5	117	64.0	16	11.8	8.8 - 14.8
Women	217	112	51.5	97	44.8	15	13.1	9.7 - 16.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ^a
Middle Atlantic Division								
Total	29,438	18,869	63.4	17,542	59.7	1,108	5.9	5.7 - 6.1
Men	13,875	10,095	72.2	9,392	67.7	620	6.2	5.9 - 6.5
Women	15,564	8,754	55.6	8,169	52.5	484	5.6	5.3 - 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,099	941	44.8	777	37.0	164	17.5	16.2 - 18.8
White	24,454	15,620	63.9	14,821	60.6	800	5.1	4.9 - 5.3
Men	11,655	8,512	73.0	8,051	69.1	481	5.4	5.1 - 5.7
Women	12,799	7,108	55.5	6,769	52.9	339	4.8	4.5 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,649	795	48.2	678	41.1	118	14.8	13.5 - 16.2
Black	3,811	2,269	59.5	2,002	52.5	267	11.8	11.1 - 12.5
Men	1,625	1,058	65.1	916	56.3	143	13.5	12.4 - 14.6
Women	2,186	1,211	55.4	1,086	49.7	125	10.3	9.4 - 11.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	361	117	32.4	74	20.5	43	36.9	33.1 - 40.8
Hispanic origin	2,621	1,543	58.9	1,388	53.0	155	10.0	9.2 - 10.9
Men	1,223	881	72.1	797	65.2	84	9.5	8.5 - 10.6
Women	1,398	662	47.4	591	42.3	71	10.7	9.4 - 12.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	273	89	32.5	66	24.1	23	26.0	21.4 - 30.7
Midwest Region								
Total	46,873	32,628	69.6	31,158	66.5	1,471	4.5	4.4 - 4.6
Men	22,586	17,414	77.1	16,606	73.5	807	4.8	4.4 - 4.8
Women	24,287	15,214	62.6	14,550	59.9	864	4.4	4.2 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,584	2,218	61.7	1,911	53.2	308	13.9	13.0 - 14.7
White	41,582	29,267	70.4	28,133	67.7	1,134	3.9	3.7 - 4.0
Men	20,180	15,755	78.1	15,125	75.0	630	4.0	3.8 - 4.2
Women	21,422	13,512	63.1	13,009	60.7	503	3.7	3.5 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,098	2,010	64.9	1,768	57.1	342	12.0	11.2 - 12.9
Black	4,270	2,677	62.7	2,378	55.7	299	11.2	10.5 - 11.9
Men	1,948	1,298	66.6	1,140	58.5	159	12.2	11.2 - 13.2
Women	2,321	1,379	59.4	1,238	53.3	141	10.2	9.3 - 11.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	408	171	41.9	113	27.5	59	34.2	31.2 - 37.3
Hispanic origin	1,352	885	70.6	879	65.0	76	8.0	7.0 - 9.0
Men	726	603	83.1	580	77.2	43	7.1	5.9 - 8.3
Women	627	352	56.2	319	50.9	33	9.5	7.7 - 11.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	141	80	56.3	65	45.7	15	18.7	13.9 - 23.6
East North Central Division								
Total	33,010	22,538	68.3	21,474	65.1	1,064	4.7	4.5 - 4.9
Men	15,887	12,114	76.3	11,530	72.8	584	4.8	4.6 - 5.1
Women	17,123	10,424	60.9	9,944	58.1	480	4.6	4.3 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,510	1,479	58.9	1,262	50.3	218	14.7	13.7 - 15.7
White	28,755	19,871	69.1	18,981	66.4	791	4.0	3.8 - 4.2
Men	13,954	10,815	77.5	10,372	74.3	443	4.1	3.9 - 4.3
Women	14,801	9,056	61.2	8,709	58.8	347	3.8	3.6 - 4.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,115	1,315	62.2	1,150	54.4	155	12.8	11.5 - 13.6
Black	3,551	2,186	61.6	1,935	54.5	252	11.5	10.7 - 12.3
Men	1,804	1,042	65.0	909	56.7	132	12.7	11.6 - 13.9
Women	1,747	1,144	65.6	1,025	52.7	119	10.4	9.4 - 11.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	335	138	41.1	89	26.7	48	35.0	31.5 - 38.8
Hispanic origin	1,064	742	69.7	682	64.1	80	8.1	6.9 - 9.3
Men	571	471	82.6	437	76.5	34	7.3	5.9 - 8.7
Women	493	270	54.8	245	49.6	25	5.4	7.3 - 11.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	107	55	51.3	44	40.8	11	20.5	14.3 - 26.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
West North Central Division								
Total	13,863	10,090	72.8	9,860	69.9	407	4.0	3.8 - 4.2
Men	5,699	5,300	79.1	5,077	75.8	223	4.2	3.9 - 4.5
Women	7,164	4,790	66.9	4,807	64.3	184	3.8	3.5 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,085	739	68.2	649	59.9	90	12.2	10.8 - 13.5
White	12,628	9,398	73.3	9,055	70.6	343	3.7	3.4 - 3.9
Men	6,206	4,940	79.6	4,753	76.6	187	3.8	3.5 - 4.1
Women	6,622	4,458	67.3	4,302	65.0	156	3.5	3.2 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	984	695	70.6	619	62.9	76	11.0	9.6 - 12.3
Black	718	489	68.3	442	61.7	47	9.6	8.1 - 11.2
Men	343	256	74.5	230	66.9	26	10.2	8.0 - 12.3
Women	373	234	62.7	213	57.0	21	9.0	6.9 - 11.2
Hispanic origin	298	213	73.9	197	66.3	10	7.8	5.8 - 9.8
Men	155	131	84.7	123	79.4	9	6.3	3.9 - 8.7
Women	133	82	61.3	74	55.4	8	9.7	6.1 - 13.3
South Region								
Total	70,561	48,495	68.9	44,061	62.4	2,421	5.2	5.1 - 5.3
Men	33,580	24,846	74.0	23,621	70.4	1,225	4.9	4.8 - 5.1
Women	37,001	21,648	58.5	20,139	55.2	1,209	5.6	5.4 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	5,305	2,649	49.9	2,186	41.2	463	17.5	16.7 - 18.3
White	55,957	36,836	65.8	35,295	63.1	1,542	4.2	4.1 - 4.3
Men	27,041	20,209	74.7	19,415	71.8	794	3.9	3.8 - 4.1
Women	28,916	16,627	57.5	15,879	54.9	748	4.5	4.3 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,794	2,034	53.6	1,758	46.4	275	13.5	12.7 - 14.4
Black	12,839	8,534	66.0	7,693	59.5	841	9.9	9.5 - 10.2
Men	5,759	4,058	70.5	3,652	63.4	406	10.0	9.5 - 10.5
Women	7,181	4,475	62.0	4,040	56.3	435	9.7	9.2 - 10.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,385	558	40.9	379	27.7	179	32.1	31.4 - 32.8
Hispanic origin	6,564	4,799	67.0	4,078	62.1	323	7.3	6.8 - 7.9
Men	3,278	2,305	70.5	2,441	74.5	164	6.3	5.8 - 6.9
Women	3,285	1,795	54.6	1,635	49.8	180	9.9	8.0 - 9.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	830	281	44.7	224	35.5	58	20.5	18.0 - 23.0
South Atlantic Division								
Total	36,445	23,974	65.8	22,784	62.5	1,190	5.0	4.8 - 5.2
Men	17,283	12,688	73.4	11,782	68.9	604	4.8	4.5 - 5.0
Women	19,162	11,286	58.9	10,702	55.8	586	5.2	4.9 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,524	1,306	51.7	1,095	43.4	210	16.1	15.0 - 17.2
White	28,210	18,423	65.3	17,711	62.8	712	3.9	3.7 - 4.1
Men	13,589	10,019	73.7	9,645	70.9	374	3.7	3.5 - 4.0
Women	14,612	8,405	57.5	8,066	55.2	338	4.0	3.8 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,730	964	55.7	847	49.0	117	12.2	10.9 - 13.4
Black	7,438	4,991	67.1	4,533	61.0	457	9.2	8.7 - 9.8
Men	3,329	2,388	71.8	2,165	65.0	223	9.4	8.7 - 10.0
Women	4,107	2,602	63.4	2,368	57.7	234	9.0	8.3 - 9.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	732	313	42.7	222	30.4	90	28.9	27.3 - 30.5
Hispanic origin	2,295	1,559	67.9	1,457	63.5	102	6.5	5.8 - 7.3
Men	1,153	919	79.7	868	75.2	51	5.8	4.7 - 6.5
Women	1,142	640	56.0	589	51.8	51	7.9	6.7 - 9.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	188	94	44.8	72	38.6	12	13.8	9.6 - 18.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
East South Central Division								
Total	12,403	7,969	64.2	7,537	60.8	431	5.4	5.1 - 5.7
Men	5,864	4,212	71.8	3,999	68.2	213	5.1	4.6 - 5.5
Women	6,539	3,757	57.5	3,538	54.1	218	5.8	5.3 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	989	478	48.3	389	39.3	89	18.7	16.8 - 20.6
White	9,785	6,287	64.4	6,027	61.7	259	4.1	3.8 - 4.4
Men	4,712	3,414	72.5	3,286	69.7	128	3.8	3.4 - 4.2
Women	5,053	2,872	56.8	2,742	54.3	131	4.5	4.1 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	673	360	53.5	313	46.5	47	13.1	11.1 - 15.1
Black	2,516	1,606	63.8	1,439	57.2	167	10.4	9.5 - 11.3
Men	1,098	757	69.0	675	61.5	82	10.9	9.6 - 12.1
Women	1,419	849	59.8	764	53.8	85	10.0	8.8 - 11.2
Hispanic origin	94	74	78.4	68	72.1	6	8.0	4.3 - 11.7
Men	49	45	91.4	43	87.4	2	4.4	.8 - 8.0
West South Central Division								
Total	21,713	14,554	67.0	13,741	63.3	814	5.8	5.3 - 5.9
Men	10,413	7,450	71.5	7,542	72.4	408	5.1	4.8 - 5.5
Women	11,300	6,604	58.4	6,199	54.9	405	6.1	5.8 - 6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,793	866	48.3	702	39.2	164	18.9	17.5 - 20.3
White	17,986	12,130	67.4	11,580	64.3	571	4.7	4.5 - 5.0
Men	8,733	6,779	77.6	6,487	74.3	292	4.3	4.0 - 4.6
Women	9,253	5,351	57.8	5,072	54.8	279	5.2	4.8 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,391	709	51.0	598	43.0	111	15.6	14.1 - 17.2
Black	2,982	1,934	64.8	1,717	57.6	216	11.2	10.4 - 12.0
Men	1,330	911	68.5	811	60.9	101	11.0	9.9 - 12.2
Women	1,652	1,022	61.9	907	54.9	116	11.3	10.2 - 12.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	333	133	39.9	85	25.6	48	35.9	34.8 - 37.1
Hispanic origin	4,186	2,775	66.3	2,559	61.1	216	7.8	7.1 - 8.5
Men	2,082	1,646	79.1	1,535	73.7	111	6.7	5.9 - 7.6
Women	2,105	1,129	53.6	1,024	48.6	105	9.3	8.2 - 10.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	439	196	44.7	150	34.2	46	23.4	20.8 - 26.1
West Region								
Total	43,860	29,430	67.1	27,525	62.8	1,905	6.5	6.3 - 6.7
Men	21,473	16,294	75.9	15,245	71.0	1,049	6.4	6.2 - 6.7
Women	22,387	13,136	58.7	12,281	54.9	856	6.5	6.2 - 6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	3,300	1,647	49.9	1,327	40.2	321	19.5	18.3 - 20.7
White	37,175	25,144	67.6	23,592	63.5	1,552	6.2	6.0 - 6.4
Men	18,251	14,029	76.9	13,170	72.2	859	6.1	5.9 - 6.4
Women	18,924	11,115	58.7	10,422	55.1	694	6.2	5.9 - 6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,712	1,443	53.2	1,182	43.6	261	18.1	16.8 - 19.4
Black	2,046	1,290	63.1	1,145	56.0	145	11.3	10.2 - 12.3
Men	999	675	67.5	594	59.5	80	11.9	10.4 - 13.4
Women	1,047	616	58.8	550	52.6	85	10.6	9.1 - 12.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	164	55	33.2	32	19.7	22	40.7	33.4 - 48.0
Hispanic origin	8,352	5,682	68.0	5,130	61.4	552	9.7	9.2 - 10.2
Men	4,232	3,455	81.7	3,152	74.5	304	8.8	8.2 - 9.4
Women	4,120	2,227	54.1	1,978	48.0	249	11.2	10.3 - 12.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	865	382	44.2	284	32.8	98	25.7	23.1 - 28.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Area and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Mountain Division								
Total	12,095	8,321	68.8	7,895	65.3	426	5.1	4.9 - 5.3
Men	5,940	4,568	76.9	4,336	73.0	232	5.1	4.7 - 5.4
Women	6,156	3,753	61.0	3,559	57.8	194	5.2	4.8 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	981	560	57.1	471	48.0	90	16.0	14.7 - 17.3
White	11,199	7,726	69.0	7,355	65.7	371	4.8	4.6 - 5.1
Men	5,514	4,259	77.2	4,057	73.6	202	4.7	4.4 - 5.1
Women	5,685	3,467	61.0	3,298	58.0	170	4.9	4.5 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	886	522	58.7	444	50.0	78	14.9	13.6 - 16.3
Black	337	237	70.3	210	62.3	27	11.3	9.3 - 13.3
Men	161	121	75.5	109	67.7	13	10.3	7.6 - 13.0
Women	177	116	65.5	102	57.5	14	12.3	9.4 - 15.2
Hispanic origin	1,867	1,252	67.1	1,163	62.3	89	7.1	6.4 - 7.9
Men	955	768	80.4	714	74.7	54	7.1	6.1 - 8.0
Women	912	485	53.1	449	49.2	35	7.3	6.1 - 8.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	221	106	48.1	86	38.7	21	19.6	17.3 - 21.9
Pacific Division								
Total	31,765	21,111	66.5	19,634	61.8	1,478	7.0	6.8 - 7.2
Men	15,534	11,727	75.5	10,910	70.2	817	7.0	6.6 - 7.3
Women	16,231	9,384	57.8	8,724	53.7	661	7.0	6.7 - 7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	2,319	1,088	46.9	857	36.9	231	21.2	19.6 - 22.9
White	25,985	17,425	67.1	16,245	62.5	1,180	6.8	6.5 - 7.0
Men	12,742	9,773	76.7	9,117	71.6	657	6.7	6.4 - 7.1
Women	13,244	7,652	57.8	7,128	53.8	524	6.8	6.4 - 7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,825	922	50.5	739	40.5	183	19.9	18.1 - 21.6
Black	1,706	1,052	61.7	934	54.7	118	11.3	10.0 - 12.5
Men	837	553	66.0	485	58.0	68	12.2	10.4 - 14.0
Women	869	499	57.4	448	51.6	51	10.2	8.4 - 11.9
Hispanic origin	6,481	4,427	68.3	3,965	61.2	462	10.4	9.8 - 11.1
Men	3,275	2,686	82.0	2,437	74.4	249	9.3	8.5 - 10.0
Women	3,206	1,741	54.3	1,528	47.7	213	12.2	11.2 - 13.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	644	276	42.8	198	30.8	77	28.0	24.6 - 31.5

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a complete census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

² Because of separate processing and weighting procedures, totals for the United States differ from the results obtained by aggregating the totals for regions and States.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals or compute to displayed percentages because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Data in tables 1-22 incorporate updated 1990 census-based population controls.

Table 2. Census regions and divisions: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹									Unemployed	
	Full-time workers					Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	35 hours or more	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
			1 to 34 hours				Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
			Economic reasons	Noneconomic reasons							
TOTAL											
Northeast	19,598	16,632	186	1,696	883	4,719	625	3,750	343	1,176	272
New England	5,292	4,522	51	486	231	1,414	156	1,166	92	267	70
Middle Atlantic	14,306	12,110	135	1,409	652	3,304	469	2,584	251	909	202
Midwest	24,929	21,628	303	1,997	1,001	6,186	598	5,172	416	1,130	339
East North Central	17,245	14,972	210	1,336	727	4,174	418	3,472	284	830	232
West North Central	7,685	6,656	94	661	274	2,014	180	1,701	132	300	108
South	37,094	31,774	559	3,307	1,454	7,010	996	5,497	516	1,991	445
South Atlantic	19,220	16,296	291	1,853	779	3,561	507	2,783	271	975	214
East South Central	6,302	5,360	97	573	272	1,223	153	976	94	352	78
West South Central	11,575	10,122	171	880	402	2,226	336	1,739	152	665	153
West	22,373	19,379	401	1,776	817	5,361	878	4,121	363	1,536	384
Mountain	6,480	5,614	107	508	230	1,551	191	1,245	115	339	94
Pacific	15,918	13,769	294	1,269	586	3,812	686	2,878	248	1,196	289
Men											
Northeast	11,502	10,009	105	940	448	1,424	256	1,083	84	698	113
New England	3,102	2,720	28	231	123	405	66	318	22	157	28
Middle Atlantic	8,400	7,288	78	709	325	1,018	191	765	62	541	85
Midwest	14,742	13,089	182	969	502	1,843	238	1,502	103	664	142
East North Central	10,276	9,121	130	659	366	1,225	170	985	70	486	97
West North Central	4,466	3,968	52	310	136	619	68	517	33	179	44
South	21,268	18,671	322	1,590	686	2,377	408	1,820	149	1,033	193
South Atlantic	10,875	9,465	166	885	360	1,206	206	920	80	512	92
East South Central	3,576	3,119	53	272	132	416	58	333	25	181	32
West South Central	6,820	6,090	103	432	194	755	144	567	44	341	70
West	13,522	11,896	264	942	420	1,836	428	1,312	98	898	159
Mountain	3,875	3,426	67	267	115	525	87	404	34	197	38
Pacific	9,650	8,472	197	676	304	1,313	340	906	64	700	121
Women											
Northeast	8,096	6,623	81	958	434	3,295	369	2,667	259	478	160
New England	2,190	1,801	23	258	108	1,009	90	848	71	110	42
Middle Atlantic	5,906	4,822	57	700	327	2,286	279	1,819	189	368	118
Midwest	10,187	8,539	121	1,027	499	4,343	360	3,670	314	466	197
East North Central	6,969	5,852	80	677	361	2,949	248	2,486	215	345	134
West North Central	3,219	2,688	41	351	138	1,395	112	1,184	99	121	63
South	15,826	13,104	237	1,717	768	4,633	589	3,677	367	958	252
South Atlantic	8,345	6,831	125	969	420	2,356	301	1,864	191	463	123
East South Central	2,726	2,241	44	300	140	806	95	643	68	171	47
West South Central	4,755	4,032	67	448	208	1,471	193	1,171	108	324	83
West	8,850	7,483	137	834	397	3,524	450	2,809	265	638	224
Mountain	2,585	2,188	41	241	115	1,026	104	841	81	141	56
Pacific	6,268	5,297	96	593	282	2,499	345	1,970	184	496	168
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											
Northeast	281	233	10	31	8	811	59	712	40	100	119
New England	71	57	2	9	3	243	18	215	12	23	30
Middle Atlantic	211	176	8	22	5	568	44	497	28	77	88
Midwest	531	437	20	55	19	1,377	84	1,232	61	142	165
East North Central	355	289	16	37	14	904	56	806	41	102	115
West North Central	176	148	4	18	6	474	27	426	20	40	50
South	793	643	32	100	19	1,395	119	1,206	70	246	218
South Atlantic	396	315	16	54	10	700	57	604	38	110	101
East South Central	141	112	5	20	4	247	18	214	14	47	42
West South Central	257	215	11	25	5	449	43	388	18	90	75
West	444	370	21	44	8	893	87	789	38	161	162

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Census regions and divisions: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Employed ¹									Unemployed	
	Full-time workers					Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	35 hours or more	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
			1 to 34 hours				Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
			Economic reasons	Noneconomic reasons							
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											
Mountain	181	148	9	20	4	297	27	258	11	49	42
Pacific	264	223	13	24	4	597	59	511	26	111	121
White											
Northeast	16,859	14,265	165	1,650	778	4,227	515	3,402	311	867	224
New England	4,892	4,170	47	457	218	1,332	138	1,106	88	227	62
Middle Atlantic	11,967	10,096	119	1,192	561	2,895	376	2,296	223	640	162
Midwest	22,398	19,456	272	1,790	879	5,698	514	4,799	385	843	289
East North Central	15,235	13,248	186	1,171	630	3,797	350	3,185	262	597	191
West North Central	7,166	6,211	86	620	249	1,903	164	1,616	124	246	97
South	29,613	25,427	421	2,804	1,181	5,716	696	4,585	435	1,238	305
South Atlantic	14,860	12,639	207	1,418	596	2,849	349	2,274	225	568	145
East South Central	5,021	4,282	71	451	218	996	93	824	80	209	50
West South Central	9,739	8,513	143	734	348	1,872	254	1,488	130	463	110
West	19,098	16,512	353	1,527	705	4,673	724	3,623	327	1,249	314
Mountain	5,999	5,212	99	472	217	1,464	174	1,181	108	296	81
Pacific	13,112	11,313	254	1,056	489	3,213	549	2,445	219	953	233
Black											
Northeast	1,998	1,711	16	189	82	356	93	238	25	269	41
New England	284	248	3	23	10	62	14	44	4	34	7
Middle Atlantic	1,714	1,463	13	165	72	294	78	194	21	235	33
Midwest	1,998	1,701	25	172	100	377	73	280	24	258	41
East North Central	1,627	1,384	20	142	81	303	60	224	18	216	35
West North Central	369	315	5	29	19	74	13	56	6	41	6
South	6,576	5,546	126	635	268	1,125	273	782	69	712	130
South Atlantic	3,911	3,266	77	399	170	622	144	439	39	390	67
East South Central	1,224	1,029	26	116	52	213	57	143	12	140	27
West South Central	1,435	1,247	23	119	46	290	72	200	18	181	36
West	962	827	15	83	37	192	51	131	10	122	24
Mountain	180	159	2	13	6	33	4	27	3	(³)	(³)
Pacific	780	666	13	69	31	158	46	104	8	103	16
Hispanic origin											
Northeast	1,374	1,191	18	114	50	234	53	169	12	156	29
New England	180	154	3	16	7	35	5	28	2	25	5
Middle Atlantic	1,193	1,037	15	98	43	199	48	141	10	131	24
Midwest	750	672	8	48	22	127	29	93	5	63	13
East North Central	592	534	7	36	16	88	21	63	4	51	8
West North Central	157	138	1	13	6	40	9	30	1	(³)	(³)
South	3,449	2,990	80	257	122	631	175	427	29	270	53
South Atlantic	1,236	1,080	25	86	45	220	60	150	10	86	16
East South Central	57	49	2	5	1	11	3	8	1	(³)	(³)
West South Central	2,168	1,871	54	167	76	402	113	271	18	180	37
West	4,311	3,762	130	283	136	858	244	567	47	469	88
Mountain	971	846	24	69	33	209	50	147	12	76	14
Pacific	3,336	2,912	106	214	103	649	194	420	34	391	73

¹ Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers based on their usual weekly hours at all jobs regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work are classified according to their usual status.

² Includes some persons at work 35 hours or more classified by their reason for working part time.

³ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication

standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 1996 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE													
Managerial and professional specialty	7,786	2,282	5,504	8,606	5,941	2,665	12,458	6,767	1,940	3,751	8,605	2,326	6,279
Executive, administrative, and managerial	3,681	1,097	2,584	4,121	2,902	1,218	6,073	3,333	923	1,817	4,335	1,175	3,160
Professional specialty	4,095	1,185	2,911	4,485	3,039	1,447	6,384	3,434	1,017	1,934	4,269	1,151	3,118
Engineers	377	125	251	486	362	124	637	337	103	196	501	133	368
Mathematical and computer scientists	297	98	199	281	192	89	449	276	47	127	339	86	253
Health diagnosing occupations	232	64	168	238	172	66	280	134	45	101	216	57	160
Health assessment and treating occupations	614	192	422	740	515	225	973	526	172	275	533	151	381
Teachers, except college and university	957	244	713	1,137	739	398	1,801	896	298	607	960	283	677
Technical, sales, and administrative support	7,723	2,017	5,706	9,421	6,496	2,925	13,680	7,132	2,220	4,328	8,716	2,497	6,220
Technicians and related support	776	206	570	967	670	296	1,411	704	239	469	895	260	635
Health technologists and technicians	335	85	249	436	306	130	589	275	127	187	295	78	217
Engineering and science technicians	196	61	135	294	205	89	438	213	73	152	281	90	191
Sales occupations	3,003	784	2,219	3,867	2,651	1,216	5,802	3,052	941	1,810	3,611	1,056	2,555
Supervisors and proprietors	843	228	615	1,062	738	323	1,693	863	271	338	1,016	292	724
Sales representatives, finance and business services	545	134	412	578	386	192	868	482	120	266	635	193	442
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	300	88	212	413	284	129	518	273	80	165	375	95	280
Sales workers, retail and personal services	1,304	331	973	1,786	1,226	560	2,690	1,395	463	832	1,561	471	1,091
Administrative support, including clerical	3,943	1,027	2,916	4,587	3,174	1,413	6,466	3,377	1,041	2,049	4,210	1,180	3,030
Computer equipment operators	112	30	82	99	67	(?)	149	63	(?)	(?)	59	(?)	(?)
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	921	219	702	1,009	706	303	1,352	691	234	427	743	226	517
Financial records processing	459	126	333	555	355	199	793	382	158	252	536	146	390
Mail and message distributing	230	57	174	242	162	80	354	197	(?)	115	214	59	155
Service occupations	3,777	949	2,828	4,391	3,015	1,376	6,371	3,318	1,033	2,021	4,014	1,224	2,792
Private household	173	40	132	135	97	(?)	325	156	49	121	254	49	204
Protective service	525	103	421	470	354	116	819	441	129	248	463	130	333
Service, except private household and protective	3,080	805	2,274	3,786	2,564	1,223	5,227	2,721	855	1,651	3,298	1,044	2,255
Food service	1,200	321	878	1,647	1,147	500	2,167	1,159	332	676	1,509	490	1,020
Health service	651	170	481	643	412	228	861	430	144	287	403	115	288
Cleaning and building service	662	157	505	807	557	250	1,229	645	214	370	711	211	500
Personal service	568	157	411	692	448	244	970	487	165	318	675	228	447
Precision production, craft, and repair	2,513	751	1,763	3,553	2,523	1,030	5,313	2,646	927	1,740	3,033	945	2,089
Mechanics and repairers	814	211	603	1,138	807	332	1,736	879	284	573	1,018	295	723
Construction trades	973	299	674	1,270	871	399	2,116	1,106	343	667	1,218	427	792
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	3,381	883	2,498	5,470	4,004	1,465	7,171	3,445	1,579	2,147	3,784	1,019	2,785
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	1,459	415	1,044	2,571	1,963	608	3,026	1,496	755	774	1,487	338	1,148
Transportation and material moving occupations	938	230	708	1,443	1,004	439	2,094	970	421	704	1,130	333	797
Motor vehicle operators	758	180	578	1,076	739	337	1,532	728	291	513	869	246	623
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	984	238	746	1,456	1,037	418	2,051	979	403	669	1,166	348	820
Construction laborers	181	39	142	217	161	56	344	181	58	106	227	79	148
Farming, forestry, and fishing	404	120	284	1,089	482	608	1,268	559	227	483	1,107	282	825
Farm operators and managers	94	(?)	73	596	208	389	412	139	94	180	222	96	128
EMPLOYED													
Managerial and professional specialty	7,609	2,239	5,371	8,437	5,819	2,618	12,210	6,621	1,901	3,689	8,413	2,303	6,109
Executive, administrative, and managerial	3,602	1,070	2,533	4,045	2,847	1,198	5,948	3,257	906	1,785	4,236	1,164	3,072
Professional specialty	4,007	1,169	2,838	4,392	2,973	1,420	6,262	3,364	995	1,903	4,177	1,139	3,037
Engineers	374	124	250	479	357	122	628	331	103	195	488	131	357
Mathematical and computer scientists	292	98	194	279	190	86	445	272	47	126	336	86	250
Health diagnosing occupations	232	64	168	238	172	66	279	133	45	101	216	57	158
Health assessment and treating occupations	606	191	415	727	505	222	962	519	170	273	528	152	377
Teachers, except college and university	903	240	664	1,108	718	391	1,759	875	290	596	943	278	666
Technical, sales, and administrative support	7,366	1,938	5,427	9,066	6,231	2,836	13,094	6,834	2,127	4,134	8,327	2,432	5,896
Technicians and related support	755	200	555	948	655	293	1,369	683	230	456	871	256	615
Health technologists and technicians	326	84	242	430	301	129	568	265	121	182	287	78	210
Engineering and science technicians	186	57	129	285	197	88	426	207	70	149	272	87	185
Sales occupations	2,848	751	2,097	3,690	2,521	1,170	5,498	2,900	895	1,703	3,437	1,027	2,411
Supervisors and proprietors	821	222	599	1,037	721	317	1,662	866	268	528	1,001	292	709
Sales representatives, finance and business services	525	130	395	557	372	185	839	466	116	256	621	190	432
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	291	86	206	406	279	127	506	267	79	160	363	94	268
Sales workers, retail and personal services	1,201	310	891	1,664	1,133	531	2,459	1,285	424	751	1,432	446	987
Administrative support, including clerical	3,762	988	2,775	4,428	3,055	1,373	6,227	3,250	1,003	1,974	4,019	1,149	2,871
Computer equipment operators	108	30	78	96	66	(?)	141	58	(?)	(?)	58	(?)	(?)
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	891	212	679	977	682	296	1,310	667	229	415	705	221	485
Financial records processing	444	123	321	543	346	197	777	375	156	246	520	143	377
Mail and message distributing	221	55	166	234	155	79	342	191	(?)	111	205	58	147
Service occupations	3,530	888	2,642	4,097	2,803	1,294	5,896	3,080	945	1,872	3,731	1,152	2,582
Private household	180	36	124	121	89	(?)	301	142	45	114	226	45	181
Protective service	509	100	409	455	341	113	796	429	125	242	437	127	311
Service, except private household and protective	2,891	752	2,109	3,521	2,373	1,148	4,799	2,509	775	1,516	3,068	980	2,090
Food service	1,095	293	801	1,503	1,043	460	1,946	1,047	290	610	1,389	452	938
Health service	616	163	452	611	390	221	805	410	134	262	376	111	285
Cleaning and building service	613	145	468	746	516	230	1,121	586	195	340	658	196	482

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
EMPLOYED—Continued													
Personal service	538	150	387	660	424	236	927	486	157	304	644	220	425
Precision production, craft, and repair	2,355	715	1,639	3,380	2,397	983	5,073	2,537	867	1,651	2,836	907	1,931
Mechanics and repairers	782	205	577	1,103	781	322	1,687	854	275	558	969	286	683
Construction trades	871	277	594	1,177	804	373	1,976	1,042	321	614	1,106	403	705
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	3,091	817	2,274	5,090	3,714	1,374	6,643	3,186	1,453	2,003	3,443	951	2,491
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	1,344	388	957	2,403	1,828	574	2,800	1,381	695	722	1,354	319	1,033
Transportation and material moving occupations	684	217	666	1,374	953	421	2,005	924	403	676	1,061	316	745
Motor vehicle operators	716	169	546	1,029	703	326	1,475	697	261	497	823	234	588
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	862	213	650	1,313	933	380	1,838	881	355	603	1,028	316	713
Construction laborers	141	31	110	181	134	47	303	158	48	97	188	70	118
Farming, forestry, and fishing	365	109	257	1,045	454	593	1,188	524	212	453	984	266	718
Farm operators and managers	94	(²)	72	594	207	388	409	137	93	179	220	97	123
UNEMPLOYED													
Managerial and professional specialty	200	51	149	157	106	51	260	145	36	79	257	57	200
Executive, administrative, and managerial	99	31	68	70	48	22	131	76	16	40	132	28	104
Professional specialty	100	19	81	87	58	29	129	70	20	39	125	28	97
Engineers	4	1	2	7	4	3	9	7	1	2	17	3	14
Mathematical and computer scientists	6	1	5	2	1	1	5	3	(²)	1	5	1	4
Health diagnosing occupations	1	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	2	1	(²)	1	2	(²)	2
Health assessment and treating occupations	10	2	8	13	9	4	12	7	2	3	8	2	8
Teachers, except college and university	27	6	21	27	19	8	43	22	8	14	24	9	15
Technical, sales, and administrative support	379	85	294	342	242	94	599	297	89	213	455	101	353
Technicians and related support	23	7	16	17	13	4	43	20	8	15	31	9	23
Health technologists and technicians	9	2	6	6	4	2	22	10	5	7	10	1	8
Engineering and science technicians	10	4	6	8	7	1	13	6	3	4	12	4	7
Sales occupations	164	36	128	172	124	48	310	151	45	114	201	44	156
Supervisors and proprietors	24	6	18	23	16	7	32	17	3	13	22	4	18
Sales representatives, finance and business services	23	4	18	21	13	7	30	16	3	11	19	7	12
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	10	3	7	7	4	3	13	7	1	6	15	2	13
Sales workers, retail and personal services	107	22	85	120	90	30	233	110	39	85	141	32	109
Administrative support, including clerical	193	43	150	153	111	42	246	126	36	84	223	48	174
Computer equipment operators	5	(²)	5	2	1	(²)	7	5	(²)	(²)	2	(²)	(²)
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	32	7	25	31	23	8	43	24	5	14	44	8	35
Financial records processing	16	4	12	11	9	3	17	7	2	8	20	5	15
Mail and message distributing	10	2	8	8	6	2	12	6	(²)	4	10	2	8
Service occupations	258	64	193	286	204	85	481	237	86	157	314	90	224
Private household	13	4	8	13	8	(²)	25	13	4	7	29	5	24
Protective service	17	3	14	14	11	3	24	12	4	7	30	6	24
Service, except private household and protective	228	56	172	261	184	77	432	212	78	142	255	79	176
Food service	109	29	79	142	101	41	223	112	42	69	131	45	86
Health service	37	7	30	29	21	7	57	21	10	26	29	5	24
Cleaning and building service	50	12	38	59	39	20	109	58	19	32	58	18	40
Personal service	32	7	24	31	22	9	44	21	8	15	36	11	25
Precision production, craft, and repair	166	38	128	168	119	49	244	109	39	97	220	52	168
Mechanics and repairers	34	6	28	34	23	11	50	25	8	17	57	14	43
Construction trades	105	23	81	91	65	26	142	64	22	56	121	30	91
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	299	68	231	373	280	93	536	259	124	153	370	82	267
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	119	28	90	164	129	35	230	115	59	56	144	24	120
Transportation and material moving occupations	57	15	42	67	49	19	91	46	17	28	78	21	56
Motor vehicle operators	45	11	34	46	35	11	59	30	10	19	53	15	38
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	124	26	99	141	102	39	215	96	48	69	148	37	111
Construction laborers	40	8	32	35	26	9	42	22	10	9	41	10	31
Farming, forestry, and fishing	39	12	26	43	27	16	81	35	14	32	132	21	110
Farm operators and managers	1	(²)	1	2	1	1	3	1	(²)	2	4	1	4
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE													
Managerial and professional specialty	2.6	2.2	2.7	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.1	1.8	2.1	3.0	2.4	3.2
Executive, administrative, and managerial	2.7	2.9	2.5	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.2	2.3	1.7	2.2	3.0	2.4	3.3
Professional specialty	2.4	1.6	2.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.9	2.5	3.1
Engineers	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.1	2.0	1.5	2.0	.6	1.1	3.4	2.5	3.7
Mathematical and computer scientists	2.0	.9	2.5	.6	.6	.6	1.1	1.2	.6	.8	1.5	1.3	1.6
Health diagnosing occupations .....	.3	.2	.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	.6	.7	.2	.8	1.0	(²)	1.3
Health assessment and treating occupations	1.6	.9	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.5	1.1	1.7
Teachers, except college and university	2.8	2.3	3.0	2.4	2.6	1.9	2.4	2.4	2.7	2.3	2.5	3.2	2.2
Technical, sales, and administrative support	4.9	4.2	5.2	3.6	3.8	3.2	4.4	4.2	4.0	4.9	5.2	4.1	5.7
Technicians and related support	3.0	3.3	2.9	1.8	2.0	1.3	3.1	2.9	3.5	3.2	3.5	3.3	3.5
Health technologists and technicians	2.8	1.9	3.1	1.4	1.4	1.2	3.7	3.7	4.1	3.5	3.3	1.8	3.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE—Continued													
Engineering and science technicians	4.9	6.5	4.3	2.7	3.5	0.9	3.0	2.9	4.0	2.8	4.2	4.9	3.9
Sales occupations	5.5	4.6	5.8	4.4	4.7	4.0	5.3	5.0	4.8	6.3	5.6	4.2	6.1
Supervisors and proprietors	2.8	2.6	2.9	2.2	2.2	2.2	1.9	1.9	1.0	2.3	2.2	1.4	2.5
Sales representatives, finance and business services	4.1	3.3	4.4	3.6	3.4	3.9	3.4	3.3	2.6	4.1	2.9	3.4	2.7
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	3.2	3.1	3.3	1.7	1.4	2.2	2.5	2.4	.7	3.4	4.1	2.2	4.7
Sales workers, retail and personal services	8.2	6.7	8.7	6.7	7.3	5.4	8.7	7.9	8.3	10.2	9.0	6.7	10.0
Administrative support, including clerical	4.9	4.1	5.1	3.3	3.5	2.9	3.8	3.7	3.5	4.1	5.3	4.1	5.8
Computer equipment operators	4.3	1.0	5.6	2.5	1.8	(²)	4.9	7.4	(²)	(²)	2.5	(²)	(²)
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	3.5	3.3	3.6	3.0	3.2	2.7	3.2	3.5	2.3	3.3	5.9	3.7	6.8
Financial records processing	3.6	3.3	3.7	2.1	2.5	1.3	2.1	1.9	1.1	3.0	3.8	3.4	3.9
Mail and message distributing	4.4	3.8	4.7	3.3	3.7	2.5	3.5	3.2	(²)	3.8	4.8	3.5	5.3
Service occupations	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.6	6.8	6.1	7.6	7.2	8.4	7.8	7.8	7.4	8.0
Private household	7.3	11.1	6.2	9.9	8.5	(²)	7.7	8.6	8.3	6.2	11.4	10.7	11.8
Protective service	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.0	3.2	2.4	2.9	2.8	3.1	3.0	6.4	4.5	7.2
Service, except private household and protective	7.4	7.0	7.5	6.9	7.2	6.3	8.3	7.8	9.2	8.6	7.7	7.6	7.8
Food service	9.1	9.1	9.1	8.6	8.8	8.2	10.3	9.7	12.5	10.3	8.7	9.1	8.5
Health service	5.7	4.4	6.2	4.5	5.2	3.2	6.6	4.8	6.6	9.2	7.3	4.3	8.5
Cleaning and building service	7.6	8.0	7.5	7.3	7.1	8.0	8.9	9.0	9.1	8.5	8.2	8.6	8.0
Personal service	5.6	4.6	6.0	4.5	5.0	3.6	4.5	4.2	4.8	4.7	5.3	4.9	5.6
Precision production, craft, and repair	6.6	5.1	7.3	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.1	4.2	5.6	7.2	5.5	8.0
Mechanics and repairers	4.2	2.9	4.7	3.0	2.9	3.2	2.9	2.9	2.8	3.0	5.6	4.6	6.0
Construction trades	10.7	7.6	12.1	7.2	7.4	6.6	6.7	5.8	6.4	8.4	9.9	7.1	11.5
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	8.9	7.7	9.2	6.8	7.0	6.3	7.5	7.5	7.8	7.1	9.8	8.1	10.4
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	8.1	6.8	8.7	6.4	6.6	5.8	7.6	7.7	7.8	7.2	9.7	7.0	10.5
Transportation and material moving occupations	6.0	6.3	5.9	4.7	4.9	4.2	4.4	4.7	4.1	4.0	6.9	6.5	7.0
Motor vehicle operators	5.9	6.2	5.8	4.3	4.7	3.3	3.8	4.2	3.3	3.7	6.1	6.3	6.1
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	12.6	10.8	13.2	9.7	9.8	9.3	10.5	10.0	11.8	10.3	12.7	10.6	13.6
Construction laborers	22.4	21.7	22.6	16.3	16.4	16.2	12.1	12.2	17.3	9.0	18.1	12.9	20.8
Farming, forestry, and fishing	9.8	9.6	9.6	3.9	5.5	2.6	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.6	11.9	7.4	13.4
Farm operators and managers .....	.7	(²)	.9	.3	.3	.3	.7	.9	.3	.9	1.9	.7	2.8

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

³ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Totals for the summary groups published include other occupations, not shown separately. Items may not add to totals or compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Total (in thousands)	24,246	6,685	17,562	31,156	21,474	9,683	44,061	22,784	7,537	13,741	27,525	7,893	19,634
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	31.4	33.5	30.6	27.1	27.1	27.0	27.7	29.1	25.2	26.8	30.6	29.2	31.1
Executive, administrative, and managerial	14.9	16.0	14.4	13.0	13.3	12.4	13.5	14.3	12.0	13.0	15.4	14.7	15.6
Professional specialty	16.5	17.5	16.2	14.1	13.8	14.7	14.2	14.8	13.2	13.9	15.2	14.4	15.5
Engineers	1.5	1.9	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.7	1.8
Mathematical and computer scientists	1.2	1.5	1.1	.9	.9	.9	1.0	1.2	.8	.9	1.2	1.1	1.3
Health diagnosing occupations	1.0	1.0	1.0	.8	.8	.7	.6	.6	.6	.7	.8	.7	.8
Health assessment and treating occupations	2.5	2.9	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9
Teachers, except college and university	3.8	3.6	4.0	3.6	3.3	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.8	4.3	3.4	3.5	3.4
Technical, sales, and administrative support	30.4	29.0	30.9	29.1	29.0	29.3	29.7	30.0	28.2	30.1	30.3	30.8	30.0
Technicians and related support	3.1	3.0	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.1
Health technologists and technicians	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.6	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.1
Engineering and science technicians	.8	.9	.7	.9	.9	.9	1.0	.9	.9	1.1	1.0	1.1	.9
Sales occupations	11.7	11.2	11.9	11.8	11.7	12.1	12.5	12.7	11.9	12.4	12.5	13.0	12.3
Supervisors and proprietors	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.8	3.6	3.7	3.6
Sales representatives, finance and business services	2.2	1.9	2.2	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.5	1.9	2.3	2.4	2.2
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.4
Sales workers, retail and personal services	5.0	4.6	5.1	5.3	5.3	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.2	5.6	5.0
Administrative support, including clerical	15.5	14.8	15.8	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.1	14.3	13.3	14.4	14.6	14.6	14.6
Computer equipment operators	.4	.5	.4	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.5	.3	.2	.3	.2
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	3.7	3.2	3.9	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	2.6	2.8	2.5
Financial records processing	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6	2.0	1.8	1.6	2.1	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9
Mail and message distributing	.9	.8	.9	.8	.7	.8	.8	.8	.5	.8	.7	.7	.8
Service occupations	14.6	13.3	15.0	13.1	13.1	13.4	13.4	13.5	12.5	13.6	13.6	14.6	13.2
Private household	.7	.5	.7	.4	.4	.3	.7	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.9
Protective service	2.1	1.5	2.3	1.5	1.6	1.2	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.6
Service, except private household and protective	11.8	11.2	12.0	11.3	11.1	11.9	10.9	11.0	10.3	11.0	11.1	12.4	10.6
Food service	4.5	4.4	4.6	4.8	4.9	4.8	4.4	4.6	3.8	4.4	5.0	5.7	4.8
Health service	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.0	1.8	2.3	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.4	1.4	1.4
Cleaning and building service	2.5	2.2	2.7	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.4
Personal service	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.4	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.8	2.2
Precision production, craft, and repair	9.7	10.7	9.3	10.8	11.2	10.2	11.5	11.1	11.8	12.0	10.3	11.5	9.8
Mechanics and repairers	3.2	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.6	3.3	3.8	3.7	3.7	4.1	3.5	3.6	3.5
Construction trades	3.6	4.1	3.4	3.8	3.7	3.9	4.5	4.6	4.3	4.5	4.0	5.1	3.6
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	12.7	12.2	12.9	16.3	17.3	14.2	15.1	14.0	19.3	14.6	12.5	12.1	12.7
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	5.5	5.8	5.4	7.7	8.5	5.9	6.4	6.1	9.2	5.3	4.9	4.0	5.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	3.6	3.2	3.8	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.6	4.1	5.4	4.9	3.9	4.0	3.8
Motor vehicle operators	3.0	2.5	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.7	3.6	3.0	3.0	3.0
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3.6	3.2	3.7	4.2	4.3	3.9	4.2	3.9	4.7	4.4	3.7	4.0	3.6
Construction laborers	.6	.5	.6	.6	.6	.5	.7	.7	.6	.7	.7	.9	.6
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1.5	1.6	1.5	3.4	2.1	6.1	2.7	2.3	2.8	3.3	3.6	3.4	3.7
Farm operators and managers	.4	.3	.4	1.9	1.0	4.0	.9	.6	1.2	1.3	.8	1.2	.6
Men													
Total (in thousands)	12,888	3,497	9,392	16,606	11,530	5,077	23,621	12,082	3,999	7,542	15,245	4,336	10,910
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	30.9	32.5	30.3	25.7	26.0	24.9	25.9	27.4	23.6	24.8	29.3	28.0	29.8
Executive, administrative, and managerial	16.5	17.3	16.2	13.6	13.9	12.9	14.0	14.9	12.9	13.3	15.3	15.0	15.4
Professional specialty	14.4	15.2	14.1	12.1	12.2	12.0	11.9	12.5	10.7	11.6	14.0	12.9	14.4
Engineers	2.6	3.3	2.4	2.7	2.9	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.9	2.7	3.0
Mathematical and computer scientists	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	.8	1.1	1.6	1.5	1.7
Health diagnosing occupations	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.0	.9	.8	.8	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0
Health assessment and treating occupations	.6	.6	.7	.5	.6	.4	.6	.6	.4	.7	.6	.5	.6
Teachers, except college and university	1.9	1.7	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9
Technical, sales, and administrative support	20.6	19.5	21.0	18.7	18.4	19.6	19.6	20.2	17.6	19.6	20.8	20.8	20.7
Technicians and related support	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.7	2.3	3.2	2.9	3.1	2.9
Health technologists and technicians	.5	.5	.5	.4	.4	.4	.5	.4	.4	.6	.5	.5	.5
Engineering and science technicians	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.3
Sales occupations	11.3	10.7	11.6	10.9	10.6	11.7	11.5	12.0	10.5	11.2	12.0	12.2	11.9
Supervisors and proprietors	4.0	3.9	4.1	3.9	3.9	3.8	4.4	4.6	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.1
Sales representatives, finance and business services	2.4	2.1	2.6	1.9	1.8	2.1	1.9	2.0	1.5	2.0	2.4	2.5	2.4
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.8
Sales workers, retail and personal services	3.3	2.9	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.8	3.5	3.7	3.2	3.3	3.7	3.9	3.6
Administrative support, including clerical	6.6	6.2	6.6	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.3	5.5	4.8	5.3	5.8	5.5	6.0
Computer equipment operators	.4	.4	.4	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.5	.2	.1	.2	.1
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	.2	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.2	.1
Financial records processing	.3	.3	.4	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3	.4	.3	.3	.3	.4
Mail and message distributing	1.3	1.1	1.3	.8	.8	.8	.9	.9	.7	.9	.9	.8	.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men—Continued													
Service occupations	11.7	10.1	12.3	8.8	8.9	8.5	9.9	10.8	8.8	9.4	11.2	11.5	11.1
Private household	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1
Protective service	3.4	2.5	3.7	2.2	2.4	1.9	2.8	2.9	2.4	2.7	2.4	2.5	2.3
Service, except private household and protective	8.3	7.5	8.6	6.5	6.5	6.6	7.1	7.8	6.1	6.7	8.7	8.9	8.7
Food service	4.0	3.9	4.1	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.9	2.7	3.1	4.8	4.8	4.6
Health service	.6	.5	.8	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.3	.5	.4	.3	.4
Cleaning and building service	2.9	2.5	3.0	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.7	2.6	2.7
Personal service	.8	.6	.8	.6	.5	.7	.8	.9	.6	.7	1.0	1.2	.9
Precision production, craft, and repair	18.8	18.7	18.1	18.4	18.8	17.7	19.5	19.0	19.7	20.2	17.0	19.1	18.2
Mechanics and repairers	5.9	5.7	6.0	6.4	6.5	6.1	6.8	6.7	6.6	7.1	6.1	6.2	6.0
Construction trades	6.7	7.8	6.3	6.9	6.8	7.2	8.1	8.4	7.7	6.0	7.1	9.0	6.3
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	18.0	17.0	18.4	23.3	24.6	20.3	21.1	19.2	26.1	21.4	17.3	17.1	17.4
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	6.4	6.7	6.3	9.6	10.7	6.9	7.0	6.4	10.0	6.5	5.5	4.8	5.9
Transportation and material moving occupations	6.2	5.6	6.4	7.5	7.5	7.6	7.7	6.9	9.1	6.2	6.3	6.4	6.3
Motor vehicle operators	4.9	4.3	5.1	5.6	5.5	5.8	5.5	5.1	6.1	5.8	4.8	4.7	4.9
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	5.5	4.7	5.8	6.2	6.3	5.8	6.4	5.9	7.0	6.7	5.5	5.9	5.3
Construction laborers	1.1	.8	1.2	1.0	1.1	.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.5	1.0
Farming, forestry, and fishing	2.3	2.8	2.1	5.0	3.1	9.3	4.2	3.7	4.3	5.0	5.2	4.9	5.3
Farm operators and managers	.6	.5	.6	2.7	1.4	5.9	1.4	.9	1.8	1.9	1.0	1.6	.8
Women													
Total (in thousands)	11,357	3,188	8,169	14,550	9,944	4,607	20,439	10,702	3,538	6,199	12,281	3,559	8,724
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	31.9	34.8	30.9	28.7	28.3	29.4	29.8	31.0	27.0	29.3	32.2	30.6	32.8
Executive, administrative, and managerial	13.0	14.8	12.4	12.3	12.5	11.8	12.9	13.6	11.0	12.7	15.5	14.4	16.0
Professional specialty	18.9	20.0	18.5	16.4	15.8	17.6	16.9	17.4	16.0	18.6	16.6	16.3	16.8
Engineers	.3	.3	.3	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.2	.3	.4	.4	.4
Mathematical and computer scientists	.8	.9	.7	.6	.6	.6	.7	.8	.5	.7	.7	.6	.8
Health diagnosing occupations	.5	.5	.5	.4	.4	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.5	.3	.6
Health assessment and treating occupations	4.8	5.4	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.0	4.1	4.3	3.6	3.8	3.6	3.6
Teachers, except college and university	6.1	5.7	6.2	5.6	5.2	6.6	6.7	6.4	6.2	7.4	5.4	5.6	5.3
Technical, sales, and administrative support	41.5	39.5	42.3	40.9	41.4	40.0	41.4	41.0	40.3	42.8	42.0	43.0	41.7
Technicians and related support	3.7	3.4	3.8	3.5	3.6	3.3	3.5	3.4	3.9	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.4
Health technologists and technicians	2.4	2.1	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.0	2.2	1.7	1.6	1.8
Engineering and science technicians	.4	.3	.4	.5	.5	.4	.5	.5	.4	.5	.6	.6	.5
Sales occupations	12.2	11.8	12.3	12.9	13.0	12.5	13.8	13.5	13.5	13.9	13.1	14.0	12.8
Supervisors and proprietors	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	3.1	2.9	3.0	3.4	3.1	3.1	3.0
Sales representatives, finance and business services	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.1	1.6	1.7	2.1	2.3	2.0
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	.7	.8	.7	.7	.7	.6	.8	.6	.3	.6	.8	.7	.8
Sales workers, retail and personal services	6.9	6.5	7.0	7.7	7.8	7.3	8.0	7.9	8.4	8.1	7.1	7.8	6.8
Administrative support, including clerical	25.6	24.2	26.2	24.5	24.7	24.2	24.3	24.1	22.9	25.4	25.5	25.6	25.4
Computer equipment operators	.5	.5	.5	.4	.4	.4	.4	.3	.5	.5	.3	.4	.3
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	7.6	6.5	8.1	6.8	6.8	6.3	6.3	6.1	6.4	6.6	5.5	5.9	5.4
Financial records processing	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.2	4.0	3.5	3.2	4.0	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.9
Mail and message distributing	.5	.5	.5	.7	.7	.8	.7	.7	.4	.7	.6	.6	.6
Service occupations	17.8	18.8	18.2	18.2	17.9	18.7	17.5	18.9	17.0	18.7	16.5	18.4	15.7
Private household	1.4	1.0	1.5	.8	.8	.7	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.8	1.7	1.2	1.9
Protective service	.6	.4	.7	.6	.7	.4	.7	.7	.9	.7	.6	.5	.6
Service, except private household and protective	15.8	15.4	16.0	16.8	16.4	17.7	15.3	14.9	15.0	16.3	14.2	16.7	12.1
Food service	5.1	4.9	5.1	6.7	6.8	6.4	5.5	5.4	5.1	6.0	5.5	6.9	5.0
Health service	4.8	4.6	4.8	3.8	3.5	4.4	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.7	2.6	2.7	2.5
Cleaning and building service	2.1	1.8	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.1	2.4	1.9
Personal service	3.9	4.1	3.8	3.9	3.6	4.4	3.6	3.4	3.8	4.0	4.0	4.7	3.7
Precision production, craft, and repair	1.6	2.0	1.5	2.2	2.3	1.9	2.3	2.3	2.8	2.1	2.0	2.2	1.9
Mechanics and repairers	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.3	.3	.3	.5	.3
Construction trades	.1	.2	.1	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.4	.2	.2	.3	.2
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	6.7	7.0	6.6	8.4	8.9	7.5	8.2	8.1	11.8	6.3	6.5	5.8	6.8
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	4.6	4.9	4.5	5.6	5.9	4.9	5.6	5.7	8.3	3.8	4.1	3.2	4.5
Transportation and material moving occupations	.8	.7	.8	.8	.8	.8	1.0	.9	1.2	1.0	.8	1.0	.7
Motor vehicle operators	.7	.6	.8	.7	.7	.7	.8	.7	1.0	.9	.7	.9	.7
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	1.3	1.5	1.3	2.0	2.1	1.8	1.7	1.6	2.2	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6
Construction laborers	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.1
Farming, forestry, and fishing	.8	.5	.7	1.5	1.0	2.7	.9	.7	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.6
Farm operators and managers	.2	.2	.2	.9	.5	1.9	.4	.2	.6	.6	.5	.8	.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1990 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White													
Total (in thousands)	21,025	6,204	14,821	26,133	19,081	9,055	35,295	17,711	6,027	11,560	23,582	7,355	16,245
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	32.4	34.1	31.7	27.4	27.5	27.3	29.7	31.5	27.5	28.1	30.8	29.7	31.3
Executive, administrative, and managerial	15.6	16.6	15.2	13.3	13.6	12.6	14.7	15.7	13.6	13.8	15.5	15.0	15.8
Professional specialty	16.8	17.6	16.4	14.1	13.9	14.7	15.0	15.8	14.0	14.3	15.2	14.7	15.5
Engineers	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.2	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.7
Mathematical and computer scientists	1.2	1.4	1.1	.9	.9	.9	1.0	1.2	.6	.9	1.1	1.1	1.2
Health diagnosing occupations	.9	.9	.9	.7	.8	.7	.7	.8	.6	.8	.8	.8	.8
Health assessment and treating occupations	2.5	2.9	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.8
Teachers, except college and university	4.1	3.7	4.2	3.6	3.4	4.1	4.2	4.0	3.9	4.6	3.6	3.6	3.5
Technical, sales, and administrative support	30.4	29.2	30.9	29.2	29.2	29.3	30.3	31.0	29.0	30.0	29.7	30.9	29.2
Technicians and related support	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.4	3.0	3.3	2.9
Health technologists and technicians	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.6	1.3	1.0	1.0	.9
Engineering and science technicians	.8	.9	.8	.9	.9	.9	1.0	.9	.9	1.1	.9	1.1	.9
Sales occupations	12.2	11.4	12.5	12.1	12.1	12.3	13.1	13.7	12.5	12.6	12.6	13.1	12.4
Supervisors and proprietors	3.6	3.4	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.3	4.1	4.3	4.0	4.0	3.6	3.7	3.5
Sales representatives, finance and business services	2.3	2.0	2.4	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.4	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.3
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.5
Sales workers, retail and personal services	4.9	4.6	5.1	5.3	5.2	5.5	5.4	5.6	5.5	5.2	5.2	5.6	4.9
Administrative support, including clerical	15.1	14.7	15.3	14.0	14.0	14.1	14.0	14.2	13.4	14.0	14.1	14.5	13.9
Computer equipment operators	.4	.4	.4	.3	.3	.3	.3	.2	.5	.3	.2	.3	.2
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	3.7	3.2	3.8	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.4	3.1	2.5	2.8	2.4
Financial records processing	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.6	2.1	1.9	1.9	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
Mail and message distributing	.8	.8	.8	.7	.7	.8	.6	.7	.5	.7	.6	.7	.5
Service occupations	13.3	12.5	13.6	12.4	12.3	12.8	11.6	11.4	10.5	12.3	13.3	14.1	12.9
Private household	.6	.5	.6	.4	.4	.3	.6	.5	.5	.8	.9	.5	1.0
Protective service	2.0	1.5	2.2	1.3	1.5	1.1	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6
Service, except private household and protective	10.7	10.5	10.8	10.7	10.4	11.4	9.3	9.2	8.6	9.9	10.8	12.0	10.3
Food service	4.5	4.4	4.6	4.8	4.8	4.6	4.1	4.3	3.4	4.3	5.0	5.6	4.8
Health service	1.8	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.6	2.1	1.3	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.1
Cleaning and building service	2.2	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.2	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.3
Personal service	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	1.9	2.4	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.6	2.1
Precision production, craft, and repair	10.1	10.9	9.8	11.3	11.7	10.4	12.2	11.9	12.4	12.4	10.5	11.5	10.1
Mechanics and repairers	3.4	3.2	3.4	3.7	3.8	3.4	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.2	3.6	3.6	3.5
Construction trades	3.8	4.2	3.6	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.8	4.8	4.6	4.8	4.3	5.1	3.9
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	12.4	11.9	12.7	15.8	16.8	13.9	13.3	11.7	17.2	13.8	12.6	11.8	13.0
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	5.4	5.5	5.3	7.4	8.2	5.7	5.5	5.0	8.0	4.9	4.9	3.9	5.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	3.5	3.3	3.6	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.2	3.6	5.2	4.7	4.0	4.1	4.0
Motor vehicle operators	2.8	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.1	2.7	3.7	3.4	3.1	3.0	3.2
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3.5	3.1	3.7	4.1	4.2	3.9	3.6	3.1	4.0	4.1	3.7	3.9	3.6
Construction laborers	.6	.4	.6	.6	.6	.5	.6	.6	.6	.7	.7	.9	.7
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1.7	1.7	1.7	3.7	2.3	6.5	3.0	2.5	3.1	3.8	3.9	3.5	4.1
Farm operators and managers	.4	.4	.5	2.1	1.1	4.3	1.1	.7	1.5	1.5	.9	1.3	.7
Black													
Total (in thousands)	2,347	345	2,002	2,378	1,935	442	7,693	4,533	1,439	1,717	1,145	210	934
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	21.3	21.9	21.2	20.9	20.4	22.8	18.0	18.7	15.5	18.1	29.3	22.2	30.9
Executive, administrative, and managerial	9.2	9.5	9.1	9.5	9.6	9.2	8.0	8.7	5.8	7.8	14.7	11.0	15.5
Professional specialty	12.1	12.4	12.1	11.3	10.9	13.4	10.0	10.0	9.8	10.3	14.7	11.2	15.4
Engineers	.6	1.2	.5	.6	.6	.9	.5	.6	.4	.4	1.2	.8	1.3
Mathematical and computer scientists	.7	.8	.7	.6	.7	.6	.6	.7	.6	.7	1.3	.7	1.5
Health diagnosing occupations	.5	1.2	.4	.2	.2	.1	.2	.2	.2	(¹)	.7	(¹)	.9
Health assessment and treating occupations	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.1	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.6	1.4	1.6
Teachers, except college and university	2.9	2.2	3.1	3.3	2.9	4.8	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.5	2.8	3.7
Technical, sales, and administrative support	30.9	27.3	31.5	28.7	28.5	29.8	27.2	24.1	21.0	30.6	33.9	33.6	33.9
Technicians and related support	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.3	2.5	1.7	2.1	1.9	3.0	2.9	2.5	3.1	2.4
Health technologists and technicians	1.7	1.4	1.7	1.3	1.4	.8	1.1	1.3	1.9	1.8	.9	.6	1.0
Engineering and science technicians	.5	.6	.4	.6	.5	.7	.7	.9	.9	.8	.9	1.4	.8
Sales occupations	7.6	7.5	7.6	9.3	9.1	9.9	4.9	8.7	10.2	10.4	12.7	9.9	9.9
Supervisors and proprietors	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.7	1.6	2.5	1.9	1.4	2.1	2.4	3.1	2.2	2.2
Sales representatives, finance and business services	1.1	.6	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.3	3.2	2.1
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	.4	1.0	.3	.3	.3	.6	.4	.3	.4	.4	.5	.3	.3
Sales workers, retail and personal services	4.7	4.2	4.8	6.0	6.1	5.4	5.9	5.7	5.9	6.7	5.3	5.9	5.1
Administrative support, including clerical	20.5	17.0	21.1	17.1	16.9	18.2	15.2	15.0	13.3	17.4	21.0	17.7	21.6
Computer equipment operators	.8	1.4	.7	.4	.4	.4	.4	.3	.4	.5	1	(¹)	.1
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	4.4	3.5	4.5	2.9	3.0	2.4	2.5	2.6	1.6	3.2	2.9	1.9	3.1
Financial records processing	1.4	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.9	1.0	.8	1.9	.8	1.2	.3	1.4
Mail and message distributing	1.9	1.0	2.1	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.4	1.4	.8	1.6	2.4	2.2	2.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed persons by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and occupation	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Black—Continued													
Service occupations	25.8	27.1	25.6	21.1	20.5	23.4	21.5	21.3	20.6	22.6	18.4	23.1	17.4
Private household	1.2	1.0	1.2	.6	.7	.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.3	.7	.2	.8
Protective service	3.8	2.1	4.1	3.0	3.1	2.7	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.3	3.1	3.0	3.1
Service, except private household and protective	20.8	24.0	20.2	17.5	16.8	20.5	17.8	17.6	17.0	19.0	14.6	19.9	13.4
Food service	3.9	4.1	3.9	5.1	4.8	6.2	5.4	5.1	5.5	5.9	4.6	6.0	3.8
Health service	9.1	11.3	8.7	4.5	4.2	5.6	4.5	4.4	3.5	5.7	3.4	2.8	3.6
Cleaning and building service	5.0	5.4	4.9	5.5	5.4	5.9	5.6	5.8	5.5	5.0	3.3	4.8	3.0
Personal service	2.8	3.2	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.5	3.3	4.3	3.0
Precision production, craft, and repair	7.1	6.4	7.2	6.7	7.0	5.4	8.6	8.5	9.3	8.3	7.3	8.3	7.1
Mechanics and repairers	2.4	1.5	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.1	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.8	3.3	4.0	3.1
Construction trades	2.7	3.2	2.6	1.6	1.7	1.0	3.4	3.7	3.0	2.9	1.8	2.8	1.6
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	14.6	16.9	14.5	22.1	22.9	18.5	23.3	23.1	27.6	20.2	11.2	13.3	10.7
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	5.4	7.4	5.1	10.8	11.4	8.1	10.1	10.1	14.3	6.8	2.7	4.1	2.4
Transportation and material moving occupations	5.0	3.3	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.4	6.3	6.1	6.0	7.1	3.9	5.0	3.7
Motor vehicle operators	4.4	3.3	4.6	4.1	3.9	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.0	5.3	3.4	4.2	3.3
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	4.4	6.2	4.1	5.8	6.0	5.0	6.9	6.9	7.5	6.4	4.6	4.3	4.6
Construction laborers	.8	1.2	.7	.8	.9	(¹)	1.0	1.1	.8	.9	.4	.3	.4
Farming, forestry, and fishing	.4	.8	.3	.4	.4	.6	1.5	1.7	1.6	.7	.6	1.0	.6
Farm operators and managers	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.1	.2	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Hispanic origin													
Total (in thousands)	1,603	215	1,388	879	662	197	4,076	1,457	(¹)	2,559	5,130	1,163	3,965
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(¹)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managerial and professional specialty	14.9	15.0	14.9	13.4	12.1	17.8	15.6	16.6	(¹)	14.0	13.1	12.7	13.2
Executive, administrative, and managerial	7.3	5.6	7.6	7.1	7.0	7.6	8.1	10.2	(¹)	6.9	6.8	6.1	7.1
Professional specialty	7.6	9.4	7.3	6.3	5.2	10.2	7.5	8.4	(¹)	7.1	6.3	6.6	6.1
Engineers	.6	.5	.6	.5	.4	1.0	.5	.7	(¹)	.4	.8	1.0	.7
Mathematical and computer scientists	.4	.4	.4	.3	.2	.3	.4	.7	(¹)	.2	.2	.2	.2
Health diagnosing occupations	.6	1.1	.5	1.0	.7	1.9	.4	.5	(¹)	.3	.2	.3	.2
Health assessment and treating occupations	.9	1.1	.9	.6	.8	.7	.9	1.0	(¹)	1.0	.6	.7	.5
Teachers, except college and university	1.4	1.2	1.5	.9	.8	.9	2.7	2.0	(¹)	3.1	1.7	2.0	1.7
Technical, sales, and administrative support	26.7	21.4	27.5	21.6	22.2	19.5	26.2	26.1	(¹)	25.3	23.1	25.5	22.4
Technicians and related support	2.5	3.4	2.3	2.0	.8	1.7	2.4	2.8	(¹)	2.1	1.9	2.3	1.8
Health technologists and technicians	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.0	.1	1.6	1.1	1.0	(¹)	1.1	.8	1.0	.7
Engineering and science technicians	.7	1.3	.6	.7	.9	(¹)	.5	.6	(¹)	.5	.6	.7	.6
Sales occupations	9.1	6.9	9.4	7.7	8.4	5.1	10.6	12.0	(¹)	9.8	8.8	10.2	8.4
Supervisors and proprietors	2.2	1.7	2.3	1.7	1.7	1.6	2.9	3.7	(¹)	2.5	1.9	2.5	1.7
Sales representatives, finance and business services	1.1	.7	1.1	1.2	1.3	.9	1.1	1.6	(¹)	.8	1.0	1.0	1.0
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	.4	.1	.4	.1	.2	(¹)	.9	.9	(¹)	.6	.7	.8	.7
Sales workers, retail and personal services	5.4	4.3	5.5	4.6	5.2	2.6	5.7	5.8	(¹)	5.7	5.1	5.9	4.9
Administrative support, including clerical	15.2	11.2	15.8	11.9	11.7	12.6	13.3	13.3	(¹)	13.3	12.4	13.0	12.2
Computer equipment operators	.5	.4	.5	.4	.5	.2	.2	.2	(¹)	.1	.2	.2	.2
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	2.9	1.9	3.1	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.5	(¹)	2.1	1.8	2.9	1.5
Financial records processing	1.3	.3	1.5	.6	.5	1.0	1.3	1.2	(¹)	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.3
Mail and message distributing	1.0	.3	1.1	1.4	1.5	.7	.6	.6	(¹)	.6	.8	.8	.7
Service occupations	23.9	22.2	24.1	17.0	15.2	23.3	19.6	19.1	(¹)	19.8	20.2	21.6	19.8
Private household	1.5	1.1	1.6	.5	.6	.3	1.6	1.7	(¹)	1.6	2.3	1.5	2.6
Protective service	2.1	.4	2.3	1.2	1.8	.1	1.6	1.7	(¹)	1.6	1.3	1.4	1.2
Service, except private household and protective	20.3	20.8	20.2	15.3	13.1	22.9	16.4	15.8	(¹)	16.6	16.6	18.7	16.0
Food service	7.4	6.1	7.6	7.0	6.2	9.7	7.4	6.9	(¹)	7.7	8.1	9.5	7.7
Health service	3.0	3.4	2.9	1.4	1.1	2.3	1.6	1.3	(¹)	1.8	1.4	1.6	1.4
Cleaning and building service	7.0	6.2	7.1	5.1	4.3	7.9	5.1	5.2	(¹)	5.1	4.9	5.0	4.9
Personal service	2.9	5.1	2.6	1.8	1.5	2.9	2.2	2.4	(¹)	2.1	2.2	2.7	2.0
Precision production, craft, and repair	9.3	8.4	9.4	13.1	13.8	10.3	15.0	13.2	(¹)	16.1	12.4	15.2	11.6
Mechanics and repairers	3.3	2.5	3.4	3.1	3.7	1.1	4.1	3.9	(¹)	4.2	3.7	3.4	3.8
Construction trades	2.7	1.9	2.8	4.1	3.9	4.8	6.8	5.9	(¹)	7.3	4.9	7.7	4.1
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	24.2	32.2	23.0	32.3	34.9	23.4	19.0	16.5	(¹)	20.3	23.0	20.7	23.7
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	14.3	19.7	13.5	20.8	23.0	12.3	7.2	6.4	(¹)	7.6	11.7	7.6	12.9
Transportation and material moving occupations	4.2	5.6	4.0	4.2	4.6	2.8	4.7	4.1	(¹)	5.2	5.0	4.8	5.0
Motor vehicle operators	3.5	4.4	3.4	2.9	3.0	2.2	3.5	3.3	(¹)	3.7	3.8	3.2	4.0
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	5.7	6.7	5.5	7.5	7.2	8.4	7.0	6.0	(¹)	7.6	6.4	8.3	5.8
Construction laborers	.7	.2	.8	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.5	1.7	(¹)	1.4	1.4	2.4	1.1
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1.2	1.1	1.3	2.5	1.5	5.9	4.7	4.5	(¹)	4.9	9.0	5.9	9.9
Farm operators and managers	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	(¹)	.3	.3	.2	(¹)	.4	.4	.5	.4

¹ Less than 500 persons employed or less than 0.05 percent of total employed.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

NOTE: Totals for the summary groups published include other occupations, not

shown separately. Items may not add to totals or compute to displayed percentages because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced civilian labor force for private nonagricultural wage and salary workers by industry, 1996 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE													
Total	19,949	5,518	14,431	25,178	17,918	7,260	34,482	17,961	5,940	10,581	21,187	6,037	15,151
Mining	33	(^a)	30	73	48	(^a)	330	58	55	217	146	98	49
Construction	1,080	298	798	1,521	1,057	464	2,511	1,343	371	798	1,507	551	957
Manufacturing	4,007	1,225	2,782	6,307	4,848	1,457	6,872	3,373	1,807	1,890	3,885	858	3,025
Durable goods	2,239	795	1,444	4,201	3,344	855	3,581	1,848	871	1,043	2,489	555	1,912
Lumber and wood products	82	32	50	158	111	47	344	148	118	80	188	56	132
Furniture and fixtures	80	(^a)	63	207	184	(^a)	289	152	89	(^a)	99	(^a)	74
Stone, clay, and glass products	130	(^a)	99	181	134	48	212	104	47	61	90	(^a)	66
Primary metal industries	142	30	112	382	342	(^a)	210	81	68	60	77	(^a)	57
Fabricated metal products	255	94	161	489	383	105	385	156	86	123	228	51	177
Machinery and computing equipment	459	186	273	886	673	212	880	302	136	221	468	109	359
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	400	157	243	496	376	120	601	281	118	204	478	102	374
Transportation equipment	248	99	149	1,058	911	147	588	258	189	141	492	89	402
Motor vehicles	99	(^a)	86	882	810	72	289	132	107	(^a)	88	(^a)	66
Professional and photographic equipment and watches	257	80	173	159	108	51	151	83	(^a)	(^a)	210	39	171
Nondurable goods	1,769	430	1,339	2,106	1,504	602	3,310	1,727	736	848	1,418	303	1,112
Food and kindred products	238	45	193	480	279	201	695	293	180	242	420	109	311
Textile mill products	110	39	71	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	493	441	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)
Apparel and other textile products	265	35	230	85	51	(^a)	440	186	163	91	217	(^a)	204
Paper and allied products	143	85	78	208	185	(^a)	235	125	81	(^a)	99	(^a)	81
Printing and publishing	488	118	350	519	373	146	496	270	105	122	347	89	258
Chemicals and allied products	358	62	296	382	275	87	479	220	77	181	147	(^a)	112
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	1,324	318	1,007	1,834	1,121	514	2,657	1,350	437	871	1,502	451	1,051
Transportation	807	180	627	1,096	732	334	1,578	789	285	522	944	289	675
Communications and other public utilities	516	137	380	588	388	180	1,081	581	152	348	558	162	376
Wholesale and retail trade	4,807	1,299	3,507	6,483	4,521	1,962	9,297	4,889	1,490	2,938	5,726	1,871	4,056
Wholesale trade	886	219	667	1,154	759	395	1,840	842	258	540	1,148	279	869
Retail trade	3,921	1,080	2,841	5,330	3,762	1,567	7,457	4,029	1,232	2,398	4,578	1,391	3,187
Finance, insurance, and real estate	1,785	472	1,313	1,728	1,187	541	2,311	1,295	339	677	1,574	457	1,117
Services, excluding private households	6,900	1,905	4,995	7,431	5,154	2,277	10,484	5,672	1,841	3,172	6,847	1,950	4,897
Professional services	4,623	1,331	3,292	4,837	3,341	1,497	8,252	3,325	1,043	1,884	3,878	1,003	2,875
Educational services	718	215	502	818	417	201	714	368	135	211	410	82	318
Health services, including hospitals	2,281	668	1,612	2,547	1,789	777	3,278	1,709	586	981	1,737	490	1,247
UNEMPLOYED													
Total	1,148	272	876	1,187	845	322	1,868	920	329	617	1,379	324	1,053
Mining	1	(^a)	1	7	5	(^a)	14	3	4	7	7	5	3
Construction	154	34	120	138	97	41	204	97	34	73	173	48	127
Manufacturing	202	53	149	247	183	64	342	170	77	95	228	56	189
Durable goods	104	33	70	183	124	39	173	75	44	54	128	24	102
Lumber and wood products	8	2	6	8	3	5	23	9	9	5	11	5	6
Furniture and fixtures	5	(^a)	4	8	5	(^a)	18	8	6	(^a)	9	(^a)	9
Stone, clay, and glass products	6	(^a)	6	7	5	2	9	5	1	3	4	(^a)	3
Primary metal industries	5	1	4	13	11	(^a)	9	2	4	3	2	(^a)	1
Fabricated metal products	12	3	9	21	19	2	24	8	5	12	15	2	13
Machinery and computing equipment	18	6	12	20	15	5	25	11	5	9	22	5	18
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	13	5	8	27	17	11	21	9	4	8	17	3	14
Transportation equipment	12	4	8	41	36	5	24	13	7	4	25	4	21
Motor vehicles	3	(^a)	3	32	30	2	17	9	5	(^a)	4	(^a)	3
Professional and photographic equipment and watches	9	5	4	4	3	1	7	4	(^a)	(^a)	8	2	4
Nondurable goods	99	20	79	84	59	25	189	95	33	42	150	12	98
Food and kindred products	16	3	13	28	16	12	42	18	7	17	47	5	42
Textile mill products	9	2	6	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	23	20	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)	(^a)
Apparel and other textile products	23	4	19	7	6	(^a)	38	19	12	8	19	(^a)	18
Paper and allied products	5	1	5	3	3	(^a)	9	7	1	(^a)	2	(^a)	2
Printing and publishing	18	4	14	19	13	6	24	11	6	7	17	2	15
Chemicals and allied products	14	2	12	11	9	2	12	7	2	4	5	(^a)	4
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	85	12	53	56	40	16	91	47	15	29	80	21	59
Transportation	45	7	38	45	30	15	67	34	12	21	57	13	44
Communications and other public utilities	20	5	15	11	10	1	25	13	3	9	23	7	15
Wholesale and retail trade	323	79	244	358	263	95	600	291	99	211	408	103	303
Wholesale trade	37	10	27	33	23	10	81	32	8	20	54	10	44
Retail trade	287	70	217	325	240	84	519	258	91	190	352	92	259
Finance, insurance, and real estate	90	17	42	35	27	9	55	28	9	18	52	13	39
Services, excluding private households	342	77	265	326	231	96	559	284	91	184	434	100	334

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Census regions and divisions: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force for private nonagricultural wage and salary workers by industry, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
UNEMPLOYED—Continued													
Professional services	150	36	115	125	86	39	235	115	39	81	156	34	122
Educational services	29	9	20	17	12	5	33	19	6	8	21	5	16
Health services, including hospitals	66	17	49	62	45	17	120	54	19	46	67	15	52
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE													
Total	5.8	4.9	8.1	4.8	4.7	4.4	5.4	5.1	5.5	5.8	6.5	5.4	7.0
Mining	3.4	(²)	3.8	9.0	10.4	(²)	4.4	4.8	7.7	3.4	5.1	5.0	5.3
Construction	14.1	11.4	15.1	9.1	9.2	8.8	8.1	7.2	9.2	9.1	11.4	8.3	13.2
Manufacturing	5.1	4.3	5.4	3.9	3.9	4.4	5.0	5.1	4.8	5.0	5.8	4.3	6.3
Durable goods	4.6	4.2	4.9	3.9	3.7	4.5	4.9	4.6	5.0	5.1	5.1	4.4	5.3
Lumber and wood products	10.1	6.6	12.3	5.1	5.0	10.2	8.7	8.1	7.9	6.2	6.0	9.3	4.6
Furniture and fixtures	5.7	(²)	5.7	3.8	2.8	(²)	5.4	5.3	6.4	(²)	9.3	(²)	11.6
Stone, clay, and glass products	5.2	(²)	5.6	3.8	3.6	4.1	4.2	4.8	1.1	5.7	4.0	(²)	4.1
Primary metal industries	3.3	3.5	3.2	3.5	3.3	(²)	4.4	2.8	6.1	4.9	2.0	(²)	1.9
Fabricated metal products	4.8	3.0	5.8	4.3	5.0	1.8	6.6	4.9	5.5	9.5	6.7	3.9	7.5
Machinery and computing equipment	3.9	3.3	4.3	2.2	2.2	2.4	3.8	3.5	4.0	4.1	4.7	4.3	4.9
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	3.3	3.3	3.3	5.5	4.4	8.8	3.5	3.2	3.5	4.0	3.5	2.6	3.7
Transportation equipment	5.0	4.2	5.6	3.9	3.9	3.5	4.2	5.0	4.4	2.6	5.0	4.2	5.2
Motor vehicles	3.5	(²)	4.0	3.6	3.7	3.1	5.8	7.0	5.1	(²)	4.2	(²)	4.6
Professional and photographic equipment and watches	3.3	5.7	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.1	4.9	4.9	(²)	(²)	2.9	4.9	2.5
Nondurable goods	5.6	4.6	5.9	4.0	3.9	4.1	5.1	5.5	4.4	4.9	7.1	4.0	7.9
Food and kindred products	6.8	6.7	6.8	5.8	5.6	6.0	6.0	6.2	4.2	6.9	11.3	5.0	13.4
Textile mill products	8.0	6.3	9.0	(²)	(²)	(²)	4.6	4.6	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Apparel and other textile products	8.5	10.6	8.2	8.3	11.9	(²)	8.7	10.0	7.3	8.5	8.7	(²)	8.8
Paper and allied products	3.8	1.3	5.9	1.4	1.7	(²)	3.9	5.7	1.8	(²)	2.1	(²)	2.1
Printing and publishing	3.9	3.1	4.1	3.6	3.6	3.8	4.8	4.1	5.6	5.6	4.9	2.2	5.8
Chemicals and allied products	4.0	3.6	4.1	2.9	3.3	1.9	2.5	3.1	2.0	2.0	3.7	(²)	3.2
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	4.9	3.8	5.3	3.4	3.5	3.2	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.4	5.3	4.6	5.6
Transportation	5.6	4.1	6.0	4.2	4.1	4.5	4.2	4.4	4.3	4.0	6.0	5.0	6.5
Communications and other public utilities	3.9	3.4	4.0	1.9	2.5	.7	2.3	2.3	1.7	2.5	4.1	4.1	4.2
Wholesale and retail trade	6.7	6.1	7.0	5.5	5.8	4.8	6.5	6.0	6.6	7.2	7.1	6.1	7.5
Wholesale trade	4.2	4.4	4.1	2.9	3.0	2.7	3.7	3.8	3.2	3.8	4.7	3.7	5.0
Retail trade	7.3	6.4	7.8	6.1	6.4	5.4	7.0	6.4	7.4	7.9	7.7	6.6	8.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate	3.3	3.7	3.2	2.1	2.3	1.6	2.4	2.1	2.6	2.7	3.3	2.9	3.5
Services, excluding private households	5.0	4.0	5.3	4.4	4.5	4.2	5.3	5.0	5.6	5.8	6.3	5.1	6.8
Professional services	3.3	2.7	3.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	3.8	3.5	3.7	4.3	4.2	3.4	4.6
Educational services	4.1	4.1	4.1	2.7	2.9	2.5	4.7	5.2	4.4	3.9	5.1	4.9	5.1
Health services, including hospitals	2.9	2.5	3.1	2.5	2.6	2.2	3.6	3.2	3.3	4.7	3.9	3.0	4.2

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

NOTE: Totals for the summary groups published include other industries, not shown separately. Items may not add to totals or compute to displayed rates because of rounding. Data on rubber and miscellaneous plastics products are not available.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed private nonegricultural wage and salary workers by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
TOTAL													
Total (in thousands)	18,859	5,264	13,596	23,977	17,025	6,950	32,831	17,038	5,801	9,991	16,968	5,801	14,172
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.2	.1	.2	.3	.3	.3	1.0	.3	.9	2.1	.7	1.8	.3
Construction	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.8	5.8	6.1	7.1	7.3	6.0	7.3	6.7	8.9	5.9
Manufacturing	20.2	22.3	19.4	25.2	27.3	20.1	20.0	18.8	27.3	18.0	18.5	14.4	20.1
Durable goods	11.4	14.5	10.1	14.8	16.9	11.8	10.4	9.2	14.7	10.0	11.8	9.3	12.8
Lumber and wood products .....	.4	.6	.3	.6	.8	.6	1.0	.8	1.9	.8	.9	.9	.9
Furniture and fixtures .....	.4	.3	.4	.8	.9	.8	.8	.8	1.5	.5	.5	.4	.5
Stone, clay, and glass products .....	.8	.4	.7	.7	.8	.7	.8	.8	.8	.8	.4	.4	.5
Primary metal industries .....	.7	.8	.8	1.5	1.9	.5	.8	.8	1.1	.8	.4	.3	.4
Fabricated metal products	1.3	1.7	1.1	1.9	2.1	1.5	1.0	.9	1.4	1.1	1.1	.9	1.3
Machinery and computing equipment	2.3	3.4	1.9	3.6	3.9	3.0	1.9	1.7	2.3	2.1	2.3	1.8	2.4
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	2.1	2.9	1.7	2.0	2.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.3	1.7	2.8
Transportation equipment	1.3	1.8	1.0	4.2	5.1	2.0	1.7	1.4	2.9	1.4	2.4	1.5	2.7
Motor vehicles .....	.5	.2	.6	3.5	4.8	1.0	.8	.7	1.8	.5	.4	.4	.4
Professional and photographic equipment and watches	1.3	1.5	1.3	.8	.8	.7	.4	.5	.3	.5	1.0	.8	1.2
Nondurable goods	8.9	7.8	9.3	8.4	8.5	8.3	9.8	9.8	12.5	8.1	8.8	5.1	7.3
Food and kindred products	1.2	.8	1.3	1.9	1.5	2.7	2.0	1.8	2.7	2.3	1.9	1.8	1.9
Textile mill products .....	.5	.7	.5	.1	.1	.1	1.4	2.5	.7	.1	.1	(¹)	.2
Apparel and other textile products	1.3	.8	1.1	.3	.3	.5	1.2	1.0	2.7	.9	1.0	.2	1.3
Paper and allied products .....	.7	1.2	.5	.9	1.0	.8	.7	.7	1.1	.5	.5	.3	.8
Printing and publishing	2.4	2.1	2.5	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.2	1.7	1.5	1.7
Chemicals and allied products	1.8	1.1	2.1	1.5	1.6	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.8	.7	.8	.8
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	6.7	5.8	7.0	6.6	6.3	7.2	7.9	7.8	7.5	8.5	7.2	7.5	7.0
Transportation	4.1	3.3	4.4	4.3	4.1	4.8	4.8	4.3	4.9	5.0	4.5	4.5	4.5
Communications and other public utilities	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.3	2.2	2.6	3.2	3.3	2.7	3.4	2.7	3.1	2.6
Wholesale and retail trade	23.8	23.3	24.1	25.5	24.9	26.9	26.7	26.9	24.8	27.4	28.9	27.5	26.8
Wholesale trade	4.5	4.0	4.7	4.7	4.3	5.5	4.8	4.7	4.5	5.2	5.5	4.7	5.9
Retail trade	19.3	19.3	19.4	20.8	20.6	21.4	21.8	22.1	20.3	22.2	23.3	22.7	20.8
Finance, insurance, and real estate	9.2	8.7	9.4	7.0	6.7	8.0	6.9	7.4	5.9	6.6	7.7	7.8	7.8
Services, excluding private households	34.9	34.8	34.9	29.6	29.8	31.4	30.4	31.6	27.8	30.0	32.4	32.4	32.4
Professional services	23.8	24.7	23.4	19.8	19.1	21.0	18.5	18.8	17.9	18.1	17.8	17.0	18.1
Educational services	3.7	3.9	3.8	2.5	2.4	2.8	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.0	2.0	1.5	2.1
Health services, including hospitals	11.8	12.4	11.5	10.3	10.1	11.0	9.7	9.7	10.1	9.4	9.4	8.3	8.5
Men													
Total (in thousands)	10,080	2,745	7,335	12,967	9,338	3,627	17,881	9,221	3,023	5,819	11,244	3,281	7,985
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.2	.1	.3	.5	.4	.8	1.8	.5	1.8	3.2	1.1	2.4	.5
Construction	8.8	8.8	8.5	9.5	9.1	10.5	11.8	12.1	10.1	11.8	10.8	14.0	9.2
Manufacturing	25.3	29.0	23.9	33.0	35.8	26.2	24.4	22.4	33.8	22.6	22.2	17.5	24.1
Durable goods	15.3	19.4	13.8	23.1	25.7	16.2	14.0	12.2	20.7	13.1	15.1	11.9	18.4
Lumber and wood products .....	.8	.9	.5	.9	.9	.9	1.5	1.2	3.1	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.4
Furniture and fixtures .....	.5	.4	.6	1.1	1.2	.8	1.1	1.1	1.9	.8	.8	.8	.7
Stone, clay, and glass products .....	.8	.8	.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	.9	.9	1.3	.8	.7	.8	.7
Primary metal industries	1.1	.8	1.3	2.4	3.0	.8	1.0	.7	1.8	.9	.8	.5	.8
Fabricated metal products	1.9	2.5	1.6	2.8	3.0	2.2	1.5	1.2	2.1	1.8	1.5	1.1	1.8
Machinery and computing equipment	3.4	4.9	2.9	5.2	5.6	4.2	2.6	2.3	3.3	2.9	2.8	2.3	3.0
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	2.5	3.4	2.2	2.2	2.3	1.7	2.1	1.8	2.4	2.3	2.6	2.0	2.8
Transportation equipment	1.8	2.8	1.4	6.0	7.2	3.0	2.4	2.0	4.1	1.9	3.2	2.0	3.6
Motor vehicles .....	.7	.3	.8	5.0	6.4	1.4	1.2	1.0	2.5	.7	.8	.5	.6
Professional and photographic equipment and watches	1.6	2.0	1.5	.7	.8	.8	.5	.5	.4	.4	1.1	.8	1.3
Nondurable goods	10.0	8.8	10.1	9.9	9.9	10.0	10.4	10.2	13.1	9.5	7.1	5.6	7.7
Food and kindred products	1.8	1.1	1.6	2.4	1.9	3.8	2.4	1.9	3.4	2.8	2.2	2.2	2.3
Textile mill products .....	.8	.9	.4	(¹)	(¹)	.1	1.4	2.5	.7	.2	.1	(¹)	.2
Apparel and other textile products .....	.9	.4	1.1	.2	.2	.2	.5	.5	1.0	.3	.6	.1	.8
Paper and allied products	1.1	1.9	.8	1.1	1.3	.8	.9	.9	1.5	.8	.7	.8	.7
Printing and publishing	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.1	2.2	2.0	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.1	1.7	1.3	1.8
Chemicals and allied products	2.1	1.4	2.4	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.8	2.8	.8	.7	.8
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	8.9	7.8	9.3	8.8	8.5	9.7	10.3	9.9	10.2	11.0	8.8	9.1	8.8
Transportation	5.4	4.5	5.8	5.9	5.8	6.4	6.5	5.9	7.0	7.0	5.8	5.8	5.8
Communications and other public utilities	3.4	3.3	3.5	2.9	2.7	3.2	3.8	3.9	3.2	4.0	3.0	3.3	2.8
Wholesale and retail trade	24.3	23.5	24.6	23.8	22.3	26.7	25.5	26.4	22.4	25.8	26.3	26.4	26.3
Wholesale trade	5.8	5.5	5.9	6.0	5.4	7.5	6.3	6.3	5.7	6.9	6.8	6.2	7.1
Retail trade	18.5	18.1	18.7	17.8	16.9	19.2	19.1	20.1	16.7	18.9	19.5	20.3	19.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed private nonagricultural wage and salary workers by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
Men—Continued													
Finance, insurance, and real estate	7.6	7.0	7.9	4.8	4.4	5.7	4.7	5.3	3.7	4.3	5.2	5.2	5.2
Services, excluding private households	25.1	23.8	25.6	19.9	19.6	20.6	21.9	23.4	18.2	21.5	25.9	25.3	26.1
Professional services	13.7	13.8	13.7	10.1	10.0	10.5	9.9	10.4	9.0	9.6	10.5	9.8	10.7
Educational services	2.7	2.8	2.6	1.7	1.6	1.9	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.4
Health services, including hospitals	4.5	4.5	4.5	3.4	3.6	3.1	3.5	3.5	3.2	3.6	3.5	3.1	3.6
Women													
Total (in thousands)	8,779	2,519	6,261	11,010	7,686	3,323	14,770	7,818	2,576	4,372	8,725	2,540	6,187
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.1	(¹)	.1	(¹)	(¹)	.1	.3	.1	.1	.7	.2	.6	.1
Construction .....	.9	.9	.9	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	1.6
Manufacturing	14.4	15.0	14.2	16.1	17.3	13.4	14.7	14.5	19.6	12.2	13.6	10.4	15.0
Durable goods	6.8	9.2	5.9	9.5	10.5	7.0	6.1	5.7	7.7	5.9	7.5	5.9	8.2
Lumber and wood products .....	.1	.2	.1	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.5	.3	.3	.2	.3
Furniture and fixtures .....	.2	.2	.3	.6	.7	.3	.6	.6	1.0	.2	.2	.3	.2
Stone, clay, and glass products .....	.4	.2	.4	.4	.5	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3	.1	.2	.1
Primary metal industries .....	.3	.3	.3	.5	.6	.2	.2	.2	.4	.2	.1	.1	.1
Fabricated metal products .....	.6	.9	.5	1.0	1.1	.8	.5	.5	.7	.5	.5	.5	.5
Machinery and computing equipment	1.1	1.8	.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.6	1.2	1.7
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	1.5	2.4	1.2	1.7	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.5	2.0	1.4	2.3
Transportation equipment .....	.6	.8	.6	2.1	2.6	1.0	.8	.7	1.5	.7	1.3	.9	1.5
Motor vehicles .....	.3	.2	.3	1.8	2.4	.5	.5	.4	1.1	.2	.2	.2	.2
Professional and photographic equipment and watches	1.0	1.0	1.0	.6	.6	.7	.4	.4	.2	.5	.9	.7	1.0
Nondurable goods	7.6	5.9	8.3	6.7	6.8	6.5	8.7	8.9	11.9	6.3	6.1	4.4	6.8
Food and kindred products .....	.7	.5	.8	1.3	1.1	1.8	1.5	1.3	2.0	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.5
Textile mill products .....	.5	.5	.5	.1	.1	.2	1.5	2.5	.7	.1	.1	(¹)	.1
Apparel and other textile products	1.8	.9	2.1	.5	.4	.7	2.1	1.5	4.7	1.5	1.5	.3	1.9
Paper and allied products .....	.3	.5	.2	.5	.6	.4	.4	.5	.5	.3	.3	.1	.3
Printing and publishing	2.1	1.7	2.3	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.4	1.4	1.9	1.2	1.6	1.7	1.6
Chemicals and allied products	1.5	.9	1.7	.9	1.0	.7	.9	.9	.8	.8	.8	.5	.7
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	4.2	3.7	4.4	4.0	3.7	4.4	5.0	5.0	4.4	5.2	5.1	5.6	5.0
Transportation	2.5	2.0	2.7	2.3	2.1	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.8	2.8	2.8
Communications and other public utilities	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.8	2.5	2.6	2.0	2.7	2.4	2.8	2.2
Wholesale and retail trade	23.3	22.9	23.5	27.8	28.1	27.1	26.1	27.4	27.6	29.7	27.5	28.7	27.0
Wholesale trade	3.1	2.4	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.4	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.9	2.9	4.3
Retail trade	20.3	20.6	20.1	24.7	25.1	23.7	25.1	24.4	24.6	26.6	23.6	25.9	22.7
Finance, insurance, and real estate	11.0	10.5	11.1	9.7	9.4	10.5	9.6	9.9	8.4	9.7	10.9	11.1	10.8
Services, excluding private households	46.1	46.9	45.8	41.0	40.1	43.2	40.7	41.3	38.6	41.0	40.8	41.4	40.5
Professional services	35.3	36.6	34.8	30.8	30.1	32.5	28.8	28.8	26.3	29.1	27.2	26.1	27.7
Educational services	4.8	5.1	4.7	3.4	3.3	3.8	3.0	2.9	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.0	3.1
Health services, including hospitals	20.2	21.1	19.8	18.5	18.0	19.5	17.1	17.0	18.2	18.8	14.8	15.0	14.7
White													
Total (in thousands)	16,338	4,864	11,474	21,659	15,173	6,485	26,245	13,366	4,509	8,370	17,063	5,405	11,672
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining .....	.2	.1	.2	.3	.3	.4	1.1	.4	1.1	2.3	.8	1.7	.4
Construction	5.3	5.2	5.4	6.1	6.0	6.4	7.8	7.8	6.6	7.7	7.3	6.9	6.5
Manufacturing	20.8	22.4	20.1	25.3	27.6	19.9	19.2	17.7	25.8	17.9	18.2	14.3	20.0
Durable goods	11.9	14.5	10.8	16.8	18.9	11.8	10.4	9.2	14.5	9.9	11.4	9.3	12.4
Lumber and wood products .....	.4	.6	.4	.7	.7	.6	.9	.6	1.6	.7	1.0	.9	1.0
Furniture and fixtures .....	.4	.3	.5	.9	1.0	.6	.8	.8	1.5	.5	.5	.4	.5
Stone, clay, and glass products .....	.6	.4	.7	.7	.8	.7	.6	.6	.9	.6	.5	.4	.5
Primary metal industries .....	.8	.5	.9	1.5	1.9	.5	.6	.5	1.2	.5	.4	.3	.4
Fabricated metal products	1.4	1.7	1.2	2.0	2.2	1.5	1.1	.9	1.3	1.1	1.1	.9	1.2
Machinery and computing equipment	2.5	3.4	2.1	3.8	4.1	3.0	2.0	1.8	2.6	2.2	2.1	1.8	2.2
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	2.1	2.9	1.8	1.9	2.1	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.7	2.1
Motor vehicles .....	.5	.2	.6	3.3	4.3	.9	.8	.6	1.8	.4	.4	.4	.4
Professional and photographic equipment and watches	1.4	1.5	1.3	.7	.6	.8	.5	.5	.3	.5	1.0	.6	1.1
Nondurable goods	8.9	7.9	9.3	8.5	8.7	8.1	8.8	8.4	11.3	8.0	6.7	5.0	7.5
Food and kindred products	1.2	.8	1.3	1.9	1.6	2.6	1.6	1.2	2.1	2.2	1.9	1.8	2.0
Textile mill products .....	.6	.7	.5	.1	.1	.1	1.2	2.1	.6	.1	.1	(¹)	.2
Apparel and other textile products	1.1	.6	1.3	.3	.2	.4	1.1	.8	2.2	.8	.9	.2	1.2
Paper and allied products .....	.8	1.2	.6	.9	1.0	.6	.6	.6	1.0	.5	.5	.3	.6
Printing and publishing	2.5	2.2	2.6	2.2	2.2	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.2	1.8	1.5	1.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed private nonagricultural wage and salary workers by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	Pacific
White—Continued													
Chemicals and allied products	1.8	1.1	2.1	1.5	1.6	1.2	1.5	1.2	1.5	1.8	0.7	0.5	0.8
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	6.6	5.9	6.9	6.4	6.1	7.1	7.8	7.6	7.3	8.3	7.1	7.4	6.9
Transportation	3.9	3.4	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.5	4.5	4.2	4.8	5.0	4.4	4.4	4.4
Communications and other public utilities	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.3	2.1	2.6	3.2	3.4	2.5	3.4	2.7	3.0	2.5
Wholesale and retail trade	24.5	23.5	24.9	25.9	25.3	27.1	27.0	27.5	25.3	27.3	27.0	27.5	26.8
Wholesale trade	4.7	4.1	4.9	4.9	4.5	5.7	5.2	5.2	4.8	5.4	5.5	4.8	5.9
Retail trade	19.8	19.4	19.9	21.0	20.8	21.4	21.8	22.3	20.5	21.9	21.5	22.7	20.9
Finance, insurance, and real estate	9.1	8.7	9.3	7.1	6.7	8.1	7.4	8.0	6.3	7.0	7.6	7.9	7.4
Services, excluding private households	33.6	34.2	33.3	28.9	27.9	31.1	30.0	31.1	27.5	29.4	32.1	32.3	32.0
Professional services	22.9	24.2	22.4	19.3	18.6	21.0	18.2	18.6	17.9	17.7	17.6	17.2	17.8
Educational services	3.6	3.9	3.5	2.5	2.3	2.8	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.0	2.0	1.6	2.1
Health services, including hospitals	10.9	11.9	10.4	10.1	9.7	10.9	9.1	9.1	9.6	8.7	8.2	8.4	8.1
Black													
Total (in thousands)	1,782	290	1,502	1,819	1,489	328	5,547	3,234	1,039	1,271	806	164	643
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	.1	(¹)	.1	.1	.1	(¹)	.4	.2	.3	1.0	.2	1.0	(¹)
Construction	3.2	3.3	3.1	2.5	2.8	1.1	5.0	5.5	3.5	4.8	2.5	4.4	2.1
Manufacturing	14.1	15.8	13.8	23.0	23.9	18.7	24.2	23.7	34.0	17.1	13.5	11.1	14.0
Durable goods	6.9	10.1	6.4	16.4	17.6	10.7	10.4	9.3	15.9	8.5	9.2	5.9	10.0
Lumber and wood products	.1	(¹)	.1	.3	.2	.6	1.4	1.0	3.4	1.0	.2	.3	.2
Furniture and fixtures	.3	.6	.3	.3	.4	.1	.8	.8	1.5	.3	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Stone, clay, and glass products	.5	.2	.5	.5	.5	.5	.7	.7	.8	.5	.1	.1	.2
Primary metal industries	.5	.7	.4	2.5	2.8	1.0	.6	.3	.9	1.1	.6	.6	.6
Fabricated metal products	.9	2.6	.8	1.2	1.4	.6	1.0	.7	2.2	.7	.6	1.0	.9
Machinery and computing equipment	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.3	1.7	2.2	.3	2.7
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	.9	1.0	.8	1.7	1.9	1.0	1.7	1.6	2.4	1.5	2.3	1.7	2.4
Transportation equipment	.8	1.4	.7	6.9	7.4	4.4	1.9	1.8	3.1	1.1	2.2	.8	2.6
Motor vehicles	.5	.3	.6	6.4	7.1	3.4	1.2	1.3	1.6	.6	.5	.3	.6
Professional and photographic equipment and watches	1.0	.9	1.0	.3	.4	(¹)	.3	.4	.1	.4	.5	1.1	.4
Nondurable goods	7.1	5.7	7.4	6.6	6.3	8.0	13.8	14.4	18.1	8.6	4.3	5.2	4.1
Food and kindred products	1.1	.5	1.2	1.6	1.2	3.6	3.6	3.4	5.5	2.4	1.0	1.5	.8
Textile mill products	.4	1.3	.3	(¹)	(¹)	.1	2.4	3.8	.9	.2	.1	(¹)	.1
Apparel and other textile products	1.0	.2	1.2	.3	.2	.4	2.1	1.6	4.8	1.1	.3	(¹)	.4
Paper and allied products	.5	.7	.4	.7	.5	1.5	1.1	1.2	1.4	.5	.3	(¹)	.4
Printing and publishing	1.5	1.0	1.6	1.2	1.1	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.0	1.2	2.6	.9
Chemicals and allied products	1.9	1.0	2.1	1.4	1.5	.6	1.4	1.5	.6	1.8	.9	.8	.9
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	8.4	6.0	8.8	9.2	9.0	10.3	8.8	8.5	8.2	10.1	10.7	13.1	10.1
Transportation	5.5	2.7	6.1	5.9	5.6	7.0	5.4	5.1	5.3	6.0	6.5	7.2	6.3
Communications and other public utilities	2.8	3.3	2.7	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.4	3.0	4.1	4.2	5.8	3.8
Wholesale and retail trade	17.9	20.0	17.6	22.0	21.6	23.8	24.5	23.8	22.2	26.0	23.1	25.4	22.5
Wholesale trade	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.6	3.6	3.5	3.4	2.6	4.3	3.8	2.8	4.1
Retail trade	15.1	17.1	14.7	19.2	18.9	20.2	21.0	20.4	19.6	23.7	19.2	22.6	18.4
Finance, insurance, and real estate	9.4	7.8	9.8	6.9	6.9	6.7	5.1	5.6	4.2	4.7	8.9	6.8	9.4
Services, excluding private households	46.9	47.2	46.9	36.4	35.7	39.4	32.1	32.7	27.5	34.3	41.2	38.2	41.9
Professional services	22.5	35.8	31.9	22.6	22.5	23.1	19.7	19.7	17.8	21.5	22.8	17.9	24.1
Educational services	3.8	3.9	3.7	2.3	2.1	3.0	2.0	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.2	.8	2.5
Health services, including hospitals	20.0	23.0	19.4	13.2	13.2	12.9	12.5	12.1	12.2	13.9	11.1	8.4	11.8
Hispanic origin													
Total (in thousands)	1,333	180	1,153	758	597	160	3,077	1,168	(¹)	1,868	3,803	862	2,937
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(¹)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	.8	.1	(¹)	1.2	.4	1.4	.1
Construction	3.5	2.3	3.6	5.6	5.3	6.9	10.3	9.5	(¹)	10.9	7.6	13.4	6.2
Manufacturing	25.0	35.6	23.3	34.4	37.2	23.9	17.6	15.0	(¹)	18.9	24.4	17.6	26.4
Durable goods	10.2	21.3	8.5	21.6	24.7	9.7	7.6	6.6	(¹)	8.2	13.2	9.7	14.2
Lumber and wood products	.2	(¹)	.2	.3	.3	.3	.7	.7	(¹)	.6	.8	1.2	.7
Furniture and fixtures	.3	.9	.2	1.0	.8	1.6	.5	.4	(¹)	.5	1.0	.7	1.1
Stone, clay, and glass products	.3	.6	.3	.8	1.0	(¹)	.6	.5	(¹)	.8	.5	.5	.5
Primary metal industries	.7	1.3	.6	2.8	3.5	.1	.3	.2	(¹)	.4	.7	.3	.7
Fabricated metal products	1.7	4.7	1.2	2.9	3.5	.7	1.1	.7	(¹)	1.3	1.8	1.0	2.0
Machinery and computing equipment	1.0	4.0	.6	3.7	4.1	2.3	1.3	.8	(¹)	1.6	1.8	1.3	2.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of employed private nonagricultural wage and salary workers by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and industry	Northeast			Midwest			South				West		
	Total	New England	Middle Atlantic	Total	East North Central	West North Central	Total	South Atlantic	East South Central	West South Central	Total	Mountain	* Pacific
Hispanic origin—Continued													
Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies	2.0	2.9	1.9	3.4	3.9	1.8	1.4	1.6	(²)	1.3	2.4	1.9	2.6
Transportation equipment	1.2	2.1	1.1	3.4	4.1	.6	.9	.8	(²)	.9	2.3	1.4	2.5
Motor vehicles .....	.5	.7	.5	2.3	2.9	.1	.3	.1	(²)	.4	.7	.5	.7
Professional and photographic equipment and watches .....	.6	1.5	.4	.5	.4	.8	.3	.5	(²)	.2	1.0	.6	1.1
Nondurable goods	14.8	14.3	14.9	12.9	12.5	14.2	10.0	8.4	(²)	10.6	11.2	7.8	12.1
Food and kindred products	1.8	1.0	1.9	4.0	2.9	8.0	4.4	2.8	(²)	4.9	3.7	3.9	3.8
Textile mill products	1.9	2.9	1.7	.1	.1	(²)	.3	.8	(²)	(¹)	.4	(¹)	.5
Apparel and other textile products	4.6	1.7	5.1	1.0	.6	2.4	1.8	1.7	(²)	1.9	2.9	.6	3.6
Paper and allied products .....	.7	1.2	.6	2.0	2.3	.8	.2	.1	(²)	.2	.7	.7	.7
Printing and publishing	1.8	2.4	1.7	1.3	1.1	1.9	1.1	1.6	(²)	.8	1.2	.8	1.3
Chemicals and allied products	2.8	2.4	2.8	2.0	2.5	(¹)	1.1	.4	(²)	1.6	.9	.7	1.0
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	5.4	4.4	5.6	5.4	4.9	7.2	6.9	7.9	(²)	6.4	6.1	5.9	6.2
Transportation	3.9	3.6	4.0	3.7	3.7	3.8	4.8	5.4	(²)	4.5	4.0	3.4	4.2
Communications and other public utilities	1.5	.8	1.6	1.7	1.3	3.4	2.1	2.5	(²)	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.0
Wholesale and retail trade	26.2	18.3	27.4	23.4	23.2	24.2	30.9	30.6	(²)	31.2	28.2	29.7	27.7
Wholesale trade	3.8	2.1	4.1	4.2	4.3	3.9	5.7	6.3	(²)	5.3	5.7	4.0	6.2
Retail trade	22.4	16.2	23.4	19.2	18.9	20.3	25.2	24.3	(²)	25.9	22.5	25.7	21.6
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6.2	5.1	8.7	5.7	5.6	5.9	5.5	7.1	(²)	4.6	5.4	4.4	5.7
Services, excluding private households	31.7	34.3	31.3	25.5	23.8	31.9	27.9	29.9	(²)	26.6	27.8	27.8	27.8
Professional services	17.7	20.1	17.4	10.8	9.9	14.5	13.2	13.1	(²)	13.3	11.3	12.5	11.0
Educational services	2.8	3.6	2.6	.9	.6	1.9	2.1	2.4	(²)	1.9	1.2	1.1	1.2
Health services, including hospitals	9.4	9.7	9.4	6.7	6.1	8.9	7.3	7.2	(²)	7.4	5.9	7.1	5.5

¹ Less than 500 persons employed or less than 0.05 percent of total employed.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet RLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

NOTE: Totals for the summary groups published include other industries, not shown separately. Items may not add to totals or compute to displayed percentages because of rounding. Data on rubber and miscellaneous plastics products are not available.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours of work							
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over				
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over
TOTAL									
Northeast	23,091	1,255	3,239	1,809	16,789	2,228	7,930	2,439	4,192
New England	6,383	355	899	555	4,574	528	2,048	745	1,253
Middle Atlantic	16,708	900	2,340	1,253	12,215	1,699	5,883	1,694	2,939
Midwest	29,697	1,723	3,854	2,258	21,862	1,980	9,604	3,880	6,399
East North Central	20,407	1,126	2,633	1,529	15,119	1,331	6,847	2,638	4,303
West North Central	9,290	598	1,221	729	6,745	649	2,756	1,243	2,097
South	42,134	1,982	4,973	3,134	32,046	2,839	15,866	4,831	8,510
South Atlantic	21,731	1,051	2,605	1,645	16,429	1,468	8,307	2,445	4,209
East South Central	7,159	330	866	552	5,409	504	2,652	845	1,407
West South Central	13,248	601	1,499	936	10,211	867	4,907	1,540	2,896
West	26,555	1,360	3,428	2,151	19,616	1,663	9,791	2,967	5,194
Mountain	7,666	410	968	609	5,679	476	2,657	904	1,642
Pacific	18,889	951	2,461	1,542	13,941	1,187	7,132	2,065	3,557
Men									
Northeast	12,394	429	1,153	746	10,065	826	4,547	1,557	3,135
New England	3,363	117	298	211	2,737	192	1,151	461	832
Middle Atlantic	9,031	311	855	536	7,329	634	3,396	1,096	2,203
Midwest	15,980	604	1,333	881	13,162	729	5,262	2,387	4,762
East North Central	11,065	387	907	606	9,165	482	3,806	1,644	3,232
West North Central	4,916	218	426	275	3,997	247	1,455	744	1,551
South	22,810	762	1,944	1,334	18,770	1,141	8,464	2,898	6,268
South Atlantic	11,641	413	1,017	697	9,514	590	4,406	1,458	3,060
East South Central	3,835	118	1,103	228	3,137	195	1,368	514	1,040
West South Central	7,337	231	574	409	6,124	356	2,671	926	2,170
West	14,843	507	1,373	983	11,979	728	5,858	1,815	3,778
Mountain	4,251	151	380	271	3,450	198	1,501	550	1,201
Pacific	10,594	357	993	713	8,532	530	4,156	1,266	2,580
Women									
Northeast	10,697	826	2,085	1,062	6,724	1,401	3,383	883	1,057
New England	3,020	237	601	345	1,837	336	897	284	321
Middle Atlantic	7,677	589	1,484	717	4,887	1,065	2,487	598	736
Midwest	13,717	1,119	2,520	1,377	8,701	1,250	4,341	1,492	1,617
East North Central	9,343	740	1,726	923	5,954	849	3,040	994	1,071
West North Central	4,377	380	795	454	2,748	401	1,301	499	546
South	19,324	1,220	3,029	1,800	13,275	1,698	7,402	1,933	2,242
South Atlantic	10,090	638	1,588	948	6,916	878	3,901	987	1,149
East South Central	3,324	212	515	324	2,272	309	1,264	332	367
West South Central	5,910	370	926	527	4,088	511	2,236	614	726
West	11,712	853	2,055	1,167	7,637	906	4,132	1,152	1,417
Mountain	3,415	259	588	338	2,229	279	1,157	354	440
Pacific	8,301	594	1,468	829	5,409	657	2,976	799	977
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Northeast	1,044	297	429	70	249	59	129	28	33
New England	299	91	124	24	61	13	30	9	8
Middle Atlantic	745	206	305	46	188	46	99	19	25
Midwest	1,828	429	766	165	468	103	212	73	81
East North Central	1,204	272	523	104	306	69	142	44	51
West North Central	624	158	243	61	162	34	70	29	30
South	2,099	376	843	202	678	136	364	89	89
South Atlantic	1,047	202	419	96	330	60	182	41	46
East South Central	370	60	152	38	120	26	67	14	13
West South Central	683	114	272	67	229	50	115	34	30
West	1,291	257	501	138	396	77	221	53	44
Mountain	462	89	168	50	156	30	82	23	20
Pacific	831	169	334	87	241	48	139	30	24

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Census regions and divisions: Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total at work	Hours of work							
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over				
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over
White									
Northeast	19,997	1,137	2,856	1,600	14,404	1,834	6,550	2,213	3,807
New England	5,919	338	842	521	4,219	486	1,840	708	1,185
Middle Atlantic	14,079	800	2,014	1,080	10,186	1,348	4,710	1,505	2,622
Midwest	26,832	1,603	3,514	2,040	19,675	1,787	8,274	3,620	5,994
East North Central	18,140	1,037	2,367	1,354	13,383	1,180	5,764	2,435	4,003
West North Central	8,696	567	1,147	687	6,295	607	2,510	1,186	1,992
South	33,733	1,854	3,958	2,476	25,648	2,247	11,931	4,090	7,379
South Atlantic	16,687	857	2,018	1,272	12,741	1,114	6,009	2,033	3,585
East South Central	5,720	282	686	430	4,322	401	1,988	717	1,217
West South Central	11,133	516	1,254	774	8,590	732	3,937	1,340	2,580
West	22,739	1,202	2,972	1,839	16,725	1,454	8,070	2,598	4,603
Mountain	7,138	388	912	564	5,274	443	2,426	854	1,550
Pacific	15,617	815	2,062	1,276	11,464	1,011	5,648	1,747	3,058
Black									
Northeast	2,246	80	285	156	1,726	315	1,028	153	230
New England	332	11	43	27	251	35	145	28	44
Middle Atlantic	1,914	69	242	129	1,475	280	883	126	186
Midwest	2,252	86	271	182	1,713	149	1,091	189	284
East North Central	1,831	68	220	149	1,394	121	908	154	211
West North Central	418	17	51	33	317	28	182	35	73
South	7,363	282	900	588	5,593	535	3,517	634	906
South Atlantic	4,324	166	526	337	3,293	325	2,092	364	512
East South Central	1,372	47	171	117	1,037	100	644	118	175
West South Central	1,662	69	201	134	1,258	110	778	152	219
West	1,106	42	138	90	835	68	482	105	179
Mountain	205	8	21	15	160	16	85	17	42
Pacific	899	34	117	75	673	52	396	88	137
Hispanic origin									
Northeast	1,545	48	191	108	1,198	178	704	117	198
New England	206	8	22	20	155	20	92	17	26
Middle Atlantic	1,339	40	169	88	1,043	158	612	100	172
Midwest	851	31	84	60	677	55	404	93	125
East North Central	660	21	59	44	537	35	337	72	93
West North Central	191	10	24	16	140	20	67	21	31
South	3,929	142	468	304	3,015	270	1,751	388	605
South Atlantic	1,401	44	170	100	1,088	73	683	121	210
East South Central	85	3	5	7	50	3	25	7	15
West South Central	2,475	96	294	198	1,887	195	1,048	262	382
West	4,986	182	592	406	3,804	327	2,399	474	604
Mountain	1,135	49	132	96	857	75	526	106	150
Pacific	3,847	133	459	311	2,943	251	1,871	367	454

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for

race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 8. Census regions and divisions: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, reason for working less than 35 hours, and usual status, 1996 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
TOTAL														
Northeast	2,084	152	595	171	517	649	4,218	226	395	196	1,059	1,085	393	864
New England	540	41	165	54	106	173	1,270	60	91	71	368	321	119	240
Middle Atlantic	1,544	111	430	117	411	476	2,948	166	304	125	691	764	275	624
Midwest	2,300	234	918	124	108	916	5,535	212	371	169	1,442	1,772	515	1,053
East North Central	1,545	166	612	88	78	801	3,743	148	259	134	982	1,151	338	730
West North Central	755	68	306	37	29	315	1,793	65	112	35	460	622	177	323
South	3,866	449	1,102	199	588	1,529	6,222	406	558	213	1,204	1,794	613	1,436
South Atlantic	2,144	238	550	120	466	770	3,158	207	283	126	600	867	337	738
East South Central	670	77	196	25	89	262	1,080	50	96	33	210	329	101	262
West South Central	1,051	133	355	54	31	477	1,985	149	179	54	394	598	175	435
West	2,178	334	719	173	59	893	4,762	452	399	171	1,079	1,312	342	1,006
Mountain	615	85	214	40	16	261	1,371	86	95	51	333	393	121	291
Pacific	1,563	248	506	133	43	632	3,391	364	304	120	747	920	221	716
Men														
Northeast	1,045	89	312	77	272	295	1,283	103	144	4	43	496	234	257
New England	259	23	85	24	52	74	368	28	33	1	20	146	71	69
Middle Atlantic	787	67	227	53	220	221	915	75	111	3	24	352	163	189
Midwest	1,151	141	473	50	79	409	1,667	91	134	5	48	811	284	295
East North Central	789	104	324	34	54	273	1,111	68	93	2	31	531	186	200
West North Central	362	37	149	16	25	135	557	23	41	3	17	280	98	95
South	1,912	266	554	87	325	679	2,128	195	197	7	54	795	360	521
South Atlantic	1,050	140	273	51	240	346	1,077	99	99	4	32	378	200	266
East South Central	325	42	98	12	55	118	373	24	31	(*)	7	162	59	90
West South Central	536	85	183	24	29	215	678	73	67	2	15	255	101	165
West	1,207	224	403	85	55	439	1,657	248	162	10	67	608	187	374
Mountain	333	55	115	21	14	128	468	46	34	1	19	187	68	111
Pacific	873	169	288	64	41	311	1,189	202	128	9	48	421	119	263
Women														
Northeast	1,039	63	283	94	245	354	2,935	123	251	192	1,016	587	160	607
New England	281	18	79	30	54	99	902	32	58	70	349	175	47	171
Middle Atlantic	758	44	203	64	191	255	2,033	91	193	121	667	412	112	436
Midwest	1,149	93	445	75	29	507	3,868	121	237	185	1,394	962	231	758
East North Central	757	62	288	54	25	328	2,632	80	166	132	952	620	152	530
West North Central	393	31	157	21	5	179	1,236	41	71	32	443	342	80	228
South	1,954	183	547	112	263	850	4,094	211	361	206	1,149	998	253	915
South Atlantic	1,094	98	277	69	226	424	2,080	108	184	122	567	489	137	472
East South Central	344	35	98	13	35	164	707	26	64	33	203	187	42	172
West South Central	515	49	173	30	2	262	1,307	77	112	52	380	343	74	270
West	971	110	316	88	4	454	3,105	204	237	161	1,012	704	155	633
Mountain	282	30	99	19	1	133	903	42	60	49	314	205	53	180
Pacific	689	79	217	69	3	322	2,202	162	176	111	699	499	102	453
White														
Northeast	1,815	135	536	145	448	550	3,882	197	334	184	1,040	955	371	803
New England	504	37	157	49	103	158	1,233	57	84	66	371	298	116	239
Middle Atlantic	1,311	98	380	96	345	392	2,649	139	250	115	669	657	255	564
Midwest	2,062	208	841	104	98	812	5,260	195	330	155	1,430	1,651	497	1,002
East North Central	1,357	146	549	72	69	521	3,503	133	222	124	966	1,058	320	682
West North Central	706	62	292	31	29	292	1,758	62	108	31	465	595	175	320
South	3,025	333	917	149	449	1,177	5,212	318	366	179	1,102	1,460	547	1,219
South Atlantic	1,625	186	452	86	348	573	2,582	163	191	106	542	674	299	617
East South Central	522	54	157	18	75	217	905	35	56	27	198	272	92	225
West South Central	878	112	308	45	25	387	1,715	121	139	46	362	515	155	378
West	1,880	294	632	138	55	761	4,289	399	342	154	1,011	1,133	320	930
Mountain	571	78	202	34	15	241	1,337	86	90	50	329	374	120	286
Pacific	1,310	216	431	104	40	520	2,955	312	251	105	682	760	200	644

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Census regions and divisions: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, reason for working less than 35 hours, and usual status, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Black														
Northeast	205	12	43	21	48	81	328	31	66	12	29	92	20	78
New England	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	57	5	10	3	5	21	2	11
Middle Atlantic	178	10	39	17	45	68	271	26	57	9	24	71	18	67
Midwest	197	21	60	19	9	89	350	24	53	16	43	106	23	66
East North Central	162	16	50	15	9	72	282	20	44	12	36	79	20	71
West North Central	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	68	4	8	4	7	26	3	15
South	781	105	164	46	125	320	1,044	99	181	34	110	304	66	252
South Atlantic	475	65	90	32	106	183	574	51	97	21	59	170	39	136
East South Central	142	23	38	7	13	61	196	17	39	6	17	58	10	51
West South Central	143	17	37	8	5	76	271	31	44	8	34	75	17	64
West	98	10	28	8	2	50	180	24	27	4	19	46	7	52
Pacific	82	9	23	6	2	43	149	23	24	4	12	36	6	45

¹ Includes seasonal work, job started or ended, own illness, child-care problems, other family or personal obligations, labor dispute, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

² Includes seasonal work, health and medical limitations, full-time workweek less than 35 hours, and all other reasons.

³ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

⁴ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: Employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and reason not at work, 1996 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
TOTAL					
Northeast	1,226	691	99	233	202
New England	323	197	24	57	48
Middle Atlantic	903	494	75	177	157
Midwest	1,418	804	138	259	216
East North Central	1,011	589	95	187	140
West North Central	406	215	43	72	77
South	1,970	963	196	377	413
South Atlantic	1,050	520	97	185	248
East South Central	365	179	35	78	74
West South Central	554	264	66	114	90
West	1,179	620	127	225	207
Mountain	345	186	34	59	67
Pacific	834	434	93	166	141
Men					
Northeast	533	311	10	112	99
New England	145	89	2	30	24
Middle Atlantic	388	222	8	82	76
Midwest	604	360	14	122	108
East North Central	436	269	9	88	70
West North Central	169	90	5	34	39
South	834	430	25	166	213
South Atlantic	439	222	14	81	122
East South Central	157	82	3	31	41
West South Central	238	126	8	54	50
West	517	289	21	97	111
Mountain	149	84	6	25	33
Pacific	369	205	15	71	77
Women					
Northeast	693	380	89	121	103
New England	178	108	22	26	22
Middle Atlantic	515	272	67	95	81
Midwest	813	445	124	137	108
East North Central	576	320	86	99	70
West North Central	237	124	38	38	38
South	1,136	553	173	210	200
South Atlantic	611	298	83	104	126
East South Central	209	97	32	47	34
West South Central	316	158	58	60	40
West	662	331	106	128	97
Mountain	197	102	28	34	33
Pacific	466	230	78	95	64
White					
Northeast	1,089	626	85	202	176
New England	305	188	23	53	42
Middle Atlantic	784	439	62	149	134
Midwest	1,265	732	119	219	195
East North Central	891	532	82	155	123
West North Central	373	200	38	64	72
South	1,596	825	161	285	325
South Atlantic	821	417	78	139	187
East South Central	297	150	26	60	61
West South Central	477	257	56	85	77
West	1,032	546	107	194	185
Mountain	325	176	32	55	62
Pacific	708	370	76	139	123

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Census regions and divisions: Employed persons with a job but not at work by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and reason not at work, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and area	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Black					
Northeast	107	48	11	28	21
Middle Atlantic	93	41	10	24	18
Midwest	123	58	14	35	17
East North Central	98	45	11	29	14
South	337	140	33	86	78
South Atlantic	209	93	18	44	54
East South Central	64	28	9	17	13
West South Central	63	21	6	25	11
West	48	21	7	11	9
Hispanic origin					
Northeast	63	35	14	5	9
Middle Atlantic	53	30	11	4	8
South	151	82	30	14	25
South Atlantic	55	29	10	5	11
West South Central	95	53	18	10	13
West	183	92	38	25	28
Mountain	45	21	11	7	6
Pacific	138	71	27	18	22

¹ Includes maternity or paternity leave and other family obligations.

² Includes labor disputes, bad weather, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample

in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and reason for unemployment, 1996 annual averages

Population group and area	Total unemployed		Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs ¹		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Total	On temporary layoff			
TOTAL							
Northeast	1,444	100.0	53.1	15.3	7.6	32.4	7.2
New England	336	100.0	55.5	16.3	8.7	30.4	5.6
Middle Atlantic	1,108	100.0	52.4	15.0	7.2	33.0	7.6
Midwest	1,471	100.0	45.7	17.8	11.4	36.5	6.3
East North Central	1,064	100.0	46.6	17.9	10.2	36.1	7.0
West North Central	407	100.0	43.1	17.6	14.8	37.5	4.7
South	2,434	100.0	42.9	10.7	13.1	35.0	9.0
South Atlantic	1,190	100.0	43.5	10.7	12.6	35.4	8.4
East South Central	431	100.0	42.7	13.7	13.3	34.7	9.2
West South Central	814	100.0	42.2	9.1	13.8	34.6	9.7
West	1,905	100.0	47.5	14.9	9.5	34.7	8.8
Mountain	426	100.0	42.3	13.2	13.8	36.5	6.4
Pacific	1,478	100.0	49.0	15.3	6.2	33.6	9.5
Men							
Northeast	806	100.0	60.2	17.2	7.0	26.9	6.2
New England	185	100.0	63.1	18.2	7.5	25.9	3.8
Middle Atlantic	623	100.0	59.3	17.0	6.8	27.2	6.9
Midwest	807	100.0	55.5	22.6	9.9	28.7	5.8
East North Central	584	100.0	57.0	23.0	8.7	28.2	5.9
West North Central	223	100.0	51.6	21.4	12.9	30.1	5.4
South	1,225	100.0	52.3	12.7	11.9	27.5	8.4
South Atlantic	604	100.0	52.0	12.8	12.0	27.8	8.2
East South Central	213	100.0	50.4	14.6	12.1	27.8	9.6
West South Central	408	100.0	53.7	11.7	11.7	26.9	8.0
West	1,049	100.0	56.7	17.3	8.7	27.9	7.2
Mountain	232	100.0	53.1	16.8	12.1	30.5	5.3
Pacific	817	100.0	57.6	17.4	7.8	27.2	7.7
Women							
Northeast	636	100.0	44.1	12.8	8.3	39.4	8.4
New England	152	100.0	46.1	14.1	10.2	36.0	7.9
Middle Atlantic	484	100.0	43.5	12.4	7.7	40.5	8.5
Midwest	664	100.0	33.7	11.9	13.3	45.9	7.0
East North Central	480	100.0	34.1	11.6	11.9	45.7	6.2
West North Central	184	100.0	32.8	12.9	17.0	46.5	3.8
South	1,209	100.0	33.5	8.7	14.4	42.6	9.6
South Atlantic	586	100.0	34.8	8.7	13.3	43.2	8.7
East South Central	218	100.0	35.2	12.8	14.5	41.4	8.8
West South Central	405	100.0	30.6	6.5	15.9	42.4	11.4
West	856	100.0	36.2	11.9	10.4	43.0	10.8
Mountain	194	100.0	29.3	8.9	15.7	48.0	7.7
Pacific	661	100.0	38.2	12.7	8.8	41.6	11.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years							
Northeast	218	100.0	13.3	5.6	5.1	51.1	30.6
New England	54	100.0	17.5	9.0	5.2	53.8	24.0
Middle Atlantic	164	100.0	12.0	4.5	5.1	50.4	32.7
Midwest	308	100.0	14.0	6.5	9.0	54.0	22.9
East North Central	218	100.0	13.7	6.3	8.9	52.1	25.1
West North Central	90	100.0	14.7	6.9	9.2	56.7	17.5
South	460	100.0	14.4	4.4	7.4	44.4	33.8
South Atlantic	210	100.0	15.4	5.4	5.7	46.3	32.5
East South Central	89	100.0	9.9	3.6	10.2	45.7	34.1
West South Central	164	100.0	15.6	3.6	8.1	41.1	35.4
West	321	100.0	13.7	4.5	5.6	44.6	36.6
Mountain	90	100.0	16.2	5.2	10.6	48.7	25.3
Pacific	231	100.0	12.8	4.2	3.7	43.0	40.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and reason for unemployment, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and area	Total unemployed		Job leavers and persons who completed temporary jobs ¹		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Total	On temporary layoff			
White							
Northeast	1,068	100.0	55.0	18.2	8.4	30.4	6.4
New England	288	100.0	57.6	17.9	9.1	28.8	4.8
Middle Atlantic	800	100.0	54.1	18.3	8.2	30.9	7.0
Midwest	1,134	100.0	48.1	20.6	12.4	33.9	5.6
East North Central	791	100.0	49.4	20.9	11.0	33.2	6.2
West North Central	343	100.0	45.0	20.0	15.5	35.5	4.1
South	1,542	100.0	45.0	12.1	14.5	32.6	7.9
South Atlantic	712	100.0	46.0	12.5	14.4	33.0	6.6
East South Central	259	100.0	46.8	15.9	14.3	30.9	7.8
West South Central	571	100.0	43.0	9.8	14.8	32.9	9.6
West	1,552	100.0	48.8	15.8	9.6	34.0	8.1
Mountain	371	100.0	43.5	13.6	14.1	37.2	6.2
Pacific	1,180	100.0	50.5	16.4	8.2	33.0	8.7
Black							
Northeast	309	100.0	47.3	6.3	4.6	39.5	8.8
New England	41	100.0	41.6	7.1	7.6	41.8	9.2
Middle Atlantic	267	100.0	48.1	6.2	4.2	39.1	8.7
Midwest	299	100.0	38.7	8.4	7.4	45.1	8.7
East North Central	252	100.0	39.6	9.2	6.6	44.7	9.0
West North Central	47	100.0	34.0	3.9	11.3	47.5	7.3
South	841	100.0	39.2	8.3	10.4	39.6	10.8
South Atlantic	457	100.0	39.8	7.9	9.8	39.4	11.2
East South Central	167	100.0	37.3	10.6	11.6	39.6	11.5
West South Central	216	100.0	40.0	7.4	10.9	40.0	9.4
West	145	100.0	43.0	7.3	9.2	40.7	7.5
Pacific	118	100.0	46.1	7.7	8.1	38.4	7.8
Hispanic origin							
Northeast	185	100.0	48.8	10.7	6.5	35.6	11.3
New England	30	100.0	43.3	7.2	4.3	39.4	13.2
Middle Atlantic	155	100.0	47.4	11.4	7.0	34.9	10.8
Midwest	76	100.0	48.3	12.3	9.3	34.1	10.3
East North Central	60	100.0	49.1	12.9	8.8	31.2	10.7
South	323	100.0	44.4	9.6	12.9	31.8	11.0
South Atlantic	102	100.0	50.7	11.4	13.0	26.3	8.0
West South Central	216	100.0	42.0	9.0	12.0	33.5	12.8
West	552	100.0	51.8	19.4	5.8	31.6	11.4
Mountain	89	100.0	50.2	19.4	6.9	34.8	9.0
Pacific	462	100.0	52.1	19.4	5.4	31.0	11.9

¹ Formerly called "job losers."

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for

race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and duration of unemployment, 1996 annual averages

Population group and area	Total unemployed		Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over				
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over		
							Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over
TOTAL									
Northeast	1,444	100.0	30.8	30.9	38.4	16.2	22.2	9.1	13.1
New England	336	100.0	32.5	33.0	34.7	16.3	18.3	9.2	9.1
Middle Atlantic	1,108	100.0	30.3	30.3	38.6	16.2	23.4	9.1	14.3
Midwest	1,471	100.0	29.1	32.7	28.1	14.5	13.7	6.1	7.8
East North Central	1,064	100.0	28.1	32.9	28.9	14.5	14.4	6.2	8.3
West North Central	407	100.0	41.6	32.3	26.2	14.5	11.7	6.0	5.7
South	2,434	100.0	28.5	32.3	29.3	13.7	15.5	8.1	7.5
South Atlantic	1,190	100.0	27.7	31.9	30.4	13.7	18.7	8.6	7.9
East South Central	431	100.0	37.2	33.8	28.8	14.5	14.3	7.2	7.1
West South Central	814	100.0	40.3	32.1	27.8	13.3	14.4	7.4	7.1
West	1,905	100.0	26.2	30.4	34.0	14.4	19.4	8.6	10.9
Mountain	426	100.0	43.7	31.8	25.5	12.7	12.6	5.7	6.9
Pacific	1,478	100.0	34.1	29.9	36.3	14.9	21.3	9.4	12.0
Men									
Northeast	808	100.0	28.6	30.6	41.0	16.5	24.4	9.4	15.1
New England	185	100.0	29.1	34.1	37.0	17.1	19.9	9.8	10.3
Middle Atlantic	623	100.0	28.4	29.6	42.2	16.4	25.8	9.3	16.4
Midwest	807	100.0	27.1	32.9	29.9	15.6	14.3	6.3	8.0
East North Central	564	100.0	26.7	32.9	30.2	15.4	14.8	6.1	8.7
West North Central	223	100.0	36.2	33.0	28.9	16.0	12.9	6.8	6.1
South	1,225	100.0	28.3	31.8	29.9	13.8	16.1	8.6	7.5
South Atlantic	604	100.0	27.4	31.4	31.2	14.0	17.2	9.6	7.5
East South Central	213	100.0	37.3	33.3	29.3	15.3	14.1	6.5	7.6
West South Central	408	100.0	40.4	31.7	28.3	12.6	15.6	8.3	7.4
West	1,049	100.0	25.2	30.4	34.9	14.6	20.2	8.1	12.1
Mountain	232	100.0	42.2	32.8	25.9	12.8	12.9	5.7	7.3
Pacific	817	100.0	33.2	29.8	37.3	15.0	22.2	8.8	13.5
Women									
Northeast	636	100.0	33.7	31.3	35.2	15.8	19.3	8.8	10.5
New England	152	100.0	36.8	31.6	31.8	15.4	18.4	8.7	7.8
Middle Atlantic	484	100.0	32.8	31.2	36.2	15.9	20.2	8.8	11.5
Midwest	664	100.0	41.4	32.5	26.0	13.1	12.9	5.9	7.0
East North Central	480	100.0	39.7	32.9	27.2	13.3	13.9	6.2	7.7
West North Central	184	100.0	45.8	31.4	23.0	12.7	10.2	5.1	5.2
South	1,209	100.0	28.6	32.8	28.7	13.7	15.0	7.5	7.5
South Atlantic	586	100.0	28.0	32.3	29.7	13.4	16.3	8.0	8.3
East South Central	218	100.0	37.2	34.4	28.3	13.8	14.5	7.8	6.7
West South Central	405	100.0	40.3	32.6	27.4	14.1	13.3	6.5	6.8
West	856	100.0	27.4	30.3	32.9	14.3	18.4	9.1	9.3
Mountain	194	100.0	45.5	30.6	24.9	12.5	12.2	5.8	6.5
Pacific	661	100.0	25.1	30.2	35.1	14.8	20.2	10.1	10.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Northeast	218	100.0	45.4	35.0	18.8	9.0	10.8	4.5	6.3
New England	54	100.0	48.1	36.7	17.4	8.1	9.3	5.5	3.7
Middle Atlantic	164	100.0	45.2	34.4	20.6	9.3	11.3	4.2	7.1
Midwest	308	100.0	46.1	36.0	17.7	11.3	6.5	3.6	2.9
East North Central	218	100.0	48.9	35.3	17.6	11.1	6.5	3.6	3.0
West North Central	90	100.0	44.4	37.7	18.0	11.6	6.4	3.7	2.8
South	463	100.0	47.1	35.6	17.4	10.0	7.4	3.5	3.9
South Atlantic	210	100.0	46.2	35.9	17.9	10.2	7.6	4.1	3.5
East South Central	89	100.0	42.7	37.8	19.4	12.2	7.2	4.0	3.2
West South Central	164	100.0	50.7	34.0	15.6	8.4	7.2	2.4	4.8
West	321	100.0	43.4	34.8	22.3	10.9	11.3	5.6	5.7
Mountain	90	100.0	51.4	35.4	14.2	8.8	5.2	2.7	2.5
Pacific	231	100.0	40.4	34.5	25.4	11.7	13.8	6.7	6.9

(See footnotes at end of table.)

Table 11. Census regions and divisions: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and duration of unemployment, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and area	Total unemployed		Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over				
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over		
							Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over
White									
Northeast	1,068	100.0	33.1	31.9	35.2	16.0	19.2	8.4	10.8
New England	288	100.0	34.6	32.9	32.8	15.4	17.4	9.0	8.3
Middle Atlantic	800	100.0	32.6	31.5	36.1	16.2	19.8	8.1	11.7
Midwest	1,134	100.0	41.3	32.8	25.9	13.8	12.1	5.8	6.5
East North Central	791	100.0	40.2	33.2	26.5	13.8	12.7	5.5	7.2
West North Central	343	100.0	43.7	31.8	24.6	13.8	10.7	5.9	4.8
South	1,542	100.0	41.3	31.3	27.4	13.4	14.0	7.6	6.5
South Atlantic	712	100.0	40.8	30.4	28.8	13.1	15.7	8.7	7.0
East South Central	259	100.0	40.8	34.1	25.1	13.8	11.3	5.7	5.6
West South Central	571	100.0	42.3	31.1	26.9	13.7	13.1	7.0	6.1
West	1,552	100.0	37.5	30.1	33.0	14.1	18.8	8.4	10.4
Mountain	371	100.0	44.9	31.5	24.5	12.4	11.9	5.1	6.8
Pacific	1,180	100.0	35.1	29.6	35.8	14.6	20.9	9.4	11.5
Black									
Northeast	309	100.0	22.5	26.2	49.5	17.3	32.2	11.3	20.9
New England	41	100.0	19.3	34.4	46.5	23.2	23.3	9.1	14.2
Middle Atlantic	267	100.0	23.0	27.3	49.9	16.3	33.5	11.6	21.9
Midwest	299	100.0	30.5	33.4	36.0	16.8	19.3	7.8	11.5
East North Central	252	100.0	31.1	32.4	36.4	16.6	19.8	8.8	11.1
West North Central	47	100.0	27.5	36.6	33.9	17.8	16.1	2.6	13.5
South	841	100.0	33.3	34.0	32.8	14.4	16.3	9.3	9.1
South Atlantic	457	100.0	32.9	33.9	33.1	14.8	16.3	9.2	9.1
East South Central	167	100.0	31.4	33.4	35.1	15.9	19.2	9.6	9.7
West South Central	216	100.0	35.6	34.5	30.1	12.5	17.6	9.1	8.6
West	145	100.0	25.6	34.6	40.3	14.9	25.3	12.4	12.9
Pacific	118	100.0	23.9	34.7	41.7	14.9	26.7	12.3	14.4
Hispanic origin									
Northeast	185	100.0	30.7	30.9	36.5	15.1	23.4	8.8	14.6
New England	30	100.0	31.1	36.5	32.5	14.1	18.4	8.8	9.6
Middle Atlantic	155	100.0	30.7	29.8	39.7	15.3	24.4	8.8	15.5
Midwest	76	100.0	37.7	32.6	29.6	14.1	15.5	7.0	8.5
East North Central	60	100.0	31.5	34.3	34.0	16.9	17.1	7.2	9.9
South	323	100.0	36.6	30.7	30.6	14.5	16.1	8.4	7.6
South Atlantic	102	100.0	36.2	26.5	35.3	11.8	23.6	12.1	11.5
West South Central	216	100.0	39.1	32.9	29.3	15.4	12.8	6.7	6.1
West	552	100.0	35.6	29.7	35.2	14.9	20.2	8.7	11.5
Mountain	89	100.0	43.2	29.5	26.3	14.4	13.9	6.4	7.4
Pacific	462	100.0	34.1	29.8	36.5	15.0	21.4	9.1	12.3

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for

race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Section II. Estimates for States

Chart 1. Unemployment rates by State, 1996 annual averages

(U.S. average = 5.4 percent)

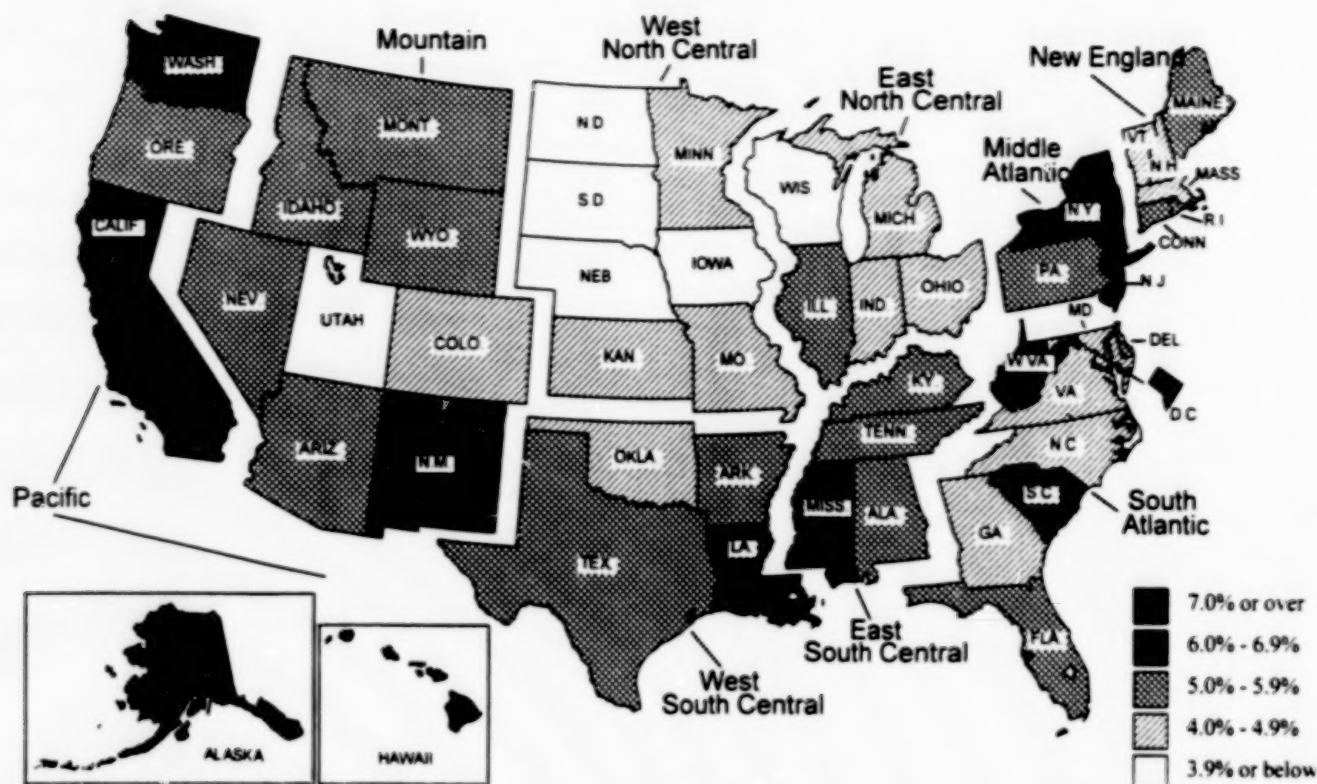


Chart 2. Employment-population ratios by State, 1996 annual averages

(U.S. average = 63.2 percent)

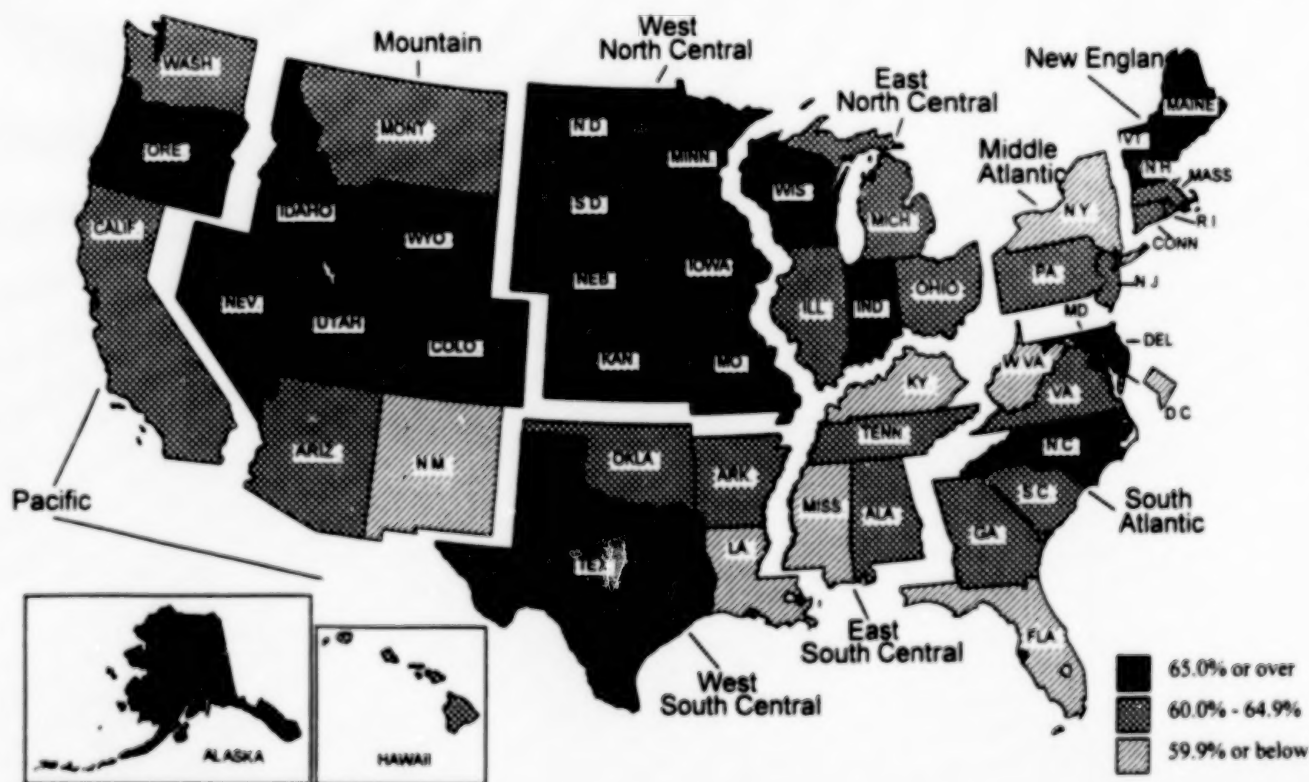


Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Alabama								
Total	3,285	2,088	63.6	1,981	60.3	107	5.1	4.5 - 5.7
Men	1,527	1,099	71.9	1,045	68.4	54	4.9	4.1 - 5.7
Women	1,758	989	56.3	936	53.2	53	5.4	4.5 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	289	145	50.1	120	41.4	25	17.4	13.9 - 20.9
White	2,358	1,515	64.3	1,469	62.3	47	3.1	2.5 - 3.7
Men	1,123	830	73.9	806	71.8	24	2.9	2.1 - 3.6
Women	1,236	686	55.5	663	53.6	23	3.4	2.5 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	169	95	56.3	88	52.3	7	7.2	4.0 - 10.5
Black	897	555	61.8	495	55.2	60	10.8	9.1 - 12.4
Men	392	260	66.3	230	58.7	30	11.5	9.2 - 13.9
Women	505	295	58.3	265	52.5	30	10.1	7.9 - 12.2
Alaska								
Total	426	316	74.2	291	68.4	25	7.8	7.1 - 8.5
Men	211	169	80.3	154	72.9	15	9.1	8.1 - 10.2
Women	215	147	68.2	137	63.9	9	6.3	5.3 - 7.2
White	346	266	76.7	250	72.1	16	6.0	5.3 - 6.7
Men	175	144	82.5	134	76.6	10	7.1	6.1 - 8.1
Women	171	121	70.8	116	67.5	6	4.7	3.8 - 5.7
Arizona								
Total	3,385	2,249	66.4	2,125	62.8	124	5.5	4.9 - 6.1
Men	1,637	1,233	75.3	1,168	71.3	65	5.3	4.5 - 6.1
Women	1,748	1,017	58.2	958	54.8	59	5.8	4.9 - 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	252	134	53.3	113	44.9	21	15.8	12.2 - 19.4
White	3,091	2,053	66.4	1,942	62.8	111	5.4	4.8 - 6.0
Men	1,494	1,127	75.4	1,068	71.5	59	5.2	4.4 - 6.0
Women	1,598	927	58.0	874	54.7	52	5.6	4.7 - 6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	220	123	55.8	104	47.2	19	15.4	11.7 - 19.2
Black	116	85	73.1	77	66.5	8	9.1	5.7 - 12.4
Hispanic origin	766	515	67.1	484	63.2	30	5.9	4.4 - 7.3
Men	390	319	81.7	301	77.0	18	5.8	3.9 - 7.6
Women	376	196	52.0	184	48.8	12	6.1	3.7 - 8.4
Arkansas								
Total	1,907	1,234	64.7	1,168	61.2	67	5.4	4.8 - 6.0
Men	910	652	71.7	617	67.9	35	5.4	4.5 - 6.2
Women	997	582	58.4	550	55.2	31	5.4	4.5 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	152	82	54.2	70	46.3	12	14.6	10.9 - 18.3
White	1,585	1,035	65.3	993	62.6	42	4.1	3.4 - 4.7
Men	761	553	72.6	531	69.7	22	4.0	3.2 - 4.8
Women	824	482	58.5	462	56.1	20	4.1	3.2 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	117	67	57.0	60	51.1	7	10.3	6.7 - 13.8
Black	295	182	61.8	158	53.7	24	13.2	10.9 - 15.4
Men	138	92	66.3	79	57.4	12	13.5	10.4 - 16.6
Women	157	91	57.8	79	50.4	12	12.8	9.7 - 16.0

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996
annual averages—Continued**

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate¹
California								
Total	23,797	15,596	65.5	14,470	60.8	1,126	7.2	6.9 - 7.5
Men	11,667	8,750	75.0	8,119	69.6	632	7.2	6.8 - 7.6
Women	12,130	6,846	56.4	6,351	52.4	495	7.2	6.8 - 7.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,741	765	43.9	588	33.8	177	23.1	21.0 - 25.1
White	19,232	12,745	66.3	11,850	61.6	895	7.0	6.7 - 7.3
Men	9,447	7,222	76.4	6,718	71.1	504	7.0	6.5 - 7.4
Women	9,785	5,523	56.4	5,132	52.4	391	7.1	6.6 - 7.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,350	649	48.1	509	37.7	140	21.6	19.4 - 23.7
Black	1,542	933	60.5	824	53.4	109	11.7	10.3 - 13.1
Men	747	483	64.6	421	56.4	62	12.8	10.8 - 14.7
Women	795	450	56.6	403	50.7	47	10.5	8.7 - 12.4
Hispanic origin	6,166	4,185	67.9	3,746	60.8	439	10.5	9.8 - 11.1
Men	3,095	2,530	81.8	2,294	74.1	237	9.3	8.6 - 10.1
Women	3,071	1,654	53.9	1,452	47.3	202	12.2	11.1 - 13.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	618	264	42.7	189	30.6	75	28.5	24.8 - 32.1
Colorado								
Total	2,905	2,102	72.4	2,013	69.3	89	4.2	3.7 - 4.7
Men	1,450	1,146	79.0	1,096	75.6	50	4.4	3.7 - 5.1
Women	1,455	956	65.7	917	63.0	39	4.0	3.3 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	213	122	57.3	102	48.2	19	15.8	12.8 - 18.9
White	2,702	1,954	72.3	1,861	69.6	74	3.8	3.2 - 4.3
Men	1,356	1,075	79.3	1,033	76.2	42	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Women	1,346	879	65.3	847	62.9	32	3.7	2.9 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	192	111	57.5	95	49.4	16	14.1	10.9 - 17.2
Black	113	84	73.8	71	63.1	12	14.6	10.7 - 18.4
Hispanic origin	323	219	67.8	207	64.0	12	5.6	3.9 - 7.4
Men	169	136	80.8	126	76.1	8	5.8	3.6 - 8.0
Women	154	83	53.7	79	50.9	4	5.3	2.5 - 8.1
Connecticut								
Total	2,521	1,720	68.2	1,621	64.3	99	5.7	5.0 - 6.4
Men	1,199	894	74.5	842	70.2	51	5.7	4.8 - 6.7
Women	1,322	826	62.5	779	58.9	47	5.7	4.8 - 6.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	183	95	51.7	78	42.8	16	17.3	13.3 - 21.2
White	2,225	1,507	67.7	1,436	64.5	71	4.7	4.0 - 5.4
Men	1,065	794	74.6	755	71.0	39	4.9	3.9 - 5.8
Women	1,161	713	61.5	681	58.7	33	4.6	3.6 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	152	82	53.7	70	46.0	12	14.3	10.2 - 18.5
Black	259	184	71.1	158	60.9	27	14.4	11.6 - 17.2
Men	114	84	74.1	72	63.2	12	14.7	10.6 - 18.9
Women	145	100	68.8	86	59.1	14	14.2	10.4 - 18.0
Hispanic origin	151	96	64.0	80	52.9	17	17.3	13.0 - 21.5
Delaware								
Total	558	382	68.5	363	65.0	20	5.2	4.6 - 5.8
Men	263	194	73.9	183	69.6	11	5.8	4.8 - 6.7
Women	295	188	63.7	180	60.9	9	4.5	3.7 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42	21	51.1	19	44.2	3	13.5	9.7 - 17.4
White	437	297	67.8	285	65.2	11	3.9	3.2 - 4.5
Men	208	153	73.8	147	70.8	6	4.0	3.1 - 4.9
Women	230	143	62.4	138	60.1	5	3.7	2.8 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	30	16	54.1	15	49.8	1	7.8	4.2 - 11.4
Black	107	77	71.6	69	64.4	8	10.1	6.2 - 11.9
Men	48	35	73.8	31	64.3	5	12.8	9.8 - 15.8
Women	59	42	69.9	38	64.5	3	7.7	5.5 - 10.0
Hispanic origin	17	12	69.4	11	64.4	1	7.3	3.1 - 11.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
District of Columbia								
Total	426	272	63.6	249	58.2	23	8.5	7.7 - 9.3
Men	194	131	67.8	120	61.9	11	8.7	7.5 - 9.9
Women	234	141	60.1	129	55.1	12	8.4	7.2 - 9.5
White	127	100	78.6	97	76.3	3	3.0	2.1 - 3.8
Men	62	51	83.0	50	80.3	2	3.3	2.1 - 4.5
Women	65	49	74.5	47	72.6	1	2.6	1.5 - 3.7
Black	293	167	56.9	147	50.1	20	12.0	10.8 - 13.1
Men	129	78	60.4	69	53.0	10	12.2	10.5 - 14.0
Women	164	89	54.1	78	47.7	10	11.7	10.1 - 13.3
Hispanic origin	19	14	73.8	13	69.0	1	6.5	3.4 - 9.6
Men	10	8	83.7	8	76.3	1	8.9	4.2 - 13.6
Florida								
Total	11,196	6,938	62.0	6,586	58.8	352	5.1	4.8 - 5.4
Men	5,308	3,710	69.9	3,533	66.6	177	4.8	4.4 - 5.2
Women	5,888	3,227	54.8	3,053	51.8	175	5.4	4.9 - 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	708	353	49.9	297	41.9	57	18.0	14.0 - 18.0
White	9,500	5,783	60.9	5,537	58.3	246	4.3	3.9 - 4.6
Men	4,527	3,136	69.3	3,012	66.5	124	4.0	3.5 - 4.4
Women	4,973	2,647	53.2	2,525	50.8	122	4.6	4.1 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	538	288	53.6	250	46.5	38	13.3	11.2 - 15.4
Black	1,510	1,028	68.1	928	61.5	99	9.7	8.7 - 10.7
Men	701	513	73.1	461	65.7	52	10.1	8.6 - 11.6
Women	808	515	63.7	467	57.8	48	9.3	7.9 - 10.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	153	60	38.9	42	27.5	17	29.3	24.2 - 34.4
Hispanic origin	1,732	1,142	65.9	1,057	61.0	86	7.5	6.6 - 8.4
Men	850	651	76.6	608	71.5	43	6.7	5.5 - 7.8
Women	882	491	55.6	449	50.9	42	8.6	7.2 - 10.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	134	53	39.8	43	32.1	10	19.4	13.7 - 25.1
Georgia								
Total	5,533	3,753	67.8	3,580	64.7	173	4.6	4.1 - 5.1
Men	2,598	1,986	76.4	1,907	73.4	79	4.0	3.3 - 4.6
Women	2,935	1,767	60.2	1,673	57.0	94	5.3	4.5 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	428	197	46.1	173	40.3	24	12.4	9.1 - 15.8
White	3,833	2,637	68.8	2,551	66.6	86	3.3	2.8 - 3.8
Men	1,851	1,458	78.8	1,415	76.5	43	2.9	2.3 - 3.6
Women	1,982	1,179	59.5	1,136	57.3	44	3.7	2.9 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	251	133	53.1	123	48.8	11	8.1	4.7 - 11.6
Black	1,806	1,053	65.6	969	60.3	85	8.0	6.9 - 9.2
Men	704	495	70.4	480	65.3	36	7.2	5.6 - 8.9
Women	903	558	61.8	509	56.4	49	8.8	7.1 - 10.4
Hawaii								
Total	865	591	68.3	553	64.0	38	6.4	5.7 - 7.1
Men	402	304	75.7	283	70.5	21	6.9	5.8 - 8.0
Women	463	286	61.9	270	58.3	17	5.8	4.8 - 6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	63	29	46.2	23	36.8	6	20.4	15.3 - 25.4
White	249	180	72.2	167	67.3	12	6.8	5.4 - 8.2
Men	125	99	79.3	92	73.9	7	6.9	5.1 - 8.7
Women	124	81	65.1	75	60.8	5	6.7	4.7 - 8.7
Hispanic origin	22	16	73.3	15	67.3	1	8.2	3.5 - 12.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Idaho								
Total	880	619	70.4	587	66.7	32	5.2	4.6 - 5.8
Men	443	345	77.7	327	73.7	18	5.1	4.4 - 5.9
Women	437	275	62.9	260	59.5	15	5.4	4.5 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	85	56	65.6	48	57.1	7	13.0	10.3 - 15.7
White	860	606	70.5	575	66.9	31	5.1	4.5 - 5.7
Men	434	337	77.8	320	73.8	17	5.1	4.3 - 5.9
Women	426	268	63.0	255	59.8	14	5.2	4.3 - 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	83	55	66.6	48	57.2	7	12.8	10.1 - 15.5
Hispanic origin	50	39	77.0	36	71.2	3	7.5	4.7 - 10.3
Men	27	25	91.0	23	84.7	2	6.9	3.5 - 10.3
Women	23	14	60.3	13	55.1	1	8.7	3.7 - 13.6
Illinois								
Total	6,902	6,100	88.5	5,778	84.9	322	5.3	4.9 - 5.7
Men	4,271	3,291	77.1	3,115	72.9	176	5.3	4.9 - 5.8
Women	4,631	2,809	60.7	2,663	57.5	146	5.2	4.7 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	670	358	53.5	299	44.6	59	16.6	14.3 - 18.8
White	7,370	5,144	69.8	4,933	66.9	211	4.1	3.8 - 4.5
Men	3,583	2,833	79.1	2,715	75.8	117	4.1	3.7 - 4.6
Women	3,788	2,312	61.0	2,218	58.6	94	4.1	3.5 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	513	300	58.4	260	50.6	40	12.3	11.0 - 15.7
Black	1,278	782	61.2	677	53.0	105	13.4	12.0 - 14.8
Men	574	371	64.7	315	54.9	56	15.2	13.1 - 17.2
Women	704	411	58.4	363	51.5	49	11.8	10.0 - 13.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	133	51	38.4	33	24.7	18	35.6	29.3 - 41.9
Hispanic origin	666	489	73.2	452	67.6	37	7.6	6.2 - 9.0
Men	363	319	88.0	301	83.1	18	5.5	4.1 - 7.0
Women	306	170	55.6	151	49.3	19	11.4	8.6 - 14.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	69	38	54.7	28	40.9	10	25.2	17.4 - 33.1
Indiana								
Total	4,440	3,072	69.2	2,945	66.3	127	4.1	3.8 - 4.6
Men	2,156	1,660	76.9	1,585	73.9	65	3.9	3.2 - 4.6
Women	2,282	1,412	61.9	1,351	59.2	52	4.4	3.6 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	346	200	58.0	172	49.8	28	14.2	11.0 - 17.4
White	4,066	2,840	69.8	2,733	67.2	107	3.8	3.2 - 4.3
Men	1,866	1,544	77.7	1,489	74.9	55	3.6	2.9 - 4.2
Women	2,080	1,295	62.3	1,243	59.6	52	4.0	3.2 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	329	196	59.5	170	51.6	26	13.4	10.2 - 16.6
Black	320	194	60.6	176	55.2	17	8.9	6.2 - 11.6
Men	145	95	65.1	86	59.3	10	10.3	6.2 - 14.4
Women	175	98	56.1	91	51.8	7	7.6	4.0 - 11.1
Iowa								
Total	2,174	1,589	73.6	1,539	70.8	60	3.8	3.3 - 4.3
Men	1,046	830	79.4	801	76.6	29	3.5	2.8 - 4.2
Women	1,128	759	66.1	738	65.4	31	4.1	3.3 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	171	123	72.2	110	64.7	13	10.3	7.5 - 13.2
White	2,089	1,540	73.7	1,486	71.1	54	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Men	1,003	799	79.6	773	77.0	26	3.2	2.6 - 3.9
Women	1,086	741	68.3	713	65.7	29	3.8	3.1 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	162	119	73.4	106	66.5	11	9.4	6.6 - 12.1
Black	44	33	75.9	29	65.5	5	13.7	8.2 - 19.2

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996
annual averages—Continued**

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Kansas								
Total	1,912	1,340	70.1	1,279	66.9	60	4.5	3.9 - 5.1
Men	927	717	77.4	688	74.2	29	4.1	3.3 - 4.8
Women	985	622	63.2	591	60.0	31	5.0	4.1 - 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	177	115	64.6	98	55.4	16	14.2	11.3 - 17.1
White	1,730	1,215	70.3	1,165	67.3	50	4.1	3.6 - 4.7
Men	840	653	77.8	629	74.9	24	3.7	2.9 - 4.4
Women	890	562	63.1	536	60.2	26	4.7	3.8 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	154	102	66.4	89	57.9	13	12.8	9.8 - 15.8
Black	121	84	69.7	76	63.2	8	9.4	6.5 - 12.3
Men	58	43	73.5	38	65.6	5	10.7	6.5 - 14.9
Women	62	41	66.2	38	60.9	3	8.0	4.2 - 11.9
Hispanic origin	69	51	73.9	47	67.9	4	8.1	4.5 - 11.8
Men	37	32	85.0	30	80.5	2	5.3	1.3 - 9.3
Kentucky								
Total	2,967	1,867	62.5	1,762	59.0	105	5.8	5.0 - 6.2
Men	1,421	989	69.6	935	65.8	53	5.4	4.5 - 6.2
Women	1,566	878	56.1	827	52.8	52	5.9	4.9 - 6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	236	127	53.7	103	43.6	24	18.8	15.6 - 21.9
White	2,754	1,713	62.2	1,621	58.9	92	5.3	4.7 - 6.0
Men	1,321	917	69.4	868	65.7	48	5.3	4.4 - 6.2
Women	1,433	796	55.6	753	52.5	43	5.4	4.5 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	206	114	55.3	93	45.0	21	18.7	15.3 - 22.0
Black	203	137	67.5	124	61.1	13	9.4	6.6 - 12.2
Men	86	63	73.1	59	68.0	4	7.0	3.3 - 10.7
Women	117	74	63.3	65	56.1	8	11.4	7.4 - 15.4
Louisiana								
Total	3,217	1,997	62.1	1,863	57.9	135	6.7	6.0 - 7.4
Men	1,500	1,050	70.0	991	66.0	59	5.6	4.8 - 6.5
Women	1,717	947	55.2	872	50.8	75	8.0	6.9 - 9.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	267	115	43.1	93	34.7	22	19.5	15.6 - 23.4
White	2,258	1,446	64.0	1,384	61.3	62	4.3	3.6 - 4.9
Men	1,089	800	73.5	773	70.9	26	3.5	2.7 - 4.2
Women	1,169	646	55.2	611	52.3	34	5.3	4.2 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	163	80	49.0	71	43.3	9	11.7	7.6 - 15.9
Black	926	529	57.1	461	49.7	68	12.9	11.3 - 14.5
Men	399	240	60.3	211	53.0	29	12.1	9.8 - 14.4
Women	527	288	54.7	249	47.3	39	13.5	11.3 - 15.7
Maine								
Total	969	669	69.0	635	65.5	34	5.1	4.5 - 5.7
Men	470	352	74.8	333	70.8	19	5.4	4.5 - 6.2
Women	499	317	63.5	302	60.5	15	4.8	3.9 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	66	39	59.4	34	51.6	5	13.1	9.5 - 16.8
White	954	657	68.9	624	65.5	33	5.0	4.3 - 5.6
Men	463	346	74.8	328	70.9	18	5.3	4.4 - 6.2
Women	491	311	63.3	296	60.4	14	4.8	3.7 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	63	37	59.4	32	51.8	5	12.9	9.2 - 16.7
Maryland								
Total	3,870	2,786	72.0	2,650	68.5	136	4.9	4.3 - 5.5
Men	1,862	1,445	77.6	1,375	73.9	70	4.9	4.1 - 5.7
Women	2,008	1,341	66.8	1,275	63.5	66	4.9	4.1 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	266	159	59.9	123	46.4	36	22.5	18.4 - 26.6
White	2,778	1,980	71.3	1,902	68.5	78	4.0	3.3 - 4.6
Men	1,359	1,055	77.6	1,016	74.8	39	3.7	2.9 - 4.5
Women	1,419	925	65.2	886	62.5	39	4.2	3.3 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	173	111	64.0	92	53.0	19	17.2	12.6 - 21.9
Black	964	706	73.2	649	67.4	57	8.0	6.6 - 9.4
Men	444	340	76.6	309	69.7	31	9.1	7.0 - 11.1
Women	520	366	70.4	340	65.4	26	7.1	5.2 - 8.9
Hispanic origin	120	97	81.0	93	77.5	4	4.3	1.5 - 7.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Massachusetts								
Total	4,726	3,189	67.5	3,052	64.6	137	4.3	3.9 - 4.7
Men	2,268	1,678	74.0	1,596	70.4	82	4.9	4.3 - 5.4
Women	2,458	1,512	61.5	1,456	59.2	56	3.7	3.2 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	278	146	52.4	126	45.2	20	13.8	10.9 - 16.6
White	4,325	2,937	67.9	2,815	65.1	122	4.2	3.7 - 4.6
Men	2,081	1,547	74.4	1,475	70.9	72	4.7	4.1 - 5.2
Women	2,244	1,390	62.0	1,340	59.7	50	3.6	3.1 - 4.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	246	136	55.5	119	48.4	18	12.9	10.1 - 15.8
Black	266	165	61.9	153	57.5	12	7.1	5.0 - 9.2
Men	122	81	66.6	73	60.5	7	9.2	5.9 - 12.5
Women	145	84	58.0	80	55.0	4	5.1	2.6 - 7.7
Hispanic origin	197	114	57.8	104	52.9	10	8.5	5.8 - 11.3
Men	97	68	70.1	63	64.8	5	7.6	4.2 - 10.9
Women	100	46	45.9	41	41.4	5	10.0	5.3 - 14.6
Michigan								
Total	7,247	4,807	66.3	4,572	63.1	234	4.9	4.5 - 5.3
Men	3,459	2,586	74.8	2,454	70.9	132	5.1	4.6 - 5.6
Women	3,788	2,220	58.6	2,118	55.9	102	4.6	4.1 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	533	329	61.8	282	52.9	47	14.4	12.4 - 16.4
White	6,198	4,150	67.0	3,979	64.2	172	4.1	3.8 - 4.5
Men	2,995	2,268	75.7	2,168	72.4	101	4.4	3.9 - 5.0
Women	3,203	1,882	58.8	1,811	56.6	71	3.8	3.2 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	445	288	64.7	252	56.6	36	12.6	10.5 - 14.7
Black	854	522	61.2	466	54.5	57	10.9	9.4 - 12.4
Men	364	236	64.9	209	57.2	28	11.8	9.5 - 14.1
Women	489	286	58.4	257	52.5	29	10.1	8.2 - 12.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	69	32	46.4	23	32.5	10	29.7	22.0 - 37.5
Hispanic origin	143	89	62.3	82	57.0	8	8.5	5.1 - 11.8
Men	72	52	73.3	48	66.4	5	9.4	4.9 - 13.9
Women	71	37	51.2	34	47.6	3	7.2	2.3 - 12.0
Minnesota								
Total	3,493	2,609	74.7	2,505	71.7	104	4.0	3.5 - 4.5
Men	1,722	1,393	80.9	1,326	77.0	67	4.8	4.0 - 5.6
Women	1,771	1,216	68.7	1,179	66.6	37	3.1	2.4 - 3.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	257	193	75.1	171	66.2	23	11.8	8.9 - 14.7
White	3,319	2,492	75.1	2,400	72.3	93	3.7	3.2 - 4.2
Men	1,628	1,322	81.2	1,263	77.6	59	4.5	3.7 - 5.2
Women	1,691	1,171	69.2	1,137	67.2	34	2.9	2.2 - 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	244	188	77.0	167	68.5	21	11.0	8.2 - 13.9
Mississippi								
Total	2,025	1,262	62.3	1,185	58.5	77	6.1	5.4 - 6.8
Men	951	675	70.9	639	67.3	35	5.2	4.4 - 6.0
Women	1,074	588	54.7	545	50.8	42	7.2	6.2 - 8.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	184	70	38.2	58	30.3	15	20.7	16.7 - 24.6
White	1,317	845	64.1	817	62.0	28	3.3	2.7 - 3.9
Men	636	470	73.9	456	71.7	14	3.0	2.2 - 3.7
Women	682	375	55.0	361	52.9	14	3.7	2.7 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	90	45	49.4	40	44.1	5	10.8	6.5 - 15.1
Black	667	405	59.0	356	51.8	49	12.2	10.7 - 13.7
Men	306	199	65.1	178	58.2	21	10.6	8.6 - 12.5
Women	381	206	54.0	177	46.6	28	13.8	11.7 - 15.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Missouri								
Total	4,037	2,898	71.8	2,765	68.5	132	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Men	1,913	1,490	77.9	1,418	74.1	72	4.9	4.1 - 5.6
Women	2,124	1,407	66.3	1,347	63.4	60	4.3	3.5 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	291	182	62.6	156	53.4	27	14.8	11.7 - 17.8
White	3,559	2,581	72.5	2,477	69.6	104	4.0	3.5 - 4.6
Men	1,700	1,336	78.6	1,278	75.2	58	4.3	3.5 - 5.1
Women	1,859	1,245	67.0	1,199	64.5	46	3.7	3.0 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	250	166	66.3	144	57.5	22	13.3	10.1 - 16.4
Black	430	283	65.9	258	60.0	25	8.9	6.7 - 11.1
Men	192	138	72.1	125	65.4	13	9.4	6.1 - 12.6
Women	238	145	60.9	133	55.8	12	8.5	5.4 - 11.5
Montana								
Total	671	447	66.6	423	63.0	24	5.3	4.7 - 5.9
Men	327	238	72.9	224	68.6	14	5.9	5.0 - 6.7
Women	344	208	60.6	199	57.8	10	4.6	3.8 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50	27	54.5	23	46.4	4	14.7	11.3 - 18.2
White	625	418	66.9	399	63.8	20	4.7	4.1 - 5.3
Men	305	223	73.2	212	69.4	12	5.2	4.4 - 6.1
Women	320	195	60.9	187	58.4	8	4.1	3.3 - 4.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45	26	56.5	22	49.0	3	13.2	9.7 - 16.7
Nebraska								
Total	1,231	913	74.2	886	72.0	27	2.9	2.5 - 3.3
Men	594	482	81.1	469	78.9	13	2.7	2.1 - 3.3
Women	637	431	67.7	417	65.5	14	3.2	2.5 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	101	68	67.2	62	61.6	6	8.4	5.8 - 11.0
White	1,165	868	74.5	846	72.6	22	2.5	2.1 - 2.9
Men	562	459	81.7	449	79.9	10	2.2	1.7 - 2.8
Women	603	409	67.8	397	65.8	12	2.9	2.2 - 3.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	93	64	69.0	60	64.4	4	6.7	4.2 - 9.1
Black	36	25	68.9	21	59.2	3	14.1	9.0 - 19.3
Hispanic origin	38	28	75.0	26	70.4	2	6.2	2.6 - 9.7
Nevada								
Total	1,221	844	69.1	798	65.4	46	5.4	4.8 - 6.0
Men	607	471	77.5	448	73.8	23	4.8	4.0 - 5.6
Women	614	373	60.8	350	57.1	23	6.2	5.2 - 7.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	87	45	52.1	35	40.6	10	22.1	18.1 - 26.2
White	1,081	749	69.3	710	65.7	39	5.2	4.6 - 5.9
Men	541	421	77.7	401	74.1	20	4.7	3.9 - 5.5
Women	540	329	60.9	309	57.3	20	6.0	4.9 - 7.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	75	41	54.1	32	43.0	8	20.6	16.4 - 24.9
Black	77	46	60.2	41	54.0	5	10.3	7.0 - 13.8
Men	37	25	67.8	23	61.4	2	9.5	5.2 - 13.9
Women	39	21	52.9	19	47.0	2	11.2	6.1 - 16.3
Hispanic origin	143	110	77.4	102	71.7	8	7.3	5.4 - 9.2
Men	83	74	90.0	69	84.1	5	6.6	4.4 - 8.9
Women	60	36	60.1	33	54.8	3	8.8	5.2 - 12.4
New Hampshire								
Total	888	624	70.2	598	67.3	26	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Men	426	333	78.2	320	75.1	13	3.9	3.1 - 4.7
Women	462	291	62.9	278	60.1	13	4.5	3.6 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	60	37	61.6	31	52.2	6	15.3	11.2 - 19.3
White	875	615	70.3	589	67.4	26	4.1	3.5 - 4.7
Men	420	329	78.3	318	75.3	13	3.9	3.1 - 4.7
Women	455	286	62.9	274	60.1	13	4.4	3.5 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	58	36	62.6	31	52.9	6	15.5	11.4 - 19.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
New Jersey								
Total	6,136	4,124	67.2	3,869	63.1	255	6.2	5.8 - 6.6
Men	2,932	2,217	75.8	2,083	71.0	134	6.0	5.5 - 6.6
Women	3,204	1,908	59.5	1,786	55.7	122	6.4	5.8 - 7.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	420	201	48.0	165	39.4	36	18.0	15.2 - 20.7
White	5,124	3,418	66.7	3,226	63.0	192	5.6	5.2 - 6.0
Men	2,480	1,862	75.7	1,762	71.8	99	5.3	4.8 - 5.9
Women	2,644	1,557	58.4	1,464	55.0	92	5.9	5.3 - 6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	342	172	50.3	145	42.4	27	15.8	12.9 - 18.7
Black	735	512	69.7	454	61.8	56	11.4	9.9 - 12.8
Men	331	242	73.1	210	63.4	32	13.2	10.9 - 15.5
Women	404	270	66.9	244	60.4	26	9.7	7.8 - 11.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56	22	39.1	14	24.7	8	36.9	27.3 - 46.5
Hispanic origin	630	429	68.0	382	60.5	47	11.0	9.3 - 12.6
Men	309	241	78.0	216	69.9	25	10.3	8.2 - 12.4
Women	321	188	58.4	165	51.5	22	11.8	9.3 - 14.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	61	26	43.0	20	33.2	6	22.7	14.1 - 31.3
New Mexico								
Total	1,270	800	63.0	735	57.9	64	8.1	7.3 - 8.9
Men	613	437	71.3	400	65.3	37	8.4	7.4 - 9.4
Women	657	363	55.2	335	51.0	28	7.6	6.5 - 8.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	102	51	50.1	38	36.9	13	26.4	22.5 - 30.2
White	1,135	726	64.0	673	59.3	52	7.2	6.5 - 8.0
Men	551	399	72.5	370	67.3	29	7.3	6.3 - 8.3
Women	584	326	55.9	303	51.9	23	7.2	6.1 - 8.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	87	47	53.7	35	40.6	11	24.4	20.3 - 28.4
Hispanic origin	479	293	61.3	264	55.2	29	9.9	8.8 - 11.2
Men	231	166	72.2	150	64.9	17	10.1	8.3 - 11.9
Women	248	127	51.2	115	46.2	12	9.7	7.7 - 11.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50	26	51.8	18	36.4	8	29.7	24.9 - 34.6
New York								
Total	14,014	8,639	61.6	8,100	57.8	540	6.2	5.9 - 6.5
Men	6,558	4,621	70.5	4,320	65.9	301	6.5	6.1 - 6.9
Women	7,456	4,018	53.9	3,780	50.7	238	5.9	5.5 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,025	396	38.7	322	31.4	74	18.8	16.9 - 20.6
White	11,053	6,889	62.3	6,527	59.1	361	5.2	4.9 - 5.6
Men	5,249	3,767	71.8	3,557	67.8	210	5.6	5.2 - 6.0
Women	5,804	3,122	53.8	2,971	51.2	151	4.8	4.4 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	746	320	42.9	270	36.1	51	15.8	13.8 - 17.9
Black	2,220	1,262	56.8	1,115	50.2	147	11.7	10.7 - 12.6
Men	930	578	62.2	503	54.1	75	13.0	11.6 - 14.4
Women	1,290	684	53.0	611	47.4	72	10.6	9.3 - 11.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	226	81	27.0	40	17.5	22	35.3	30.9 - 39.7
Hispanic origin	1,818	1,007	55.4	909	50.0	98	8.7	8.7 - 10.7
Men	828	574	69.4	520	62.9	54	9.4	8.1 - 10.7
Women	990	432	43.8	388	39.2	44	10.2	8.7 - 11.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	188	53	28.0	38	20.3	14	27.5	21.6 - 33.4
North Carolina								
Total	5,544	3,796	68.5	3,631	65.5	165	4.3	3.9 - 4.7
Men	2,863	2,025	70.7	1,939	72.8	86	4.3	3.7 - 4.8
Women	2,681	1,771	65.7	1,692	58.7	79	4.5	3.8 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	375	217	57.8	187	49.8	30	13.9	11.3 - 16.6
White	4,317	2,977	69.0	2,883	66.8	94	3.2	2.8 - 3.6
Men	2,129	1,643	77.2	1,581	74.7	52	3.2	2.8 - 3.7
Women	2,188	1,334	61.0	1,292	59.1	42	3.2	2.8 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	258	159	61.4	142	55.0	17	10.4	7.6 - 13.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996
annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
North Carolina—Continued								
Black	1,065	716	67.2	649	61.0	66	9.3	8.1 - 10.5
Men	483	331	71.5	299	64.6	32	9.8	7.9 - 11.4
Women	602	385	63.8	350	58.1	35	9.0	7.4 - 10.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	101	50	49.9	37	36.8	13	26.3	21.1 - 31.5
Hispanic origin	126	91	72.7	86	70.5	3	3.1	1.1 - 5.0
Men	81	73	91.0	72	89.2	1	2.0	.2 - 3.8
North Dakota								
Total	477	343	72.0	333	69.8	11	3.1	2.6 - 3.6
Men	232	181	78.0	175	75.5	6	3.1	2.5 - 3.8
Women	245	163	66.4	158	64.4	5	3.0	2.3 - 3.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41	26	64.3	24	59.3	2	7.7	5.3 - 10.1
White	461	334	72.5	325	70.5	9	2.8	2.4 - 3.3
Men	225	176	78.4	171	76.2	5	2.9	2.2 - 3.5
Women	236	158	66.8	153	65.0	4	2.7	2.1 - 3.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39	25	65.6	24	60.9	2	7.3	4.9 - 9.7
Ohio								
Total	8,515	5,643	66.3	5,365	63.0	278	4.9	4.5 - 5.3
Men	4,072	3,038	74.6	2,886	70.9	152	5.0	4.5 - 5.5
Women	4,443	2,605	58.6	2,479	55.8	126	4.8	4.3 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	627	356	56.9	299	47.8	57	15.9	14.0 - 17.9
White	7,482	4,996	66.8	4,778	63.9	219	4.4	4.0 - 4.7
Men	3,585	2,711	75.6	2,589	72.2	122	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Women	3,897	2,285	58.7	2,189	56.2	97	4.2	3.7 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	527	312	59.2	268	50.9	44	13.9	11.9 - 16.0
Black	914	570	62.3	514	56.3	55	9.7	8.3 - 11.1
Men	431	283	65.6	254	58.8	29	10.3	8.3 - 12.4
Women	483	287	59.4	261	54.0	26	9.1	7.2 - 11.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	92	41	44.4	28	30.7	13	31.0	24.8 - 37.2
Hispanic origin	98	61	62.1	58	59.2	3	4.6	1.4 - 7.8
Oklahoma								
Total	2,469	1,577	63.9	1,513	61.3	64	4.1	3.6 - 4.6
Men	1,160	848	72.9	816	70.3	30	3.6	2.9 - 4.3
Women	1,309	730	55.8	696	53.2	34	4.6	3.8 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	197	104	53.0	92	46.9	12	11.5	8.3 - 14.8
White	2,062	1,342	64.5	1,297	62.3	45	3.4	2.8 - 3.9
Men	985	732	74.4	711	72.3	21	2.9	2.2 - 3.5
Women	1,098	610	55.6	586	53.4	24	4.0	3.1 - 4.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	153	86	56.3	77	50.6	9	10.1	6.7 - 13.4
Black	192	117	60.8	108	56.0	9	7.8	5.4 - 10.2
Men	85	50	58.5	46	54.6	3	8.7	3.3 - 10.1
Women	107	67	62.5	61	57.1	6	8.6	5.4 - 11.9
Hispanic origin	52	38	67.8	33	63.0	3	7.1	2.8 - 11.4
Oregon								
Total	2,484	1,721	69.3	1,619	65.2	102	5.9	5.2 - 6.6
Men	1,220	935	76.6	879	72.0	56	6.0	5.1 - 6.9
Women	1,264	786	62.2	741	58.6	46	5.8	4.9 - 6.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	177	106	60.0	91	51.3	15	14.5	10.9 - 18.2
White	2,343	1,616	69.0	1,523	65.0	93	5.8	5.1 - 6.5
Men	1,150	881	76.6	828	72.0	53	6.0	5.1 - 6.9
Women	1,193	736	61.7	695	58.3	41	5.5	4.6 - 6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	164	98	59.6	84	51.1	14	14.2	10.5 - 18.0
Hispanic origin	145	114	78.5	103	70.8	11	9.9	6.0 - 13.8
Men	84	74	86.2	69	81.7	5	7.3	3.0 - 11.8
Women	61	39	65.1	34	55.5	6	14.8	7.1 - 22.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996
annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Pennsylvania								
Total	9,288	5,903	63.6	5,590	60.2	313	5.3	4.9 - 5.7
Men	4,385	3,176	72.4	2,988	68.1	188	5.9	5.4 - 6.4
Women	4,903	2,727	55.6	2,602	53.1	125	4.6	4.1 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	654	343	52.5	289	44.3	54	15.7	13.4 - 18.0
White	8,273	5,310	64.2	5,063	61.2	247	4.7	4.3 - 5.0
Men	3,944	2,862	73.1	2,730	69.2	152	5.3	4.8 - 5.8
Women	4,329	2,428	56.1	2,333	53.9	95	3.9	3.4 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	560	302	54.0	263	46.9	40	13.1	10.9 - 15.4
Black	857	496	57.8	434	50.6	62	12.5	10.8 - 14.2
Men	364	238	65.4	203	55.6	36	15.0	12.4 - 17.6
Women	493	258	52.2	231	46.9	26	10.2	8.1 - 12.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	78	34	43.2	20	26.1	13	39.6	30.9 - 48.3
Hispanic origin	176	110	62.4	100	56.7	10	9.1	5.9 - 12.2
Men	87	66	76.2	61	70.3	5	7.8	4.0 - 11.5
Women	88	43	48.8	38	43.3	5	11.1	5.8 - 16.6
Rhode Island								
Total	755	496	65.8	470	62.3	25	5.1	4.4 - 5.8
Men	353	259	73.3	246	69.7	13	4.9	4.0 - 5.8
Women	402	237	58.9	224	55.7	13	5.4	4.4 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49	29	60.2	25	52.2	4	13.3	9.4 - 17.2
White	704	456	64.8	434	61.6	22	4.9	4.2 - 5.5
Men	328	237	72.5	226	69.1	11	4.7	3.8 - 5.6
Women	376	219	58.1	208	55.2	11	5.0	4.1 - 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43	26	61.3	23	52.9	4	13.7	9.5 - 17.9
Black	39	31	79.2	28	71.5	3	9.7	6.4 - 13.1
Men	21	17	80.8	16	76.5	1	8.7	4.4 - 12.9
Women	18	14	74.1	12	65.9	2	11.1	5.8 - 16.4
Hispanic origin	39	25	64.9	22	56.7	3	12.7	8.5 - 16.9
Men	19	14	74.6	13	65.1	2	12.7	7.1 - 18.3
Women	20	11	55.5	10	48.5	1	12.7	6.3 - 19.1
South Carolina								
Total	2,625	1,648	65.4	1,737	61.5	111	6.0	5.3 - 6.7
Men	1,347	987	73.3	930	69.1	57	5.8	4.9 - 6.7
Women	1,478	661	56.2	807	54.6	54	6.2	5.2 - 7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	235	117	50.0	94	40.0	23	19.9	15.9 - 24.0
White	2,008	1,313	65.4	1,264	63.0	49	3.7	3.1 - 4.4
Men	987	731	74.1	704	71.3	27	3.7	2.8 - 4.6
Women	1,021	582	57.0	560	54.9	22	3.8	2.8 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	142	77	54.6	70	49.1	8	10.2	8.1 - 14.3
Black	798	518	64.9	456	57.1	62	11.9	10.3 - 13.5
Men	355	252	70.8	222	62.3	30	12.0	9.7 - 14.2
Women	443	266	60.1	235	53.0	32	11.8	9.6 - 14.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	91	38	41.6	22	24.8	15	40.9	38.0 - 43.7
South Dakota								
Total	539	390	72.3	377	70.0	13	3.2	2.7 - 3.7
Men	265	207	78.0	200	75.5	7	3.2	2.6 - 3.9
Women	274	183	66.7	177	64.6	6	3.2	2.5 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46	32	69.5	28	61.4	4	11.6	8.9 - 14.2
White	506	368	72.8	358	70.8	10	2.8	2.3 - 3.2
Men	249	196	78.6	190	76.4	5	2.8	2.2 - 3.4
Women	257	172	67.1	168	65.3	5	2.8	2.2 - 3.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42	30	72.8	27	65.1	3	10.8	7.9 - 13.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996
annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Tennessee								
Total	4,106	2,751	67.0	2,809	68.5	142	5.2	4.6 - 5.8
Men	1,965	1,450	73.8	1,379	70.2	71	4.9	4.1 - 5.7
Women	2,141	1,301	60.8	1,230	57.5	71	5.4	4.6 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	279	136	48.7	110	39.5	26	18.0	15.0 - 23.1
White	3,335	2,213	66.4	2,120	63.6	93	4.2	3.6 - 4.8
Men	1,632	1,198	73.4	1,155	70.8	42	3.5	2.8 - 4.3
Women	1,703	1,016	59.8	965	56.7	50	5.0	4.0 - 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	208	107	51.3	92	44.4	14	13.4	9.1 - 17.6
Black	730	509	69.8	464	63.6	45	8.9	7.3 - 10.5
Men	313	235	75.0	208	66.4	27	11.4	8.8 - 14.0
Women	417	275	65.9	256	61.4	19	6.8	4.8 - 8.8
Texas								
Total	14,120	9,748	69.0	9,200	65.2	549	5.8	5.3 - 5.9
Men	6,843	5,403	79.0	5,119	74.8	284	5.3	4.8 - 5.7
Women	7,277	4,345	59.7	4,080	56.1	265	6.1	5.6 - 6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	1,178	585	47.9	447	37.9	118	20.8	19.0 - 22.6
White	12,064	8,311	68.9	7,889	65.4	422	5.1	4.7 - 5.4
Men	5,900	4,696	79.6	4,475	75.8	221	4.7	4.3 - 5.1
Women	6,164	3,615	58.6	3,414	55.4	201	5.8	5.0 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	959	477	49.7	391	40.7	86	18.0	16.1 - 20.0
Black	1,564	1,104	70.6	989	63.2	115	10.4	9.3 - 11.5
Men	706	529	74.8	473	67.0	56	10.5	8.9 - 12.1
Women	858	575	67.0	516	60.1	59	10.3	8.8 - 11.8
Hispanic origin	4,055	2,682	66.1	2,472	60.9	211	7.9	7.1 - 8.6
Men	2,014	1,589	78.9	1,482	73.6	107	6.8	5.9 - 7.6
Women	2,041	1,093	53.6	990	48.5	103	9.4	8.3 - 10.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	425	187	44.0	142	33.4	45	24.2	21.6 - 26.7
Utah								
Total	1,400	998	71.3	964	68.8	35	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Men	684	557	81.4	539	78.8	18	3.3	2.7 - 3.9
Women	716	441	61.6	425	59.4	16	3.7	3.0 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	159	104	65.3	93	58.5	11	10.4	8.2 - 12.8
White	1,351	964	71.4	931	68.9	33	3.4	2.9 - 3.9
Men	680	539	81.8	521	79.0	17	3.2	2.6 - 3.9
Women	691	425	61.6	410	59.4	15	3.8	2.9 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	153	100	65.8	90	59.2	10	10.1	7.9 - 12.4
Hispanic origin	91	65	71.5	60	65.8	5	7.9	5.4 - 10.4
Men	47	40	85.3	37	78.0	3	8.8	5.3 - 11.9
Vermont								
Total	453	324	71.6	310	68.3	15	4.8	4.0 - 5.2
Men	215	167	77.5	159	74.0	7	4.5	3.7 - 5.3
Women	238	158	66.3	150	63.2	7	4.8	3.8 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34	20	59.7	18	52.4	3	17.1	8.8 - 15.8
White	446	319	71.6	305	68.4	14	-	1.0 - 5.1
Men	211	164	77.7	157	74.3	7	-	3.6 - 5.2
Women	235	155	66.1	148	63.0	7	-	1.8 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	34	20	60.4	18	52.9	3	12.4	8.8 - 15.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. States: Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996
annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and population group	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian labor force		Employment		Unemployment		
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Virginia								
Total	5,039	3,389	67.3	3,240	64.3	149	4.4	3.9 - 4.9
Men	2,373	1,769	74.5	1,694	71.4	75	4.2	3.5 - 5.0
Women	2,666	1,621	60.8	1,546	58.0	74	4.6	3.8 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	341	182	53.4	160	47.0	22	12.0	8.9 - 15.2
White	3,803	2,552	67.1	2,465	64.8	87	5.4	2.8 - 3.9
Men	1,817	1,366	75.2	1,320	72.6	46	3.4	2.7 - 4.1
Women	1,986	1,186	59.7	1,146	57.7	40	3.4	2.8 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	232	130	56.2	119	51.3	11	8.7	5.3 - 12.1
Black	1,060	710	67.0	651	61.4	59	8.3	7.0 - 9.6
Men	471	326	71.3	308	65.3	28	8.4	6.5 - 10.3
Women	589	374	63.5	343	58.3	31	8.2	6.5 - 10.0
Hispanic origin	154	108	69.9	101	65.6	7	6.2	3.0 - 9.4
Washington								
Total	4,193	2,867	68.9	2,699	64.4	168	6.5	5.8 - 7.2
Men	2,034	1,560	77.1	1,475	72.5	55	5.9	5.0 - 6.9
Women	2,159	1,319	61.1	1,224	56.7	94	7.2	6.0 - 8.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	354	171	56.3	142	48.6	29	17.2	12.9 - 21.4
White	3,819	2,621	68.6	2,457	64.3	164	6.3	5.5 - 7.0
Men	1,847	1,429	77.4	1,346	72.9	83	5.6	4.8 - 6.8
Women	1,971	1,192	60.5	1,111	56.4	81	6.8	5.8 - 7.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	271	153	56.7	128	47.4	25	16.4	12.0 - 20.9
Hispanic origin	142	108	75.5	97	67.8	11	10.1	5.4 - 14.8
West Virginia								
Total	1,452	808	55.8	747	51.4	61	7.5	6.8 - 8.2
Men	676	437	64.6	401	59.3	36	8.3	7.3 - 9.2
Women	776	370	47.7	346	44.6	24	6.8	5.8 - 7.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	107	50	47.3	38	35.4	13	25.2	22.1 - 28.3
White	1,404	782	55.7	724	51.6	57	7.3	6.6 - 8.0
Men	657	424	64.6	389	59.3	35	8.3	7.3 - 9.2
Women	747	357	47.8	335	44.8	22	6.2	5.3 - 7.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	102	45	47.1	36	35.6	12	24.5	21.3 - 27.7
Wisconsin								
Total	3,906	2,918	74.7	2,815	72.1	103	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Men	1,928	1,540	79.9	1,481	76.8	59	3.8	3.1 - 4.5
Women	1,979	1,378	69.6	1,333	67.4	44	3.2	2.5 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	335	238	70.3	210	62.7	26	10.8	8.2 - 13.5
White	3,641	2,743	75.3	2,662	73.1	82	3.0	2.5 - 3.4
Men	1,805	1,480	80.9	1,412	78.2	48	3.3	2.8 - 3.9
Women	1,836	1,263	69.9	1,249	68.1	34	2.8	2.0 - 3.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	300	220	73.2	200	66.8	19	8.7	6.2 - 11.3
Black	183	117	63.7	100	54.3	17	14.7	11.2 - 18.3
Women	94	61	64.9	53	56.4	8	13.1	8.3 - 17.9
Wyoming								
Total	363	258	71.0	245	67.4	13	5.0	4.4 - 5.8
Men	176	139	78.9	132	74.9	7	5.1	4.3 - 5.9
Women	187	119	63.5	113	60.4	6	5.0	4.1 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	33	20	61.8	17	51.2	3	18.9	13.7 - 20.1
White	352	250	71.0	238	67.6	12	4.9	4.3 - 5.5
Men	171	135	78.7	128	74.9	7	4.9	4.1 - 5.7
Women	181	115	63.8	110	60.7	6	4.8	3.9 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	31	19	60.8	18	51.6	3	15.2	12.0 - 18.4
Hispanic origin	17	12	71.8	11	65.8	1	8.4	5.4 - 11.4

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a complete census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS

publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals or compute to displayed percentages because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 13. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Employed ¹									Unemployed	
	Full-time workers					Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work			Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours				Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
			Economic reasons	Noneconomic reasons							
TOTAL											
Alabama	1,660	1,420	29	147	64	321	43	258	20	90	17
Alaska	236	194	6	24	15	53	10	38	5	21	4
Arizona	1,723	1,499	30	132	62	402	60	314	29	101	22
Arkansas	671	639	21	72	39	197	25	161	11	56	11
California	11,763	10,226	217	901	419	2,706	510	2,020	177	903	223
Colorado	1,635	1,429	21	135	51	376	35	313	30	65	24
Connecticut	1,260	1,062	10	124	54	341	40	280	21	61	17
Delaware	303	253	3	34	14	59	8	46	6	17	3
District of Columbia	217	173	2	28	13	32	7	22	3	20	3
Florida	5,476	4,824	97	361	194	1,109	170	865	75	283	69
Georgia	3,137	2,714	57	256	109	443	52	363	26	144	29
Hawaii	436	373	8	38	18	117	24	86	8	31	7
Idaho	462	399	10	37	16	124	15	101	9	24	6
Illinois	4,718	4,136	59	347	177	1,080	112	879	69	261	61
Indiana	2,425	2,062	30	200	102	521	49	434	36	100	27
Iowa	1,166	1,024	17	100	46	351	31	293	26	42	16
Kansas	1,019	889	12	86	32	261	24	222	15	42	16
Kentucky	1,463	1,222	15	147	78	300	33	238	29	82	23
Louisiana	1,560	1,364	18	118	60	302	42	238	22	114	21
Maine	497	421	10	42	24	136	20	109	8	26	6
Maryland	2,199	1,791	17	274	116	451	66	342	42	104	32
Massachusetts	2,406	2,074	18	216	100	644	59	543	43	109	29
Michigan	3,647	3,150	49	278	170	925	96	756	66	181	53
Minnesota	1,950	1,702	21	164	64	554	51	467	37	76	26
Mississippi	1,020	862	19	80	39	165	24	131	10	65	12
Missouri	2,263	1,934	27	212	90	502	45	425	32	104	29
Montana	322	276	7	27	13	101	13	79	9	19	4
Nebraska	701	619	7	52	22	186	16	157	12	19	7
Nevada	692	613	11	43	25	106	13	86	7	36	6
New Hampshire	481	412	6	41	22	117	13	95	9	19	7
New Jersey	3,211	2,697	26	346	142	656	87	524	47	207	49
New Mexico	567	496	12	52	25	148	26	106	13	52	13
New York	6,603	5,663	56	567	296	1,497	218	1,170	196	451	96
North Carolina	3,104	2,576	56	344	123	526	50	434	44	139	26
North Dakota	256	224	4	21	10	75	7	63	5	6	3
Ohio	4,295	3,711	44	340	201	1,069	111	864	75	216	61
Oklahoma	1,241	1,077	23	100	40	272	31	224	18	53	11
Oregon	1,274	1,095	29	103	47	345	43	276	26	63	19
Pennsylvania	4,450	3,695	52	493	210	1,140	163	862	95	249	64
Rhode Island	366	305	4	41	19	102	14	82	7	19	6
South Carolina	1,494	1,303	22	118	51	244	33	196	15	66	15
South Dakota	294	254	5	25	10	63	6	72	5	6	4
Tennessee	2,170	1,844	34	200	91	439	53	351	35	116	25
Texas	7,735	6,799	106	567	260	1,445	236	1,107	100	439	110
Utah	747	647	11	61	26	217	16	186	13	25	10
Vermont	242	204	4	22	12	66	10	54	4	17	3
Virginia	2,689	2,173	25	370	121	651	65	417	49	123	27
Washington	2,126	1,814	33	196	85	571	96	443	32	152	36
West Virginia	604	491	9	66	37	143	34	99	10	49	11
Wisconsin	2,204	1,923	29	174	79	610	49	526	35	72	31
Wyoming	194	170	4	14	7	50	6	39	4	10	3
Men											
Alabama	944	827	19	67	30	101	13	83	6	46	6
Alaska	126	114	4	13	6	15	4	10	2	14	1
Arizona	1,020	907	19	67	27	148	30	109	9	56	6
Arkansas	586	496	11	34	22	61	8	50	3	30	5
California	7,133	6,264	151	484	214	966	273	668	45	334	96
Colorado	971	861	11	74	26	124	16	99	9	(?)	(?)
Connecticut	743	653	4	57	29	99	17	76	4	(?)	(?)
Delaware	166	141	2	15	7	18	3	13	1	10	1
District of Columbia	106	87	1	13	6	14	4	9	1	10	1
Florida	3,126	2,602	60	175	92	405	77	304	24	150	27

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(in thousands)

Population group and State	Employed ¹								Unemployed		
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work			
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons				
			Economic reasons	Noneconomic reasons							
Men—Continued											
Georgia	1,768	1,569	30	128	42	139	18	112	9	68	11
Hawaii	243	211	6	18	8	41	11	27	2	20	1
Idaho	287	253	7	19	9	40	7	31	2	14	3
Illinois	2,788	2,493	40	165	90	327	50	257	20	154	22
Indiana	1,439	1,278	18	98	44	156	21	124	11	(¹)	(¹)
Iowa	687	617	8	40	22	114	12	94	8	21	7
Kansas	597	532	5	44	16	91	11	76	4	(¹)	(¹)
Kentucky	840	728	7	68	38	95	10	77	7	46	7
Louisiana	894	801	11	53	29	97	14	76	6	51	9
Maine	293	250	5	25	12	40	8	31	2	16	2
Maryland	1,234	1,038	11	128	57	141	32	99	10	53	17
Massachusetts	1,417	1,254	11	98	53	179	27	143	10	69	13
Michigan	2,192	1,932	29	144	87	262	35	210	17	108	24
Minnesota	1,158	1,030	14	80	35	168	18	139	11	55	12
Mississippi	581	514	10	39	18	59	8	48	2	29	6
Missouri	1,279	1,121	16	102	42	138	16	117	6	60	12
Montana	193	167	5	14	7	31	5	23	3	12	2
Nebraska	410	371	4	25	11	58	7	49	2	(¹)	(¹)
Nevada	413	372	8	21	12	35	6	26	2	21	2
New Hampshire	284	250	2	20	12	36	4	30	3	(¹)	(¹)
New Jersey	1,680	1,622	15	171	71	203	37	155	10	114	20
New Mexico	345	301	8	26	13	52	13	35	4	30	7
New York	3,837	3,385	30	274	148	483	90	363	30	267	34
North Carolina	1,746	1,495	32	162	57	193	19	156	16	75	12
North Dakota	153	137	3	9	5	22	3	19	1	(¹)	(¹)
Ohio	2,583	2,276	28	173	105	302	46	241	15	125	28
Oklahoma	725	643	13	50	20	91	16	70	5	(¹)	(¹)
Oregon	784	684	17	57	26	95	13	77	5	50	6
Pennsylvania	2,658	2,260	32	261	105	330	63	245	22	159	30
Rhode Island	215	183	2	20	10	31	7	22	2	10	2
South Carolina	859	772	11	55	22	71	9	58	3	50	7
South Dakota	174	156	3	11	5	26	2	23	1	(¹)	(¹)
Tennessee	1,217	1,055	17	99	45	162	27	125	10	60	11
Texas	4,616	4,133	69	293	122	503	105	369	29	233	51
Utah	465	410	5	35	15	74	6	64	3	(¹)	(¹)
Vermont	140	122	3	10	6	19	4	14	1	(¹)	(¹)
Virginia	1,510	1,259	14	178	60	183	32	138	14	(¹)	(¹)
Washington	1,305	1,138	19	101	47	170	39	122	10	79	14
West Virginia	358	305	5	31	18	43	13	28	2	32	4
Wisconsin	1,301	1,165	14	81	41	180	17	156	8	45	14
Wyoming	118	105	3	7	4	14	2	10	1	(¹)	(¹)
Women											
Alabama	716	593	10	79	34	220	30	175	14	44	10
Alaska	100	80	2	12	7	38	6	28	4	(¹)	(¹)
Arizona	703	592	11	64	35	255	29	205	20	(¹)	(¹)
Arkansas	414	350	10	37	17	136	17	111	8	26	6
California	4,831	3,942	66	418	205	1,720	237	1,352	131	370	125
Colorado	664	568	11	61	24	253	19	213	21	(¹)	(¹)
Connecticut	537	439	6	67	25	242	22	202	17	(¹)	(¹)
Delaware	138	111	1	18	7	42	5	32	4	(¹)	(¹)
District of Columbia	111	86	1	16	8	18	3	13	2	10	2
Florida	2,348	2,023	37	187	102	704	93	561	51	134	41
Georgia	1,369	1,146	28	128	67	305	35	251	19	76	18
Hawaii	193	162	2	20	9	76	13	58	5	11	6
Idaho	175	147	3	18	7	85	8	70	7	10	5
Illinois	1,930	1,643	19	181	87	733	62	622	50	108	39
Indiana	986	814	12	103	58	365	27	310	27	(¹)	(¹)
Iowa	501	407	9	61	25	237	19	199	18	21	10
Kansas	421	358	6	42	16	170	13	146	11	19	12
Kentucky	622	495	8	79	40	205	22	161	21	36	16
Louisiana	666	563	7	64	31	205	27	162	16	63	12

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Employed ¹									Unemployed	
	Full-time workers					Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work			Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours				Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
			Economic reasons	Noneconomic reasons							
Women—Continued											
Maine	204	171	4	17	11	96	13	79	6	(³)	(³)
Maryland	964	753	6	146	59	311	36	243	32	51	15
Massachusetts	990	819	7	118	47	465	32	400	33	40	16
Michigan	1,456	1,218	20	134	84	663	63	548	51	73	29
Minnesota	793	672	8	84	29	386	32	328	26	(³)	(³)
Mississippi	440	368	9	41	22	106	16	82	8	36	7
Missouri	984	813	12	111	49	364	29	308	27	(³)	(³)
Montana	129	109	2	13	5	70	8	56	6	(³)	(³)
Nebraska	290	249	4	27	11	127	9	108	10	(³)	(³)
Nevada	279	241	3	22	13	71	7	60	5	17	6
New Hampshire	197	162	4	21	11	81	10	65	6	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	1,331	1,075	11	174	71	455	50	369	36	93	29
New Mexico	239	198	3	26	12	97	15	73	8	22	6
New York	2,766	2,298	26	292	149	1,014	128	807	79	184	54
North Carolina	1,357	1,083	26	182	66	335	31	276	28	64	14
North Dakota	105	87	1	12	5	52	5	44	4	(³)	(³)
Ohio	1,712	1,434	16	167	95	767	65	643	60	93	33
Oklahoma	515	434	10	50	20	181	15	154	13	28	8
Oregon	491	411	12	46	21	250	30	200	20	33	13
Pennsylvania	1,792	1,435	20	232	105	810	100	637	73	90	35
Rhode Island	153	122	2	21	8	71	7	59	5	9	4
South Carolina	634	530	11	63	30	173	24	138	12	45	8
South Dakota	120	99	2	14	4	57	4	49	4	(³)	(³)
Tennessee	953	789	17	101	46	278	26	226	25	56	15
Texas	3,138	2,667	40	293	139	942	132	739	71	206	59
Utah	282	237	5	26	14	143	12	122	9	(³)	(³)
Vermont	101	82	2	12	6	49	6	40	3	(³)	(³)
Virginia	1,179	914	12	192	61	367	53	279	35	(³)	(³)
Washington	823	676	13	95	38	401	57	321	23	73	22
West Virginia	246	186	3	37	19	100	21	71	8	17	7
Wisconsin	904	758	15	93	38	436	32	370	28	(³)	(³)
Wyoming	76	65	1	7	3	37	5	28	3	(³)	(³)
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years											
Alabama	46	37	2	6	1	74	5	65	4	(³)	(³)
Alaska	6	5	(³)	1	(³)	7	1	6	1	(³)	(³)
Arizona	47	37	2	6	1	67	7	58	1	(³)	(³)
Arkansas	25	18	3	3	1	46	4	40	1	(³)	(³)
California	186	158	9	16	3	402	39	343	20	79	98
Colorado	36	30	1	4	1	66	4	58	4	(³)	(³)
Connecticut	11	10	(³)	1	(³)	67	4	59	4	(³)	(³)
Delaware	6	5	(³)	1	1	12	1	10	1	(³)	(³)
Florida	98	80	5	11	2	199	15	176	9	29	28
Georgia	75	63	3	8	1	98	4	90	3	(³)	(³)
Hawaii	5	4	(³)	(³)	(³)	18	2	15	1	(³)	(³)
Idaho	19	15	1	2	1	30	2	26	1	(³)	(³)
Illinois	77	66	3	6	2	221	18	195	9	30	30
Indiana	51	40	2	7	2	121	10	103	7	(³)	(³)
Iowa	25	21	1	2	1	85	5	76	5	(³)	(³)
Kansas	26	22	(³)	3	1	73	5	65	2	(³)	(³)
Kentucky	36	27	1	7	2	67	4	57	6	(³)	(³)
Louisiana	41	33	3	4	1	52	3	47	2	(³)	(³)
Maine	9	8	(³)	1	(³)	24	3	21	1	(³)	(³)
Maryland	40	32	1	7	1	83	12	66	6	(³)	(³)
Massachusetts	30	24	(³)	4	2	96	5	87	4	7	13
Michigan	77	61	5	7	5	205	8	186	10	22	25
Minnesota	41	34	1	4	1	130	6	118	6	(³)	(³)
Mississippi	17	12	1	3	1	39	1	36	2	(³)	(³)
Missouri	49	40	1	6	1	107	8	97	4	(³)	(³)
Montana	7	6	(³)	1	(³)	16	2	14	1	(³)	(³)
Nebraska	21	18	(³)	2	(³)	42	3	38	1	(³)	(³)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Employed ¹									Unemployed	
	Full-time workers					Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work			
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons				
			Economic reasons	Noneconomic reasons							
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years—Continued											
Nevada	15	14	1	1	(*)	20	2	17	1	(*)	(*)
New Hampshire	8	6	1	1	(*)	23	1	20	2	(*)	(*)
New Jersey	43	34	1	6	2	122	8	111	3	18	19
New Mexico	14	10	1	2	(*)	23	4	18	1	(*)	(*)
New York	85	75	3	5	1	237	19	206	12	35	39
North Carolina	69	55	3	9	1	118	8	102	8	18	12
North Dakota	6	5	(*)	1	(*)	18	1	16	1	(*)	(*)
Ohio	93	75	4	12	3	206	11	187	9	27	30
Oklahoma	34	29	1	4	(*)	59	5	51	2	(*)	(*)
Oregon	28	25	1	2	(*)	63	6	55	2	(*)	(*)
Pennsylvania	82	67	3	10	2	207	16	178	13	24	30
Rhode Island	6	5	(*)	1	(*)	19	2	16	1	(*)	(*)
South Carolina	33	25	1	5	1	61	5	52	4	(*)	(*)
South Dakota	9	8	(*)	1	(*)	19	1	17	1	(*)	(*)
Tennessee	43	36	2	5	(*)	68	6	56	3	(*)	(*)
Texas	157	134	5	15	3	291	30	247	13	60	57
Utah	35	29	2	4	(*)	58	4	53	1	(*)	(*)
Vermont	5	4	(*)	(*)	(*)	13	1	11	(*)	(*)	(*)
Virginia	59	42	3	12	3	101	10	85	7	(*)	(*)
Washington	38	30	2	5	1	103	11	89	3	(*)	(*)
West Virginia	14	11	(*)	1	(*)	24	3	21	1	(*)	(*)
Wisconsin	57	48	3	4	2	153	10	137	6	(*)	(*)
Wyoming	6	5	(*)	(*)	(*)	11	2	9	(*)	(*)	(*)
White											
Alabama	1,234	1,071	18	99	46	235	18	203	14	37	10
Alaska	205	167	5	21	12	45	6	35	4	14	2
Arizona	1,573	1,366	28	120	59	370	54	289	27	91	20
Arkansas	825	714	16	60	35	168	15	143	10	34	8
California	9,585	8,309	186	747	344	2,265	407	1,703	155	717	178
Colorado	1,521	1,328	20	127	47	359	32	299	26	54	19
Connecticut	1,130	962	8	112	48	307	32	256	18	58	13
Delaware	235	197	2	25	11	50	6	39	5	9	2
Distric of Columbia	85	67	1	12	5	12	2	9	1	(*)	(*)
Florida	4,588	4,052	76	299	162	949	132	749	68	194	52
Georgia	2,225	1,940	32	179	74	326	24	280	22	68	18
Hawaii	128	108	3	10	6	40	8	28	4	(*)	(*)
Idaho	453	391	10	36	16	122	14	99	9	23	8
Illinois	3,995	3,505	51	291	148	938	87	790	62	169	42
Indiana	2,236	1,929	29	185	93	496	44	417	36	82	25
Iowa	1,148	992	16	96	44	338	29	283	25	38	16
Kansas	925	806	11	79	29	240	20	206	13	35	16
Kentucky	1,346	1,124	15	136	72	276	29	219	26	72	20
Louisiana	1,165	1,022	13	82	47	219	20	182	17	52	10
Maine	489	415	9	42	23	135	20	108	8	25	7
Maryland	1,554	1,258	14	196	86	348	45	270	34	59	20
Massachusetts	2,207	1,893	18	203	95	608	51	515	42	96	26
Michigan	3,146	2,723	40	239	143	833	82	689	63	126	46
Minnesota	1,866	1,628	20	157	61	533	48	450	35	67	25
Mississippi	704	614	9	53	28	113	8	97	8	23	5
Missouri	2,019	1,726	24	193	76	458	38	391	29	77	27
Montana	303	260	6	25	12	96	12	75	8	16	4
Nebraska	667	590	7	50	21	179	15	152	12	16	6
Nevada	614	543	10	38	23	96	11	79	7	33	6
New Hampshire	473	405	6	40	22	116	13	94	9	18	7
New Jersey	2,645	2,214	25	285	121	581	72	487	43	153	39
New Mexico	534	455	10	46	23	139	26	102	12	41	11
New York	5,267	4,516	47	457	248	1,260	161	1,008	91	294	87
North Carolina	2,452	2,039	44	270	99	431	33	361	37	78	16
North Dakota	227	218	4	20	10	73	7	62	4	(*)	(*)
Ohio	3,811	3,299	40	296	176	967	94	804	69	167	51

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Employed ¹								Unemployed		
	Full-time workers				Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	
	Total	At work		Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work			
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours Economic reasons Noneconomic reasons			Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons				
White—Continued											
Oklahoma	1,067	925	21	85	37	230	23	191	16	38	7
Oregon	1,199	1,028	28	97	45	324	40	260	24	76	17
Pennsylvania	4,018	3,335	47	446	190	1,045	143	814	88	191	56
Rhode Island	339	281	3	37	17	95	12	76	7	17	5
South Carolina	1,088	957	12	85	35	177	17	150	9	42	7
South Dakota	278	241	5	23	9	80	6	70	5	7	4
Tennessee	1,746	1,480	29	164	73	375	37	307	31	78	15
Texas	6,642	5,818	93	505	226	1,247	195	966	87	337	85
Utah	721	624	10	60	27	210	17	181	12	24	9
Vermont	238	201	4	22	11	67	9	54	4	11	3
Virginia	2,048	1,655	17	286	89	418	57	320	40	69	18
Washington	1,933	1,646	31	176	80	524	86	408	31	132	32
West Virginia	586	476	8	65	36	138	32	96	9	47	11
Wisconsin	2,089	1,827	27	163	72	573	44	495	34	54	27
Wyoming	189	166	4	13	7	49	7	38	4	9	3
Black											
Alabama	414	336	11	46	19	81	24	53	5	53	7
Arizona	66	59	1	5	2	12	1	10	1	(?)	(?)
Arkansas	131	111	5	12	4	27	9	17	1	21	3
California	686	589	11	59	29	136	42	87	6	93	16
Colorado	59	53	1	5	1	12	2	9	1	(?)	(?)
Connecticut	127	106	2	11	6	31	7	21	3	(?)	(?)
Delaware	61	50	(?)	8	3	8	2	5	1	(?)	(?)
District of Columbia	128	102	2	16	8	19	6	12	1	18	2
Florida	790	685	19	56	29	138	32	100	6	84	16
Georgia	856	725	25	73	34	110	27	78	6	74	10
Illinois	578	496	6	49	25	99	23	71	6	88	17
Indiana	157	135	1	13	7	20	4	14	1	(?)	(?)
Iowa	21	16	1	2	2	8	1	5	1	(?)	(?)
Kansas	63	56	(?)	5	2	13	3	9	1	(?)	(?)
Kentucky	103	86	1	11	5	21	3	17	1	(?)	(?)
Louisiana	381	329	5	35	13	80	21	53	6	57	11
Maryland	559	458	3	71	28	90	21	61	8	(?)	(?)
Massachusetts	129	116	1	9	3	24	6	18	1	(?)	(?)
Michigan	394	333	6	33	21	71	15	52	5	51	5
Mississippi	307	261	9	26	11	48	15	31	2	42	7
Missouri	219	185	3	18	13	39	6	30	3	(?)	(?)
Nebraska	18	15	(?)	1	1	4	1	2	(?)	(?)	(?)
Nevada	37	33	(?)	2	2	4	1	3	1	(?)	(?)
New Jersey	400	338	1	45	16	54	13	38	3	50	8
New York	949	824	7	80	38	165	47	107	12	130	17
North Carolina	569	468	11	66	23	80	15	59	6	57	10
Ohio	425	359	4	39	22	90	15	69	5	48	8
Oklahoma	83	71	1	8	3	25	5	19	1	(?)	(?)
Pennsylvania	360	297	5	40	17	74	18	49	7	54	8
Rhode Island	22	18	(?)	3	1	5	1	4	(?)	(?)	(?)
South Carolina	393	334	10	33	17	63	15	43	5	54	8
Tennessee	402	346	5	34	17	62	15	42	5	(?)	(?)
Texas	832	729	13	64	26	157	36	110	11	94	20
Virginia	542	435	6	74	27	109	24	79	6	(?)	(?)
Wisconsin	76	60	2	9	5	24	4	19	1	(?)	(?)
Hispanic origin											
Arizona	393	350	10	22	11	91	24	61	6	(?)	(?)
California	3,139	2,745	97	199	98	607	183	391	33	369	69
Colorado	171	146	3	15	8	36	5	29	2	(?)	(?)
Connecticut	68	56	2	6	4	12	2	10	(?)	(?)	(?)
Delaware	9	8	(?)	1	(?)	2	(?)	1	(?)	(?)	(?)
District of Columbia	11	9	(?)	1	1	2	1	1	(?)	(?)	(?)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 13. States: Employed and unemployed persons by full- and part-time status, sex, age, race and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Employed ¹									Unemployed	
	Full-time workers					Part-time workers				Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work
	Total	At work			Not at work	Total	At work ²		Not at work		
		35 hours or more	1 to 34 hours				Part time for economic reasons	Part time for noneconomic reasons			
			Economic reasons	Noneconomic reasons							
Hispanic origin—Continued											
Florida	895	795	19	51	30	162	44	109	8	72	14
Georgia	63	54	2	4	3	12	2	10	1	(³)	(³)
Hawaii	12	9	(³)	1	1	3	1	2	(³)	(³)	(³)
Idaho	32	27	1	2	1	4	1	3	(³)	(³)	(³)
Illinois	397	362	4	21	9	55	13	39	3	33	4
Kansas	37	31	(³)	3	2	10	1	9	(³)	(³)	(³)
Maryland	75	60	(³)	9	5	18	4	14	(³)	(³)	(³)
Massachusetts	86	76	(³)	7	3	18	2	15	2	(³)	(³)
Michigan	63	55	1	4	3	19	4	14	1	(³)	(³)
Nebraska	23	21	(³)	1	(³)	3	1	2	(³)	(³)	(³)
Nevada	92	83	3	5	2	10	2	8	(³)	(³)	(³)
New Jersey	323	277	5	30	10	59	14	43	3	40	7
New Mexico	210	178	6	18	8	55	15	37	3	23	6
New York	782	685	9	59	29	126	32	88	7	84	14
North Carolina	82	70	2	8	2	6	2	4	(³)	(³)	(³)
Ohio	53	48	(³)	4	1	5	1	4	(³)	(³)	(³)
Oklahoma	28	25	(³)	2	1	5	1	4	(³)	(³)	(³)
Oregon	89	75	5	7	1	14	5	9	(³)	(³)	(³)
Pennsylvania	86	72	1	9	4	13	3	10	1	(³)	(³)
Rhode Island	18	15	(³)	2	1	4	1	3	(³)	(³)	(³)
Texas	2,079	1,794	52	160	73	362	110	264	18	174	36
Utah	52	43	1	5	2	8	1	6	(³)	(³)	(³)
Virginia	85	70	1	11	3	16	6	9	(³)	(³)	(³)
Washington	77	66	2	5	3	20	4	16	1	(³)	(³)
Wyoming	9	8	(³)	1	(³)	2	1	1	(³)	(³)	(³)

¹ Employed persons are classified as full- or part-time workers based on their usual weekly hours at all jobs regardless of the number of hours they are at work during the reference week. Persons absent from work are classified according to their usual status.

² Includes some persons at work 35 hours or more classified by their reason for working part time.

³ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication

standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

⁴ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 1996 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE												
Alabama	2,077	237	270	58	245	249	273	243	224	106	108	63
Alaska	315	52	56	(¹)	33	45	42	36	(¹)	(¹)	15	11
Arizona	2,242	310	296	68	312	331	323	266	98	67	93	(¹)
Arkansas	1,229	117	141	33	143	159	169	151	128	75	65	48
California	15,474	2,375	2,370	480	1,875	2,251	2,002	1,487	892	560	572	609
Colorado	2,097	339	331	68	273	312	270	217	81	72	79	(¹)
Connecticut	1,713	297	293	(¹)	203	238	231	178	86	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Delaware	381	61	58	11	44	62	53	37	19	15	13	(¹)
District of Columbia	271	57	58	12	21	43	48	13	(¹)	(¹)	8	(¹)
Florida	8,915	953	914	217	1,030	999	1,097	726	262	265	275	173
Georgia	3,734	528	497	101	471	520	469	432	304	166	159	86
Hawaii	587	78	75	15	73	95	112	61	(¹)	20	22	23
Idaho	617	70	74	20	70	82	85	77	34	31	34	42
Illinois	6,079	861	839	177	757	919	806	634	423	300	276	87
Indiana	3,080	343	342	87	364	428	379	389	328	158	160	82
Iowa	1,587	178	233	42	185	210	215	158	108	72	76	119
Kansas	1,336	185	197	39	157	182	194	135	71	51	50	76
Kentucky	1,853	329	241	63	223	272	227	208	137	109	99	(¹)
Louisiana	1,984	210	278	63	235	295	310	251	80	116	97	48
Maine	666	80	89	(¹)	79	93	101	84	41	31	30	26
Maryland	2,769	495	544	102	318	443	374	223	65	83	88	(¹)
Massachusetts	3,182	522	580	93	332	491	423	318	179	101	106	37
Michigan	4,790	616	672	153	554	627	634	579	477	193	208	77
Minnesota	2,604	347	396	86	337	370	342	263	149	113	94	138
Mississippi	1,253	142	156	39	134	152	173	157	126	72	68	33
Missouri	2,891	316	439	87	341	439	388	311	194	132	133	111
Montana	445	55	58	11	52	59	75	41	15	24	18	37
Nebraska	912	111	121	24	106	123	123	94	53	35	38	85
Nevada	840	118	90	24	112	115	187	99	22	32	27	(¹)
New Hampshire	623	90	96	17	80	91	75	78	42	26	20	(¹)
New Jersey	4,105	639	632	134	519	671	561	379	212	163	143	53
New Mexico	794	112	119	30	93	99	122	96	(¹)	34	35	31
New York	8,593	1,218	1,387	254	1,001	1,388	1,430	753	425	297	310	129
North Carolina	3,787	454	492	102	413	492	443	485	428	183	185	108
North Dakota	343	39	42	(¹)	44	42	54	29	11	20	12	41
Ohio	5,623	720	779	163	686	788	799	609	462	239	268	111
Oklahoma	1,571	217	197	47	193	209	225	186	91	57	76	72
Oregon	1,717	244	212	45	190	244	244	190	104	79	93	72
Pennsylvania	5,884	737	892	182	698	857	837	630	407	248	293	102
Rhode Island	493	63	78	16	52	71	75	52	48	16	17	(¹)
South Carolina	1,837	209	230	55	228	217	231	258	202	70	96	41
South Dakota	389	43	48	9	48	48	60	41	22	16	15	38
Tennessee	2,744	316	349	78	339	367	359	320	269	134	128	85
Texas	9,694	1,274	1,321	326	1,239	1,386	1,316	1,152	475	456	431	315
Utah	997	139	145	33	115	153	118	117	60	36	51	29
Vermont	324	46	50	(¹)	39	42	45	41	18	11	11	13
Virginia	3,381	498	531	63	434	484	480	359	171	133	113	90
Washington	2,879	412	405	86	384	395	392	318	134	129	117	110
West Virginia	797	78	108	(¹)	94	115	123	111	41	48	41	(¹)
Wisconsin	2,913	362	407	91	290	414	397	313	272	113	126	126
Wyoming	257	30	36	(¹)	30	29	43	32	(¹)	16	10	17
EMPLOYED												
Alabama	1,981	235	265	57	232	242	252	235	205	102	95	59
Alaska	291	51	54	(¹)	31	43	38	33	(¹)	(¹)	12	10
Arizona	2,125	300	287	66	298	319	299	253	91	62	82	(¹)
Arkansas	1,188	115	138	32	136	153	156	145	120	72	57	44
California	14,470	2,291	2,294	486	1,757	2,120	1,850	1,381	798	519	490	523
Colorado	2,013	334	323	65	262	298	255	208	74	66	74	(¹)
Connecticut	1,621	288	285	(¹)	194	226	212	167	81	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Delaware	363	59	57	10	42	60	50	35	17	14	12	(¹)
District of Columbia	249	55	56	11	18	39	42	12	(¹)	(¹)	6	(¹)
Florida	6,586	832	890	209	973	958	1,020	697	241	250	256	161
Georgia	3,580	517	489	98	448	504	440	421	280	158	145	82
Hawaii	553	75	74	14	68	90	106	55	(¹)	19	20	19
Idaho	587	68	73	19	67	80	78	73	32	29	29	40
Illinois	5,778	848	818	172	718	879	742	595	392	296	248	83
Indiana	2,945	337	338	87	348	415	355	373	312	151	151	79

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
EMPLOYED—Continued												
Iowa	1,539	176	229	41	177	203	202	154	102	68	69	118
Kansas	1,279	181	193	39	147	176	179	129	67	49	46	73
Kentucky	1,762	222	238	62	213	262	209	198	124	104	87	(²)
Louisiana	1,863	204	270	61	217	284	280	236	73	108	83	45
Maine	635	78	87	(²)	76	91	94	78	37	29	27	25
Maryland	2,650	481	534	100	302	424	343	213	57	81	79	(²)
Massachusetts	3,052	506	574	89	316	471	400	303	166	94	96	34
Michigan	4,572	605	659	149	528	604	589	557	447	182	183	69
Minnesota	2,505	338	357	84	323	361	325	251	138	108	85	133
Mississippi	1,185	139	154	36	126	146	158	152	117	80	59	28
Missouri	2,785	311	429	87	330	424	359	290	182	127	120	107
Montana	423	54	56	10	50	57	70	38	14	22	16	35
Nebraska	886	109	120	24	102	120	118	90	51	34	35	84
Nevada	798	116	88	23	108	106	173	93	21	30	24	(²)
New Hampshire	598	88	94	16	76	89	68	76	40	24	18	(²)
New Jersey	3,869	614	613	127	491	637	527	356	186	151	119	49
New Mexico	735	108	115	30	87	95	107	86	(²)	31	29	27
New York	8,100	1,186	1,346	247	940	1,307	1,323	995	387	280	270	118
North Carolina	3,631	444	485	100	399	481	414	466	397	177	167	101
North Dakota	333	39	41	(²)	43	41	52	28	11	19	11	40
Ohio	5,365	706	763	159	654	764	748	577	424	229	239	102
Oklahoma	1,513	214	193	46	185	203	212	178	88	55	69	70
Oregon	1,819	239	207	44	179	235	223	179	91	75	81	66
Pennsylvania	5,590	728	871	179	680	823	786	583	380	235	258	89
Rhode Island	470	61	76	15	50	67	70	49	45	15	15	(²)
South Carolina	1,737	205	226	54	218	205	211	247	188	65	83	39
South Dakota	377	43	47	9	47	47	57	39	21	16	14	38
Tennessee	2,609	311	340	75	326	355	327	303	250	128	113	81
Texas	9,200	1,245	1,294	316	1,158	1,326	1,215	1,084	438	440	390	292
Utah	964	136	144	32	112	148	112	112	58	38	48	26
Vermont	310	45	48	(²)	37	41	42	39	17	10	10	12
Virginia	3,240	486	520	81	417	469	450	343	163	128	100	84
Washington	2,699	401	394	80	365	369	352	294	122	120	106	96
West Virginia	747	77	106	(²)	89	112	111	103	36	45	33	(²)
Wisconsin	2,815	359	402	91	278	400	377	301	259	107	116	124
Wyoming	245	30	35	(²)	29	27	40	31	(²)	15	9	17
UNEMPLOYED												
Alabama	97	1	5	1	13	7	21	7	19	4	13	5
Alaska	24	2	2	(²)	2	2	4	3	(²)	(²)	4	1
Arizona	116	10	9	3	15	12	24	12	7	5	11	(²)
Arkansas	81	2	2	1	6	6	14	6	8	3	7	4
California	1,004	83	77	14	118	131	152	126	93	41	81	85
Colorado	84	6	7	2	10	13	15	9	7	6	6	(²)
Connecticut	92	10	8	(²)	9	12	20	11	5	(²)	(²)	(²)
Delaware	19	2	2	(²)	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	(²)
District of Columbia	22	2	1	1	3	5	6	1	(²)	(²)	2	(²)
Florida	329	21	24	9	58	42	77	30	22	15	19	12
Georgia	154	11	9	3	26	16	28	11	24	8	14	3
Hawaii	34	3	2	(²)	5	5	6	5	(²)	1	3	4
Idaho	31	1	2	(²)	3	2	6	4	2	2	5	2
Illinois	301	15	21	5	39	39	64	38	31	15	30	4
Indiana	115	6	4	1	16	13	24	16	17	7	9	3
Iowa	58	2	3	1	8	7	13	5	6	4	8	1
Kansas	57	4	4	(²)	10	6	15	6	4	2	4	3
Kentucky	91	7	3	2	10	10	18	10	13	5	11	(²)
Louisiana	121	5	5	2	18	12	30	15	7	8	14	3
Maine	33	2	1	(²)	3	3	7	6	4	2	3	2
Maryland	119	14	10	2	13	19	31	10	8	2	9	(²)
Massachusetts	130	14	6	4	16	20	24	15	13	6	9	3
Michigan	218	11	13	4	26	22	46	21	31	11	25	8
Minnesota	99	9	9	2	13	9	17	11	10	5	9	5
Mississippi	66	3	3	3	9	7	15	6	8	3	9	1
Missouri	126	5	10	1	11	15	29	21	12	4	13	4
Montana	22	1	2	(²)	1	2	5	3	1	2	2	2
Nebraska	26	2	2	(²)	4	3	5	3	2	1	2	1
Nevada	42	2	2	1	4	7	14	6	1	1	3	(²)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
UNEEMPLOYED—Continued												
New Hampshire	25	2	2	1	4	2	6	2	2	2	2	(²)
New Jersey	236	25	19	6	28	34	35	23	26	12	24	4
New Mexico	59	4	4	(²)	6	4	15	10	(²)	3	5	4
New York	493	32	40	7	61	81	107	58	37	17	40	11
North Carolina	156	9	7	2	15	12	26	19	32	6	18	7
North Dakota	10	1	1	(²)	1	1	2	1	(²)	1	1	1
Ohio	258	14	16	4	32	24	51	32	37	10	29	9
Oklahoma	58	3	4	1	8	6	13	8	3	2	7	2
Oregon	98	5	5	2	11	9	20	11	13	4	12	6
Pennsylvania	294	11	21	3	38	34	51	47	27	13	35	13
Rhode Island	23	2	1	(²)	2	4	4	2	3	1	1	(²)
South Carolina	100	4	4	1	12	12	21	11	14	4	14	2
South Dakota	12	(²)	1	(²)	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1
Tennessee	135	5	9	3	14	13	32	17	19	6	15	3
Texas	495	29	27	10	61	60	100	68	37	15	41	23
Utah	33	3	1	1	3	5	6	5	2	(²)	3	2
Vermont	14	1	1	(²)	2	1	3	2	1	(²)	1	1
Virginia	141	12	11	1	18	15	30	16	8	6	13	7
Washington	180	10	11	6	19	26	40	22	12	9	11	14
West Virginia	50	1	2	(²)	5	3	12	8	5	3	7	(²)
Wisconsin	98	3	5	(²)	11	14	20	12	13	7	10	2
Wyoming	12	(²)	1	(²)	1	2	3	2	(²)	1	1	1
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE												
Alabama	4.6	.6	1.8	1.4	5.3	2.7	7.7	2.9	8.5	3.8	12.0	7.1
Alaska	7.6	2.9	3.0	(²)	7.6	5.2	10.4	9.7	(²)	(²)	24.2	10.2
Arizona	5.4	3.3	3.2	4.4	4.9	3.8	7.8	4.9	7.6	6.6	12.4	(²)
Arkansas	5.0	2.0	1.6	3.1	4.5	3.7	8.0	4.0	6.6	3.9	11.1	8.6
California	6.5	3.5	3.3	2.9	6.3	5.9	7.7	8.5	10.5	7.3	14.3	14.1
Colorado	4.0	1.7	2.2	3.5	3.8	4.3	5.4	4.1	8.2	8.4	7.1	(²)
Connecticut	5.4	3.5	2.6	(²)	4.4	5.0	8.5	6.0	5.6	(²)	(²)	(²)
Delaware	5.0	2.6	2.6	2.7	4.9	4.1	6.0	6.5	12.4	8.0	10.7	(²)
District of Columbia	8.2	2.9	2.3	6.3	14.0	11.3	13.0	7.6	(²)	(²)	29.5	(²)
Florida	4.8	2.2	2.7	4.0	5.6	4.2	7.0	4.1	8.2	5.7	7.1	7.1
Georgia	4.1	2.0	1.8	3.1	5.4	3.1	6.0	2.6	8.1	4.8	8.6	3.9
Hawaii	5.7	3.6	2.0	2.9	6.6	5.1	5.1	8.6	(²)	5.2	11.1	16.3
Idaho	5.0	2.0	2.1	1.4	4.9	2.7	7.4	5.3	6.6	6.2	15.7	4.3
Illinois	4.9	1.7	2.5	2.6	5.1	4.3	7.9	6.0	7.3	4.9	10.6	4.3
Indiana	3.7	1.7	1.3	.7	4.4	2.9	6.3	4.0	5.1	4.4	5.4	3.7
Iowa	3.6	1.0	1.4	1.5	4.4	3.3	6.2	3.1	5.5	5.3	10.0	1.1
Kansas	4.3	2.1	1.9	1.0	6.2	3.1	7.7	4.2	5.3	4.4	8.3	3.4
Kentucky	4.9	3.2	1.4	2.7	4.3	3.6	8.0	4.7	9.6	4.5	11.3	(²)
Louisiana	6.1	2.5	1.9	3.6	7.8	4.0	9.7	5.8	9.1	6.5	14.2	6.0
Maine	5.0	2.1	1.7	(²)	4.3	3.2	6.8	7.4	9.4	5.8	10.6	5.9
Maryland	4.3	2.7	1.8	2.1	4.3	4.2	8.4	4.4	11.5	2.4	9.8	(²)
Massachusetts	4.1	2.7	1.0	3.9	4.8	4.1	5.6	4.7	7.3	6.3	8.9	8.5
Michigan	4.5	1.7	1.9	2.4	4.7	3.5	7.2	3.7	6.4	5.6	12.0	10.5
Minnesota	3.8	2.5	2.4	1.9	4.0	2.5	5.0	4.3	7.1	4.8	9.7	3.4
Mississippi	5.4	1.8	1.6	7.8	6.5	4.3	8.8	3.6	6.5	3.7	13.1	12.7
Missouri	4.3	1.7	2.3	.7	3.3	3.3	7.6	6.7	6.2	3.4	9.9	4.0
Montana	5.0	1.9	2.6	4.1	2.7	4.0	7.3	7.3	7.8	6.3	11.0	4.7
Nebraska	2.8	1.5	1.3	1.7	3.6	2.6	4.4	3.7	3.0	2.9	6.7	1.2
Nevada	5.0	1.9	2.7	4.3	3.6	5.8	7.5	5.9	3.0	4.4	12.3	(²)
New Hampshire	4.0	2.2	1.9	3.2	4.4	2.7	8.3	2.9	4.1	7.8	10.9	(²)
New Jersey	5.8	3.9	3.0	4.7	5.4	5.1	6.2	6.1	12.3	7.3	16.6	7.8
New Mexico	7.5	3.8	3.4	.5	6.0	4.4	12.6	10.5	(²)	9.2	15.1	12.4
New York	5.8	2.6	2.9	2.8	6.2	5.9	7.5	7.8	8.9	5.7	12.9	8.6
North Carolina	4.1	2.1	1.4	2.0	3.5	2.3	6.4	3.9	7.4	3.1	9.7	6.9
North Dakota	3.0	1.6	2.1	(²)	2.3	2.5	3.6	4.5	2.3	4.9	9.1	2.7
Ohio	4.6	2.0	2.0	2.6	4.7	3.0	6.3	5.2	8.1	4.1	10.7	8.5
Oklahoma	3.7	1.5	2.1	2.9	4.0	3.0	5.7	4.4	3.0	4.3	9.0	2.2
Oregon	5.7	2.1	2.3	3.8	5.9	3.7	8.4	5.6	12.3	4.8	13.3	8.0
Pennsylvania	5.0	1.5	2.4	1.5	5.5	4.0	6.1	7.4	6.6	5.2	11.9	12.5
Rhode Island	4.8	3.2	1.9	.9	4.8	5.7	5.8	4.9	6.8	6.1	7.7	(²)
South Carolina	5.4	2.0	1.5	2.2	5.5	5.5	8.9	4.3	7.1	6.3	14.4	4.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 14. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by occupation, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE—Continued												
South Dakota	3.0	0.5	1.8	1.0	2.9	2.3	4.1	4.0	4.9	4.4	8.9	2.3
Tennessee	4.9	1.5	2.5	3.5	4.1	3.5	8.9	5.1	6.9	4.2	11.4	4.0
Texas	5.1	2.3	2.1	3.1	6.6	4.3	7.7	5.9	7.9	3.4	9.5	7.4
Utah	3.3	2.5	.9	3.5	3.0	3.4	5.1	4.1	3.8	.6	5.6	7.3
Vermont	4.4	2.9	2.4	(²)	4.2	2.6	7.5	3.8	7.7	2.7	11.0	6.8
Virginia	4.1	2.4	2.1	1.6	4.0	3.2	6.3	4.5	4.7	4.2	11.5	7.3
Washington	6.3	2.5	2.8	7.2	4.9	6.6	10.1	7.1	8.8	6.9	9.4	12.6
West Virginia	6.3	1.6	1.9	(²)	5.6	3.0	9.7	7.2	11.2	7.1	18.1	(²)
Wisconsin	3.4	.7	1.2	(²)	3.8	3.3	5.0	3.9	4.9	5.8	8.0	1.9
Wyoming	4.8	.9	2.1	(²)	4.1	5.3	7.6	5.5	(²)	5.9	11.8	3.0

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

³ Less than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals or compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 15. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 1996 annual averages

Population group and State	Total employed		Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technician, and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handicraft, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
TOTAL													
Alabama	1,981	100.0	11.9	13.4	2.9	11.7	12.2	12.7	11.9	10.3	5.2	4.8	3.0
Alaska	291	100.0	17.4	18.7	3.0	10.5	14.6	12.9	11.2	1.7	2.7	4.0	3.3
Arizona	2,125	100.0	14.1	13.5	3.1	14.0	15.0	14.1	11.9	4.3	3.9	3.9	2.3
Arkansas	1,166	100.0	9.8	11.8	2.7	11.7	13.1	13.3	12.4	10.2	6.2	4.9	3.8
California	14,470	100.0	15.8	15.9	3.2	12.1	14.7	12.8	9.4	5.5	3.6	3.4	3.6
Colorado	2,013	100.0	16.6	16.1	3.2	13.0	14.8	12.7	10.3	5.0	2.6	2.8	1.4
Connecticut	1,621	100.0	17.7	17.6	3.6	12.0	14.0	13.8	9.7	4.7	3.8	3.3	1.8
Delaware	363	100.0	16.3	15.7	2.8	11.5	16.5	13.8	4.8	1.3	2.1	2.3	.4
District of Columbia	249	100.0	22.1	22.6	4.6	7.3	15.5	16.9	10.6	3.7	3.8	3.9	2.4
Florida	6,586	100.0	14.2	13.5	3.2	14.8	14.5	15.5					
Georgia	3,580	100.0	14.4	13.6	2.7	12.5	14.1	12.3	11.8	7.8	4.4	4.1	2.3
Hawaii	553	100.0	13.6	13.3	2.6	12.4	16.3	19.2	10.0	2.1	3.5	3.6	3.4
Idaho	587	100.0	11.6	12.4	3.3	11.4	13.6	13.4	12.4	5.4	4.9	4.3	1.4
Illinois	5,779	100.0	14.6	14.2	3.0	12.4	15.2	12.8	10.3	6.8	4.9	4.3	2.7
Indiana	2,945	100.0	11.5	11.5	2.9	11.8	14.1	12.1	12.7	10.6	5.1	5.1	7.7
Iowa	2,945	100.0	11.4	14.9	2.7	11.5	13.2	13.1	10.0	6.7	4.5	4.5	5.7
Kansas	1,539	100.0	14.1	15.1	3.0	12.1	14.9	11.9	11.2	7.0	5.9	5.0	2.5
Kentucky	1,279	100.0	12.6	13.5	3.5	12.1	14.9	11.9	12.7	3.9	5.8	4.5	2.4
Louisiana	1,762	100.0	11.0	14.5	3.3	11.7	15.2	15.1	12.2	5.9	4.6	4.3	3.9
Maine	1,663	100.0	12.3	13.8	2.0	11.9	14.3	14.6					
Maryland	635	100.0							8.0	2.2	3.1	3.0	1.3
Massachusetts	2,650	100.0	16.2	20.2	3.8	11.4	16.0	12.9	9.9	5.5	3.1	3.2	1.1
Michigan	3,052	100.0	16.6	18.8	2.9	10.3	15.4	13.1	12.2	9.8	4.0	4.0	1.5
Minnesota	4,572	100.0	13.2	14.4	3.3	11.6	13.2	12.9	10.0	5.5	4.3	3.4	5.3
Mississippi	2,505	100.0	13.5	14.3	3.4	12.9	14.4	13.0	12.8	9.9	5.8	5.0	2.4
Missouri	2,185	100.0	11.8	13.0	3.1	10.6	12.3	13.4	10.5	6.6	4.6	4.3	3.9
Montana	2,765	100.0	11.2	15.5	3.1	11.9	15.3	13.0	8.9	3.3	5.2	3.9	6.3
Nebraska	423	100.0	12.8	13.3	2.4	11.9	13.5	16.5	10.2	5.8	3.8	4.0	9.4
Nevada	686	100.0	12.3	13.5	2.7	11.5	13.5	13.6	11.7	2.7	3.8	3.0	1.7
New Hampshire	798	100.0	14.6	11.0	2.8	13.5	13.6	21.7	12.7	6.7	3.9	3.0	1.6
New Jersey	596	100.0	14.7	15.8	2.7	12.7	14.8	11.4					
New Mexico	3,869	100.0	15.9	15.8	3.3	12.7	16.5	13.6	9.2	4.8	3.9	3.1	1.3
New York	735	100.0	14.7	15.7	4.1	11.9	12.9	14.5	11.7	2.6	4.2	4.0	3.7
North Carolina	8,100	100.0	14.6	16.6	3.1	11.6	16.1	16.3	8.6	4.6	3.5	3.3	1.5
North Dakota	3,631	100.0	12.2	13.4	2.7	11.0	13.2	11.4	12.6	10.9	4.9	4.6	2.8
Ohio	333	100.0	11.6	12.4	2.8	12.8	12.2	15.7	8.4	3.2	5.6	3.2	12.1
Oklahoma	5,365	100.0	11.8	14.2	3.0	12.2	14.2	13.9	10.8	7.9	4.3	4.5	1.9
Oregon	1,513	100.0	13.2	12.8	3.0	12.2	13.4	13.6	11.1	5.8	3.6	4.6	4.6
Pennsylvania	1,619	100.0	14.1	12.8	2.7	11.0	14.5	13.8	10.4	6.8	4.2	4.6	1.6
Rhode Island	5,580	100.0	13.0	15.6	3.2	11.8	14.7	14.1	10.4	9.5	3.2	3.3	1.2
South Carolina	470	100.0	12.9	16.2	3.3	10.6	14.3	15.0	14.2	10.8	3.7	4.8	2.3
South Dakota	1,737	100.0	11.8	13.0	3.1	12.4	11.8	12.1	10.4	5.5	4.2	3.6	10.0
Tennessee	377	100.0	11.4	12.6	2.4	12.4	12.4	15.2	11.6	9.6	4.9	4.3	3.1
Texas	2,609	100.0	11.9	13.0	2.9	12.5	13.6	12.5	11.8	4.8	4.8	4.2	3.2
Utah	9,200	100.0	13.5	14.1	3.4	12.6	14.4	13.2	11.6	8.0	3.7	5.0	2.7
Vermont	964	100.0	14.1	14.9	3.3	11.6	15.4	13.5	12.7	5.5	3.3	3.1	4.0
Virginia	310	100.0	14.4	15.6	2.5	12.0	13.2	13.9	10.6	5.0	3.9	3.1	2.8
Washington	3,240	100.0	14.4	16.0	2.5	12.9	14.5	13.9	10.9	4.5	4.4	3.9	3.6
West Virginia	2,899	100.0	14.9	14.6	2.9	13.5	13.7	13.0	14.8	4.8	6.0	4.5	2.0
Wisconsin	747	100.0	10.3	14.2	2.7	11.9	14.9	14.2	13.4	10.7	9.2	3.8	4.1
Wyoming	2,815	100.0	12.8	14.3	2.7	11.7	11.1	16.2	12.5	2.6	6.3	3.5	6.8
Men													
Alabama	1,045	100.0	12.3	11.3	2.2	10.8	3.7	6.6	19.8	10.4	9.0	7.2	4.6
Alaska	154	100.0	17.1	16.8	3.4	8.6	6.4	10.2	19.8	2.0	4.3	6.6	5.0
Arizona	1,166	100.0	14.1	11.6	2.6	13.6	6.1	12.0	19.5	5.3	5.7	5.8	3.6
Arkansas	617	100.0	10.5	9.5	1.7	10.5	4.5	8.5	21.0	11.0	10.9	6.3	5.7
California	8,119	100.0	15.5	15.1	3.0	11.9	6.4	11.0	15.2	5.8	5.9	5.0	3.8
Colorado	1,096	100.0	17.2	14.9	3.1	13.2	6.3	9.5	17.2	4.3	4.5	4.1	2.5
Connecticut	1,096	100.0	19.0	16.3	2.8	11.8	4.8	10.0	16.2	5.8	7.2	4.9	3.1
Delaware	842	100.0	17.6	12.6	2.6	11.3	6.0	10.9	17.5	6.3	4.2	4.3	.8
District of Columbia	183	100.0	21.1	21.6	4.4	6.9	9.6	16.7	8.9	1.7	4.2	4.3	3.9
Florida	120	100.0	21.1	11.7	2.9	14.3	5.7	12.7	17.8	4.3	6.5	5.8	3.5
Georgia	3,533	100.0	14.4						19.5	8.1	7.5	6.3	3.5
Hawaii	1,907	100.0	14.6	10.4	2.8	12.8	5.3	9.4	18.1	2.5	6.0	5.9	5.2
Idaho	283	100.0	11.5	11.2	2.9	10.3	4.8	8.5	20.3	6.5	8.1	6.8	9.3
Illinois	327	100.0	15.0	12.0	2.7	12.1	5.9	9.5	17.3	6.3	8.5	6.5	2.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
Men—Continued													
Indiana	1,595	100.0	11.7	9.4	2.1	10.8	5.0	7.9	21.7	12.7	8.6	6.4	3.7
Iowa	801	100.0	11.7	11.3	2.3	11.2	4.1	6.8	18.0	8.4	7.8	6.5	11.9
Kansas	668	100.0	15.2	12.8	2.8	10.8	5.1	10.7	17.1	5.9	6.1	5.2	8.5
Kentucky	935	100.0	13.5	11.9	2.4	10.2	6.5	7.0	19.4	8.5	9.7	7.4	3.5
Louisiana	991	100.0	11.2	12.2	3.7	9.8	5.2	10.1	22.5	4.8	9.7	7.2	3.8
Maine	333	100.0	12.7	10.8	1.2	11.2	6.3	9.0	21.8	6.5	6.0	6.8	5.9
Maryland	1,375	100.0	19.9	18.8	3.0	10.4	7.0	11.8	14.8	2.4	5.4	5.2	1.9
Massachusetts	1,596	100.0	18.0	16.4	2.7	9.8	7.1	10.5	17.5	6.5	5.3	4.8	1.8
Michigan	2,454	100.0	13.8	13.8	3.0	10.1	4.2	8.4	20.2	12.1	6.7	5.9	2.1
Minnesota	1,326	100.0	14.5	12.4	3.2	12.3	5.3	8.8	17.1	6.2	7.7	5.2	7.5
Mississippi	639	100.0	12.9	9.8	2.3	9.8	4.0	8.8	21.0	10.9	10.2	7.2	3.5
Missouri	1,418	100.0	10.9	12.9	3.3	11.5	5.9	8.5	18.8	7.5	8.2	6.4	6.2
Montana	224	100.0	14.1	11.5	1.9	11.8	3.4	9.8	15.8	4.3	9.3	6.2	12.1
Nebraska	489	100.0	13.0	10.4	1.9	11.5	4.9	7.9	18.7	7.1	6.5	6.0	14.2
Nevada	448	100.0	15.1	9.3	3.1	10.1	4.8	21.8	19.4	2.9	6.1	4.8	2.6
New Hampshire	320	100.0	16.3	13.2	2.7	12.4	5.9	7.5	21.1	7.7	6.5	4.4	2.4
New Jersey	2,063	100.0	17.5	14.1	2.8	12.8	6.7	12.0	15.9	5.3	6.5	4.7	1.6
New Mexico	400	100.0	14.5	15.1	4.3	9.4	3.8	10.0	20.2	3.5	7.1	6.5	5.7
New York	4,320	100.0	16.4	14.2	2.7	11.7	7.4	14.3	14.8	5.2	5.7	5.5	2.1
North Carolina	1,939	100.0	12.6	10.3	2.3	10.8	5.0	7.7	21.5	10.0	8.5	6.8	4.6
North Dakota	175	100.0	13.1	7.5	2.1	14.2	3.6	7.7	14.7	4.1	9.9	4.9	18.3
Ohio	2,886	100.0	14.3	12.5	2.5	10.4	5.9	9.3	18.1	10.6	7.0	6.7	2.8
Oklahoma	816	100.0	14.2	10.6	2.7	11.3	5.4	9.8	20.2	6.7	5.9	6.5	6.7
Oregon	879	100.0	14.9	11.6	1.8	10.3	4.4	10.2	19.0	7.2	7.7	7.1	5.8
Pennsylvania	2,968	100.0	14.9	13.9	2.3	10.4	5.8	9.5	18.1	8.3	7.2	7.0	2.5
Rhode Island	246	100.0	14.5	13.6	2.8	10.2	5.0	13.8	17.4	9.9	6.0	5.0	1.9
South Carolina	930	100.0	12.9	9.8	3.0	10.7	4.2	8.1	24.0	10.1	6.2	7.1	3.7
South Dakota	200	100.0	12.5	9.8	1.8	11.7	4.0	8.5	17.5	6.0	7.1	5.4	15.5
Tennessee	1,379	100.0	13.2	10.0	2.2	10.8	5.0	9.5	19.3	10.5	8.1	6.3	5.0
Texas	5,119	100.0	13.7	11.8	3.3	11.4	5.4	9.3	19.4	6.2	7.8	6.7	4.9
Utah	539	100.0	14.3	13.4	3.9	11.8	5.7	8.8	19.0	5.8	6.1	7.3	4.1
Vermont	159	100.0	15.5	12.5	2.5	11.4	5.4	8.0	22.2	5.7	6.0	4.7	6.0
Virginia	1,694	100.0	18.1	14.7	1.9	11.0	5.2	11.2	18.3	6.3	6.2	4.8	4.3
Washington	1,475	100.0	14.5	12.6	2.6	13.1	4.5	10.4	18.4	6.1	7.2	5.4	5.2
West Virginia	401	100.0	10.3	11.6	2.4	10.1	5.1	9.3	24.4	6.8	10.5	6.9	3.1
Wisconsin	1,481	100.0	13.8	12.7	2.4	8.9	4.1	8.9	18.2	12.1	6.9	5.8	6.4
Wyoming	132	100.0	12.8	11.9	2.3	10.5	2.6	9.2	21.7	3.9	10.7	5.3	9.1
Women													
Alabama	936	100.0	11.4	15.7	3.7	12.7	21.8	17.3	3.1	10.3	.8	2.1	1.1
Alaska	137	100.0	17.8	20.9	2.6	12.6	23.8	15.9	1.7	1.3	.8	1.2	1.4
Arizona	958	100.0	14.1	15.8	3.7	14.5	25.9	18.8	2.7	3.0	1.6	1.5	.7
Arkansas	550	100.0	9.1	14.4	3.8	13.0	22.8	18.8	2.8	9.4	.8	3.4	1.6
California	6,351	100.0	16.3	16.8	3.5	12.5	25.3	15.0	2.0	5.1	.8	1.4	1.6
Colorado	917	100.0	15.8	17.4	3.4	12.8	25.0	16.5	2.1	2.9	.9	2.0	1.3
Connecticut	779	100.0	16.2	18.9	4.4	12.1	23.9	16.3	1.8	4.1	.7	1.4	.1
Delaware	180	100.0	15.1	18.8	3.0	11.8	27.2	16.9	1.7	3.0	.4	1.7	.4
District of Columbia	129	100.0	23.1	23.6	4.7	7.8	21.0	17.1	1.2	.8	.2	.5	.1
Florida	3,053	100.0	13.9	15.6	3.5	15.3	24.7	18.7	2.2	2.9	.7	1.7	.7
Georgia	1,673	100.0	13.9	17.4	2.7	12.3	24.2	15.6	3.0	7.5	1.0	1.8	.9
Hawaii	270	100.0	12.6	16.4	2.3	14.9	26.8	20.4	1.4	1.7	.8	1.2	1.8
Idaho	260	100.0	11.7	13.9	3.9	12.8	24.8	19.5	2.4	4.0	.9	2.4	3.7
Illinois	2,863	100.0	14.3	16.7	3.3	12.8	26.1	18.7	2.1	5.1	.8	1.6	.4
Indiana	1,351	100.0	11.2	13.9	4.0	13.0	24.9	18.9	2.0	9.1	1.0	3.6	1.5
Iowa	738	100.0	11.2	18.9	3.1	11.8	23.0	19.9	1.3	4.7	.8	2.2	3.1
Kansas	581	100.0	12.8	17.9	3.5	12.3	23.9	17.9	1.8	4.5	1.1	1.7	2.5
Kentucky	827	100.0	11.5	15.3	4.7	14.2	24.4	17.4	2.0	5.3	1.8	2.2	1.3
Louisiana	872	100.0	10.7	17.1	2.8	13.8	26.6	20.7	1.5	3.2	1.4	1.4	.9
Maine	352	100.0	12.0	17.3	3.0	12.7	23.0	21.1	1.8	5.3	.9	1.5	1.7
Maryland	1,275	100.0	16.3	21.6	4.7	12.5	25.7	14.4	.9	1.9	.5	.8	.7
Massachusetts	1,456	100.0	15.2	21.4	3.1	11.2	24.5	18.0	1.7	4.3	.8	1.8	.4
Michigan	2,118	100.0	12.8	15.4	3.8	13.2	23.8	18.1	2.9	7.1	.8	1.9	.9
Minnesota	1,179	100.0	12.4	16.4	3.8	13.7	24.6	17.9	2.1	4.8	.5	1.3	2.8
Mississippi	545	100.0	10.5	18.9	4.0	11.7	22.1	18.7	3.2	8.8	.7	2.4	1.1
Missouri	1,347	100.0	11.8	18.2	3.0	12.4	25.3	17.7	1.7	5.8	.9	2.2	1.4
Montana	199	100.0	11.3	15.3	3.0	12.0	24.8	24.1	1.5	2.1	.8	1.2	4.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
Women—Continued													
Nebraska	417	100.0	11.6	17.0	3.5	11.5	23.2	19.3	2.9	4.3	0.7	1.6	4.1
Nevada	350	100.0	13.9	13.3	2.6	17.9	24.9	21.5	1.8	2.3	.9	.6	.5
New Hampshire	278	100.0	12.7	18.8	2.7	13.2	25.1	16.0	3.0	5.5	1.0	1.3	.7
New Jersey	1,786	100.0	14.0	17.9	3.8	12.5	27.8	15.5	1.3	4.2	.9	1.2	.8
New Mexico	335	100.0	14.9	16.4	3.7	14.8	23.8	20.0	1.6	1.6	.9	1.0	1.3
New York	3,780	100.0	12.6	19.4	3.5	11.5	26.1	16.7	1.5	4.3	.9	.9	.7
North Carolina	1,882	100.0	11.9	18.9	3.2	11.1	22.6	15.7	2.9	12.0	.8	2.2	.7
North Dakota	158	100.0	10.0	17.8	3.6	11.2	21.9	24.6	1.4	2.1	1.0	1.3	5.2
Ohio	2,479	100.0	11.8	16.2	3.5	14.3	23.9	19.4	2.3	4.8	1.1	1.8	.8
Oklahoma	686	100.0	14.0	15.3	3.4	13.4	22.8	19.0	1.9	4.8	1.0	2.3	2.1
Oregon	741	100.0	14.5	14.3	3.8	11.9	26.5	18.1	1.6	3.8	1.0	2.5	2.1
Pennsylvania	2,802	100.0	10.8	17.6	4.2	13.4	24.9	19.3	1.6	5.0	.7	1.9	.6
Rhode Island	224	100.0	11.2	19.1	3.8	11.1	24.6	16.2	2.9	9.1	.2	1.4	.4
South Carolina	807	100.0	10.5	16.7	3.2	14.3	20.5	16.7	2.9	11.8	1.0	2.1	.6
South Dakota	177	100.0	10.0	15.8	3.0	13.2	21.8	22.7	2.4	4.9	.8	1.6	3.6
Tennessee	1,230	100.0	10.5	16.5	3.6	14.4	23.2	15.9	3.0	8.8	1.3	2.1	.9
Texas	4,060	100.0	13.3	16.9	3.6	14.0	25.6	16.1	2.2	2.9	.9	1.2	1.0
Utah	425	100.0	13.8	16.9	2.6	11.5	27.6	15.2	2.3	6.3	.7	2.1	1.1
Vermont	150	100.0	13.3	18.9	2.5	12.7	21.6	19.2	2.7	5.3	.5	1.4	1.9
Virginia	1,546	100.0	13.8	17.5	3.2	14.9	24.6	16.8	2.1	3.6	1.5	1.2	.7
Washington	1,224	100.0	15.3	17.0	3.3	14.0	24.7	16.2	1.9	2.6	1.1	2.2	1.6
West Virginia	346	100.0	10.3	17.2	3.1	13.9	26.4	21.3	1.6	2.8	.9	1.7	.8
Wisconsin	1,333	100.0	11.9	16.0	4.1	11.0	25.5	18.4	2.3	6.0	.4	2.2	2.2
Wyoming	113	100.0	11.4	17.0	3.2	13.2	21.0	24.4	1.9	1.2	1.2	1.4	4.1
White													
Alabama	1,488	100.0	14.3	14.0	3.2	12.5	13.1	10.2	12.9	8.1	4.7	3.4	3.4
Alaska	250	100.0	17.7	20.0	3.0	11.0	14.4	11.7	11.3	1.6	2.7	3.5	3.3
Arizona	1,842	100.0	14.7	13.5	3.1	13.9	14.8	13.7	12.0	3.9	4.0	3.9	2.4
Arkansas	983	100.0	10.7	12.4	2.5	12.3	13.8	11.7	13.0	9.0	6.0	4.6	3.9
California	11,850	100.0	15.9	15.6	2.9	12.2	13.9	12.6	9.6	5.6	3.8	3.4	4.1
Colorado	1,881	100.0	16.6	16.5	3.3	13.3	14.6	12.4	10.4	3.5	3.3	3.3	2.6
Connecticut	1,436	100.0	16.8	16.3	3.6	12.1	13.6	11.6	10.9	4.7	2.4	2.6	1.4
Delaware	285	100.0	16.9	16.2	2.7	12.4	15.4	12.6	10.8	4.1	3.7	3.0	2.2
District of Columbia	97	100.0	29.7	37.4	4.2	7.8	10.0	7.1	1.6	.1	.9	.7	.2
Florida	5,537	100.0	15.4	13.9	3.3	15.6	14.6	13.8	11.0	3.2	3.5	3.4	2.3
Georgia	2,551	100.0	16.8	15.4	3.0	13.2	14.5	9.4	12.6	6.2	3.8	2.4	2.6
Hawaii	167	100.0	16.0	17.8	3.2	13.6	13.4	15.0	10.1	1.5	2.2	1.9	3.3
Idaho	575	100.0	11.8	12.4	3.4	11.4	13.6	13.2	12.4	5.4	4.9	4.7	6.9
Illinois	4,933	100.0	15.4	14.3	3.0	12.7	14.8	12.0	10.9	6.6	4.9	4.0	1.6
Indiana	2,733	100.0	11.0	11.7	3.1	12.2	14.4	11.6	13.1	10.1	5.1	5.0	2.6
Iowa	1,486	100.0	11.6	14.6	2.7	11.6	13.1	13.1	10.1	6.4	4.6	4.4	7.9
Kansas	1,165	100.0	14.5	15.3	2.9	11.4	13.7	13.3	10.3	5.0	3.7	3.6	6.2
Kentucky	1,621	100.0	13.0	13.9	3.5	12.1	14.3	11.2	11.5	6.7	6.3	4.8	2.7
Louisiana	1,384	100.0	12.3	15.4	3.7	12.5	15.8	10.6	13.7	3.3	5.6	3.7	3.0
Maine	624	100.0	17.4	13.6	2.1	11.8	14.2	14.6	12.3	6.0	4.7	4.2	3.9
Maryland	1,902	100.0	16.9	21.6	3.3	12.5	15.1	10.3	8.8	2.1	2.4	2.3	1.6
Massachusetts	2,615	100.0	17.4	16.6	3.0	10.7	15.5	12.3	10.1	5.2	3.2	3.0	1.2
Michigan	3,979	100.0	13.8	14.4	3.4	12.0	12.9	12.1	12.9	9.0	4.0	4.0	1.6
Minnesota	2,400	100.0	13.5	14.3	3.4	13.0	14.6	12.6	10.2	5.2	4.4	3.4	5.5
Mississippi	617	100.0	15.3	15.1	3.4	11.9	14.0	9.7	13.1	6.6	5.2	3.1	2.4
Missouri	2,477	100.0	11.7	15.5	3.2	12.3	14.9	11.9	11.1	6.5	4.4	4.3	4.2
Montana	399	100.0	13.1	13.5	2.5	12.2	13.2	16.2	8.8	3.3	5.2	3.7	6.3
Nebraska	646	100.0	12.4	13.8	2.7	11.6	13.2	13.1	10.2	5.2	3.9	4.0	9.8
Nevada	710	100.0	15.0	11.4	3.1	14.0	13.7	19.6	12.2	2.5	3.6	3.0	1.8
New Hampshire	589	100.0	14.8	15.8	2.7	12.8	14.8	11.4	12.7	6.5	4.0	2.9	1.6
New Jersey	3,226	100.0	17.0	15.7	3.2	13.3	16.3	12.4	9.6	4.4	3.7	3.0	1.6
New Mexico	673	100.0	14.9	16.0	4.1	12.0	13.1	14.5	11.3	2.4	4.1	3.8	3.8
New York	6,527	100.0	15.7	17.2	3.1	12.3	15.4	14.5	8.9	4.6	3.3	3.3	1.7
North Carolina	2,883	100.0	13.7	14.4	2.8	11.7	13.6	9.2	13.8	9.1	4.4	4.0	3.3
North Dakota	325	100.0	11.7	12.3	2.8	13.0	12.2	15.4	8.4	3.1	5.7	3.1	12.3
Ohio	4,778	100.0	13.6	14.2	2.9	12.7	14.0	13.0	11.2	7.6	4.3	4.3	2.1
Oklahoma	1,297	100.0	14.6	13.3	2.9	12.7	13.5	12.9	11.3	5.7	3.8	4.2	5.0
Oregon	1,523	100.0	15.0	13.0	2.7	11.0	14.4	13.4	11.3	5.1	4.6	5.0	4.3
Pennsylvania	5,063	100.0	13.3	15.9	3.2	12.1	14.3	13.1	10.9	6.8	4.0	4.8	1.7
Rhode Island	434	100.0	13.2	17.1	3.4	10.9	14.7	14.2	10.4	6.2	3.4	3.3	1.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
White—Continued													
South Carolina	1,264	100.0	13.7	14.8	3.6	14.0	12.2	9.8	15.8	8.0	2.8	3.4	2.0
South Dakota	358	100.0	11.5	12.9	2.4	12.8	12.4	14.4	10.1	5.5	4.1	3.8	10.4
Tennessee	2,120	100.0	12.9	13.8	2.5	13.2	12.7	10.8	12.8	9.4	4.8	4.1	3.8
Texas	7,889	100.0	14.2	14.5	3.4	12.5	13.7	12.8	12.3	4.5	4.5	4.1	3.8
Utah	931	100.0	14.1	15.2	3.2	11.5	15.4	11.5	11.7	5.9	3.7	4.9	2.8
Vermont	305	100.0	14.8	15.8	2.5	11.9	13.2	13.5	12.8	5.4	3.4	3.1	4.1
Virginia	2,465	100.0	16.3	17.4	2.8	13.7	14.1	11.8	11.2	4.1	3.3	2.5	2.8
Washington	2,457	100.0	14.9	15.2	2.9	13.5	13.2	12.5	11.2	4.3	4.7	3.9	3.8
West Virginia	724	100.0	10.3	14.0	2.8	12.0	14.7	14.8	14.2	4.8	8.2	4.5	2.0
Wisconsin	2,862	100.0	13.1	14.3	3.4	10.0	14.3	12.8	10.8	9.0	3.9	4.0	4.5
Wyoming	238	100.0	12.3	14.4	2.7	11.8	11.1	18.0	12.7	2.8	6.1	3.5	6.9
Black													
Alabama	495	100.0	5.1	11.5	1.9	9.1	10.1	20.0	9.1	17.0	6.8	8.1	1.7
Arizona	77	100.0	7.9	18.4	3.0	15.3	18.4	22.8	3.5	3.8	5.3	1.8	.3
Arkansas	158	100.0	4.4	7.4	3.7	7.8	9.8	24.1	8.4	17.3	7.9	8.5	3.0
California	824	100.0	15.2	18.1	2.4	9.2	22.3	17.0	7.4	1.8	3.8	4.3	.5
Colorado	71	100.0	13.9	8.0	2.7	8.8	20.1	17.5	12.9	5.7	4.5	7.1	1.1
Connecticut	158	100.0	8.5	9.9	4.2	9.7	18.1	27.3	4.3	5.4	5.0	5.1	1.4
Delaware	69	100.0	14.6	13.8	3.1	8.2	21.6	19.3	5.9	6.5	4.8	4.1	.4
District of Columbia	147	100.0	17.0	12.8	4.8	7.1	19.3	23.0	6.9	2.1	2.9	3.5	.8
Florida	928	100.0	8.8	10.3	2.8	8.8	15.3	25.9	8.1	5.7	6.0	7.2	3.2
Georgia	969	100.0	7.9	8.9	2.0	10.5	13.3	19.7	10.1	11.9	6.3	8.4	.9
Illinois	877	100.0	9.1	12.1	2.8	11.3	18.8	18.3	8.7	7.8	6.5	6.2	.4
Indiana	178	100.0	15.8	7.9	1.2	6.5	11.0	18.8	6.7	17.0	6.8	8.2	.2
Iowa	29	100.0	9.8	20.1	2.3	8.6	19.9	13.0	3.5	13.8	2.7	6.3	(¹)
Kansas	76	100.0	10.1	8.9	2.5	14.8	17.5	21.8	7.5	6.8	4.3	5.4	.7
Kentucky	124	100.0	6.8	8.1	3.5	13.1	22.1	20.5	7.4	9.5	2.0	7.0	.2
Louisiana	481	100.0	8.6	10.9	1.9	9.2	13.7	28.5	9.7	5.8	5.9	7.0	.9
Maryland	849	100.0	13.1	12.7	5.1	8.9	19.4	20.7	8.0	2.8	5.4	5.3	.5
Massachusetts	153	100.0	9.4	18.5	1.7	5.0	18.4	28.0	7.2	8.1	2.0	7.5	.1
Michigan	486	100.0	9.0	10.8	2.0	8.7	18.9	19.8	7.4	15.8	4.5	4.8	.7
Mississippi	358	100.0	4.1	7.5	2.3	7.4	8.6	21.3	12.1	17.5	7.3	9.4	2.4
Missouri	258	100.0	7.9	15.0	1.4	8.7	19.5	22.8	5.7	6.9	6.8	5.1	.8
Nebraska	21	100.0	8.2	7.0	5.8	8.2	28.8	20.8	4.5	10.9	1.8	5.5	.8
Nevada	41	100.0	9.7	7.7	.8	10.3	13.2	36.7	7.7	3.7	5.0	3.8	1.8
New Jersey	454	100.0	9.8	11.9	2.9	9.0	20.3	22.0	7.0	6.9	6.4	3.8	.1
New York	1,115	100.0	8.5	12.5	2.7	7.9	21.8	27.0	7.8	4.3	4.5	3.7	.4
North Carolina	849	100.0	6.3	8.8	2.5	7.5	13.0	20.2	8.4	17.8	7.2	7.3	1.0
Ohio	514	100.0	9.0	10.3	3.2	8.0	17.8	32.9	7.0	10.4	5.0	6.5	.1
Oklahoma	108	100.0	12.0	10.4	2.9	8.3	13.2	27.1	10.7	4.3	2.9	7.9	.5
Pennsylvania	434	100.0	9.8	11.0	3.1	7.8	20.2	25.4	8.1	6.2	8.0	5.4	.3
Rhode Island	28	100.0	8.9	4.9	.7	6.1	10.7	23.0	13.4	16.9	1.3	4.1	1.1
South Carolina	456	100.0	8.7	7.5	1.9	8.3	10.3	18.4	10.5	18.7	6.2	8.8	2.9
Tennessee	484	100.0	7.8	10.1	4.8	8.3	18.1	21.0	7.9	10.2	5.4	5.7	1.3
Texas	989	100.0	8.5	10.4	3.3	11.2	20.8	18.9	7.3	5.7	7.9	5.9	.2
Virginia	851	100.0	9.4	10.4	2.1	9.2	18.0	20.8	8.8	9.2	8.3	5.5	2.2
Wisconsin	100	100.0	7.8	11.3	.2	7.2	11.2	30.7	7.2	14.7	3.4	4.7	1.5
Hispanic origin													
Arizona	484	100.0	5.4	8.2	1.9	11.1	13.1	19.1	18.5	6.7	5.3	8.2	8.5
California	3,748	100.0	8.9	8.0	1.8	8.5	12.8	18.4	11.7	12.8	5.1	5.8	9.4
Colorado	207	100.0	8.4	7.4	2.5	8.8	15.2	17.9	13.5	8.8	3.7	11.5	4.2
Connecticut	80	100.0	7.4	15.8	3.8	3.7	6.9	21.9	8.8	17.8	6.8	8.2	1.8
Delaware	11	100.0	5.1	9.9	3.0	11.9	12.5	25.3	3.5	8.0	.9	13.5	8.4
District of Columbia	13	100.0	12.5	14.7	.8	9.5	8.0	41.8	5.0	.1	3.4	4.1	.1
Florida	1,087	100.0	9.7	8.3	2.8	14.0	15.1	17.8	12.5	8.2	4.4	5.9	3.4
Georgia	75	100.0	17.2	8.2	3.3	4.2	5.3	29.2	9.2	8.2	6.8	5.9	8.7
Hawaii	15	100.0	8.5	4.1	1.7	9.9	8.8	24.2	20.9	6.3	4.9	5.1	5.9
Idaho	36	100.0	3.8	4.7	3.3	4.1	7.5	17.7	12.3	12.3	7.7	11.4	15.1
Illinois	452	100.0	5.7	4.5	2.0	8.8	12.2	14.8	14.3	23.7	4.9	8.0	1.4
Kansas	47	100.0	7.2	11.8	.8	5.5	8.0	27.5	10.4	9.3	5.3	10.8	3.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed		Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
Hispanic origin—Continued													
Maryland	80	100.0	13.1	12.9	2.7	11.1	11.0	24.5	16.5	1.7	0.5	2.3	3.7
Massachusetts	104	100.0	4.5	5.9	3.6	9.4	14.1	24.4	8.7	16.0	5.6	7.1	.7
Michigan	82	100.0	9.3	8.5	1.5	9.3	9.7	17.0	11.7	18.3	4.6	7.5	2.6
Nebraska	26	100.0	4.5	2.4	1.3	11.0	6.7	21.6	17.6	11.9	6.1	13.1	3.8
Nevada	102	100.0	3.6	4.5	1.4	8.1	9.0	40.2	12.3	6.7	3.3	4.5	6.3
New Jersey	382	100.0	6.8	7.5	2.7	9.3	14.1	20.7	9.4	16.0	5.7	4.8	1.1
New Mexico	264	100.0	6.0	7.7	3.3	11.2	13.3	21.6	15.3	3.7	5.3	5.8	4.8
New York	909	100.0	7.3	7.0	2.2	8.3	16.9	26.9	9.6	11.4	3.4	5.8	1.1
North Carolina	86	100.0	7.0	3.0	.7	4.2	4.4	9.4	21.5	15.0	5.7	14.8	14.2
Ohio	56	100.0	8.2	9.8	5.5	6.9	14.7	13.6	15.3	18.0	.9	5.3	1.6
Oklahoma	33	100.0	10.6	9.7	2.3	10.5	6.9	30.6	5.9	7.6	2.4	4.7	6.9
Oregon	103	100.0	6.2	3.6	.7	4.0	5.0	22.9	10.7	13.5	3.2	12.6	15.6
Pennsylvania	100	100.0	5.1	9.5	1.9	19.3	12.0	10.6	7.2	22.0	3.2	5.8	3.4
Rhode Island	22	100.0	.4	3.2	1.5	3.0	9.2	15.1	14.8	47.0	2.5	1.3	2.1
Texas	2,472	100.0	6.9	7.0	2.2	9.9	13.4	19.7	16.1	7.5	5.0	7.5	4.8
Utah	60	100.0	4.3	5.8	1.4	7.6	9.9	16.1	13.0	27.0	1.8	10.4	2.8
Virginia	101	100.0	11.6	6.0	4.7	4.9	12.8	32.8	11.8	4.5	1.8	2.4	4.7
Washington	97	100.0	6.3	11.4	1.6	5.2	4.5	26.4	3.3	12.7	2.2	4.6	19.9
Wyoming	11	100.0	7.8	3.3	1.4	7.9	10.3	28.2	14.5	3.2	7.0	6.7	9.7

¹ Less than 500 persons employed or less than 0.05 percent of total employed.
NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals or compute to displayed percent-

ages because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 16. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 1996 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total ²	Nonagricultural industries											Agriculture
		Total ³	Construction	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers					Government				
				Total ⁴	Manufacturing	Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate		Services ⁵			
											Total	Durable goods	
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE													
Alabama	2,077	2,009	1,579	99	473	246	227	100	395	85	417	294	55
Alaska	315	306	188	18	12	(⁶)	(⁶)	23	53	(⁶)	65	83	(⁶)
Arizona	2,242	2,068	1,635	149	245	179	66	114	461	146	509	292	(⁶)
Arkansas	1,229	1,177	923	55	264	152	112	74	248	48	231	174	45
California	15,474	14,614	11,126	648	2,332	1,469	863	772	2,875	647	3,626	2,000	585
Colorado	2,097	2,034	1,585	128	246	152	93	136	431	122	509	263	(⁶)
Connecticut	1,713	1,672	1,364	67	300	214	85	69	300	155	471	188	(⁶)
Delaware	381	371	304	16	59	17	42	18	72	40	99	48	(⁶)
District of Columbia	271	264	166	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	14	31	15	95	81	(⁶)
Florida	6,915	6,665	5,315	424	574	344	230	422	1,600	415	1,873	922	166
Georgia	3,734	3,617	2,832	162	672	307	366	283	728	205	776	529	83
Hawaii	587	564	415	34	23	(⁶)	16	45	120	33	180	100	22
Idaho	617	570	410	36	92	54	38	27	124	26	101	102	41
Illinois	6,079	6,001	4,917	306	1,122	685	437	397	1,171	398	1,510	736	91
Indiana	3,060	2,988	2,493	163	712	524	188	162	634	163	652	325	(⁶)
Iowa	1,597	1,457	1,138	66	256	148	109	62	313	100	339	204	129
Kansas	1,336	1,252	942	56	182	101	81	66	273	61	296	213	73
Kentucky	1,853	1,801	1,395	86	320	182	138	107	375	81	393	288	(⁶)
Louisiana	1,984	1,928	1,473	130	191	80	110	113	380	88	514	320	(⁶)
Maine	668	645	494	37	109	57	52	28	129	31	160	79	(⁶)
Maryland	2,769	2,719	1,928	141	220	110	110	137	499	170	761	624	(⁶)
Massachusetts	3,182	3,125	2,539	140	528	331	197	161	576	211	924	367	34
Michigan	4,790	4,669	3,847	201	1,199	948	251	189	984	195	1,075	558	83
Minnesota	2,604	2,444	1,923	117	422	251	171	107	526	180	583	343	137
Mississippi	1,253	1,216	939	64	272	149	123	69	217	46	260	200	26
Missouri	2,891	2,776	2,145	157	424	261	163	195	525	150	693	441	107
Montana	445	408	272	25	28	19	(⁶)	18	92	16	88	80	34
Nebraska	912	815	623	37	101	52	48	49	166	58	208	130	90
Nevada	840	818	672	68	43	28	(⁶)	48	144	48	306	95	(⁶)
New Hampshire	623	606	475	24	131	90	42	24	131	33	131	79	(⁶)
New Jersey	4,105	4,033	3,307	178	817	260	357	264	824	321	1,079	539	48
New Mexico	794	751	500	58	43	28	(⁶)	41	151	34	156	168	29
New York	8,593	8,320	6,413	357	1,096	570	526	436	1,523	669	2,326	1,421	127
North Carolina	3,787	3,654	2,904	215	914	418	496	199	687	181	723	493	110
North Dakota	343	299	221	13	20	11	(⁶)	18	75	13	79	53	41
Ohio	5,623	5,486	4,486	255	1,187	785	402	263	1,204	284	1,273	700	104
Oklahoma	1,571	1,483	1,105	70	186	111	76	83	322	65	352	252	68
Oregon	1,717	1,632	1,252	102	264	159	105	71	352	79	382	210	69
Pennsylvania	5,884	5,747	4,670	258	1,062	609	453	284	1,151	320	1,578	679	98
Rhode Island	493	481	393	16	100	65	35	21	94	27	136	65	(⁶)
South Carolina	1,837	1,792	1,404	137	405	182	223	78	364	71	348	291	38
South Dakota	389	344	256	16	50	30	20	16	79	19	73	59	43
Tennessee	2,744	2,662	2,037	123	545	296	249	182	506	127	573	405	74
Texas	9,694	9,197	7,014	537	1,240	696	544	597	1,976	472	2,062	1,434	316
Utah	997	960	715	65	135	82	54	48	194	53	211	179	26
Vermont	324	309	235	14	53	36	17	13	64	13	77	39	11
Virginia	3,381	3,292	2,508	196	435	224	211	152	709	187	824	613	78
Washington	2,879	2,760	2,096	150	379	265	114	135	637	143	640	426	85
West Virginia	797	786	600	46	87	44	43	46	181	31	174	134	(⁶)
Wisconsin	2,913	2,771	2,238	136	641	411	230	114	540	150	657	376	121
Wyoming	257	238	161	15	14	(⁶)	8	16	51	(⁶)	42	53	17
EMPLOYED													
Alabama	1,981	1,918	1,499	90	448	233	215	99	371	84	398	267	51
Alaska	291	284	172	15	10	(⁶)	(⁶)	22	49	(⁶)	61	78	(⁶)
Arizona	2,125	1,967	1,548	138	236	172	64	108	431	143	481	262	(⁶)
Arkansas	1,166	1,121	872	52	250	144	106	72	231	47	217	169	42
California	14,470	13,710	10,348	559	2,185	1,390	795	725	2,662	816	3,375	1,923	511
Colorado	2,013	1,953	1,515	122	235	145	91	130	410	118	487	255	(⁶)
Connecticut	1,621	1,586	1,286	59	286	204	82	65	280	147	447	182	(⁶)
Delaware	363	353	288	14	55	15	41	18	67	39	94	47	(⁶)
District of Columbia	249	242	152	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	13	26	14	88	77	(⁶)
Florida	6,586	6,357	5,042	399	543	327	216	404	1,501	401	1,786	899	153
Georgia	3,580	3,470	2,699	150	639	294	345	279	687	202	737	518	79
Hawaii	553	534	390	29	21	(⁶)	15	44	111	32	153	97	19
Idaho	587	541	385	33	87	51	36	25	117	24	95	99	40
Illinois	5,778	5,706	4,660	273	1,080	656	424	382	1,092	387	1,435	710	88

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total ²	Nonagricultural industries											Agriculture
		Total ³	Construction	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers					Government				
				Total ⁴	Manufacturing	Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate		Services ⁵			
											Total	Durable goods	
EMPLOYED—Continued													
Indiana	2,945	2,875	2,389	152	686	507	179	155	598	161	629	320	(⁶)
Iowa	1,539	1,402	1,088	61	247	143	104	59	296	99	325	201	128
Kansas	1,279	1,199	897	52	174	98	76	64	256	60	285	207	71
Kentucky	1,762	1,713	1,318	76	304	174	130	102	354	79	372	280	(⁶)
Louisiana	1,863	1,810	1,368	116	177	76	102	107	342	85	485	312	(⁶)
Maine	635	613	466	31	104	55	49	26	121	30	153	77	(⁶)
Maryland	2,650	2,603	1,824	132	206	105	101	134	469	169	714	617	(⁶)
Massachusetts	3,052	2,998	2,427	124	506	318	188	157	543	205	893	357	32
Michigan	4,572	4,482	3,660	182	1,152	913	239	184	927	189	1,023	545	75
Minnesota	2,505	2,351	1,841	106	404	239	165	105	504	157	557	335	133
Mississippi	1,185	1,151	880	58	258	141	117	66	198	43	246	196	25
Missouri	2,765	2,655	2,039	141	402	245	157	187	498	146	663	431	104
Montana	423	387	256	22	26	17	(⁶)	17	87	15	84	76	33
Nebraska	886	791	602	36	98	51	47	48	162	57	201	128	89
Nevada	798	777	636	62	41	27	(⁶)	46	133	46	292	92	(⁶)
New Hampshire	598	582	455	22	128	87	40	23	123	32	126	76	(⁶)
New Jersey	3,869	3,802	3,100	155	574	241	332	267	764	309	1,026	522	46
New Mexico	735	697	456	47	40	26	(⁶)	39	136	33	144	160	26
New York	8,100	7,848	5,995	302	1,040	545	495	409	1,409	647	2,182	1,382	119
North Carolina	3,631	3,509	2,772	200	874	403	471	192	852	160	890	482	103
North Dakota	333	290	214	11	19	10	(⁶)	18	72	13	78	51	40
Ohio	5,365	5,241	4,249	231	1,136	755	382	253	1,135	258	1,216	682	96
Oklahoma	1,513	1,428	1,058	64	182	108	74	80	303	62	340	247	67
Oregon	1,619	1,541	1,170	94	247	150	96	69	324	77	358	204	64
Pennsylvania	5,590	5,466	4,424	217	1,012	584	428	275	1,081	312	1,510	651	68
Rhode Island	470	459	373	14	94	61	33	20	88	26	130	63	(⁶)
South Carolina	1,737	1,695	1,318	124	385	176	209	72	337	70	329	273	36
South Dakota	377	333	247	15	48	29	19	15	78	19	71	58	42
Tennessee	2,609	2,531	1,923	113	522	261	241	155	470	125	537	394	73
Texas	9,200	8,737	6,604	488	1,178	658	520	578	1,840	461	1,933	1,400	295
Utah	964	930	688	61	132	80	52	45	185	52	203	177	26
Vermont	310	296	224	13	50	34	16	13	61	13	73	38	10
Virginia	3,240	3,162	2,392	184	414	210	204	146	677	183	787	601	72
Washington	2,699	2,594	1,955	131	359	253	107	128	591	139	596	409	77
West Virginia	747	738	557	38	82	41	41	44	163	30	163	130	(⁶)
Wisconsin	2,815	2,677	2,154	124	621	397	224	110	517	148	633	368	119
Wyoming	245	226	152	13	13	(⁶)	7	15	48	(⁶)	39	52	17
UNEMPLOYED													
Alabama	97	91	80	9	25	12	12	1	24	1	19	7	4
Alaska	24	23	17	3	2	(⁶)	(⁶)	1	4	(⁶)	4	5	(⁶)
Arizona	116	102	87	11	9	6	2	6	30	3	28	10	(⁶)
Arkansas	61	57	50	3	14	8	6	2	16	1	13	4	3
California	1,004	904	778	89	147	78	68	47	213	31	251	77	74
Colorado	84	81	70	6	10	8	2	7	21	4	22	8	(⁶)
Connecticut	92	86	79	8	13	10	3	4	20	8	25	6	(⁶)
Delaware	19	18	17	2	3	2	1	1	5	1	5	1	(⁶)
District of Columbia	22	21	17	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	1	5	1	7	4	(⁶)
Florida	329	308	273	25	31	17	14	18	99	14	88	23	12
Georgia	154	147	133	11	34	13	21	4	41	3	39	11	4
Hawaii	34	30	25	5	2	(⁶)	1	1	9	2	7	3	3
Idaho	31	29	25	4	5	3	2	1	7	2	7	3	1
Illinois	301	295	257	33	42	30	12	15	79	11	75	26	3
Indiana	115	113	104	11	26	16	9	7	36	2	23	5	(⁶)
Iowa	58	55	50	5	10	5	5	3	18	1	14	3	1
Kansas	57	53	45	4	8	3	5	2	17	1	13	5	2
Kentucky	91	88	76	9	18	9	7	5	21	2	21	8	(⁶)
Louisiana	121	117	104	14	13	5	9	6	38	3	29	8	(⁶)
Maine	33	32	28	5	5	2	3	2	8	1	6	2	(⁶)
Maryland	119	116	104	8	14	5	9	4	30	2	47	7	(⁶)
Massachusetts	130	126	112	16	22	13	9	4	34	6	30	10	2
Michigan	218	207	187	18	47	35	12	4	57	8	53	13	7
Minnesota	99	93	82	10	19	13	6	2	22	3	26	9	4
Mississippi	68	65	59	6	13	8	5	2	19	3	14	4	3
Missouri	126	121	107	16	22	15	7	8	27	3	30	10	3
Montana	22	21	18	3	2	2	(⁶)	1	5	(⁶)	4	4	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total ²	Nonagricultural industries										Agriculture	
		Total ³	Construction	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers					Government				
				Total ⁴	Manufacturing		Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade		Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ⁵		
					Total	Durable goods							Non-durable goods
UNEMPLOYED—Continued													
Nebraska	26	24	20	2	3	1	1	1	7	1	7	3	1
Nevada	42	41	37	6	2	1	(⁶)	2	11	2	14	3	(⁶)
New Hampshire	25	24	21	2	4	2	2	1	8	1	5	3	(⁶)
New Jersey	236	231	207	23	43	19	24	17	60	12	53	17	3
New Mexico	59	54	44	10	3	2	(⁶)	2	14	1	13	7	3
New York	493	474	417	55	56	26	30	27	113	23	144	40	8
North Carolina	156	145	132	15	40	15	25	6	36	1	33	11	7
North Dakota	10	9	7	2	1	1	(⁶)	(⁶)	2	(⁶)	2	1	1
Ohio	258	245	217	24	50	30	21	10	69	6	57	18	9
Oklahoma	58	55	47	6	5	3	1	2	19	3	11	5	1
Oregon	98	91	82	8	17	9	9	2	28	2	25	6	4
Pennsylvania	294	281	246	42	49	25	24	9	70	8	67	27	10
Rhode Island	23	22	20	1	6	4	2	1	5	1	6	1	(⁶)
South Carolina	100	98	86	13	21	8	15	6	27	1	18	8	2
South Dakota	12	11	9	1	1	1	(⁶)	1	3	(⁶)	3	1	1
Tennessee	135	130	114	10	23	15	8	7	35	2	37	11	2
Texas	495	460	410	49	62	38	25	19	136	11	129	34	21
Utah	33	30	26	4	4	2	2	1	9	1	8	2	2
Vermont	14	13	11	1	3	2	1	(⁶)	3	(⁶)	4	1	1
Virginia	141	131	116	12	21	14	7	6	35	4	36	11	6
Washington	180	166	141	20	20	12	8	7	47	4	44	19	8
West Virginia	50	48	43	9	5	3	3	2	12	1	11	3	(⁶)
Wisconsin	98	94	84	12	19	14	6	3	23	1	24	8	2
Wyoming	12	12	9	1	1	(⁶)	1	(⁶)	3	(⁶)	2	2	(⁶)
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE													
Alabama	4.6	4.5	5.1	9.0	5.2	5.1	5.3	1.4	6.1	.9	4.6	2.4	6.8
Alaska	7.6	7.4	8.9	18.6	16.7	(⁶)	(⁶)	6.0	7.8	(⁶)	6.8	5.7	(⁶)
Arizona	5.4	4.9	5.3	7.4	3.5	3.6	3.2	5.1	6.5	1.9	5.5	3.4	(⁶)
Arkansas	5.0	4.8	5.5	5.7	5.4	5.2	5.6	3.1	6.5	2.0	5.8	2.5	7.1
California	6.5	6.2	7.0	13.7	6.3	5.3	7.9	6.1	7.4	3.6	6.9	3.8	12.7
Colorado	4.0	4.0	4.4	4.4	4.2	5.2	2.5	4.8	4.8	3.3	4.3	3.2	(⁶)
Connecticut	5.4	5.1	5.8	12.5	4.4	4.7	3.8	5.7	6.8	5.3	5.2	3.0	(⁶)
Delaware	5.0	5.0	5.5	11.8	5.9	12.7	3.2	3.0	6.4	2.7	5.1	2.2	(⁶)
District of Columbia	8.2	8.0	9.9	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	7.2	17.3	4.8	7.5	4.8	(⁶)
Florida	4.8	4.6	5.1	5.8	5.4	4.9	6.1	4.3	6.2	3.3	4.6	2.5	7.5
Georgia	4.1	4.1	4.7	7.1	5.1	4.4	5.6	1.5	5.6	1.7	5.1	2.0	4.5
Hawaii	5.7	5.3	6.1	15.3	6.7	(⁶)	6.0	2.2	7.5	4.9	4.3	3.1	15.1
Idaho	5.0	5.1	6.1	9.7	5.0	4.8	5.3	4.7	5.7	6.1	6.5	2.8	2.5
Illinois	4.9	4.9	5.2	10.7	3.7	4.3	2.8	3.8	6.8	2.8	5.0	3.5	3.5
Indiana	3.7	3.8	4.2	6.5	3.6	3.1	4.9	4.2	5.6	1.4	3.5	1.6	(⁶)
Iowa	3.6	3.8	4.4	8.3	3.8	3.4	4.5	5.1	5.2	1.0	4.1	1.4	.8
Kansas	4.3	4.3	4.8	6.9	4.3	3.1	5.9	2.5	6.1	1.4	4.5	2.5	3.0
Kentucky	4.9	4.9	5.5	10.7	5.1	4.8	5.3	4.4	5.6	3.0	5.3	2.6	(⁶)
Louisiana	6.1	6.1	7.1	10.5	6.9	5.6	7.8	5.1	9.9	3.2	5.6	2.5	(⁶)
Maine	5.0	4.9	5.7	14.8	5.0	4.2	5.9	7.3	6.1	3.6	3.9	2.5	(⁶)
Maryland	4.3	4.3	5.4	5.7	6.3	4.8	8.0	2.7	6.0	1.2	6.1	1.2	(⁶)
Massachusetts	4.1	4.0	4.4	11.4	4.1	3.9	4.5	2.5	5.8	2.9	3.3	2.8	5.3
Michigan	4.5	4.4	4.8	9.1	3.9	3.7	4.8	2.3	5.8	3.0	4.9	2.4	8.8
Minnesota	3.8	3.8	4.3	9.0	4.4	5.0	3.5	1.8	4.2	1.7	4.5	2.4	3.2
Mississippi	5.4	5.3	6.3	9.6	4.8	5.2	4.4	3.1	8.6	7.4	5.5	2.2	12.2
Missouri	4.3	4.4	5.0	10.2	5.2	5.9	4.1	4.1	5.1	2.3	4.3	2.3	2.9
Montana	5.0	5.1	5.8	12.5	8.2	9.3	(⁶)	5.5	5.0	1.9	4.6	5.0	3.1
Nebraska	2.8	2.9	3.2	5.1	2.8	2.4	3.1	1.6	4.3	1.0	3.3	2.0	1.4
Nevada	5.0	5.0	5.4	8.3	4.8	3.9	(⁶)	4.8	7.5	3.5	4.6	3.2	(⁶)
New Hampshire	4.0	4.0	4.3	7.6	2.9	2.5	3.9	3.9	6.2	2.5	3.9	3.2	(⁶)
New Jersey	5.8	5.7	6.3	12.8	7.0	7.3	6.8	5.9	7.2	3.7	4.9	3.2	5.7
New Mexico	7.5	7.2	8.8	17.8	6.9	6.8	(⁶)	4.0	9.6	3.8	8.2	4.4	9.7
New York	5.8	5.7	6.5	15.4	5.1	4.5	5.8	6.1	7.4	3.4	6.2	2.8	6.0
North Carolina	4.1	4.0	4.5	7.1	4.4	3.7	5.0	3.2	5.2	.8	4.6	2.2	6.0
North Dakota	3.0	3.0	3.3	12.1	5.5	5.3	(⁶)	.6	3.1	1.2	2.4	2.4	2.5
Ohio	4.6	4.5	4.9	9.4	4.3	3.8	5.1	3.9	5.7	2.3	4.5	2.5	8.2
Oklahoma	3.7	3.7	4.3	9.0	2.4	2.8	1.9	2.8	5.8	4.5	3.2	2.2	2.0
Oregon	5.7	5.6	6.6	7.9	6.5	5.5	8.2	3.4	7.8	2.5	6.5	2.8	6.3
Pennsylvania	5.0	4.9	5.3	16.2	4.6	4.1	5.3	3.3	6.1	2.4	4.2	4.0	10.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 16. States: Employment status of the experienced¹ civilian labor force by industry, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Employment status and State	Total ²	Nonegricultural industries											Agriculture
		Total ³	Construction	Private nonegricultural wage and salary workers					Government				
				Total ⁴	Manufacturing	Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate		Services ⁵			
											Total	Durable goods	
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE—Continued													
Rhode Island	4.8	4.5	5.0	7.8	5.8	6.3	4.8	3.4	5.7	2.6	4.4	2.3	(⁶)
South Carolina	5.4	5.5	6.1	9.5	5.1	3.1	6.6	7.5	7.4	1.5	5.2	2.8	4.9
South Dakota	3.0	3.2	3.6	8.6	2.4	2.4	2.5	3.8	3.9	.5	3.6	2.3	1.6
Tennessee	4.9	4.9	5.6	8.1	4.2	5.1	3.2	4.1	7.0	1.7	6.4	2.6	2.3
Texas	5.1	5.0	5.8	9.1	5.0	5.4	4.5	3.1	6.9	2.4	6.2	2.4	6.7
Utah	3.3	3.1	3.9	6.3	2.8	1.9	4.1	2.8	4.6	2.1	3.7	1.1	6.8
Vermont	4.4	4.3	4.8	7.8	5.1	4.3	6.8	2.1	5.0	.7	5.0	2.4	5.1
Virginia	4.1	4.0	4.6	6.3	4.8	6.1	3.4	3.9	5.0	2.0	4.6	1.8	7.7
Washington	6.3	6.0	6.7	13.1	5.2	4.6	6.7	5.1	7.3	2.8	6.8	4.4	8.9
West Virginia	6.3	6.1	7.2	19.2	6.1	6.1	6.1	3.4	6.9	2.7	6.3	2.6	(⁶)
Wisconsin	3.4	3.4	3.8	9.0	3.0	3.4	2.4	3.0	4.3	1.0	3.6	2.1	1.5
Wyoming	4.8	4.9	5.8	8.9	7.1	(⁶)	8.7	2.4	6.5	(⁶)	5.3	3.5	2.3

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Includes private household workers, self-employed and unpaid family workers, and mining.

³ Includes self-employed and unpaid family workers and mining.

⁴ Includes mining.

⁵ Excludes private household workers.

⁶ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

⁷ Less than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals or compute to displayed rates because of rounding.

Table 17. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 1996 annual averages

Population group and State	Total employed ¹		Nonagricultural industries											Agriculture
	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Total ²	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government	
				Total ³	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ⁴		
						Total	Durable goods	Non-durable goods						
TOTAL														
Alabama	1,961	100.0	96.8	75.7	4.6	22.6	11.8	10.9	5.0	18.7	4.2	20.1	14.5	2.6
Alaska	291	100.0	97.4	59.0	5.0	3.4	.8	2.6	7.5	16.7	2.9	20.8	26.9	.9
Arizona	2,125	100.0	92.5	72.9	6.5	11.1	8.1	3.0	5.1	20.3	6.7	22.6	13.3	2.1
Arkansas	1,168	100.0	96.0	74.7	4.4	21.4	12.3	9.1	6.2	19.8	4.1	18.6	14.5	3.6
California	14,470	100.0	94.7	71.5	3.9	15.1	9.6	5.5	5.0	18.4	5.6	23.3	13.3	3.5
Colorado	2,013	100.0	97.0	75.2	6.1	11.7	7.2	4.5	6.5	20.4	5.9	24.2	12.6	2.5
Connecticut	1,621	100.0	97.8	79.3	3.6	17.7	12.6	5.1	4.0	17.3	9.1	27.6	11.2	1.1
Delaware	363	100.0	97.3	79.3	4.0	15.2	4.0	11.2	4.9	18.5	10.7	26.0	12.9	1.8
District of Columbia	249	100.0	97.4	61.0	2.2	2.5	.4	2.2	5.1	10.3	5.7	35.2	30.8	.4
Florida	6,586	100.0	96.5	76.6	6.1	8.2	5.0	3.3	6.1	22.8	6.1	27.1	13.6	2.3
Georgia	3,580	100.0	96.9	75.4	4.2	17.8	6.2	9.6	7.8	19.2	5.6	20.6	14.5	2.2
Hawaii	553	100.0	96.6	70.5	5.3	3.9	1.2	2.6	7.9	20.1	5.7	27.7	17.6	3.4
Idaho	587	100.0	92.2	65.5	5.6	14.9	8.7	6.2	4.3	19.9	4.1	16.2	16.6	6.8
Illinois	5,778	100.0	96.8	80.6	4.7	18.7	11.3	7.3	6.6	18.9	6.7	24.8	12.3	1.5
Indiana	2,945	100.0	97.8	81.1	5.2	23.3	17.2	6.1	5.3	20.3	5.5	21.4	10.9	2.3
Iowa	1,539	100.0	91.1	70.7	4.0	16.0	9.3	6.7	3.8	19.3	6.4	21.1	13.1	6.3
Kansas	1,279	100.0	93.7	70.1	4.1	13.6	7.7	5.9	5.0	20.0	4.7	22.2	16.2	5.6
Kentucky	1,762	100.0	97.2	74.8	4.3	17.2	9.8	7.4	5.8	20.1	4.5	21.1	15.9	2.2
Louisiana	1,863	100.0	97.2	73.5	6.2	9.5	4.1	5.5	5.8	18.4	4.6	26.0	16.8	2.1
Maine	635	100.0	96.6	73.4	4.9	16.4	8.6	7.7	4.1	19.1	4.8	24.2	12.1	2.2
Maryland	2,650	100.0	96.2	68.8	5.0	7.8	4.0	3.8	5.0	17.7	6.4	26.9	23.3	1.3
Massachusetts	3,052	100.0	98.3	79.5	4.1	16.6	10.4	6.2	5.1	17.8	6.7	29.3	11.7	1.1
Michigan	4,572	100.0	96.0	80.1	4.0	25.2	20.0	5.2	4.0	20.3	4.1	22.4	11.9	1.6
Minnesota	2,505	100.0	93.9	73.5	4.2	16.1	9.5	6.6	4.2	20.1	6.3	22.2	13.4	5.3
Mississippi	1,185	100.0	97.1	74.3	4.9	21.8	11.9	9.9	5.6	16.7	3.6	20.7	16.5	2.1
Missouri	2,765	100.0	96.0	73.7	5.1	14.5	8.9	5.7	6.8	18.0	5.3	24.0	15.6	3.6
Montana	423	100.0	91.5	60.4	5.1	6.1	4.1	2.0	3.9	20.5	3.6	19.8	17.9	7.8
Nebraska	886	100.0	89.2	68.0	4.0	11.0	5.7	5.3	5.4	18.3	6.4	22.7	14.4	10.0
Nevada	798	100.0	97.4	79.6	7.8	5.1	3.4	1.8	5.8	16.6	5.7	36.5	11.5	1.5
New Hampshire	596	100.0	97.4	76.0	3.7	21.3	14.6	6.7	3.9	20.6	5.4	21.0	12.7	1.7
New Jersey	3,669	100.0	96.3	80.1	4.0	14.8	6.2	8.6	6.9	19.8	8.0	26.5	13.5	1.2
New Mexico	735	100.0	94.8	62.0	6.4	5.5	3.8	1.9	5.3	18.6	4.4	19.5	21.8	3.6
New York	8,100	100.0	96.9	74.0	3.7	12.8	6.7	6.1	5.1	17.4	6.0	26.9	17.1	1.5
North Carolina	3,631	100.0	96.6	76.3	5.5	24.1	11.1	13.0	5.3	17.9	4.4	19.0	13.3	2.8
North Dakota	333	100.0	87.0	64.3	3.4	5.6	3.0	2.6	5.4	21.7	4.0	23.3	15.4	12.1
Ohio	5,365	100.0	97.7	79.2	4.3	21.2	14.1	7.1	4.7	21.2	4.8	22.7	12.7	1.8
Oklahoma	1,513	100.0	94.4	69.9	4.2	12.0	7.1	4.9	5.3	20.0	4.1	22.5	16.3	4.4
Oregon	1,619	100.0	95.2	72.2	5.8	15.2	9.3	6.0	4.2	20.0	4.7	22.1	12.6	4.0
Pennsylvania	5,590	100.0	97.8	79.1	3.9	18.1	10.4	7.7	4.9	19.3	5.8	27.0	11.7	1.6
Rhode Island	470	100.0	97.7	79.4	3.1	20.0	12.9	7.1	4.3	18.8	5.5	27.7	13.4	.8
South Carolina	1,737	100.0	97.5	75.9	7.1	22.1	10.1	12.0	4.2	19.4	4.0	19.0	15.7	2.1
South Dakota	377	100.0	86.3	65.4	4.0	12.8	7.7	5.1	4.0	20.1	5.1	18.8	15.4	11.2
Tennessee	2,609	100.0	97.0	73.7	4.3	20.0	10.8	9.2	5.9	18.0	4.8	20.6	15.1	2.8
Texas	9,200	100.0	95.0	71.8	5.3	12.8	7.2	5.6	6.3	20.0	5.0	21.0	15.2	3.2
Utah	964	100.0	96.5	71.4	6.3	13.6	8.3	5.4	4.6	19.2	5.3	21.1	16.3	2.7
Vermont	310	100.0	95.6	72.2	4.1	16.3	11.0	5.3	4.1	19.8	4.1	23.7	12.2	3.3
Virginia	3,240	100.0	97.6	73.8	5.7	12.8	6.5	6.3	4.5	20.8	5.6	24.3	18.6	2.2
Washington	2,699	100.0	96.1	72.4	4.8	13.3	9.4	4.0	4.7	21.9	5.2	22.1	15.1	2.9
West Virginia	747	100.0	96.8	74.5	5.0	11.0	5.5	5.4	5.9	22.5	4.0	21.8	17.5	1.1
Wisconsin	2,815	100.0	95.1	76.5	4.4	22.1	14.1	8.0	3.9	18.4	5.3	22.5	13.1	4.2
Wyoming	245	100.0	92.4	62.0	5.5	5.2	2.2	3.0	6.2	19.6	3.1	16.1	21.1	6.8
Men														
Alabama	1,045	100.0	96.4	76.7	7.7	28.6	17.6	11.0	7.3	17.1	2.4	12.8	12.1	3.8
Alaska	154	100.0	97.7	61.8	6.4	4.9	1.4	3.4	8.6	16.8	2.2	16.6	23.8	1.1
Arizona	1,166	100.0	92.1	75.3	10.5	13.6	10.5	3.1	5.8	21.1	4.8	18.6	11.0	3.0
Arkansas	617	100.0	95.2	74.8	7.7	26.5	16.6	9.9	6.2	17.4	2.4	11.0	12.3	4.9
California	8,119	100.0	94.2	72.4	6.0	17.8	12.0	5.8	6.2	18.7	4.0	19.4	11.0	5.0
Colorado	1,096	100.0	96.7	76.6	9.9	14.4	9.1	5.3	6.0	20.6	4.2	16.7	11.1	3.3
Connecticut	842	100.0	97.8	79.3	6.5	23.4	17.3	6.1	5.3	17.7	6.9	18.5	10.0	1.8
Delaware	183	100.0	96.7	80.9	7.1	21.2	6.5	14.8	7.2	19.1	7.6	18.7	10.4	2.6
District of Columbia	120	100.0	97.7	64.1	4.3	3.0	.4	2.6	6.6	11.4	6.4	32.4	26.1	.7
Florida	3,533	100.0	96.2	77.0	9.9	10.5	6.9	3.6	6.0	23.1	4.6	20.7	11.6	3.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed ¹		Nonagricultural industries										Agriculture	
	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Total ²	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers								Government		
				Total ³	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate			Services ⁴
						Total	Durable goods	Non- durable goods						
Men—Continued														
Georgia	1,907	100.0	96.7	77.7	7.0	21.7	11.1	10.6	9.9	19.7	4.2	14.9	10.2	3.0
Hawaii	283	100.0	95.6	70.5	6.7	4.6	1.5	3.2	10.4	18.6	4.7	23.4	15.5	4.6
Idaho	327	100.0	91.2	67.1	6.6	19.5	12.1	7.4	5.8	16.3	2.0	11.7	13.7	6.4
Illinois	3,115	100.0	96.5	82.5	7.9	23.9	15.1	6.7	6.6	16.3	5.2	16.1	9.6	2.1
Indiana	1,595	100.0	97.1	81.9	8.5	30.2	23.4	6.8	7.6	16.2	3.1	13.7	6.6	3.0
Iowa	601	100.0	87.3	70.5	6.8	21.1	12.7	8.3	5.4	20.2	4.9	12.0	9.5	12.2
Kansas	666	100.0	91.6	70.6	6.8	18.4	10.8	7.6	6.6	19.3	3.6	15.4	13.4	7.6
Kentucky	935	100.0	97.2	76.6	7.4	22.3	14.0	8.3	8.0	17.7	2.9	15.1	13.6	2.7
Louisiana	991	100.0	96.9	76.1	11.1	13.1	6.7	6.4	6.7	16.4	2.6	19.0	12.6	3.1
Maine	333	100.0	97.1	73.0	6.3	21.9	12.2	9.7	6.4	16.0	2.8	15.5	10.9	2.5
Maryland	1,375	100.0	96.7	71.3	6.5	10.3	6.1	4.2	6.5	19.4	5.0	22.0	20.4	1.6
Massachusetts	1,596	100.0	96.3	79.6	7.0	21.6	14.0	7.7	6.6	16.0	6.0	20.3	10.4	1.4
Michigan	2,454	100.0	96.2	82.6	6.7	34.2	26.2	6.0	5.3	16.2	2.6	15.7	6.1	2.0
Minnesota	1,326	100.0	92.3	73.7	7.3	20.5	12.4	6.1	5.4	19.5	3.9	16.5	10.6	7.1
Mississippi	639	100.0	97.1	76.7	6.4	27.4	16.6	10.7	7.3	16.3	2.4	13.3	12.6	2.6
Missouri	1,416	100.0	94.3	73.5	6.9	19.0	12.6	6.2	9.1	17.5	3.7	15.1	13.5	5.6
Montana	224	100.0	89.4	56.9	6.4	6.6	6.2	2.4	5.1	19.7	1.6	13.4	16.0	10.4
Nebraska	469	100.0	85.5	66.6	7.0	14.0	7.6	6.4	7.4	16.4	5.2	14.5	11.5	13.9
Nevada	446	100.0	97.0	81.1	12.3	6.6	4.9	1.9	6.9	15.4	4.0	32.6	6.9	2.3
New Hampshire	320	100.0	97.1	76.0	6.4	26.2	16.3	6.0	4.5	20.6	4.0	14.1	10.7	2.3
New Jersey	2,063	100.0	96.6	80.6	7.0	17.9	6.5	9.4	6.9	19.9	6.9	19.6	12.6	1.3
New Mexico	430	100.0	93.9	63.5	11.0	6.6	4.6	2.0	6.6	17.4	2.6	15.0	16.1	5.1
New York	4,320	100.0	97.3	75.2	6.4	15.1	6.9	6.3	6.6	19.2	7.2	20.5	15.4	1.9
North Carolina	1,609	100.0	95.7	76.1	6.5	26.4	13.6	12.6	7.5	16.0	3.0	13.4	9.2	4.2
North Dakota	175	100.0	81.4	61.0	6.9	7.7	4.5	3.2	6.1	23.3	2.6	11.9	12.6	16.1
Ohio	2,666	100.0	97.6	81.4	6.9	29.1	20.2	6.9	6.5	16.6	3.5	15.9	10.1	2.3
Oklahoma	616	100.0	93.6	70.6	7.3	14.7	9.5	5.2	7.2	19.9	2.9	16.1	14.2	6.1
Oregon	679	100.0	94.6	72.6	6.2	20.0	13.5	6.5	5.2	19.2	2.6	16.1	10.3	4.9
Pennsylvania	2,966	100.0	97.6	79.2	6.6	24.0	14.9	9.1	6.9	16.3	3.9	19.0	10.3	2.1
Rhode Island	246	100.0	97.7	76.6	5.2	23.6	14.9	6.9	6.6	19.9	4.4	16.7	13.0	1.1
South Carolina	630	100.0	97.3	76.9	12.1	25.7	12.9	12.7	5.6	17.7	3.4	14.2	12.0	2.6
South Dakota	200	100.0	84.5	62.6	6.6	15.6	9.6	6.2	5.2	19.0	3.6	11.5	13.7	15.2
Tennessee	1,379	100.0	96.3	74.3	7.5	24.9	15.0	9.9	6.0	16.6	3.2	14.0	11.6	3.9
Texas	5,119	100.0	94.4	73.6	6.6	16.5	9.4	7.0	6.0	19.4	3.4	15.6	11.7	4.7
Utah	539	100.0	95.6	73.4	10.0	16.4	10.5	5.9	5.6	16.6	3.7	17.1	15.2	3.7
Vermont	159	100.0	95.2	71.4	7.4	20.3	15.0	5.3	5.6	19.2	2.3	16.3	10.2	4.2
Virginia	1,694	100.0	96.6	73.6	6.5	16.6	9.3	7.5	5.7	19.6	3.4	16.6	16.3	3.5
Washington	1,475	100.0	95.7	74.4	6.1	17.9	13.4	4.5	6.2	21.2	3.3	17.1	12.9	3.1
West Virginia	401	100.0	96.9	76.1	6.9	15.6	6.7	7.0	6.4	20.7	2.1	15.0	13.6	1.6
Wisconsin	1,461	100.0	93.6	76.3	7.4	26.5	20.1	9.4	5.4	16.7	2.6	14.3	11.2	5.6
Wyoming	132	100.0	91.7	64.5	6.6	6.6	3.0	3.7	9.5	17.0	2.1	10.2	16.5	6.2
Women														
Alabama	636	100.0	97.4	74.5	1.0	16.0	5.3	10.7	2.4	20.5	6.3	26.1	17.2	1.3
Alaska	137	100.0	97.0	55.6	1.3	1.6	.2	1.6	4.2	16.5	3.7	25.5	30.4	.6
Arizona	956	100.0	93.1	69.9	1.6	6.1	5.2	2.6	4.1	19.3	6.1	27.6	16.1	.9
Arkansas	550	100.0	96.6	74.6	.7	15.6	7.4	6.2	2.7	22.5	5.9	27.1	17.0	2.1
California	6,351	100.0	95.4	70.4	1.1	11.6	6.5	5.2	3.5	16.0	7.6	26.3	16.2	1.7
Colorado	617	100.0	97.4	73.6	1.5	6.5	4.9	3.6	4.7	20.1	7.6	30.7	14.5	1.6
Connecticut	779	100.0	97.6	80.4	.5	11.5	7.5	4.0	2.6	16.6	11.6	37.4	12.6	.4
Delaware	160	100.0	97.6	77.7	.6	9.0	1.5	7.5	2.5	17.9	14.0	33.5	15.4	.9
District of Columbia	129	100.0	97.1	56.1	.3	2.1	.4	1.6	3.6	9.2	5.1	37.6	33.4	.2
Florida	3,053	100.0	96.9	76.0	1.6	5.6	2.7	2.6	4.0	22.5	7.6	34.6	16.1	1.1
Georgia	1,673	100.0	97.2	72.7	1.0	13.4	4.9	6.5	5.4	16.6	7.3	27.1	19.3	1.3
Hawaii	270	100.0	97.7	70.5	1.7	3.0	.9	2.1	5.2	21.6	6.6	32.2	19.7	2.2
Idaho	260	100.0	93.5	63.6	1.6	9.0	4.4	4.7	2.4	22.0	6.7	21.6	20.6	4.6
Illinois	2,663	100.0	96.1	76.5	1.0	12.7	6.9	5.7	4.1	19.7	6.5	32.7	15.4	.6
Indiana	1,351	100.0	96.3	80.2	1.2	15.2	10.0	5.3	2.3	22.6	6.3	30.4	13.3	1.5
Iowa	736	100.0	95.2	71.0	.9	10.5	5.5	5.0	2.1	16.3	6.1	31.0	16.9	4.0
Kansas	591	100.0	96.0	69.5	.9	6.0	4.1	4.0	3.3	20.9	5.9	30.2	19.5	2.9
Kentucky	627	100.0	97.2	72.6	.9	11.5	5.1	6.4	3.3	22.6	6.2	26.0	16.5	1.6
Louisiana	672	100.0	97.5	70.4	.6	5.5	1.0	4.4	2.5	20.6	6.9	34.0	21.4	1.0
Maine	302	100.0	96.1	73.9	1.2	10.3	4.7	5.6	1.5	20.3	6.9	33.7	13.5	2.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed ¹		Nonagricultural industries											Agriculture
	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Total ²	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government	
				Total ³	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ⁴		
						Total	Durable goods	Non- durable goods						
Women—Continued														
Maryland	1,275	100.0	97.7	65.8	1.3	5.0	1.6	3.4	3.5	15.9	7.9	32.3	26.4	0.9
Massachusetts	1,456	100.0	98.2	79.2	.8	10.9	6.4	4.5	3.5	17.5	7.4	39.1	13.2	.7
Michigan	2,118	100.0	97.9	76.9	.8	14.8	10.5	4.3	2.6	22.6	5.9	30.1	15.2	1.2
Minnesota	1,179	100.0	95.6	73.3	.8	11.2	6.3	4.9	2.8	20.8	9.0	28.7	16.3	3.3
Mississippi	545	100.0	97.1	71.4	.8	15.2	6.2	9.0	3.6	17.2	5.0	29.4	21.1	1.5
Missouri	1,347	100.0	97.8	74.0	1.2	9.9	4.8	5.1	4.3	18.5	6.9	33.3	17.8	1.6
Montana	199	100.0	93.9	62.2	1.4	3.3	1.7	1.6	2.7	21.5	5.8	27.1	20.1	4.9
Nebraska	417	100.0	93.4	69.3	.6	7.7	3.6	4.1	3.1	18.1	7.9	31.9	17.7	5.6
Nevada	350	100.0	97.9	77.8	2.1	3.0	1.4	1.6	4.3	18.2	8.0	41.5	14.8	.6
New Hampshire	278	100.0	97.8	76.1	.6	15.7	10.4	5.3	3.1	20.6	7.1	29.0	15.1	.8
New Jersey	1,786	100.0	97.9	79.5	.6	11.2	3.6	7.6	4.6	19.5	9.2	34.3	14.5	1.0
New Mexico	335	100.0	95.8	60.4	1.0	3.8	2.1	1.7	3.5	19.9	6.3	24.9	25.0	1.6
New York	3,760	100.0	96.3	72.7	.6	10.2	4.3	6.0	3.3	15.3	8.8	34.3	19.0	.9
North Carolina	1,692	100.0	97.7	74.4	.9	21.5	8.3	13.2	2.8	17.8	6.0	25.4	18.0	1.2
North Dakota	158	100.0	93.3	68.0	.7	3.3	1.4	2.0	2.4	20.0	5.3	36.0	18.5	5.5
Ohio	2,479	100.0	97.8	76.6	1.3	11.9	6.9	5.0	2.6	23.9	6.3	30.5	15.7	1.2
Oklahoma	696	100.0	95.3	69.2	.6	8.8	4.3	4.6	3.1	20.2	5.6	30.0	18.8	2.5
Oregon	741	100.0	95.8	71.8	1.8	9.6	4.2	5.3	3.1	21.0	7.1	29.2	15.3	2.9
Pennsylvania	2,602	100.0	97.7	79.1	.7	11.4	5.4	6.0	2.7	20.5	7.5	36.2	13.2	1.0
Rhode Island	224	100.0	97.7	80.0	.7	15.9	10.8	5.0	1.7	17.5	6.7	37.5	13.9	.3
South Carolina	807	100.0	97.9	72.4	1.4	18.1	6.9	11.2	2.5	21.3	4.7	24.4	20.0	1.2
South Dakota	177	100.0	92.6	68.4	1.0	9.5	5.6	3.9	2.6	21.3	6.7	27.1	17.3	6.6
Tennessee	1,230	100.0	97.8	73.0	.8	14.6	6.0	8.6	3.7	19.4	6.6	28.0	18.8	1.6
Texas	4,080	100.0	95.7	69.3	1.2	8.2	4.3	3.9	4.1	20.7	7.0	27.5	19.6	1.4
Utah	425	100.0	97.4	68.8	1.7	10.2	5.6	4.6	3.2	19.9	7.4	26.1	22.3	1.5
Vermont	150	100.0	96.1	73.1	.7	12.0	6.8	5.2	2.4	20.4	6.1	31.5	14.3	2.4
Virginia	1,546	100.0	98.4	73.9	1.5	8.3	3.4	4.9	3.2	22.1	8.1	30.5	21.0	.8
Washington	1,224	100.0	96.6	70.0	1.0	7.8	4.6	3.3	3.0	22.7	7.4	28.1	17.9	1.6
West Virginia	346	100.0	96.7	70.4	.5	5.4	1.9	3.6	3.1	24.6	6.3	29.7	21.9	.5
Wisconsin	1,333	100.0	96.5	76.8	1.0	13.9	7.5	6.4	2.2	20.2	8.0	31.6	15.1	2.5
Wyoming	113	100.0	93.2	59.1	1.9	3.4	1.2	2.2	2.4	22.6	4.4	23.0	24.2	5.1
White														
Alabama	1,469	100.0	96.8	76.0	4.9	21.3	11.8	9.5	5.2	18.8	4.8	20.5	12.9	3.0
Alaska	250	100.0	97.4	60.7	5.1	3.7	.9	2.8	7.9	17.0	3.0	21.3	24.4	1.0
Arizona	1,942	100.0	92.5	73.3	6.5	10.9	8.1	2.9	5.0	20.5	6.9	22.9	12.8	2.2
Arkansas	993	100.0	96.0	74.4	4.7	20.2	12.0	8.1	6.3	20.6	4.6	17.8	14.0	3.8
California	11,650	100.0	94.2	71.0	4.4	14.6	9.0	5.7	4.9	18.5	5.4	23.0	12.7	4.0
Colorado	1,681	100.0	96.8	75.1	6.4	11.4	7.1	4.4	6.2	20.2	5.9	24.4	12.3	2.7
Connecticut	1,436	100.0	97.8	78.9	4.0	18.0	12.6	5.4	4.0	17.1	9.2	26.5	11.1	1.3
Delaware	285	100.0	97.0	80.3	4.6	15.4	4.1	11.3	5.1	20.0	9.5	25.8	11.1	2.1
District of Columbia	97	100.0	97.4	64.7	1.0	3.4	.4	3.0	4.6	6.9	7.4	41.4	25.5	.5
Florida	5,537	100.0	96.7	77.5	6.2	8.3	5.2	3.1	6.1	23.2	6.5	27.0	12.3	2.3
Georgia	2,551	100.0	96.5	75.8	4.6	16.7	8.2	6.5	8.1	19.3	6.5	20.5	12.9	2.8
Hawaii	167	100.0	95.6	65.4	6.0	4.6	1.4	3.1	7.6	14.4	6.3	26.4	15.9	4.1
Idaho	575	100.0	92.1	65.3	5.7	14.8	8.6	6.2	4.2	19.8	4.2	16.1	17.0	7.0
Illinois	4,933	100.0	98.6	81.4	5.3	19.3	11.7	7.6	6.3	19.3	6.7	24.2	11.3	1.7
Indiana	2,730	100.0	97.4	80.7	5.4	23.3	17.2	6.1	5.1	20.6	5.2	20.8	10.8	2.5
Iowa	1,486	100.0	90.8	70.5	4.1	15.3	9.0	6.3	3.9	19.6	6.5	21.0	12.8	6.6
Kansas	1,165	100.0	93.2	69.7	4.3	13.4	7.6	5.8	4.9	19.4	4.7	22.5	15.9	6.1
Kentucky	1,621	100.0	97.1	75.0	4.6	16.7	9.8	6.9	5.9	20.5	4.6	20.7	15.4	2.4
Louisiana	1,384	100.0	96.9	73.8	6.7	9.2	4.1	5.2	6.1	17.8	5.3	25.1	15.1	2.7
Maine	624	100.0	96.6	73.3	5.0	16.5	8.7	7.8	4.1	19.0	4.8	23.8	12.3	2.2
Maryland	1,902	100.0	98.0	89.3	6.0	7.7	4.6	3.1	5.0	18.4	6.5	25.6	21.4	1.7
Massachusetts	2,615	100.0	98.2	79.4	4.1	16.5	10.3	6.2	5.2	18.2	6.7	28.8	11.5	1.1
Michigan	3,679	100.0	97.9	80.2	4.4	25.2	19.7	5.5	4.0	20.6	4.3	21.7	11.1	1.9
Minnesota	2,400	100.0	93.6	73.2	4.3	16.1	9.6	6.5	4.2	20.0	6.4	21.8	13.3	5.5
Mississippi	617	100.0	97.0	74.7	5.4	17.4	10.1	7.3	5.9	18.0	4.8	22.4	15.4	2.4
Missouri	2,477	100.0	95.6	74.0	5.5	14.7	9.0	5.7	6.6	18.4	5.3	23.5	14.5	4.1
Montana	399	100.0	91.4	61.4	5.1	6.2	4.1	2.1	4.1	21.0	3.6	20.1	18.4	8.0
Nebraska	646	100.0	88.8	67.3	4.1	10.5	5.6	4.9	5.6	18.4	6.3	22.1	14.5	10.4
Nevada	710	100.0	97.4	79.4	8.1	5.3	3.6	1.7	5.8	17.2	5.9	34.5	11.5	1.6
New Hampshire	589	100.0	97.4	75.9	3.8	21.1	14.4	6.7	3.9	20.0	5.4	21.0	12.8	1.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed ¹		Nonagricultural industries											Agriculture
	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Total ²	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government	
				Total ³	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ⁴		
						Total	Durable goods	Non- durable goods						
White—Continued														
New Jersey	3,226	100.0	96.2	80.0	4.5	14.8	6.1	8.7	6.7	20.7	8.4	24.8	13.4	1.3
New Mexico	673	100.0	94.7	62.2	8.2	5.5	3.5	2.0	5.2	18.8	4.6	19.6	21.3	3.7
New York	6,527	100.0	96.7	74.1	4.0	13.4	7.4	6.0	4.9	18.0	7.9	25.8	16.5	1.8
North Carolina	2,863	100.0	96.3	75.9	5.7	22.8	11.2	11.6	5.3	18.5	4.7	18.9	12.4	3.3
North Dakota	325	100.0	96.8	64.6	3.4	5.4	2.8	2.6	5.5	21.9	4.0	23.6	14.8	12.3
Ohio	4,778	100.0	97.5	79.6	4.5	21.5	14.3	7.2	4.6	21.7	4.9	21.9	11.8	2.0
Oklahoma	1,297	100.0	93.9	70.2	4.3	12.0	7.0	5.0	5.4	19.7	4.3	22.8	15.3	4.9
Oregon	1,523	100.0	94.9	71.9	5.9	14.9	9.0	5.9	4.3	19.6	4.8	22.3	12.6	4.2
Pennsylvania	5,063	100.0	97.7	76.9	4.1	18.6	11.0	7.5	4.9	19.7	5.5	25.9	11.5	1.7
Rhode Island	434	100.0	97.6	76.7	3.3	18.9	12.5	6.4	4.4	18.8	5.8	27.6	13.7	.8
South Carolina	1,264	100.0	97.7	76.4	8.3	19.1	9.5	9.7	3.9	20.2	4.9	19.8	14.1	2.1
South Dakota	358	100.0	87.8	65.7	4.0	12.7	7.9	4.9	4.0	20.4	5.2	18.7	14.5	11.7
Tennessee	2,120	100.0	96.5	74.6	5.1	20.9	11.5	9.4	5.2	18.3	4.9	20.1	12.6	3.3
Texas	7,869	100.0	94.5	71.3	5.7	12.7	7.0	5.7	6.0	19.8	5.2	20.5	14.8	3.7
Utah	931	100.0	96.4	71.2	6.2	13.6	8.3	5.3	4.6	19.0	5.4	21.3	18.3	2.8
Vermont	305	100.0	95.6	72.1	4.2	16.1	10.9	5.2	4.2	19.5	4.2	23.8	12.3	3.4
Virginia	2,485	100.0	97.2	74.7	6.1	12.5	6.4	6.1	4.2	21.5	6.3	24.0	16.9	2.7
Washington	2,457	100.0	95.9	72.7	5.1	13.4	9.4	3.9	4.8	21.8	5.2	22.0	14.6	3.1
West Virginia	724	100.0	96.8	74.4	5.2	10.8	5.5	5.3	6.0	22.5	4.1	21.6	17.5	1.1
Wisconsin	2,862	100.0	95.0	76.7	4.4	22.2	14.1	8.1	4.0	18.6	5.4	22.0	12.6	4.4
Wyoming	238	100.0	92.2	61.6	5.5	5.2	2.1	3.1	6.1	19.4	3.2	16.0	21.3	6.9
Black														
Alabama	495	100.0	96.8	74.8	3.7	26.7	12.0	14.7	4.5	18.1	2.8	18.8	19.3	1.5
Arizona	77	100.0	95.1	69.2	4.2	7.7	4.1	3.5	10.0	17.3	4.1	26.0	21.3	.3
Arkansas	158	100.0	96.0	76.5	2.7	27.7	13.5	14.2	5.6	15.4	.9	23.9	17.6	2.6
California	824	100.0	97.9	66.1	1.4	9.4	7.0	2.5	7.1	14.3	6.5	29.4	23.2	.6
Colorado	71	100.0	100.1	76.7	1.7	11.0	6.1	4.9	13.0	19.9	8.0	23.3	(⁵)	—
Connecticut	158	100.0	96.1	80.8	.7	10.0	8.0	2.0	4.2	20.3	7.2	36.4	13.9	(⁵)
Delaware	69	100.0	98.6	74.6	1.2	14.2	3.3	10.9	4.5	11.4	16.0	27.2	20.5	.4
District of Columbia	147	100.0	97.5	56.5	3.1	2.0	.4	1.6	5.4	12.5	4.7	30.8	34.7	.3
Florida	928	100.0	95.4	69.9	5.3	7.3	3.3	3.9	6.6	19.7	4.2	26.7	22.3	2.5
Georgia	969	100.0	96.2	73.6	3.3	21.0	8.0	12.9	7.1	18.4	3.4	20.3	19.2	.5
Illinois	677	100.0	99.7	76.3	1.8	13.9	8.2	5.7	9.7	16.6	6.7	27.6	19.5	.4
Indiana	176	100.0	100.0	84.8	2.5	21.9	16.0	6.0	7.8	14.4	9.4	26.8	13.1	.2
Iowa	29	100.0	99.8	73.4	.2	30.3	17.9	12.4	1.7	8.1	2.8	30.3	20.9	(⁵)
Kansas	76	100.0	99.4	76.0	1.0	14.4	7.3	7.1	8.1	29.2	4.1	19.3	(⁵)	—
Kentucky	124	100.0	98.5	71.5	.8	23.9	10.4	13.5	3.9	15.6	3.4	23.9	24.1	.2
Louisiana	461	100.0	97.9	73.5	5.0	10.6	4.0	6.6	4.8	20.5	2.7	28.6	21.3	.4
Maryland	649	100.0	98.5	66.2	2.1	8.8	2.2	6.4	5.6	15.9	5.8	28.1	29.8	.3
Massachusetts	153	100.0	98.5	76.7	5.2	11.4	6.0	5.4	5.7	11.5	6.2	38.6	15.6	.2
Michigan	486	100.0	99.4	78.4	1.9	25.4	22.4	3.0	4.5	18.3	3.8	24.7	19.1	.2
Mississippi	356	100.0	97.3	73.7	3.8	32.6	16.4	16.2	5.1	13.8	1.5	16.5	19.1	1.4
Missouri	258	100.0	99.2	70.6	1.0	12.4	8.2	4.2	9.2	14.3	5.4	26.3	26.0	.8
Nebraska	21	100.0	99.5	85.4	1.2	16.5	4.6	11.9	1.1	13.9	12.5	40.3	(⁵)	—
Nevada	41	100.0	96.7	80.8	5.5	4.5	1.2	3.3	6.0	15.7	4.1	44.9	14.6	2.3
New Jersey	454	100.0	96.7	77.0	1.4	13.6	6.9	6.7	6.9	13.0	6.2	33.8	18.0	.4
New York	1,115	100.0	97.1	71.0	2.8	8.8	4.0	4.8	5.8	12.3	7.7	33.8	23.3	.3
North Carolina	649	100.0	97.8	76.9	4.7	26.6	10.7	17.9	5.9	14.4	3.6	19.4	17.9	1.2
Ohio	514	100.0	96.8	75.6	2.6	17.6	12.4	5.4	5.7	17.2	4.2	27.9	20.4	.1
Oklahoma	108	100.0	96.0	67.0	1.2	10.1	6.3	3.8	4.2	25.9	2.7	22.2	25.0	.3
Pennsylvania	434	100.0	97.9	81.1	2.2	10.4	4.3	6.2	5.9	15.3	7.5	39.7	14.5	.4
Rhode Island	28	100.0	96.4	68.0	.5	34.8	19.8	15.0	4.6	15.6	2.2	30.2	9.3	.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. States: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and industry, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total employed ¹		Nonagricultural industries											Agriculture
	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Total ²	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government	
				Total ³	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ⁴		
						Total	Durable goods	Non- durable goods						
Black—Continued														
South Carolina	436	100.0	97.4	74.3	4.1	30.3	11.9	18.5	4.9	17.0	1.7	16.3	20.2	1.8
Tennessee	484	100.0	99.3	69.1	.8	18.8	7.8	9.0	8.8	15.8	4.4	22.8	26.9	.5
Texas	989	100.0	97.5	73.6	3.2	11.4	6.2	5.2	9.3	20.8	4.3	24.1	20.3	.1
Virginia	651	100.0	98.4	69.8	4.4	15.4	7.8	7.7	5.7	15.8	3.3	24.9	25.2	1.0
Wisconsin	100	100.0	98.4	76.7	2.8	15.5	11.7	3.9	4.7	11.3	3.8	38.6	19.0	.3
Hispanic origin														
Arizona	484	100.0	88.5	69.8	9.6	11.6	7.9	3.7	3.6	22.3	2.8	19.1	14.9	5.3
California	3,746	100.0	88.1	73.2	4.6	19.4	10.7	8.7	4.8	20.0	4.2	20.4	9.7	8.6
Colorado	207	100.0	95.8	78.4	10.0	19.5	8.8	10.9	7.2	22.2	2.9	18.3	13.5	3.5
Connecticut	80	100.0	97.4	81.0	.6	29.4	21.8	7.8	4.2	12.4	2.2	32.2	12.0	.9
Delaware	11	100.0	94.0	84.6	1.6	16.3	6.7	9.6	3.1	28.9	8.0	26.7	9.4	5.5
District of Columbia	13	100.0	96.1	80.1	1.5	2.5	(⁵)	2.5	1.7	27.3	8.2	38.8	15.9	.1
Florida	1,057	100.0	95.9	81.4	8.4	11.3	5.7	5.5	7.4	24.1	6.7	25.4	8.4	2.8
Georgia	75	100.0	82.8	72.2	8.8	14.4	7.3	7.1	7.4	28.0	3.8	12.0	4.8	13.4
Hawaii	15	100.0	94.8	86.2	10.4	5.0	(⁵)	5.0	8.4	18.7	7.5	22.1	14.3	9.9
Idaho	36	100.0	82.9	66.2	6.5	24.4	7.8	16.8	8.1	18.7	.8	13.7	11.2	15.3
Illinois	452	100.0	99.0	90.3	4.9	34.2	20.9	13.3	4.7	20.3	5.0	21.2	6.3	1.1
Kansas	47	100.0	95.9	78.0	5.0	19.5	10.6	8.9	5.8	14.8	5.9	27.4	13.1	2.6
Maryland	93	100.0	92.0	70.4	10.7	3.0	2.1	1.0	3.3	30.8	1.4	21.3	19.7	1.7
Massachusetts	104	100.0	98.0	82.9	2.9	24.7	10.4	14.3	4.1	17.8	8.3	27.2	9.1	.7
Michigan	82	100.0	98.3	84.3	3.8	30.5	23.5	7.0	2.3	25.1	2.7	20.0	12.9	.9
Nebraska	26	100.0	95.6	82.3	5.1	29.0	4.4	24.5	7.1	15.8	7.5	17.9	10.4	3.7
Nevada	152	100.0	91.7	84.7	11.0	6.0	3.8	2.4	3.0	15.3	5.3	43.2	4.4	8.1
New Jersey	382	100.0	98.3	88.1	3.7	24.1	9.9	14.2	6.2	24.9	6.1	23.2	7.8	.4
New Mexico	264	100.0	93.2	83.1	9.3	5.8	3.5	2.3	3.4	21.6	3.3	17.5	22.6	4.1
New York	909	100.0	96.1	80.1	3.0	15.7	4.9	10.8	4.0	22.0	7.7	27.7	12.3	1.1
North Carolina	88	100.0	86.9	81.9	17.7	35.8	7.0	28.8	1.6	16.2	1.6	8.9	2.2	12.4
Ohio	58	100.0	97.8	82.5	3.4	29.0	24.4	4.6	6.2	20.0	6.5	17.4	13.1	1.6
Oklahoma	33	100.0	91.9	73.7	4.8	11.5	5.7	5.8	(⁵)	24.4	2.2	28.4	9.3	7.5
Oregon	103	100.0	83.1	77.0	3.8	26.5	7.0	19.5	3.0	22.5	3.1	17.5	1.9	15.4
Pennsylvania	100	100.0	96.7	82.5	.7	33.3	14.7	18.6	3.8	18.8	6.9	18.2	5.9	3.3
Rhode Island	22	100.0	97.8	92.3	.8	55.0	35.7	19.4	1.0	10.9	1.9	22.9	3.3	.9
Texas	2,472	100.0	93.0	72.0	7.9	13.3	5.9	7.4	4.6	22.7	3.4	19.3	15.2	4.2
Utah	80	100.0	97.1	80.0	8.6	32.3	15.7	16.5	1.5	20.4	3.8	12.8	14.8	2.0
Virginia	101	100.0	91.6	81.1	8.5	7.7	2.3	5.4	2.8	27.8	4.5	29.6	9.0	4.8
Washington	97	100.0	85.4	74.2	.8	12.3	7.8	4.5	2.9	31.5	3.0	23.4	10.8	11.0
Wyoming	11	100.0	93.2	77.9	8.1	9.9	4.2	5.8	9.4	21.0	3.7	19.5	13.6	6.8

¹ Includes private household workers, self-employed and unpaid family workers, and mining.

² Includes self-employed and unpaid family workers and mining.

³ Includes mining.

⁴ Excludes private household workers.

⁵ Less than 500 persons employed or less than 0.05 percent of total employed.

- Data not available.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals or compute to displayed percentages because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 18. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work							
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over				
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over
TOTAL									
Alabama	1,897	83	225	153	1,435	113	733	219	371
Alaska	272	18	33	23	187	26	79	29	63
Arizona	2,034	87	257	174	1,518	127	753	220	416
Arkansas	1,118	52	137	83	846	71	427	125	223
California	13,874	617	1,796	1,111	10,350	854	5,420	1,472	2,803
Colorado	1,932	103	240	144	1,445	133	586	262	465
Connecticut	1,546	79	228	136	1,102	148	480	186	309
Delaware	343	18	42	28	255	32	126	36	61
District of Columbia	233	15	25	19	174	14	96	21	44
Florida	6,317	258	763	429	4,868	426	2,533	651	1,258
Georgia	3,443	127	356	226	2,734	203	1,447	400	684
Hawaii	528	30	77	45	375	27	223	37	68
Idaho	562	45	72	42	404	39	168	64	133
Illinois	5,532	278	890	399	4,155	383	2,040	638	1,104
Indiana	2,805	149	335	213	2,108	181	923	267	607
Iowa	1,467	100	204	119	1,043	104	406	200	333
Kansas	1,232	70	169	93	901	79	385	157	280
Kentucky	1,696	78	215	131	1,232	149	547	202	324
Louisiana	1,780	78	202	126	1,376	123	701	177	375
Maine	603	39	86	52	426	55	167	84	119
Maryland	2,492	160	318	202	1,809	161	873	262	514
Massachusetts	2,909	180	401	248	2,100	221	994	315	571
Michigan	4,334	248	566	336	3,186	263	1,397	567	959
Minnesota	2,404	167	320	194	1,723	178	858	349	539
Mississippi	1,136	45	122	61	808	63	526	114	204
Missouri	2,643	153	326	207	1,956	187	862	341	545
Montana	402	31	57	34	280	24	122	45	89
Nebraska	852	58	105	64	625	55	239	110	221
Nevada	786	23	72	52	618	37	261	87	134
New Hampshire	587	30	74	47	418	45	186	89	118
New Jersey	3,880	183	496	281	2,719	342	1,367	352	658
New Mexico	898	38	92	63	604	47	250	73	135
New York	7,694	376	1,047	539	5,732	914	2,779	729	1,310
North Carolina	3,464	180	421	269	2,594	252	1,262	434	627
North Dakota	319	22	44	26	227	21	89	34	63
Ohio	5,090	278	679	386	3,747	322	1,721	648	1,057
Oklahoma	1,455	79	176	111	1,086	92	537	163	296
Oregon	1,547	103	208	126	1,111	114	488	182	317
Pennsylvania	5,285	338	789	428	3,729	439	1,720	606	962
Rhode Island	444	27	64	48	308	35	152	49	73
South Carolina	1,671	64	180	119	1,308	122	704	196	264
South Dakota	362	26	52	26	258	25	93	50	62
Tennessee	2,483	124	308	188	1,862	180	870	311	501
Texas	8,839	392	977	612	6,856	578	3,221	1,069	1,991
Utah	923	60	134	74	655	50	305	112	188
Vermont	294	18	43	25	207	22	83	40	62
Virginia	3,070	207	399	272	2,193	201	1,010	388	613
Washington	2,582	178	337	228	1,841	160	867	325	489
West Virginia	700	39	101	62	498	57	241	76	125
Wisconsin	2,700	179	371	200	1,951	186	782	296	588
Wyoming	234	18	29	17	172	14	76	26	56
Men									
Alabama	1,009	29	88	59	832	42	384	131	274
Alaska	144	7	12	10	115	12	42	18	44
Arizona	1,132	33	104	62	913	54	435	135	289
Arkansas	582	20	50	31	490	25	221	79	164
California	7,860	248	756	525	6,330	391	3,175	891	1,872
Colorado	1,061	35	97	62	867	54	518	157	337
Connecticut	609	25	78	51	456	54	267	103	232
Delaware	175	8	18	11	142	11	66	23	42
District of Columbia	113	7	11	8	87	4	47	11	24
Florida	3,418	107	304	187	2,819	188	1,361	387	602
Georgia	1,896	53	131	97	1,575	86	781	232	503
Hawaii	273	14	26	21	212	13	123	19	58
Idaho	318	18	28	18	255	18	98	38	101
Illinois	3,006	97	239	167	2,503	137	1,154	387	615
Indiana	1,539	53	127	76	1,283	67	508	250	457
Iowa	772	38	71	40	624	40	250	118	257
Kansas	667	25	66	37	539	29	256	91	210
Kentucky	890	26	85	49	731	56	299	125	251
Louisiana	955	31	89	50	805	35	358	112	299

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Thousands		Hours of work							
Population group and State		Total at work	1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over			
						Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over
Men—Continued									
Maine	319	14	32	22	251	21	89	53	89
Maryland	1,309	51	126	87	1,045	69	460	155	361
Massachusetts	1,533	51	127	94	1,262	75	570	193	424
Michigan	2,350	62	162	135	1,942	95	752	353	742
Minnesota	1,280	57	108	78	1,038	71	367	212	388
Mississippi	619	19	49	35	515	23	261	74	157
Missouri	1,370	63	103	78	1,126	74	452	206	394
Montana	214	12	21	14	168	10	66	27	65
Nebraska	456	19	41	24	373	17	127	64	165
Nevada	434	9	27	23	375	13	202	54	106
New Hampshire	306	11	26	16	252	17	92	55	87
New Jersey	2,001	63	178	127	1,633	126	780	229	496
New Mexico	383	15	35	30	303	21	143	43	97
New York	4,142	137	378	221	3,407	345	1,624	467	971
North Carolina	1,866	63	177	126	1,501	105	673	252	471
North Dakota	169	8	15	9	137	7	45	20	66
Ohio	2,796	95	229	155	2,267	118	972	401	796
Oklahoma	791	30	67	47	647	36	293	97	221
Oregon	847	31	72	57	686	49	278	124	237
Pennsylvania	2,861	110	296	186	2,269	161	982	396	729
Rhode Island	234	10	21	16	184	16	84	31	53
South Carolina	905	20	67	45	773	45	393	128	257
South Dakota	194	9	19	9	157	9	46	32	70
Tennessee	1,323	43	131	85	1,064	75	446	184	358
Texas	4,966	149	386	278	4,156	258	1,787	634	1,477
Utah	521	24	53	32	412	22	174	71	144
Vermont	152	6	14	8	123	9	46	24	45
Virginia	1,620	60	151	114	1,285	78	516	221	449
Washington	1,419	56	121	96	1,146	63	518	208	357
West Virginia	382	15	35	23	309	20	140	50	99
Wisconsin	1,433	61	122	75	1,174	67	429	248	431
Wyoming	127	5	10	6	106	5	44	15	42
Women									
Alabama	688	54	137	94	603	70	349	88	96
Alaska	127	12	25	14	81	14	37	11	19
Arizona	952	54	153	92	603	73	318	85	127
Arkansas	526	32	87	52	356	46	206	45	58
California	6,015	389	1,040	586	4,020	483	2,245	581	731
Colorado	672	68	143	82	579	79	267	106	127
Connecticut	737	54	152	84	446	94	213	63	77
Delaware	168	12	27	17	113	21	59	14	19
District of Columbia	120	8	14	11	87	9	48	10	20
Florida	2,900	151	458	241	2,049	257	1,172	264	358
Georgia	1,587	74	225	129	1,159	115	695	187	181
Hawaii	255	17	51	34	164	15	99	18	32
Idaho	248	26	44	24	149	22	70	25	32
Illinois	2,526	191	451	232	1,862	246	967	241	289
Indiana	1,266	96	258	137	825	114	414	147	150
Iowa	695	64	133	78	419	64	196	82	77
Kansas	585	45	99	56	385	50	179	66	70
Kentucky	786	52	130	83	502	94	249	76	83
Louisiana	625	44	134	76	570	87	342	65	78
Maine	264	25	54	30	174	34	79	32	30
Maryland	1,184	112	192	115	764	92	412	107	152
Massachusetts	1,376	109	274	154	839	146	424	122	147
Michigan	1,983	165	373	201	1,244	189	645	214	217
Minnesota	1,124	110	213	116	685	106	290	137	152
Mississippi	516	26	72	45	373	40	245	40	47
Missouri	1,272	90	223	129	830	113	430	135	151
Montana	188	19	37	20	112	15	55	18	24
Nebraska	396	39	64	41	253	38	112	48	56
Nevada	332	15	44	29	244	23	104	33	29
New Hampshire	261	19	48	30	165	27	74	34	29
New Jersey	1,679	120	318	155	1,096	215	586	123	162
New Mexico	315	24	57	33	201	26	107	30	36
New York	3,552	239	689	319	2,325	589	1,155	261	339
North Carolina	1,586	96	245	163	1,094	147	629	182	198
North Dakota	149	14	29	17	89	14	44	14	17
Ohio	2,524	183	450	221	1,481	254	749	247	290

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work							
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over				
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over
Women—Continued									
Oklahoma	664	49	110	64	441	55	244	67	75
Oregon	609	73	134	69	423	65	210	66	80
Pennsylvania	2,424	229	493	242	1,462	279	736	212	233
Rhode Island	211	17	42	28	124	20	67	18	19
South Carolina	766	44	113	74	535	76	311	70	77
South Dakota	189	17	33	17	102	16	47	18	22
Tennessee	1,159	81	177	103	799	105	424	128	142
Texas	3,671	243	591	333	2,703	321	1,434	435	514
Utah	402	36	81	41	243	28	131	41	44
Vermont	142	12	29	17	84	14	37	16	17
Virginia	1,450	117	248	158	909	123	494	147	164
Washington	1,163	121	215	132	695	97	370	117	111
West Virginia	319	24	66	39	190	37	101	26	26
Wisconsin	1,266	117	248	124	777	119	353	148	157
Wyoming	107	10	19	11	66	9	33	11	14
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Alabama	115	19	46	12	36	6	24	5	3
Alaska	12	3	3	1	5	1	3	1	1
Arizona	111	18	41	14	39	6	23	7	3
Arkansas	69	12	29	9	19	4	10	4	2
California	566	97	236	61	172	32	101	22	17
Colorado	97	21	37	7	32	6	14	5	4
Connecticut	75	22	37	5	10	1	5	2	2
Delaware	17	3	8	1	5	1	3	1	(¹)
Florida	296	51	127	25	83	15	50	6	10
Georgia	169	26	63	11	66	12	37	9	7
Hawaii	23	7	10	2	4	1	2	(¹)	1
Idaho	47	11	15	5	16	2	7	2	4
Illinois	298	58	134	27	69	15	37	10	7
Indiana	163	38	66	16	41	12	20	4	6
Iowa	104	29	40	13	23	6	8	4	5
Kansas	95	21	42	9	24	6	10	5	4
Kentucky	95	15	40	10	30	9	15	2	5
Louisiana	90	13	36	7	35	6	17	4	6
Maine	33	10	11	3	8	2	4	1	1
Maryland	117	25	46	11	36	7	14	5	9
Massachusetts	120	39	46	9	26	6	14	4	2
Michigan	267	71	112	19	65	13	28	12	12
Minnesota	163	47	66	12	36	8	19	6	6
Mississippi	53	10	26	5	17	2	7	1	2
Missouri	150	33	56	18	44	6	22	7	6
Montana	22	6	7	3	6	1	4	1	1
Nebraska	61	15	22	6	19	3	10	2	3
Nevada	34	4	12	2	15	3	9	1	1
New Hampshire	29	8	13	2	7	1	4	1	1
New Jersey	160	42	68	14	36	8	21	3	4
New Mexico	36	6	14	5	11	3	6	1	1
New York	309	67	124	16	82	21	41	7	12
North Carolina	178	35	66	16	59	11	35	6	5
North Dakota	23	7	9	2	6	1	2	1	1
Ohio	266	57	124	26	79	17	37	11	15
Oklahoma	90	17	35	7	30	5	18	5	3
Oregon	66	19	33	10	27	5	16	3	3
Pennsylvania	274	76	112	16	70	16	37	9	9
Rhode Island	24	7	10	2	5	1	2	1	1
South Carolina	69	14	36	13	26	3	15	3	4
South Dakota	27	7	9	2	9	2	3	2	2
Tennessee	107	17	40	11	38	9	21	5	4
Texas	432	72	171	44	144	25	69	22	17
Utah	91	17	33	11	30	4	17	4	4
Vermont	17	5	6	1	4	1	2	1	1
Virginia	150	37	69	12	43	6	21	8	6
Washington	136	43	90	13	32	6	17	3	3
West Virginia	36	8	12	3	12	4	6	1	1
Wisconsin	202	48	66	14	52	13	21	6	11
Wyoming	16	3	6	2	5	1	2	1	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work							
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over				
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 48 hours	49 hours and over
White									
Alabama	1,409	62	159	107	1,081	81	505	179	318
Alaska	233	16	28	20	170	19	68	26	56
Arizona	1,856	79	237	157	1,383	113	684	206	380
Arkansas	947	44	113	69	720	58	347	113	202
California	11,351	532	1,495	909	8,415	727	4,256	1,217	2,218
Colorado	1,806	96	229	135	1,343	123	535	247	438
Connecticut	1,370	73	202	124	972	125	417	151	278
Delaware	289	16	34	21	199	24	94	29	51
District of Columbia	91	6	9	8	68	6	25	11	26
Florida	5,307	226	632	361	4,088	346	2,032	581	1,129
Georgia	2,455	99	248	155	1,953	144	913	322	573
Hawaii	158	10	25	13	109	8	53	13	35
Idaho	550	44	70	41	396	38	163	63	121
Illinois	4,724	248	607	338	3,531	321	1,824	577	1,010
Indiana	2,604	142	319	196	1,945	167	828	378	574
Iowa	1,417	96	196	115	1,010	101	389	183	327
Kansas	1,123	64	155	86	818	73	337	148	281
Kentucky	1,522	73	196	120	1,133	137	494	189	314
Louisiana	1,320	59	143	88	1,030	87	483	141	320
Maine	583	38	64	52	419	54	184	83	118
Maryland	1,783	131	235	148	1,270	115	590	202	402
Massachusetts	2,679	153	377	232	1,918	207	872	299	540
Michigan	3,773	226	502	299	2,756	234	1,144	513	866
Minnesota	2,303	160	306	188	1,649	169	621	337	522
Mississippi	781	36	78	49	618	40	329	88	181
Missouri	2,372	143	296	187	1,746	167	785	319	494
Montana	378	29	54	32	264	23	113	43	85
Nebraska	813	55	101	61	596	53	224	107	213
Nevada	680	22	63	47	548	34	308	81	125
New Hampshire	558	29	73	48	410	44	163	68	114
New Jersey	3,063	187	424	239	2,233	278	1,073	311	572
New Mexico	639	35	86	57	481	43	222	88	127
New York	5,188	217	686	447	4,038	679	2,115	623	1,141
North Carolina	2,747	133	334	228	2,052	188	962	381	542
North Dakota	311	22	43	25	221	20	86	33	62
Ohio	4,533	253	606	342	3,332	287	1,482	545	899
Oklahoma	1,244	67	150	92	936	77	440	145	274
Oregon	1,454	98	193	119	1,043	106	450	184	304
Pennsylvania	4,785	313	718	390	3,365	390	1,508	586	981
Rhode Island	410	25	60	41	284	33	137	45	69
South Carolina	1,220	49	128	82	961	80	486	157	239
South Dakota	344	25	49	24	245	23	94	48	89
Tennessee	2,017	110	255	155	1,497	142	683	263	428
Texas	7,576	344	842	522	5,868	507	2,650	936	1,774
Utah	892	59	131	71	632	48	292	108	183
Vermont	289	18	43	25	203	22	81	39	61
Virginia	2,398	158	301	207	1,870	158	715	298	500
Washington	2,348	155	311	208	1,871	148	794	299	432
West Virginia	679	38	97	61	483	55	233	72	123
Wisconsin	2,558	171	341	190	1,855	176	722	380	577
Wyoming	228	15	28	17	187	13	74	25	55
Black									
Alabama	472	21	60	45	343	30	222	39	53
Arkansas	154	7	22	13	112	12	73	10	17
California	789	27	101	65	596	48	352	78	119
Colorado	80	3	6	6	53	7	24	8	14
Connecticut	145	4	24	11	110	22	52	13	23
Delaware	86	2	6	6	50	7	28	7	8
District of Columbia	137	8	15	11	103	7	70	10	18
Florida	893	28	115	58	692	73	480	80	89
Georgia	608	25	103	69	431	35	305	69	102
Illinois	647	24	68	53	501	48	344	49	80
Indiana	188	5	14	13	136	10	84	15	28
Kansas	73	3	9	6	58	4	35	6	11
Kentucky	118	4	17	10	86	12	47	11	17
Louisiana	442	17	57	36	332	35	210	35	52
Maryland	614	29	75	47	483	40	284	48	70
Massachusetts	149	5	18	12	117	10	79	11	17
Michigan	440	15	61	38	336	25	208	38	68

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. States: Persons at work by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Total at work	Hours of work							
		1 to 14 hours	15 to 29 hours	30 to 34 hours	35 hours and over				
					Total	35 to 39 hours	40 hours	41 to 45 hours	46 hours and over
Black—Continued									
Mississippi	342	9	42	30	262	23	176	25	39
Missouri	242	9	28	19	186	18	105	19	44
Nebraska	20	1	2	2	15	1	7	2	5
Nevada	39	1	4	2	33	1	26	2	4
New Jersey	435	10	54	31	341	52	206	27	54
New York	1,065	40	131	65	830	163	487	62	66
North Carolina	620	23	73	53	471	59	276	65	71
Ohio	487	21	65	38	363	33	233	44	54
Oklahoma	104	6	18	12	72	7	47	7	11
Pennsylvania	410	11	56	33	301	45	176	36	45
Rhode Island	27	2	2	4	19	2	11	3	3
South Carolina	434	13	51	36	335	42	212	40	41
Tennessee	443	13	49	32	347	35	201	44	66
Texas	952	40	104	72	736	56	444	96	138
Virginia	618	37	85	56	439	39	253	61	66
Wisconsin	93	3	22	7	61	5	41	8	6
Hispanic origin									
Arizona	467	19	58	36	354	35	236	39	54
California	3,615	121	430	290	2,775	231	1,777	348	419
Colorado	186	10	22	17	149	18	77	24	31
Connecticut	75	4	9	7	56	9	31	6	9
Delaware	11	(1)	1	1	8	1	5	1	1
District of Columbia	13	1	2	1	9	1	5	1	2
Florida	1,018	29	118	70	601	51	321	61	148
Georgia	72	1	11	5	55	5	29	10	11
Hawaii	14	1	3	1	9	1	5	1	2
Idaho	34	1	2	3	26	4	12	3	6
Illinois	440	11	35	29	364	23	241	46	64
Kansas	45	2	6	5	31	4	19	4	6
Maryland	87	7	14	6	60	4	33	7	15
Massachusetts	100	3	10	9	77	9	47	6	13
Michigan	78	5	11	7	55	3	29	6	15
Nebraska	26	1	2	2	21	2	11	4	4
Nevada	100	2	7	7	64	5	39	6	11
New Jersey	569	15	49	25	279	32	167	28	53
New Mexico	253	14	33	26	180	19	106	22	33
New York	973	22	107	54	689	118	404	60	107
North Carolina	66	1	7	6	70	7	42	11	11
Ohio	57	1	6	2	48	2	26	10	6
Oregon	102	4	12	11	76	12	37	6	16
Pennsylvania	95	3	12	9	73	6	41	12	12
Rhode Island	21	(1)	3	4	10	1	11	2	1
Texas	2,581	83	286	162	1,809	167	1,000	251	364
Utah	57	2	7	5	43	2	27	6	6
Virginia	67	4	14	6	71	4	41	6	16
Washington	93	7	13	7	66	5	42	7	12
Wyoming	11	(1)	1	1	9	1	5	1	2

¹ Less than 500 persons.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals or compute to displayed percent-

ages because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups. Data on average hours are not available.

Table 19. States: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, reason for working less than 35 hours, and usual status, 1996 annual averages

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
TOTAL														
Alabama	176	24	52	11	17	72	286	16	25	9	47	95	28	67
Alaska	30	3	10	3	1	13	44	3	5	1	13	9	2	10
Arizona	162	24	45	15	3	75	339	28	26	23	68	93	27	74
Arkansas	93	16	27	3	5	41	180	11	13	4	31	57	21	43
California	1,118	185	359	97	28	449	2,393	272	222	94	496	666	159	484
Colorado	156	15	62	6	6	68	331	16	17	8	92	91	33	74
Connecticut	135	7	33	8	43	42	308	15	23	15	87	84	31	54
Delaware	37	2	11	1	13	10	51	3	5	2	13	13	6	10
District of Columbia	31	2	7	3	9	10	27	3	5	1	2	6	4	7
Florida	458	81	129	28	19	201	989	86	77	43	161	268	109	245
Georgia	313	47	92	13	27	134	395	22	28	16	93	110	33	93
Hawaii	46	7	10	13	1	15	108	12	12	1	19	35	8	20
Idaho	47	8	18	2	2	17	111	5	7	2	29	33	9	25
Illinois	405	50	180	37	9	149	968	40	71	39	240	291	100	187
Indiana	230	22	80	11	20	98	468	23	25	21	106	137	45	111
Iowa	118	12	46	5	5	50	305	11	20	6	80	107	33	48
Kansas	98	7	39	3	5	43	233	5	18	3	58	89	25	35
Kentucky	162	13	51	7	24	68	261	10	20	9	50	77	26	70
Louisiana	136	15	49	9	5	57	269	16	23	11	53	78	22	86
Maine	52	8	16	5	5	18	125	9	11	3	36	25	12	29
Maryland	291	13	77	22	99	81	394	18	46	19	84	109	41	77
Massachusetts	234	15	78	27	42	72	573	21	37	40	175	143	47	110
Michigan	327	41	142	16	8	119	823	27	86	30	217	260	57	167
Minnesota	185	15	90	4	4	72	494	21	29	9	126	167	42	100
Mississippi	99	16	27	3	7	45	149	10	14	3	24	59	9	29
Missouri	239	21	85	18	11	104	449	17	27	11	115	157	48	77
Montana	34	5	10	2	1	15	88	5	8	1	24	22	9	19
Nebraska	59	6	25	2	2	25	166	7	9	3	44	54	15	34
Nevada	54	10	16	4	1	23	93	8	5	2	20	21	9	28
New Hampshire	47	5	16	3	5	17	103	5	7	6	28	26	14	17
New Jersey	372	22	87	25	123	113	589	27	61	29	132	196	52	122
New Mexico	63	10	20	5	1	26	130	14	13	4	25	28	13	33
New York	623	46	180	59	132	206	1,332	84	132	57	289	342	117	311
North Carolina	402	47	85	20	123	128	467	23	28	14	83	151	64	105
North Dakota	25	2	9	2	1	11	67	2	5	1	17	22	7	12
Ohio	384	33	137	20	37	157	958	38	72	35	259	281	83	191
Oklahoma	124	18	39	6	5	56	242	13	16	10	62	74	25	42
Oregon	133	23	43	5	7	55	302	21	20	11	91	72	23	64
Pennsylvania	545	43	160	31	153	158	1,011	54	109	37	266	252	104	188
Rhode Island	44	3	9	10	9	13	91	4	9	6	22	26	7	17
South Carolina	140	19	30	7	31	53	224	10	22	13	42	60	12	65
South Dakota	30	4	12	2	1	11	74	2	4	1	18	23	10	15
Tennessee	234	25	67	4	43	97	387	14	36	12	90	99	39	97
Texas	695	85	236	35	16	323	1,276	107	125	29	245	364	105	280
Utah	72	9	29	4	1	29	195	5	12	6	53	81	13	23
Vermont	26	3	11	1	1	10	61	4	5	2	18	15	6	11
Virginia	395	21	101	20	126	127	484	34	49	14	96	123	60	108
Washington	229	28	79	14	6	101	511	52	43	11	121	129	27	129
West Virginia	76	7	19	6	20	24	127	9	24	4	26	29	9	27
Wisconsin	202	20	97	4	4	77	545	21	26	10	166	189	56	78
Wyoming	17	3	6	1	(³)	7	45	4	4	(³)	14	12	4	7
Men														
Alabama	96	15	26	5	9	36	91	5	7	(³)	1	48	17	12
Alaska	17	2	5	1	(³)	8	12	1	1	(³)	1	4	1	4
Arizona	87	16	24	6	3	38	126	16	10	(³)	7	47	17	29
Arkansas	45	8	14	1	4	18	56	4	3	1	1	24	11	13
California	634	130	204	47	27	226	890	160	104	8	34	317	84	183
Colorado	84	8	34	3	5	34	110	8	7	(³)	5	40	19	31
Connecticut	61	3	19	4	20	16	91	7	8	(³)	5	37	19	13
Delaware	17	1	5	(³)	6	5	15	2	1	(³)	1	6	3	3
District of Columbia	14	1	3	1	4	4	12	1	3	(³)	(³)	3	2	3
Florida	235	52	60	15	15	93	363	45	28	2	11	115	67	96
Georgia	157	25	48	5	14	64	124	8	7	1	5	46	21	35
Hawaii	24	5	4	6	1	7	38	6	4	(³)	1	13	4	9
Idaho	26	5	10	1	2	8	36	3	3	(³)	1	16	5	9
Illinois	206	34	82	11	8	70	299	18	30	1	6	127	57	60
Indiana	116	13	42	5	13	43	141	10	11	(³)	4	62	27	27
Iowa	48	6	18	2	4	18	100	4	8	(³)	2	58	18	10
Kansas	50	3	21	1	4	19	82	2	7	(³)	5	44	13	11

See footnotes at end of table

Table 19. States: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, reason for working less than 35 hours, and usual status, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(in thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Men—Continued														
Kentucky	75	6	23	3	12	31	85	5	5	(¹)	1	35	15	23
Louisiana	64	9	24	2	5	24	86	5	7	(¹)	(¹)	40	9	25
Maine	30	4	10	3	4	9	37	4	3	(¹)	2	11	8	8
Maryland	140	10	41	10	46	33	124	10	19	(¹)	2	42	22	29
Massachusetts	110	10	39	11	19	32	162	11	15	1	8	67	28	33
Michigan	173	25	79	8	8	52	236	12	19	(¹)	4	125	31	44
Minnesota	93	9	48	2	4	30	148	7	10	2	4	71	24	30
Mississippi	49	9	13	2	6	18	55	4	4	(¹)	2	29	6	10
Missouri	117	13	40	7	9	48	128	5	10	(¹)	3	58	25	25
Montana	19	4	6	1	1	8	27	2	3	(¹)	1	9	5	6
Nebraska	29	3	12	1	2	12	54	3	4	(¹)	2	26	8	11
Nevada	29	7	7	2	1	12	30	4	2	(¹)	1	9	4	10
New Hampshire	22	2	9	1	3	7	32	2	1	(¹)	2	13	8	5
New Jersey	186	13	46	13	67	47	182	14	23	(¹)	4	71	31	39
New Mexico	34	7	11	2	1	12	45	8	4	(¹)	2	13	6	12
New York	304	25	91	26	66	97	428	36	51	2	10	168	69	93
North Carolina	194	25	38	8	63	60	171	10	10	(¹)	6	75	38	32
North Dakota	11	1	4	1	1	4	20	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	10	4	3
Ohio	202	22	75	8	22	74	277	18	27	(¹)	8	132	44	48
Oklahoma	63	11	19	3	5	25	81	8	7	(¹)	3	30	16	16
Oregon	74	15	23	3	6	26	85	7	5	(¹)	3	32	13	24
Pennsylvania	293	29	88	14	66	77	300	24	37	1	9	111	62	56
Rhode Island	22	2	4	5	5	6	28	2	4	(¹)	1	11	4	5
South Carolina	65	9	16	2	18	21	86	3	5	(¹)	3	27	7	21
South Dakota	13	2	6	1	1	4	24	(¹)	1	(¹)	(¹)	11	5	5
Tennessee	116	12	36	1	26	39	144	9	16	(¹)	3	50	21	45
Texas	362	56	124	18	15	149	448	54	49	1	10	159	65	109
Utah	40	5	17	2	1	15	69	3	4	(¹)	2	43	9	8
Vermont	12	2	5	1	1	4	17	2	2	(¹)	1	6	3	3
Virginia	192	12	53	8	65	54	164	15	17	1	4	51	35	41
Washington	120	17	49	6	5	42	153	25	13	1	8	51	16	40
West Virginia	36	4	10	2	10	10	38	4	8	(¹)	1	13	6	7
Wisconsin	95	10	47	1	3	34	163	9	6	(¹)	8	68	29	23
Wyoming	9	2	3	(¹)	(¹)	3	12	1	1	(¹)	(¹)	5	2	2
Women														
Alabama	89	8	26	6	7	42	195	10	18	9	46	47	11	55
Alaska	13	1	5	2	(¹)	6	32	2	4	1	13	5	1	7
Arizona	75	8	21	7	(¹)	40	213	12	15	23	61	47	10	45
Arkansas	47	8	13	2	(¹)	24	123	7	10	4	30	33	10	30
California	464	55	155	50	1	223	1,503	112	118	86	461	349	75	301
Colorado	72	7	28	2	1	34	221	8	10	8	66	52	14	43
Connecticut	73	4	15	5	23	26	217	8	14	14	81	47	12	40
Delaware	19	1	6	1	7	5	36	2	3	2	12	7	3	7
District of Columbia	17	1	4	2	4	6	15	1	2	1	2	3	2	4
Florida	223	29	69	13	4	106	626	41	50	41	151	152	43	149
Georgia	156	21	44	8	13	70	272	14	21	15	88	64	12	59
Hawaii	22	2	6	6	(¹)	7	70	6	8	1	18	22	4	11
Idaho	22	3	8	1	(¹)	9	75	3	5	2	28	17	4	16
Illinois	200	16	78	26	1	80	669	22	41	38	234	164	43	126
Indiana	115	9	37	6	7	55	327	13	15	21	102	75	18	84
Iowa	70	6	28	3	1	32	205	7	12	6	78	49	16	37
Kansas	48	5	18	2	(¹)	23	151	3	10	3	53	45	12	24
Kentucky	88	7	26	4	12	37	177	5	15	9	48	42	10	47
Louisiana	72	6	25	6	(¹)	34	183	11	16	10	53	38	13	41
Maine	22	3	7	2	(¹)	9	88	5	7	3	34	13	4	21
Maryland	152	3	36	13	52	47	269	7	27	19	82	66	19	48
Massachusetts	125	5	39	16	23	40	412	10	22	39	167	76	20	77
Michigan	154	16	63	8	(¹)	67	587	15	47	30	212	134	26	123
Minnesota	92	6	41	2	(¹)	43	346	13	20	7	122	96	18	70
Mississippi	50	7	14	2	(¹)	27	94	6	11	3	22	31	3	19
Missouri	122	9	48	11	2	55	321	11	17	11	112	98	20	52
Montana	14	1	5	1	(¹)	7	62	3	5	1	22	13	4	13
Nebraska	30	3	13	1	(¹)	13	112	4	6	3	42	26	7	24
Nevada	25	3	10	2	(¹)	11	63	3	4	2	19	12	5	18
New Hampshire	24	3	7	2	2	10	71	4	5	6	26	13	6	12
New Jersey	185	9	41	13	56	66	407	13	38	29	127	95	21	84
New Mexico	29	3	9	3	(¹)	14	85	6	9	4	23	15	7	21

[See footnotes at end of table.]

Table 19. States: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, reason for working less than 35 hours, and usual status, 1996 annual averages--Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
Women--Continued														
New York	318	21	89	33	67	109	903	48	81	56	279	174	48	218
North Carolina	208	21	48	13	60	68	296	13	18	14	77	78	25	73
North Dakota	13	1	5	1	(¹)	6	48	1	3	1	17	12	3	9
Ohio	183	11	61	12	16	83	681	19	45	34	250	150	39	144
Oklahoma	61	7	20	2	1	31	181	6	8	10	59	44	9	26
Oregon	58	9	20	2	1	27	217	14	15	11	88	39	10	40
Pennsylvania	251	14	72	17	67	81	711	30	73	36	257	141	42	132
Rhode Island	22	1	5	5	4	7	64	2	5	6	21	15	3	12
South Carolina	74	10	14	4	13	33	157	7	17	12	39	33	6	44
South Dakota	16	2	6	1	(¹)	7	50	2	3	1	18	12	4	10
Tennessee	118	13	31	2	15	58	243	4	21	12	87	48	18	52
Texas	333	28	113	18	(¹)	174	829	53	76	28	235	225	41	171
Utah	32	4	12	1	(¹)	14	127	2	9	7	51	38	5	15
Vermont	14	1	6	1	(¹)	6	44	2	3	2	17	9	2	8
Virginia	204	9	49	11	62	73	320	19	32	13	91	72	25	67
Washington	109	12	30	8	1	59	358	27	30	11	113	78	11	69
West Virginia	40	3	9	4	10	14	98	5	16	4	25	16	3	21
Wisconsin	108	10	50	3	1	43	382	12	19	10	158	101	27	56
Wyoming	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	33	2	3	(¹)	14	6	2	4
White														
Alabama	117	14	37	7	11	48	219	8	10	8	43	71	25	53
Alaska	25	3	6	3	(¹)	11	39	3	3	1	13	8	2	10
Arizona	148	23	41	12	3	70	323	28	23	23	85	87	27	70
Arkansas	78	12	23	3	4	33	154	7	8	3	29	50	20	38
California	933	160	304	80	26	363	2,068	233	181	80	443	554	147	430
Colorado	147	14	59	5	5	64	325	16	17	8	91	88	32	74
Connecticut	119	8	30	7	41	36	285	13	19	14	82	75	30	53
Delaware	27	2	6	1	9	7	44	3	3	2	12	11	5	8
District of Columbia	13	1	4	1	4	4	11	(¹)	1	(¹)	1	3	1	3
Florida	375	61	111	20	15	166	885	71	61	36	149	220	107	221
Georgia	211	26	74	8	18	86	300	12	12	13	81	80	28	74
Hawaii	14	3	4	2	(¹)	4	36	4	4	1	8	7	2	9
Idaho	48	8	17	2	2	17	112	6	8	2	30	32	9	25
Illinois	342	43	138	29	9	123	876	30	59	34	236	259	95	164
Indiana	214	21	73	9	19	91	457	22	23	21	105	134	42	110
Iowa	112	11	44	5	5	46	306	11	20	5	93	103	34	50
Kansas	90	7	37	3	5	38	223	5	16	3	59	61	24	35
Kentucky	150	12	47	6	22	62	246	10	18	7	50	68	25	68
Louisiana	95	11	39	6	3	36	199	8	12	7	40	61	17	51
Maine	51	7	16	5	5	18	126	9	11	3	37	24	12	29
Maryland	210	11	60	14	72	54	313	15	30	19	76	76	33	64
Massachusetts	220	13	75	24	41	85	560	20	33	38	180	133	46	110
Michigan	279	33	125	12	8	101	766	24	58	27	215	234	54	155
Minnesota	177	13	86	4	4	70	491	20	29	8	126	166	44	99
Mississippi	62	7	20	2	5	28	104	5	3	2	20	45	8	20
Missouri	218	19	80	15	11	93	426	16	25	9	114	144	44	74
Montana	31	5	10	2	1	14	87	5	7	1	23	22	9	19
Nebraska	56	5	24	2	2	24	165	6	9	3	44	53	15	34
Nevada	48	9	15	4	1	19	87	7	4	2	19	19	9	27
New Hampshire	46	4	16	3	5	17	106	6	7	6	29	25	14	18
New Jersey	310	21	75	20	101	93	533	24	50	27	126	143	47	114
New Mexico	56	9	19	4	1	23	125	14	12	4	24	27	13	31
New York	503	38	154	48	103	160	1,149	63	100	52	278	281	110	267
North Carolina	314	35	69	17	95	99	391	18	18	11	78	123	56	88
North Dakota	24	2	9	2	1	10	67	2	5	1	17	22	7	13
Ohio	336	30	124	18	30	134	889	36	60	33	250	257	75	178
Oklahoma	105	16	34	4	4	47	208	11	12	8	56	62	23	36
Oregon	125	22	40	5	7	51	297	21	20	10	91	67	22	66
Pennsylvania	493	39	148	27	140	139	951	51	99	35	263	226	96	179
Rhode Island	41	3	8	8	9	12	86	4	8	6	22	24	7	16
South Carolina	97	10	24	5	21	37	166	7	10	10	34	45	10	49
South Dakota	28	4	11	2	1	10	74	2	3	1	19	23	10	15
Tennessee	163	21	54	3	37	79	339	13	25	9	85	89	35	84
Texas	596	71	209	31	13	271	1,139	94	105	27	231	337	95	249
Utah	70	8	29	3	1	28	196	5	13	6	53	78	14	25
Vermont	26	3	10	1	1	10	62	4	5	2	19	15	6	11
Virginia	304	13	84	15	96	95	374	27	31	11	85	88	50	82
Washington	207	27	71	13	6	91	486	48	41	12	121	116	25	124

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 19. State: Persons at work 1 to 34 hours by sex, race, reason for working less than 35 hours, and usual status, 1996 annual averages—Continued

(In thousands)

Population group and State	Usually work full time						Usually work part time							
	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Vacation or personal day	Holiday, legal or religious	Weather-related curtailment	Other reasons ¹	Total	Slack work or business conditions	Could only find part-time work	Child-care problems	Other family or personal obligations	In school or training	Retired or Social Security limit on earnings	Other reasons ²
White—Continued														
West Virginia	74	7	18	6	19	24	126	9	24	4	26	29	9	28
Wisconsin	190	19	92	4	3	71	534	22	24	10	185	179	55	78
Wyoming	17	3	6	1	(³)	7	44	4	4	(³)	14	11	4	7
Black														
Alabama	57	9	15	4	5	23	75	9	14	1	5	24	3	19
Arkansas	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	27	4	5	1	3	7	1	6
California	70	8	19	5	1	38	127	19	23	3	9	32	5	36
District of Columbia	17	1	3	2	4	6	17	2	4	(³)	1	3	2	5
Florida	76	17	16	8	3	31	130	18	16	6	14	42	4	31
Georgia	98	20	16	5	10	46	102	10	17	4	12	31	5	23
Illinois	55	5	19	7	(³)	24	93	10	14	5	6	27	5	27
Louisiana	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	73	9	12	3	10	17	5	16
Maryland	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	62	4	17	1	7	30	7	15
Massachusetts	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	24	2	4	2	2	7	1	6
Michigan	40	6	14	3	1	16	66	4	12	3	6	19	4	17
Mississippi	35	9	7	1	2	17	46	5	11	1	5	13	2	10
New Jersey	48	1	9	4	16	16	50	2	12	2	5	14	4	11
New York	67	6	18	8	20	35	152	19	30	4	11	39	5	44
North Carolina	77	10	15	3	24	26	73	5	11	4	7	23	8	15
Ohio	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	84	4	14	3	13	24	7	20
Pennsylvania	45	3	12	4	9	17	67	5	15	3	8	17	6	12
South Carolina	43	9	5	2	10	16	57	3	12	3	6	13	2	17
Tennessee	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	57	3	12	3	6	11	4	17
Texas	77	9	19	4	2	43	145	14	24	1	17	44	8	36
Virginia	80	5	14	4	26	30	102	7	18	3	11	25	11	26

¹ Includes seasonal work, job started or ended, own illness, child-care problems, other family or personal obligations, labor dispute, in school or training, civic or military duty, and all other reasons.

² Includes seasonal work, health and medical limitations, full-time workweek less than 35 hours, and all other reasons.

³ Less than 500 persons.

⁴ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table 20. States: Employed persons with a job but not at work by reason, 1996 annual averages

(in thousands)

State	Total	Vacation	Child-care problems ¹	Own illness	Other reasons ²
Alabama	84	36	11	20	16
Alaska	20	12	1	2	5
Arizona	91	50	10	18	13
Arkansas	50	26	6	11	7
California	585	311	70	117	97
Colorado	81	45	6	13	17
Connecticut	75	42	5	17	12
Delaware	20	11	1	4	4
District of Columbia	16	6	1	2	7
Florida	269	155	31	42	41
Georgia	137	78	15	27	16
Hawaii	25	13	3	6	3
Idaho	25	12	3	4	7
Illinois	246	149	22	42	32
Indiana	140	78	18	29	15
Iowa	72	37	7	12	16
Kansas	47	26	5	7	8
Kentucky	106	52	5	25	24
Louisiana	83	40	8	20	15
Maine	32	17	2	6	6
Maryland	158	74	8	23	53
Massachusetts	142	95	10	19	18
Michigan	238	136	25	49	29
Minnesota	100	58	9	15	18
Mississippi	49	28	5	9	8
Missouri	123	63	15	28	18
Montana	21	10	2	3	6
Nebraska	35	18	4	6	6
Nevada	33	19	2	6	6
New Hampshire	31	18	3	5	5
New Jersey	189	104	17	38	31
New Mexico	38	22	4	6	6
New York	406	236	32	78	58
North Carolina	168	72	17	36	43
North Dakota	14	7	1	2	4
Ohio	275	162	23	49	41
Oklahoma	58	29	8	12	9
Oregon	73	36	8	15	14
Pennsylvania	305	153	25	60	67
Rhode Island	26	15	2	6	3
South Carolina	66	31	6	17	12
South Dakota	15	6	1	2	5
Tennessee	127	63	14	23	26
Texas	361	187	45	70	59
Utah	41	19	6	7	9
Vermont	16	9	1	3	2
Virginia	170	69	13	26	62
Washington	117	61	10	26	21
West Virginia	47	24	3	6	11
Wisconsin	114	66	8	18	22
Wyoming	11	7	1	2	2

¹ Includes maternity or paternity leave and other family obligations

² Includes labor dispute, bad weather, in school or training, civic or military

duty, and all other reasons.

NOTE: Items may not add to totals because of rounding

Table 21. States: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and reason for unemployment, 1996 annual averages

Population group and State	Total unemployed		Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs ¹		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
	Number (in thousands)	Percent					
			Total	On temporary layoff			
TOTAL							
Alabama	107	100.0	36.3	10.7	16.3	37.7	9.8
Alaska	25	100.0	51.7	23.4	11.3	32.0	4.7
Arizona	124	100.0	43.1	15.1	11.7	37.3	6.0
Arkansas	67	100.0	40.6	13.0	14.7	36.7	8.2
California	1,126	100.0	47.9	13.9	7.8	33.3	10.9
Colorado	89	100.0	36.6	8.2	18.9	38.9	5.6
Connecticut	99	100.0	52.7	12.8	9.7	30.5	7.1
Delaware	20	100.0	54.0	20.6	6.9	32.4	4.6
District of Columbia	23	100.0	37.1	6.7	6.5	48.5	5.2
Florida	352	100.0	45.8	9.3	14.0	33.6	6.4
Georgia	173	100.0	43.1	13.7	15.2	30.6	11.0
Hawaii	38	100.0	48.3	11.9	10.0	31.4	10.5
Idaho	32	100.0	46.7	19.8	13.2	32.2	5.8
Illinois	322	100.0	48.8	15.3	9.1	35.7	6.6
Indiana	127	100.0	40.5	15.9	11.4	36.9	9.4
Iowa	60	100.0	39.7	18.0	14.5	42.1	3.6
Kansas	60	100.0	38.6	11.7	17.3	37.6	6.3
Kentucky	105	100.0	45.1	13.8	12.4	29.5	13.0
Louisiana	135	100.0	47.0	13.7	11.8	31.4	9.9
Maine	34	100.0	56.4	24.8	8.8	32.0	2.7
Maryland	136	100.0	40.9	9.4	11.5	25.2	12.6
Massachusetts	137	100.0	60.5	16.4	6.7	27.5	5.2
Michigan	234	100.0	47.4	21.0	10.6	35.1	7.0
Minnesota	104	100.0	46.5	23.6	16.0	32.9	4.5
Mississippi	77	100.0	38.8	13.3	12.8	36.6	11.8
Missouri	131	100.0	44.9	14.1	12.0	38.5	4.7
Montana	74	100.0	45.0	21.6	15.2	34.3	5.5
Nebraska	27	100.0	37.6	15.1	19.6	36.1	4.5
Nevada	46	100.0	39.7	7.1	11.7	40.6	7.8
New Hampshire	26	100.0	45.2	14.1	9.7	41.2	3.8
New Jersey	255	100.0	57.2	12.2	5.8	29.6	7.4
New Mexico	64	100.0	42.9	12.3	10.2	38.4	6.4
New York	540	100.0	52.5	13.9	7.0	31.7	8.6
North Carolina	185	100.0	45.9	11.7	13.0	35.4	5.7
North Dakota	11	100.0	46.9	26.4	14.7	35.9	2.4
Ohio	278	100.0	43.8	17.0	11.6	37.5	7.2
Oklahoma	64	100.0	38.9	11.8	21.1	31.0	8.9
Oregon	102	100.0	52.5	23.8	11.9	31.4	4.1
Pennsylvania	313	100.0	47.6	19.0	6.7	37.6	6.1
Rhode Island	25	100.0	51.8	19.1	9.1	30.5	6.3
South Carolina	111	100.0	41.5	10.2	7.9	40.8	9.9
South Dakota	13	100.0	40.7	20.0	12.8	40.8	5.6
Tennessee	142	100.0	46.1	16.2	12.0	35.5	4.5
Texas	549	100.0	41.3	7.2	13.3	35.3	9.9
Utah	35	100.0	40.8	13.5	14.5	39.3	5.3
Vermont	15	100.0	45.0	18.5	18.0	33.2	3.7
Virginia	149	100.0	41.0	9.5	12.1	41.1	5.9
Washington	188	100.0	51.3	16.4	6.1	36.4	4.1
West Virginia	61	100.0	40.1	13.1	11.9	31.5	16.8
Wisconsin	103	100.0	54.7	24.1	7.2	33.3	4.6
Wyoming	13	100.0	42.3	16.7	12.7	41.4	3.6
Men							
Alabama	54	100.0	44.1	14.3	15.4	29.3	11.3
Alaska	15	100.0	57.6	24.4	10.4	28.0	3.7
Arizona	65	100.0	56.4	21.9	9.2	29.6	3.3
Arkansas	35	100.0	48.5	15.7	14.9	29.1	7.6
California	632	100.0	56.4	15.8	7.7	27.0	8.8
Delaware	11	100.0	66.0	34.9	6.7	21.8	3.4
District of Columbia	11	100.0	48.7	6.2	7.4	36.7	4.6
Florida	177	100.0	53.2	10.2	13.7	26.7	6.3
Georgia	79	100.0	56.3	16.9	14.3	19.6	9.6
Hawaii	21	100.0	66.1	15.0	7.7	19.0	5.3
Idaho	18	100.0	60.5	23.7	13.1	23.0	3.3
Illinois	176	100.0	60.8	19.7	5.7	28.7	5.0
Iowa	29	100.0	52.8	27.4	15.1	29.6	2.4
Kentucky	53	100.0	53.9	15.4	9.2	23.5	13.5
Louisiana	59	100.0	63.2	18.4	10.8	19.5	6.6
Maine	19	100.0	57.1	26.1	10.8	29.0	3.1
Maryland	70	100.0	50.1	12.1	6.5	27.1	16.4
Massachusetts	82	100.0	66.1	17.7	4.9	23.2	3.8
Michigan	132	100.0	56.8	27.1	10.1	26.6	6.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and reason for unemployment, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total unemployed		Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs ¹		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Total	On temporary layoff			
Men—Continued							
Minnesota	67	100.0	54.5	25.9	17.1	24.0	4.3
Mississippi	35	100.0	45.3	16.1	11.2	32.0	11.6
Missouri	72	100.0	51.8	16.9	7.5	32.9	7.8
Montana	14	100.0	53.9	28.3	12.8	29.7	3.7
Nevada	23	100.0	55.4	8.1	6.8	29.7	6.0
New Jersey	134	100.0	62.1	11.7	5.9	24.5	7.5
New Mexico	37	100.0	53.4	17.8	8.6	29.5	8.4
New York	301	100.0	60.1	15.8	6.3	25.8	7.8
North Carolina	86	100.0	52.2	12.2	12.4	28.5	6.9
Ohio	152	100.0	54.4	22.4	11.4	29.2	5.0
Oregon	56	100.0	54.7	21.7	10.6	30.5	4.1
Pennsylvania	188	100.0	55.5	22.4	8.2	30.9	5.4
Rhode Island	13	100.0	51.3	21.2	11.1	30.4	6.9
South Carolina	57	100.0	49.8	11.4	10.2	34.2	5.8
Tennessee	71	100.0	55.4	13.7	12.3	28.0	4.4
Texas	284	100.0	52.3	9.2	11.2	28.0	8.3
Washington	93	100.0	63.0	24.3	6.2	27.0	3.7
West Virginia	36	100.0	49.1	17.0	11.9	25.7	13.6
Wisconsin	59	100.0	61.8	30.5	7.4	24.3	6.4
Women							
Alabama	53	100.0	28.5	7.2	17.2	46.0	8.3
Arkansas	31	100.0	31.8	9.8	14.4	45.1	8.8
California	485	100.0	37.0	11.4	7.9	41.2	13.6
District of Columbia	12	100.0	25.9	5.4	9.7	57.9	5.7
Florida	175	100.0	38.3	8.4	14.3	40.7	6.6
Georgia	94	100.0	32.1	10.9	15.9	39.8	12.2
Hawaii	7	100.0	23.4	8.1	12.8	47.0	17.0
Idaho	15	100.0	34.5	15.1	13.3	43.2	8.9
Illinois	148	100.0	34.3	10.0	13.2	44.1	8.6
Iowa	31	100.0	27.7	9.4	14.0	53.6	4.6
Kansas	31	100.0	33.0	9.1	20.3	40.9	5.6
Kentucky	52	100.0	36.0	12.2	15.7	35.7	12.6
Louisiana	75	100.0	34.2	10.0	12.6	40.8	12.5
Maryland	66	100.0	30.9	6.5	16.8	43.9	8.6
Massachusetts	56	100.0	49.4	14.4	9.3	33.8	7.4
Michigan	102	100.0	35.2	13.2	11.4	46.1	7.4
Mississippi	42	100.0	33.4	11.0	14.2	40.4	12.0
Nevada	23	100.0	24.2	6.1	16.5	51.4	7.6
New Jersey	122	100.0	51.9	12.7	5.7	35.1	7.3
New Mexico	28	100.0	29.1	5.0	12.2	50.1	8.3
New York	238	100.0	42.9	11.4	7.9	38.2	9.8
North Carolina	79	100.0	38.9	11.0	13.7	43.0	4.4
Ohio	126	100.0	30.9	10.3	11.8	47.5	9.8
Oklahoma	34	100.0	28.6	6.5	27.5	33.9	9.8
Oregon	48	100.0	49.9	26.4	13.5	12.5	4.0
Pennsylvania	125	100.0	35.8	13.7	9.4	47.7	7.1
Rhode Island	13	100.0	52.2	17.0	7.2	34.6	9.7
South Carolina	54	100.0	32.7	8.9	5.4	47.1	14.2
Tennessee	71	100.0	40.8	16.7	11.7	43.0	4.6
Texas	265	100.0	29.4	5.1	15.5	43.2	11.5
Washington	94	100.0	39.8	12.5	9.9	45.1	4.5
West Virginia	24	100.0	26.7	7.4	12.1	40.1	21.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years							
California	177	100.0	10.2	2.5	2.7	41.7	45.3
Florida	57	100.0	15.6	4.7	6.2	48.1	30.0
Illinois	58	100.0	14.8	6.5	8.4	49.1	28.0
Massachusetts	20	100.0	19.6	11.0	3.2	50.7	26.4
Michigan	47	100.0	14.0	9.2	10.1	52.4	23.7
New Jersey	35	100.0	14.0	3.9	8.3	48.4	31.4
New York	74	100.0	11.2	2.8	3.5	47.5	37.5
North Carolina	30	100.0	23.2	6.1	5.7	45.1	25.9
Ohio	57	100.0	9.7	3.0	10.1	54.0	26.1
Pennsylvania	54	100.0	11.7	7.1	5.0	56.5	26.7
Texas	118	100.0	15.5	3.1	8.0	40.4	35.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and reason for unemployment, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total unemployed		Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs ¹		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
	Number (in thousands)	Percent					
			Total	On temporary layoff			
White							
Alabama	47	100.0	39.3	11.8	19.1	37.1	4.6
Alaska	16	100.0	54.5	24.8	11.5	30.0	3.7
Arizona	111	100.0	44.2	15.8	12.2	35.5	6.4
Arkansas	42	100.0	43.4	15.5	17.9	32.2	6.7
California	895	100.0	49.8	15.1	7.5	32.4	10.1
Colorado	74	100.0	39.3	9.2	18.6	36.7	5.4
Connecticut	71	100.0	59.3	14.7	10.5	23.9	6.2
Delaware	11	100.0	55.4	20.2	13.3	28.8	2.4
Florida	248	100.0	47.5	10.8	15.9	31.2	5.3
Georgia	86	100.0	51.9	17.3	14.5	26.7	8.8
Idaho	31	100.0	49.4	20.5	13.1	31.4	6.1
Illinois	211	100.0	54.1	19.4	10.0	30.3	5.8
Indiana	107	100.0	39.8	18.8	11.2	39.3	9.9
Iowa	54	100.0	42.2	19.3	12.8	41.4	3.5
Kansas	50	100.0	38.3	10.9	19.5	37.3	4.9
Kentucky	82	100.0	48.4	14.8	11.9	28.1	13.7
Louisiana	82	100.0	48.3	17.0	11.9	30.2	9.7
Maine	33	100.0	57.4	25.5	8.8	31.5	2.2
Maryland	78	100.0	43.9	9.0	14.0	34.0	8.3
Massachusetts	122	100.0	60.8	17.8	7.0	27.8	4.4
Michigan	172	100.0	50.9	23.9	11.8	34.0	3.6
Minnesota	93	100.0	48.3	26.2	15.6	31.7	4.3
Mississippi	28	100.0	43.2	16.9	20.9	27.4	8.4
Missouri	104	100.0	47.5	18.8	13.8	34.3	4.5
Montana	20	100.0	48.6	22.4	16.2	33.1	4.1
Nebraska	22	100.0	39.5	17.8	20.9	36.9	2.5
Nevada	39	100.0	38.9	7.6	12.7	41.4	6.8
New Hampshire	26	100.0	45.1	14.3	9.6	41.3	3.8
New Jersey	192	100.0	57.9	13.7	8.4	29.8	5.9
New Mexico	52	100.0	43.9	10.8	10.9	36.9	8.2
New York	361	100.0	53.5	17.8	8.2	29.7	8.4
North Carolina	94	100.0	47.0	15.2	15.5	34.0	3.5
Ohio	219	100.0	45.4	16.7	12.8	34.1	7.7
Oklahoma	45	100.0	44.0	11.6	17.9	30.9	7.1
Oregon	93	100.0	52.7	24.0	12.2	31.2	3.9
Pennsylvania	247	100.0	51.4	22.6	9.8	33.3	5.7
Rhode Island	22	100.0	54.5	20.7	9.0	28.8	7.4
South Carolina	49	100.0	45.1	10.5	11.9	34.9	8.2
South Dakota	10	100.0	45.2	23.7	14.5	36.4	3.8
Tennessee	93	100.0	52.3	19.0	12.5	31.8	3.6
Texas	422	100.0	41.8	7.9	14.5	33.4	10.1
Utah	33	100.0	40.2	13.7	14.4	40.1	5.1
Vermont	14	100.0	45.4	18.8	18.5	32.3	3.8
Virginia	87	100.0	39.3	12.7	12.1	43.0	5.8
Washington	164	100.0	51.2	18.6	8.0	36.8	3.9
West Virginia	57	100.0	41.4	13.6	12.6	30.6	15.6
Wisconsin	82	100.0	58.8	27.8	7.8	30.0	3.5
Wyoming	12	100.0	44.4	17.2	13.2	38.5	3.9
Black							
Alabama	60	100.0	34.3	10.2	14.3	37.8	13.7
Arkansas	24	100.0	34.8	6.7	9.4	45.0	11.0
California	109	100.0	44.8	7.5	7.9	38.7	8.4
District of Columbia	20	100.0	38.5	7.0	7.3	49.8	5.9
Florida	99	100.0	42.4	6.0	9.0	37.4	9.0
Georgia	85	100.0	33.8	10.0	16.2	35.0	15.0
Illinois	105	100.0	39.1	7.4	7.0	48.1	8.0
Louisiana	68	100.0	43.3	11.8	12.5	33.5	10.7
Michigan	57	100.0	38.0	12.5	7.0	38.1	17.1
Mississippi	49	100.0	36.3	11.4	8.3	41.8	13.7
New Jersey	58	100.0	55.6	7.5	3.6	28.7	12.1
New York	147	100.0	51.0	6.0	3.8	36.4	8.6
North Carolina	66	100.0	43.9	5.9	8.7	38.1	9.3
Ohio	55	100.0	40.2	11.5	5.1	51.4	3.3
Pennsylvania	62	100.0	33.8	5.3	5.6	54.9	5.8
South Carolina	62	100.0	38.5	9.8	4.7	45.8	11.2
Texas	115	100.0	40.0	4.5	8.3	42.8	8.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 21. States: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and reason for unemployment, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total unemployed		Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs ¹		Job leavers	Reentrants	New entrants
	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Total	On temporary layoff			
Hispanic origin							
California	439	100.0	50.9	18.3	5.4	31.4	12.2
Florida	86	100.0	51.6	12.4	14.2	25.6	8.5
Illinois	37	100.0	45.4	11.5	10.1	34.7	10.0
New Jersey	47	100.0	54.3	15.4	7.8	28.3	9.9
New Mexico	29	100.0	46.8	13.5	7.8	35.5	10.0
New York	98	100.0	44.8	8.9	6.9	36.5	11.8
Texas	211	100.0	41.9	8.7	12.2	32.7	13.0

¹ Formerly called "job losers".

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals or compute to displayed percent-

ages because of rounding. Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 22. States: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and duration of unemployment, 1996 annual averages

Population group and State	Total unemployed		Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over				
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over		
							Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over
TOTAL									
Alabama	107	100.0	36.3	33.8	26.0	11.9	16.1	6.6	9.5
Alaska	25	100.0	40.8	29.0	29.7	14.5	15.2	7.8	7.4
Arizona	124	100.0	42.1	29.8	25.8	12.4	13.2	5.8	7.5
Arkansas	67	100.0	37.9	25.8	26.5	17.4	9.1	4.2	4.9
California	1,126	100.0	37.2	28.9	38.6	15.2	23.3	10.0	13.3
Colorado	89	100.0	44.9	33.1	22.0	11.5	10.5	6.1	4.4
Connecticut	99	100.0	30.8	32.6	36.8	17.8	18.8	8.1	10.7
Delaware	20	100.0	36.7	30.1	32.9	15.3	17.7	6.6	11.1
District of Columbia	23	100.0	23.9	24.9	30.1	18.9	31.2	14.3	16.9
Florida	352	100.0	38.5	31.5	29.9	12.3	17.6	9.1	8.5
Georgia	173	100.0	38.8	34.6	26.5	15.2	11.3	7.6	3.7
Hawaii	38	100.0	30.8	32.7	36.8	17.3	19.5	5.4	14.1
Idaho	32	100.0	48.2	25.3	23.4	11.3	12.1	5.4	6.7
Illinois	322	100.0	36.9	31.1	32.5	15.6	16.9	6.4	10.5
Indiana	127	100.0	34.8	36.9	28.7	15.6	13.1	6.8	6.3
Iowa	60	100.0	41.6	31.4	26.9	16.2	10.7	5.7	5.0
Kansas	80	100.0	41.4	35.0	23.5	12.1	11.4	4.5	6.9
Kentucky	105	100.0	36.5	30.0	33.6	19.3	14.3	6.9	7.4
Louisiana	135	100.0	37.4	26.3	36.4	12.0	24.4	10.1	14.2
Maine	34	100.0	32.0	34.9	32.9	12.1	20.8	9.7	11.1
Maryland	136	100.0	33.3	35.5	31.5	15.3	16.2	10.1	6.1
Massachusetts	137	100.0	31.6	33.0	35.3	16.7	18.6	11.4	7.2
Michigan	234	100.0	41.3	31.5	27.3	15.4	12.0	5.8	6.1
Minnesota	104	100.0	43.8	30.7	25.3	15.3	9.9	5.0	5.0
Mississippi	77	100.0	35.8	31.0	33.2	13.4	19.8	1.3	10.5
Missouri	132	100.0	38.0	32.3	29.8	14.3	15.5	8.4	7.1
Montana	24	100.0	38.1	31.5	30.4	15.3	15.1	4.8	10.3
Nebraska	27	100.0	45.1	33.8	20.0	14.0	6.0	3.0	2.9
Nevada	46	100.0	40.4	33.7	25.6	11.3	14.3	5.8	6.5
New Hampshire	26	100.0	39.0	31.3	29.4	13.4	16.0	6.0	10.1
New Jersey	255	100.0	28.0	31.4	40.7	16.5	24.2	9.7	14.5
New Mexico	64	100.0	40.1	29.9	29.8	15.8	14.2	5.8	8.4
New York	541	100.0	30.4	28.9	40.3	15.8	24.5	9.0	15.5
North Carolina	165	100.0	42.9	33.9	23.2	12.9	10.3	6.4	4.0
North Dakota	11	100.0	48.5	29.6	23.7	14.0	9.7	7.6	2.1
Ohio	278	100.0	38.4	33.0	28.6	12.5	16.1	6.3	9.7
Oklahoma	64	100.0	44.2	30.7	25.0	14.4	10.6	6.4	4.2
Oregon	102	100.0	42.0	34.0	23.7	12.0	11.7	5.6	6.1
Pennsylvania	313	100.0	31.8	31.5	34.7	16.5	20.2	8.5	11.7
Rhode Island	25	100.0	33.7	33.4	34.2	19.3	13.0	3.5	9.5
South Carolina	111	100.0	35.1	25.2	39.8	14.5	25.3	10.3	15.0
South Dakota	13	100.0	47.0	35.0	17.9	12.6	5.2	2.9	2.3
Tennessee	142	100.0	37.9	38.5	23.8	13.7	10.2	6.8	3.4
Texas	549	100.0	40.7	33.1	25.8	12.9	12.9	7.1	5.8
Utah	35	100.0	50.3	34.9	14.8	9.4	5.1	3.5	1.6
Vermont	15	100.0	40.1	31.3	26.5	11.8	16.7	6.3	6.3
Virginia	149	100.0	38.8	30.5	30.2	13.2	17.0	9.8	7.2
Washington	186	100.0	39.5	32.6	27.7	13.8	13.9	7.6	6.3
West Virginia	61	100.0	31.0	31.8	37.8	13.7	24.1	8.5	15.5
Wisconsin	103	100.0	38.1	37.3	23.4	13.1	10.4	5.2	5.2
Wyoming	13	100.0	42.1	31.8	26.1	14.2	11.9	4.4	7.6
Men									
Alabama	54	100.0	38.5	31.0	30.8	12.2	18.4	8.2	10.2
Alaska	15	100.0	39.4	31.5	28.4	15.5	13.0	5.9	7.1
Arizona	65	100.0	39.4	31.2	27.5	11.7	14.9	6.6	8.3
Arkansas	35	100.0	36.9	34.6	26.8	17.9	10.9	5.3	5.5
California	632	100.0	31.5	29.0	39.1	15.0	24.1	9.2	14.9
Delaware	11	100.0	34.1	34.7	30.9	15.6	15.4	3.4	11.9
District of Columbia	11	100.0	22.3	22.5	34.1	21.6	32.5	16.6	15.9
Florida	177	100.0	37.0	33.5	29.3	12.7	16.6	9.9	6.7
Georgia	79	100.0	42.4	30.0	27.5	16.3	11.2	7.2	3.9
Hawaii	21	100.0	29.2	30.7	41.4	17.1	24.3	6.1	10.3
Idaho	18	100.0	47.8	25.8	26.5	12.1	14.4	7.9	6.5
Illinois	176	100.0	33.6	30.9	35.9	16.5	19.3	6.3	13.0
Iowa	29	100.0	35.8	36.6	27.7	15.3	12.4	5.9	6.5
Kentucky	53	100.0	37.4	32.1	30.0	17.8	12.8	4.8	6.0
Louisiana	59	100.0	40.7	25.5	33.8	7.5	26.3	9.7	16.6
Maine	19	100.0	29.7	36.4	34.6	11.8	22.8	7.9	14.9
Maryland	70	100.0	32.9	29.0	36.3	15.6	22.7	12.8	10.1
Massachusetts	62	100.0	28.1	32.8	36.9	17.9	21.0	13.1	7.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and duration of unemployment, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total unemployed		Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over				
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over		
							Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over
Men—Continued									
Michigan	132	100.0	39.6	31.1	29.6	18.6	11.0	5.9	5.2
Mississippi	35	100.0	36.7	30.8	30.4	13.2	17.2	7.6	9.4
Montana	14	100.0	36.0	30.7	33.4	17.6	15.8	4.4	11.5
Nevada	23	100.0	40.1	32.7	26.9	11.2	15.7	4.0	11.7
New Jersey	134	100.0	26.1	26.5	43.4	15.9	27.5	9.9	17.7
New Mexico	37	100.0	36.1	32.1	26.5	15.6	13.0	5.7	7.3
New York	301	100.0	26.3	26.7	42.6	16.1	26.6	9.5	17.1
North Carolina	96	100.0	36.9	36.7	21.4	11.0	10.4	7.0	3.5
Ohio	152	100.0	37.8	34.3	26.0	12.2	15.7	6.6	8.9
Oregon	56	100.0	39.0	34.5	26.3	12.9	13.4	6.4	7.0
Pennsylvania	188	100.0	26.6	31.5	36.9	17.1	22.6	8.5	14.2
Rhode Island	13	100.0	35.7	35.5	26.1	19.1	9.0	2.4	6.5
South Carolina	57	100.0	37.9	26.7	35.4	17.9	17.5	6.4	9.1
Tennessee	71	100.0	35.7	37.4	27.1	16.7	10.4	6.0	4.4
Texas	264	100.0	39.8	32.9	26.8	12.4	14.4	8.5	5.9
Washington	93	100.0	40.2	30.6	26.1	15.5	13.6	7.3	6.3
West Virginia	36	100.0	30.4	29.6	40.6	15.5	25.2	10.1	15.0
Wisconsin	59	100.0	36.9	37.3	23.7	13.9	9.8	4.4	5.4
Women									
Alabama	53	100.0	36.1	36.6	25.4	11.6	13.9	5.0	6.6
Arkansas	31	100.0	36.9	37.3	24.0	16.9	7.1	2.8	4.3
California	495	100.0	33.0	26.7	37.9	15.6	22.3	11.0	11.3
District of Columbia	12	100.0	25.5	27.3	46.1	16.2	29.9	12.0	17.9
Florida	175	100.0	40.0	29.5	30.4	11.9	18.5	6.2	10.3
Georgia	94	100.0	35.8	36.4	25.7	14.2	11.5	6.0	3.5
Hawaii	17	100.0	34.1	35.3	31.0	17.5	13.5	4.6	6.6
Idaho	15	100.0	46.9	31.3	19.7	10.3	9.3	2.4	6.9
Illinois	148	100.0	40.6	31.3	26.5	14.6	13.9	6.5	7.4
Iowa	31	100.0	47.2	26.5	26.2	17.1	9.2	5.5	3.6
Kansas	31	100.0	47.2	34.1	18.6	10.8	7.6	3.4	4.4
Kentucky	52	100.0	35.6	27.6	36.7	20.9	15.7	9.1	6.7
Louisiana	75	100.0	34.7	26.9	36.4	15.6	22.6	10.5	12.4
Maryland	66	100.0	33.8	42.4	24.1	14.9	9.2	7.4	1.6
Massachusetts	56	100.0	36.7	33.2	30.0	14.9	15.1	9.0	6.1
Michigan	102	100.0	43.6	32.0	24.4	11.2	13.1	5.6	7.4
Mississippi	42	100.0	23.3	31.1	35.5	13.6	22.0	10.6	11.4
Nevada	23	100.0	40.7	34.7	24.4	11.4	12.9	7.6	5.4
New Jersey	122	100.0	27.8	34.5	37.7	17.2	20.5	9.5	10.9
New Mexico	26	100.0	41.4	27.0	31.4	15.6	15.6	5.9	9.9
New York	236	100.0	33.1	29.2	37.3	15.4	21.9	8.4	13.4
North Carolina	79	100.0	46.2	26.6	25.2	15.0	10.2	5.7	4.5
Ohio	126	100.0	39.1	31.6	29.1	12.9	16.4	5.9	10.7
Oklahoma	31	100.0	42.1	34.4	73.3	11.9	11.4	7.0	4.4
Oregon	46	100.0	45.7	33.5	10.7	19.9	9.6	4.7	5.1
Pennsylvania	125	100.0	36.7	31.4	12.0	15.5	16.4	8.5	7.9
Rhode Island	13	100.0	31.8	31.2	31.3	16.4	16.9	4.5	12.3
South Carolina	54	100.0	32.0	23.6	44.1	10.9	33.6	12.3	21.3
Tennessee	71	100.0	40.1	36.6	20.5	10.6	9.9	7.6	2.3
Texas	265	100.0	41.6	33.2	7.5	13.5	11.3	5.6	5.7
Washington	94	100.0	36.9	34.6	26.4	12.2	14.2	7.9	6.3
West Virginia	74	100.0	32.0	35.0	33.8	11.1	22.5	6.2	16.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
California	177	100.0	36.7	34.3	36.7	12.4	14.3	7.3	7.0
Florida	57	100.0	45.1	39.3	15.5	10.2	5.3	2.3	3.1
Illinois	59	100.0	46.2	33.5	20.6	10.4	10.3	7.0	3.3
Massachusetts	20	100.0	46.0	32.8	19.0	6.9	12.2	9.6	2.5
Michigan	47	100.0	50.6	30.9	16.7	11.8	6.9	1.7	5.2
New Jersey	36	100.0	46.2	33.9	19.9	8.5	11.4	3.1	6.4
New York	74	100.0	41.9	34.6	23.1	10.3	12.8	5.9	6.9
North Carolina	30	100.0	54.6	34.5	10.8	7.6	3.0	2.7	3
Ohio	57	100.0	47.9	36.1	16.1	11.1	4.9	2.4	2.5
Pennsylvania	54	100.0	46.7	34.2	17.1	8.2	6.9	2.4	6.5
Texas	119	100.0	52.6	35.2	11.7	5.4	6.3	1.5	4.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and duration of unemployment, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total unemployed		Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over				
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over		
							Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over
White									
Alabama	47	100.0	44.1	36.5	19.5	8.7	10.6	6.2	4.6
Alaska	16	100.0	40.6	27.6	30.9	15.7	15.2	7.2	6.0
Arizona	111	100.0	41.9	30.1	25.2	12.2	13.0	5.5	7.5
Arkansas	42	100.0	43.5	31.8	24.8	13.5	11.3	4.9	6.4
California	895	100.0	33.2	26.5	37.9	14.8	23.1	15.1	13.0
Colorado	74	100.0	47.6	32.1	20.4	11.1	9.3	4.1	5.1
Connecticut	71	100.0	36.1	32.7	31.1	14.3	16.6	8.6	6.1
Delaware	11	100.0	38.6	26.0	35.2	16.4	16.7	6.8	10.0
Florida	246	100.0	40.2	31.0	26.7	12.3	16.4	9.4	7.0
Georgia	86	100.0	41.6	31.5	26.6	17.9	8.9	5.6	3.3
Idaho	31	100.0	47.7	26.3	25.6	11.1	12.7	5.7	7.0
Illinois	211	100.0	36.9	31.7	29.8	15.7	14.1	6.2	7.9
Indiana	107	100.0	35.0	36.3	25.9	14.4	11.5	5.4	6.1
Iowa	54	100.0	42.4	31.0	26.5	14.7	11.6	6.3	5.5
Kansas	50	100.0	43.4	34.3	22.1	11.6	10.3	3.9	6.4
Kentucky	62	100.0	37.1	29.2	33.6	16.6	15.0	6.6	6.2
Louisiana	62	100.0	44.6	27.4	27.9	14.1	13.6	6.2	5.6
Maine	33	100.0	32.7	36.1	31.1	11.1	19.9	6.6	11.1
Maryland	79	100.0	35.7	34.6	30.0	14.0	15.9	10.7	5.3
Massachusetts	122	100.0	32.3	32.3	35.1	17.1	16.0	10.9	7.1
Michigan	172	100.0	44.6	32.4	23.2	13.6	9.6	4.2	5.4
Minnesota	93	100.0	45.2	30.4	24.2	14.4	9.6	5.2	4.6
Mississippi	26	100.0	44.6	31.5	23.7	11.6	12.1	5.1	7.0
Missouri	104	100.0	41.7	31.6	26.7	14.3	12.4	7.6	4.6
Montana	20	100.0	36.6	31.2	30.1	16.7	13.3	4.2	6.1
Nebraska	22	100.0	47.6	32.6	19.6	12.2	7.4	3.7	3.7
Nevada	36	100.0	40.5	34.6	24.4	11.2	13.2	5.5	7.7
New Hampshire	26	100.0	36.5	31.3	29.9	13.6	16.3	6.1	10.2
New Jersey	162	100.0	29.4	32.2	36.4	16.9	21.5	9.0	12.5
New Mexico	52	100.0	43.9	26.0	27.9	14.9	13.0	5.6	7.4
New York	361	100.0	32.9	30.1	36.6	16.1	20.5	7.6	12.6
North Carolina	94	100.0	46.6	29.2	24.2	11.9	12.3	6.3	4.0
Ohio	219	100.0	40.9	31.5	27.7	12.1	15.5	6.1	9.4
Oklahoma	45	100.0	46.0	30.4	23.4	12.0	11.4	6.7	4.7
Oregon	93	100.0	41.6	34.3	23.9	12.4	11.5	6.1	5.4
Pennsylvania	247	100.0	34.2	32.6	33.0	15.7	11.0	7.6	9.4
Rhode Island	22	100.0	35.3	32.5	31.6	16.9	12.7	3.5	9.2
South Carolina	49	100.0	40.2	24.3	35.6	17.9	17.7	9.7	7.9
South Dakota	10	100.0	46.6	34.9	16.3	12.3	4.0	2.5	1.4
Tennessee	93	100.0	41.7	36.6	19.9	12.2	7.7	4.6	3.1
Texas	422	100.0	41.2	31.4	26.9	13.7	13.2	7.0	6.2
Utah	33	100.0	49.9	34.7	15.3	9.9	5.4	3.7	1.7
Vermont	14	100.0	40.4	31.6	27.7	12.1	15.6	6.2	7.4
Virginia	67	100.0	47.1	26.1	25.0	7.9	17.1	7.9	9.3
Washington	164	100.0	40.1	32.3	27.4	14.0	13.4	7.1	6.3
West Virginia	57	100.0	31.6	31.9	37.0	12.9	24.1	6.5	15.5
Wisconsin	62	100.0	39.7	37.1	23.6	13.6	9.7	4.6	5.1
Wyoming	12	100.0	44.3	31.2	24.6	13.0	11.6	3.5	6.0
Black									
Alabama	60	100.0	33.5	32.0	34.6	14.2	20.4	6.9	13.4
Arkansas	24	100.0	26.3	41.9	30.1	24.7	5.4	2.9	2.5
California	109	100.0	23.7	33.3	42.6	15.4	27.2	12.6	14.2
District of Columbia	20	100.0	0	24.1	52.6	19.2	33.7	15.6	16.1
Florida	99	100.0	...	34.1	32.0	12.7	19.2	7.9	11.3
Georgia	65	100.0	26.3	37.0	26.5	12.5	14.1	6.9	4.2
Illinois	105	100.0	32.2	30.4	37.6	15.9	21.6	7.2	14.7
Louisiana	56	100.0	32.7	26.3	41.1	10.6	30.3	12.5	17.6
Michigan	57	100.0	30.6	29.3	40.3	21.3	19.0	11.1	7.9
Mississippi	49	100.0	30.6	30.6	36.3	14.3	24.0	11.5	12.5
New Jersey	56	100.0	22.0	26.7	49.3	15.3	34.0	11.6	22.2
New York	141	100.0	23.6	27.2	46.7	15.4	32.3	11.5	21.6
North Carolina	60	100.0	36.7	26.7	21.6	13.6	7.6	4.0	3.9
Ohio	51	100.0	25.0	29.2	32.6	14.4	16.4	7.6	10.6
Pennsylvania	41	100.0	22.4	25.6	52.0	19.2	32.9	11.6	21.3
South Carolina	32	100.0	30.6	26.0	43.3	11.6	31.4	16.7	20.7
Texas	115	100.0	36.0	26.7	22.6	10.2	12.7	6.1	4.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. States: Percent distribution of unemployed persons by sex, age, race, Hispanic origin, and duration of unemployment, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and State	Total unemployed		Less than 5 weeks	5 to 14 weeks	15 weeks and over				
	Number (in thousands)	Percent			Total	15 to 26 weeks	27 weeks and over		
							Total	27 to 51 weeks	52 weeks and over
Hispanic origin									
California	439	100.0	33.6	29.0	37.0	15.4	21.6	9.1	12.5
Florida	86	100.0	39.4	25.0	35.5	11.5	24.0	12.1	11.9
Illinois	37	100.0	32.7	33.2	34.5	15.8	18.8	8.6	10.2
New Jersey	47	100.0	29.5	30.5	40.0	19.4	20.6	6.1	14.1
New Mexico	29	100.0	36.9	27.3	33.5	18.0	15.6	6.7	8.9
New York	98	100.0	30.3	29.2	40.1	13.2	26.9	17.6	16.3
Texas	211	100.0	38.5	32.9	28.2	15.6	12.6	6.6	6.0

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Items may not add to totals or compute to displayed percentages because of rounding.

Detail for race and Hispanic-origin groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Section III. Estimates for Metropolitan Areas and Cities

Labor force, employment, and unemployment levels from the CPS for metropolitan areas and cities usually shown in tables 23-27 are not provided because updated population controls are not available. As a consequence, only rates, ratios, and percent distributions are published and the usual table formats and sequence have been altered. Unemployment rates shown in table 23 may differ from the estimates produced through the LAUS program.

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Table 23. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Atlanta MSA				
Total	73.5	71.0	3.4	2.8 - 4.0
Men	81.3	78.6	3.3	2.5 - 4.1
Women	66.5	64.2	3.5	2.6 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	48.4	43.3	10.5	6.0 - 15.0
White	74.7	73.0	2.3	1.8 - 2.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55.2	52.1	5.7	1.6 - 9.8
Black	70.9	66.6	6.1	4.7 - 7.5
Baltimore PMSA				
Total	70.1	66.5	5.2	4.4 - 6.1
Men	75.4	71.5	5.1	4.0 - 6.3
Women	65.4	61.9	5.3	4.1 - 6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54.2	39.1	27.8	21.9 - 33.8
White	69.8	67.0	4.1	3.2 - 4.9
Black	70.3	64.0	9.1	7.0 - 11.2
Bergen-Passaic PMSA				
Total	65.3	62.1	4.8	4.0 - 5.7
Men	76.0	72.5	4.6	3.4 - 5.7
Women	55.5	52.7	5.2	3.8 - 6.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	37.6	32.1	14.7	8.2 - 21.1
White	66.0	63.0	4.5	3.6 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	41.8	36.1	13.6	6.8 - 20.3
Black	55.4	48.9	11.7	6.6 - 16.7
Hispanic origin	76.7	71.6	6.7	4.1 - 9.2
Boston PMSA				
Total	67.4	64.8	3.9	3.3 - 4.4
Men	73.9	70.6	4.5	3.7 - 5.3
Women	61.7	59.7	3.2	2.5 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.0	39.4	12.6	8.2 - 16.9
White	67.9	65.4	3.8	3.2 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	48.8	42.9	12.1	7.6 - 16.6
Black	62.1	58.8	5.4	3.2 - 7.6
Hispanic origin	63.3	58.4	7.8	3.8 - 11.8
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA				
Total	63.2	59.7	5.6	4.5 - 6.8
Men	71.2	67.0	6.0	4.4 - 7.6
Women	56.3	53.3	5.2	3.6 - 6.8
White	64.2	60.8	5.3	4.2 - 6.5
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA				
Total	73.6	70.5	4.3	3.4 - 5.1
Men	81.1	77.6	4.3	3.2 - 5.5
Women	66.2	63.5	4.2	2.9 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57.7	48.6	15.7	9.6 - 21.9
White	73.2	71.0	3.1	2.3 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	58.9	50.2	14.7	7.2 - 22.3
Black	75.4	69.8	7.8	5.6 - 9.7
Chicago PMSA				
Total	69.6	65.9	5.3	4.9 - 5.7
Men	78.1	73.8	5.5	4.9 - 6.1
Women	61.6	58.4	5.1	4.5 - 5.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.4	41.7	17.3	14.6 - 20.0
White	71.7	69.0	3.8	3.4 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	58.9	50.1	12.0	9.3 - 14.8
Black	61.5	53.3	13.3	11.9 - 14.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Chicago PMSA—Continued				
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	37.3	23.0	38.3	31.5 - 45.0
Hispanic origin	73.0	67.5	7.5	6.1 - 8.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54.7	42.7	22.1	14.3 - 29.8
Cincinnati PMSA				
Total	69.7	66.5	4.6	3.7 - 5.5
Men	78.2	74.3	4.9	3.7 - 6.2
Women	61.4	58.9	4.2	2.9 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	60.8	53.6	11.9	7.2 - 16.5
White	70.4	67.9	3.6	2.7 - 4.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	63.9	57.7	9.7	5.0 - 14.4
Black	64.2	56.3	12.4	8.8 - 16.1
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA				
Total	64.4	61.7	4.1	3.4 - 4.8
Men	74.0	70.7	4.5	3.5 - 5.5
Women	56.2	54.1	3.7	2.7 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54.0	48.0	11.2	7.0 - 15.4
White	65.2	62.7	3.8	3.0 - 4.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	58.2	52.6	9.6	5.2 - 14.0
Black	61.4	57.6	6.2	4.1 - 8.3
Columbus, Ohio MSA				
Total	72.1	69.3	3.9	3.0 - 4.7
Men	79.8	76.8	3.8	2.6 - 4.9
Women	65.2	62.6	4.0	2.7 - 5.2
White	72.3	69.9	3.3	2.4 - 4.1
Black	71.7	66.4	7.4	4.3 - 10.4
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA				
Total	75.6	72.4	4.5	4.0 - 5.0
Men	84.4	80.7	4.4	3.8 - 5.1
Women	67.3	64.3	4.6	3.8 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57.2	46.7	18.4	15.2 - 21.6
White	75.6	73.0	3.7	3.2 - 4.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	60.9	52.7	13.4	10.0 - 16.9
Black	76.0	68.8	9.4	7.6 - 11.3
Hispanic origin	80.6	76.5	5.0	3.5 - 6.6
Dayton-Springfield MSA				
Total	65.9	62.2	5.6	4.3 - 6.9
Men	75.9	71.4	5.9	4.2 - 7.6
Women	56.8	53.9	5.2	3.4 - 7.0
White	67.3	64.2	4.6	3.4 - 5.9
Black	55.5	48.3	13.1	8.0 - 18.1
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA				
Total	72.1	69.2	4.0	3.4 - 4.6
Men	79.7	76.2	4.4	3.5 - 5.3
Women	64.4	62.2	3.4	2.6 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55.5	47.9	13.7	9.7 - 17.7
White	72.0	69.5	3.5	2.9 - 4.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56.1	49.0	12.6	8.5 - 16.8
Black	76.9	66.4	13.7	9.0 - 18.4
Hispanic origin	71.3	68.0	4.7	2.8 - 6.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Detroit PMSA				
Total	65.7	62.5	4.8	4.2 - 5.3
Men	75.2	71.5	4.9	4.1 - 5.8
Women	57.4	54.7	4.7	3.9 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	58.7	49.9	15.0	11.6 - 18.3
White	67.0	64.7	3.5	3.0 - 4.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	62.9	56.2	10.5	7.2 - 13.8
Black	58.7	51.9	11.7	9.8 - 13.5
Hispanic origin	56.1	50.4	10.2	4.3 - 16.0
Fort Lauderdale PMSA				
Total	66.7	64.1	3.9	3.1 - 4.8
Men	74.1	71.4	3.6	2.6 - 4.7
Women	59.6	57.0	4.3	3.1 - 5.6
White	65.5	63.5	3.0	2.2 - 3.9
Black	71.7	66.6	7.0	4.8 - 9.3
Hispanic origin	72.0	68.8	4.5	2.2 - 6.8
Hartford MSA				
Total	69.6	65.3	6.1	4.9 - 7.3
Men	75.2	70.8	5.8	4.2 - 7.4
Women	64.6	60.4	6.5	4.8 - 8.2
White	68.7	65.6	4.5	3.3 - 5.6
Black	73.4	61.1	16.7	12.4 - 21.1
Houston PMSA				
Total	70.3	66.4	5.5	4.9 - 6.2
Men	81.0	77.0	4.9	4.1 - 5.7
Women	59.6	55.8	6.4	5.3 - 7.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.1	32.5	22.8	18.8 - 26.8
White	70.9	67.6	4.6	3.9 - 5.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.8	35.6	16.7	11.8 - 21.6
Black	69.4	62.6	9.8	8.0 - 11.6
Hispanic origin	69.6	64.3	7.6	6.1 - 9.2
Indianapolis MSA				
Total	70.3	67.2	4.4	3.4 - 5.4
Men	78.5	75.2	4.2	2.8 - 5.5
Women	63.0	60.0	4.7	3.2 - 6.2
White	72.0	69.1	4.0	2.9 - 5.0
Black	59.4	55.1	7.3	3.8 - 10.7
Kansas City MSA				
Total	73.3	69.9	4.6	3.8 - 5.5
Men	80.1	76.2	4.8	3.6 - 5.9
Women	67.5	64.5	4.5	3.3 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	61.4	51.9	15.4	11.0 - 19.9
White	74.1	71.2	3.9	3.0 - 4.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	69.9	61.0	12.8	8.2 - 17.3
Black	66.9	63.6	7.7	5.0 - 10.4
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA				
Total	64.4	59.1	8.2	7.8 - 8.7
Men	75.7	69.3	8.4	7.8 - 9.0
Women	53.6	49.3	7.9	7.3 - 8.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	37.9	29.1	25.8	22.5 - 29.0
White	65.0	59.8	8.1	7.6 - 8.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.8	33.1	22.6	19.2 - 26.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Los Angeles-Long Beach MSA—Continued				
Black	59.9	52.7	12.0	10.2 - 13.8
Hispanic origin	66.2	59.6	10.0	9.2 - 10.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	40.2	29.4	26.9	22.2 - 31.6
Louisville MSA				
Total	69.0	65.2	5.6	4.4 - 6.8
Men	74.2	69.9	5.8	4.1 - 7.5
Women	64.5	61.0	5.3	3.7 - 7.0
White	69.1	65.6	5.1	3.8 - 6.3
Black	66.1	61.8	9.2	5.2 - 13.2
Memphis MSA				
Total	70.2	66.4	5.4	4.1 - 6.6
Men	77.9	73.6	5.5	3.7 - 7.2
Women	63.8	60.4	5.3	3.5 - 7.0
White	66.3	67.3	1.5	.6 - 2.4
Black	72.3	64.7	10.5	8.0 - 12.9
Miami MSA				
Total	64.6	59.7	7.6	6.7 - 8.6
Men	71.5	69.2	7.1	5.9 - 8.3
Women	55.6	51.0	8.3	6.9 - 9.7
White	63.7	59.4	6.8	5.8 - 7.8
Black	69.0	61.1	11.5	9.0 - 14.0
Hispanic origin	65.9	60.6	8.1	6.9 - 9.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha MSA				
Total	71.3	68.3	4.2	3.3 - 5.1
Men	76.6	73.6	4.0	2.8 - 5.2
Women	66.3	63.3	4.5	3.2 - 5.8
White	73.3	71.0	3.1	2.3 - 4.0
Black	56.4	51.1	12.4	8.5 - 16.4
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA				
Total	75.2	72.5	3.5	3.0 - 4.1
Men	82.2	78.9	4.0	3.2 - 4.9
Women	66.4	66.4	3.0	2.2 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	72.2	63.7	11.7	8.1 - 15.3
White	75.7	73.2	3.2	2.6 - 3.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	74.3	66.0	11.1	7.5 - 14.6
Norfolk-Suffolk MSA				
Total	65.0	62.6	3.8	3.2 - 4.4
Men	72.9	70.0	4.0	3.2 - 4.9
Women	57.8	55.8	3.5	2.7 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.5	38.0	12.5	8.4 - 16.6
White	64.6	62.4	3.7	3.0 - 4.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.6	40.9	10.7	6.6 - 14.6
Black	67.6	64.0	5.3	2.8 - 7.8
Hispanic origin	66.3	65.5	4.1	1.9 - 6.2
New Orleans MSA				
Total	62.1	57.6	7.3	6.0 - 8.5
Men	67.7	63.3	6.5	4.8 - 8.2
Women	57.7	53.1	8.0	6.2 - 9.7
White	62.9	60.3	4.1	3.0 - 5.3
Black	59.9	52.7	12.0	9.4 - 14.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
New York MSA				
Total	58.3	53.7	7.9	7.4 - 8.4
Men	68.4	62.8	8.2	7.5 - 8.8
Women	49.9	46.1	7.6	7.0 - 8.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	27.0	19.8	26.7	23.9 - 29.5
White	58.2	54.5	6.4	5.9 - 6.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	28.1	21.9	22.1	18.3 - 26.0
Black	55.8	48.9	12.3	11.3 - 13.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	25.0	15.5	38.3	33.6 - 43.0
Hispanic origin	53.8	48.3	10.2	9.1 - 11.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	26.9	19.2	28.5	22.2 - 34.8
Newark MSA				
Total	67.5	63.1	6.5	5.6 - 7.3
Men	74.7	69.6	6.8	5.6 - 8.0
Women	60.7	57.0	6.1	4.9 - 7.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	50.3	40.7	19.0	13.0 - 24.9
White	66.0	62.4	5.4	4.5 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	52.9	44.5	15.8	9.4 - 22.1
Black	72.3	64.9	10.2	8.1 - 12.3
Hispanic origin	60.9	54.7	10.1	6.7 - 13.5
Norfolk-Virginia Beach- Newport News MSA				
Total	67.2	63.3	5.8	4.6 - 7.0
Men	71.2	68.3	4.1	2.6 - 5.6
Women	63.9	59.2	7.4	5.5 - 9.2
White	66.4	63.4	4.5	3.2 - 5.9
Black	67.8	62.1	8.4	6.0 - 10.8
Oakland MSA				
Total	70.4	66.9	4.9	4.0 - 5.9
Men	77.9	74.1	4.9	3.7 - 6.2
Women	63.3	60.2	4.9	3.6 - 6.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	52.8	42.0	20.3	12.6 - 28.0
White	69.9	67.3	3.8	2.8 - 4.8
Black	70.6	63.4	10.2	6.7 - 13.7
Hispanic origin	66.1	59.8	9.6	5.4 - 13.9
Oklahoma City MSA				
Total	65.9	63.6	3.4	2.6 - 4.2
Men	74.5	72.8	2.4	1.5 - 3.3
Women	58.1	55.5	4.6	3.3 - 6.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56.8	51.5	9.3	4.4 - 14.2
White	66.0	64.2	2.8	2.0 - 3.6
Black	66.4	62.9	5.2	2.5 - 7.9
Orange County MSA				
Total	69.2	65.3	5.6	4.7 - 6.5
Men	78.5	74.1	5.5	4.4 - 6.7
Women	59.9	56.5	5.7	4.4 - 7.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.0	35.1	21.9	15.3 - 28.5
White	70.9	67.2	5.2	4.3 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	49.2	39.5	19.8	12.6 - 26.9
Hispanic origin	76.0	70.9	6.7	4.8 - 8.6
Philadelphia MSA				
Total	64.6	60.8	5.9	5.4 - 6.5
Men	72.4	67.8	6.4	5.6 - 7.2
Women	57.7	54.6	5.4	4.6 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	48.1	40.1	16.7	13.2 - 20.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Philadelphia PMSA—Continued				
White	66.5	63.5	4.6	4.1 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	51.5	45.5	11.6	8.2 - 14.9
Black	56.7	49.4	12.8	11.0 - 14.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	39.6	24.0	39.4	29.9 - 49.0
Hispanic origin	60.4	55.5	8.1	4.7 - 11.6
Phoenix-Mesa MSA				
Total	69.9	66.4	5.0	4.4 - 5.7
Men	77.9	74.2	4.8	4.0 - 5.7
Women	62.1	58.9	5.3	4.3 - 6.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	63.6	53.1	16.5	12.7 - 20.3
White	69.6	66.3	4.8	4.1 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	66.9	56.3	15.8	11.8 - 19.7
Black	76.4	68.4	10.5	6.2 - 14.8
Hispanic origin	73.6	71.2	3.3	2.0 - 4.6
Pittsburgh MSA				
Total	59.3	56.1	5.4	4.6 - 6.2
Men	68.3	64.5	5.6	4.5 - 6.6
Women	51.4	48.7	5.3	4.1 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46.8	37.0	21.0	15.3 - 26.7
White	59.6	56.8	4.7	3.9 - 5.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	46.8	38.4	18.0	12.2 - 23.7
Black	56.8	46.5	18.1	12.6 - 23.5
Portland-Vancouver PMSA				
Total	71.8	68.5	4.6	3.8 - 5.4
Men	79.6	76.0	4.5	3.5 - 5.5
Women	64.2	61.2	4.8	3.6 - 5.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	62.9	54.5	13.3	8.2 - 18.4
White	71.8	68.4	4.7	3.9 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	66.1	57.4	13.3	8.0 - 18.6
Black	69.6	65.8	5.4	.5 - 10.2
Hispanic origin	78.5	72.1	8.2	4.1 - 12.3
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA				
Total	67.5	64.2	4.9	4.2 - 5.6
Men	74.8	71.4	4.5	3.6 - 5.4
Women	61.0	57.8	5.3	4.3 - 6.4
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	61.0	51.2	16.0	11.6 - 20.4
White	66.8	63.8	4.5	3.8 - 5.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	61.5	52.6	14.5	10.0 - 19.0
Black	78.8	69.8	11.4	7.4 - 15.5
Hispanic origin	66.3	58.1	12.4	7.6 - 17.1
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA				
Total	63.8	59.0	7.6	6.5 - 8.6
Men	73.5	67.8	7.6	6.4 - 9.2
Women	54.4	50.5	7.3	5.7 - 8.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	43.0	32.3	24.8	18.3 - 31.3
White	64.7	60.0	7.3	6.2 - 8.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	45.5	34.0	25.3	18.4 - 32.2
Black	55.1	49.4	10.4	6.2 - 14.5
Hispanic origin	66.8	63.4	7.9	5.9 - 9.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Rochester MSA				
Total	69.7	66.3	5.0	3.9 - 6.0
Men	75.8	72.1	4.8	3.5 - 6.2
Women	63.8	60.6	5.1	3.6 - 6.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	55.2	44.6	19.3	13.6 - 24.9
White	71.3	68.4	4.0	3.0 - 5.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	60.4	49.8	17.7	11.6 - 23.7
Black	55.1	47.0	14.7	9.5 - 19.8
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA				
Total	64.6	60.1	7.0	5.7 - 8.3
Men	69.7	64.6	7.3	5.5 - 9.1
Women	59.9	55.8	6.7	4.9 - 8.6
White	67.4	62.9	6.7	5.3 - 8.1
Hispanic origin	71.6	64.3	10.1	5.8 - 14.4
St. Louis MSA²				
Total	70.1	66.4	5.3	4.4 - 6.1
Men	77.4	73.6	4.9	3.8 - 6.0
Women	63.7	60.1	5.7	4.4 - 6.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	63.7	54.9	13.9	9.2 - 18.6
White	71.7	68.6	4.3	3.4 - 5.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	66.9	59.6	10.8	6.0 - 15.7
Black	63.6	56.7	10.9	6.2 - 13.7
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA				
Total	74.3	72.1	2.9	2.4 - 3.4
Men	83.1	80.8	2.8	2.2 - 3.5
Women	65.7	63.8	2.9	2.2 - 3.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	70.9	64.3	9.4	6.8 - 12.0
White	74.1	72.1	2.8	2.3 - 3.3
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	71.1	64.8	8.9	6.3 - 11.5
Hispanic origin	74.2	70.5	5.1	2.7 - 7.5
San Antonio MSA				
Total	67.1	63.8	5.0	3.9 - 6.0
Men	75.6	72.4	4.2	2.9 - 5.5
Women	59.9	56.4	5.9	4.3 - 7.5
White	67.4	64.3	4.5	3.5 - 5.6
Hispanic origin	67.8	63.6	6.0	4.4 - 7.6
San Diego MSA				
Total	65.1	60.2	7.6	6.5 - 8.6
Men	74.3	68.4	7.9	6.4 - 9.3
Women	56.8	52.7	7.2	5.7 - 8.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	51.4	39.6	22.5	15.9 - 29.2
White	66.5	62.0	6.9	5.8 - 8.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	56.8	44.1	22.3	14.8 - 29.8
Black	53.3	44.9	15.6	9.5 - 22.1
Hispanic origin	66.8	60.7	9.2	6.8 - 11.5
San Francisco PMSA				
Total	69.4	67.0	3.4	2.5 - 4.2
Men	78.9	76.0	3.6	2.5 - 4.8
Women	59.3	57.5	3.0	1.8 - 4.2
White	71.7	69.2	3.4	2.4 - 4.3
Black	58.7	56.2	4.2	.3 - 8.1
Hispanic origin	74.4	71.3	4.2	2.1 - 6.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1995 annual averages—Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
San Jose PMSA				
Total	69.9	66.5	4.8	3.8 - 5.8
Men	76.0	72.7	4.4	3.1 - 5.7
Women	63.7	60.4	5.3	3.7 - 6.8
White	70.4	67.2	4.5	3.4 - 5.7
Hispanic origin	70.6	64.3	8.9	5.7 - 12.0
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA				
Total	71.6	66.1	5.0	4.1 - 5.8
Men	79.5	75.5	5.1	3.9 - 6.3
Women	64.1	61.0	4.9	3.6 - 6.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57.4	47.1	17.9	11.4 - 24.4
White	71.8	66.4	4.7	3.9 - 5.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57.8	48.2	16.7	10.0 - 23.4
Black	77.1	74.3	3.6	- .6 - 7.8
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA				
Total	58.7	56.0	4.7	3.9 - 5.4
Men	65.5	62.5	4.6	3.6 - 5.6
Women	52.8	50.3	4.7	3.6 - 5.8
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	54.7	46.0	15.9	11.0 - 20.7
White	57.0	54.8	3.9	3.1 - 4.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	59.2	50.9	13.9	8.9 - 19.0
Black	72.6	66.1	8.9	6.2 - 11.6
Hispanic origin	59.8	56.1	6.2	3.7 - 8.8
Washington D.C. PMSA				
Total	71.6	68.3	4.6	4.0 - 5.2
Men	78.4	74.9	4.5	3.8 - 5.3
Women	65.1	62.1	4.7	3.9 - 5.5
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	53.7	44.5	17.2	13.1 - 21.4
White	72.0	69.6	3.3	2.8 - 3.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	57.9	49.9	13.9	9.1 - 18.7
Black	69.6	63.3	8.9	7.5 - 10.4
Hispanic origin	77.9	73.9	5.1	2.9 - 7.3
Baltimore central city				
Total	60.5	53.8	11.0	8.4 - 13.5
Men	66.5	57.9	13.0	9.1 - 16.9
Women	55.9	50.8	9.2	5.9 - 12.4
White	55.9	51.2	8.5	4.5 - 12.5
Black	61.9	54.0	12.7	9.4 - 16.0
Chicago central city				
Total	63.5	58.0	8.7	7.9 - 9.5
Men	72.3	65.9	8.9	7.8 - 10.0
Women	55.6	50.9	8.4	7.3 - 9.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	38.1	26.1	31.5	26.7 - 36.4
White	69.1	65.3	5.5	4.7 - 6.3
Black	55.0	46.6	15.3	13.6 - 17.0
Hispanic origin	66.3	61.3	10.3	8.3 - 12.3
Cleveland central city				
Total	55.7	52.3	6.1	4.0 - 8.2
Men	67.2	62.8	6.6	3.7 - 9.5
Women	46.2	43.7	5.5	2.6 - 8.4
White	58.0	54.8	5.5	3.0 - 8.1
Black	52.9	49.0	7.3	3.6 - 11.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
Dallas central city				
Total	70.9	67.0	5.6	4.3 - 6.9
Men	79.5	74.4	6.5	4.7 - 8.3
Women	62.9	60.0	4.6	2.9 - 6.3
White	69.9	66.0	2.8	1.7 - 3.9
Black	74.3	64.8	12.8	9.6 - 15.9
Hispanic origin	78.1	74.9	4.0	1.8 - 6.2
Detroit central city				
Total	54.3	47.6	12.4	10.4 - 14.4
Men	59.2	50.7	14.2	11.1 - 17.3
Women	50.9	45.4	10.9	8.4 - 13.4
White	54.6	51.6	5.9	2.7 - 9.0
Black	54.2	48.5	14.2	11.9 - 16.6
District of Columbia				
Total	63.6	56.2	6.5	7.7 - 9.3
Men	67.8	61.9	8.7	7.5 - 9.9
Women	60.1	55.1	6.4	7.2 - 9.5
White	78.6	76.3	3.0	2.1 - 3.8
Black	56.9	50.1	12.0	10.8 - 13.2
Hispanic origin	73.8	69.0	6.5	3.4 - 9.6
Houston central city				
Total	68.1	63.4	6.9	5.8 - 7.9
Men	76.3	73.4	6.3	5.0 - 7.6
Women	58.0	53.6	7.6	6.0 - 9.3
White	69.4	65.7	5.3	4.1 - 6.5
Black	66.9	59.5	11.2	8.9 - 13.4
Hispanic origin	69.0	64.0	7.2	5.3 - 9.1
Indianapolis central city				
Total	64.6	61.3	5.1	3.6 - 6.7
Men	72.0	68.7	4.5	2.5 - 6.6
Women	58.4	55.1	5.7	3.4 - 8.0
White	66.8	63.7	4.6	2.9 - 6.3
Black	57.9	53.9	6.9	3.4 - 10.4
Los Angeles central city				
Total	63.6	57.7	9.5	8.7 - 10.4
Men	75.3	66.1	9.6	8.5 - 10.7
Women	52.6	47.6	9.5	8.2 - 10.8
Both sexes, 18 to 19 years	34.3	25.0	27.1	21.0 - 33.1
White	65.1	59.9	9.5	8.6 - 10.5
Both sexes, 18 to 19 years	37.9	26.9	23.9	17.6 - 30.1
Black	54.7	47.9	12.5	9.7 - 15.3
Hispanic origin	65.8	58.2	11.6	10.2 - 13.0
Minneapolis central city				
Total	67.6	62.1	8.1	6.1 - 10.2
Men	71.6	66.1	7.7	4.9 - 10.4
Women	64.1	58.6	8.6	5.8 - 11.4
White	72.3	66.2	5.7	3.6 - 7.8
Black	58.4	50.8	13.1	8.9 - 17.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 23. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Civilian labor force participation rates, employment-population ratios, and unemployment rates by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Area and population group	Civilian labor force participation rate	Employment-population ratio	Rate	Error range of rate ¹
New York central city				
Total	56.7	51.7	8.8	8.3 - 9.3
Men	66.4	60.4	9.0	8.3 - 9.7
Women	46.7	44.5	8.5	7.8 - 9.2
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	25.0	17.8	29.0	26.0 - 31.9
White	55.7	51.8	7.4	6.7 - 8.0
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	25.9	19.6	24.5	20.1 - 28.8
Black	55.4	48.4	12.5	11.5 - 13.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	23.8	14.4	39.2	34.4 - 44.0
Hispanic origin	52.7	47.0	10.8	9.6 - 11.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	25.6	18.3	28.2	21.6 - 34.9
Philadelphia central city				
Total	57.5	52.2	9.2	7.9 - 10.5
Men	66.4	59.5	10.4	8.5 - 12.3
Women	50.5	46.4	8.0	6.3 - 9.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	42.0	30.0	29.5	21.2 - 35.9
White	61.5	57.8	6.1	4.6 - 7.5
Black	53.3	45.8	14.0	11.8 - 16.4
Hispanic origin	55.6	50.5	9.2	4.0 - 14.4
Phoenix central city				
Total	74.0	69.6	6.0	4.9 - 7.1
Men	83.9	79.1	5.8	4.4 - 7.2
Women	64.5	60.5	6.2	4.5 - 7.8
White	74.1	69.7	5.9	4.8 - 7.0
Hispanic origin	73.5	71.0	3.4	1.7 - 5.2
St. Louis central city				
Total	69.2	64.5	6.6	4.4 - 9.3
Men	77.2	70.4	6.7	5.1 - 12.4
Women	61.7	58.8	4.6	1.6 - 7.6
White	78.2	74.9	4.2	1.5 - 6.9
Black	62.0	55.9	9.8	5.7 - 13.8
San Antonio central city				
Total	67.0	63.1	5.9	4.5 - 7.2
Men	74.6	71.0	4.8	3.2 - 6.5
Women	60.4	56.2	7.0	4.9 - 9.0
White	67.3	63.7	5.4	4.1 - 6.7
Hispanic origin	68.6	64.4	6.5	4.7 - 8.3
San Diego central city				
Total	63.0	56.6	10.1	8.3 - 11.9
Men	72.2	64.7	10.3	7.8 - 12.7
Women	54.4	49.1	9.9	7.3 - 12.6
White	64.6	58.3	9.7	7.7 - 11.8
Hispanic origin	62.3	54.6	12.3	6.3 - 18.4
San Francisco central city				
Total	68.9	66.4	3.6	2.3 - 4.9
Men	77.2	73.9	4.2	2.5 - 6.0
Women	59.3	57.7	2.7	.9 - 4.5
White	73.5	70.6	3.9	2.4 - 5.5
Hispanic origin	74.6	71.5	4.2	1.2 - 7.2

¹ Error ranges are calculated at the 90-percent confidence interval, which means that if repeated samples were drawn from the same population and an error range constructed around each sample estimate, in 9 out of 10 cases the true value based on a complete census of the population would be contained within these error ranges.

² Data do not reflect the 1993 official U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definition of the St. Louis Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). See appendix C.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 1996 annual averages

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers		
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
TOTAL											
Metropolitan areas:²											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	16.1	15.1	3.3	14.0	14.9	11.0	10.6	4.6	3.6	3.9
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	17.4	19.2	3.8	12.5	17.2	12.8	7.7	2.3	3.3	3.2
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	16.5	16.7	3.6	15.5	16.4	11.5	6.8	5.9	3.7	2.9
Boston PMSA	100.0	19.0	23.1	3.2	10.6	15.7	11.2	7.8	3.5	2.6	2.7
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	13.9	15.9	4.6	14.5	13.5	14.2	9.5	5.3	3.4	2.5
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	14.0	12.8	3.1	10.8	13.3	12.6	12.2	11.3	4.7	4.3
Chicago PMSA	100.0	16.4	15.7	2.9	12.8	15.7	11.7	9.5	6.3	4.3	4.1
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	15.5	14.3	3.0	13.2	15.1	12.1	10.1	7.0	3.5	5.0
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	13.2	15.0	3.4	12.5	16.2	13.3	10.7	6.8	3.9	4.1
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	15.5	13.8	3.0	12.9	18.9	12.6	6.7	3.7	4.8	3.9
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	16.6	15.1	3.2	13.9	15.9	11.5	11.1	4.3	3.9	3.3
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	14.1	15.6	3.7	8.8	14.6	14.9	11.2	6.2	3.9	4.1
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	17.8	18.1	3.4	12.1	15.9	11.2	9.8	3.4	3.4	3.9
Detroit PMSA	100.0	14.7	15.9	3.3	12.0	14.0	12.1	11.6	8.4	3.6	3.8
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	15.5	12.3	3.2	14.5	15.3	16.5	10.8	2.9	3.9	3.3
Hartford MSA	100.0	17.0	16.2	3.7	12.1	15.2	12.8	9.4	5.3	2.3	3.7
Houston PMSA	100.0	14.7	14.1	3.5	13.2	14.2	12.0	12.3	3.7	5.8	5.5
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	15.9	13.7	2.0	15.0	14.3	10.0	11.5	6.2	5.1	4.5
Kansas City MSA	100.0	15.9	16.0	2.6	12.8	15.7	13.1	9.1	5.8	3.1	4.4
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	14.5	14.6	3.1	12.2	15.2	13.4	9.5	7.9	3.6	4.2
Louisville MSA	100.0	14.2	12.3	4.2	14.5	14.2	12.6	10.6	7.4	4.3	4.2
Memphis MSA	100.0	15.7	12.5	2.8	12.7	17.1	12.8	12.2	3.8	4.6	4.6
Miami PMSA	100.0	12.8	11.6	3.4	14.7	16.2	15.5	10.1	4.8	4.1	5.1
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	17.6	15.3	3.7	11.6	14.5	13.5	9.5	7.3	3.5	2.6
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	15.9	17.0	3.8	14.2	15.9	11.3	9.9	4.9	3.5	2.7
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newsport News MSA	100.0	16.6	16.5	3.1	12.8	18.0	13.7	10.0	3.2	2.8	2.2
New Orleans MSA	100.0	12.3	17.6	2.0	12.2	18.1	15.8	8.8	2.4	5.2	4.2
New York PMSA	100.0	15.4	17.4	2.4	11.2	18.6	18.3	7.3	4.3	3.1	3.4
Newark PMSA	100.0	15.5	16.6	3.0	12.0	15.1	14.9	9.2	5.0	4.0	3.5
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newsport News MSA	100.0	10.7	17.4	3.3	13.5	18.3	15.8	11.1	3.9	3.4	2.7
Oakland PMSA	100.0	19.6	20.1	3.7	12.7	16.8	8.9	8.4	1.7	3.7	4.0
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	16.6	16.0	3.7	13.2	13.4	12.9	10.4	4.5	2.8	4.7
Oran County PMSA	100.0	19.3	16.1	3.1	13.1	12.7	12.9	9.5	6.4	3.1	2.3
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	15.5	16.5	3.5	12.1	16.5	13.8	8.5	4.0	3.4	3.1
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	15.2	13.9	3.5	13.8	15.3	12.9	12.0	4.2	3.6	3.4
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	16.0	16.0	3.2	13.0	14.8	13.0	10.3	4.0	3.2	3.6
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	17.6	14.3	2.7	13.1	13.9	12.1	9.9	5.8	4.1	4.4
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	12.6	14.3	3.2	11.0	14.5	14.6	11.4	10.6	2.8	3.6
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	14.8	12.3	3.6	13.4	15.4	13.2	10.5	5.0	5.3	4.5
Rochester MSA	100.0	15.4	15.0	3.1	12.1	14.9	14.9	9.6	7.5	2.8	3.2
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	18.9	17.7	3.3	11.2	15.9	13.2	8.9	2.9	3.9	2.5
St. Louis MSA	100.0	11.4	17.7	3.7	12.3	15.8	14.0	8.9	5.3	4.1	4.3
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	15.6	14.9	3.5	12.2	16.3	10.5	11.0	5.8	3.9	5.2
San Antonio MSA	100.0	11.6	13.8	4.1	12.2	17.8	14.3	15.5	5.2	4.1	5.0
San Diego MSA	100.0	14.1	17.5	3.1	13.5	14.3	15.4	10.3	3.8	2.3	3.4
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	19.9	19.2	2.7	12.3	12.6	10.0	8.6	3.3	1.8	2.1
San Jose PMSA	100.0	17.7	22.9	5.5	9.0	13.6	7.8	9.6	7.7	2.4	2.8
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	19.4	16.4	3.6	13.3	13.8	11.9	10.4	3.0	3.5	3.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	14.1	14.3	3.6	15.4	14.2	14.7	9.6	3.4	4.5	3.3
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	21.7	22.5	3.5	10.2	14.5	12.9	7.2	1.1	2.6	11.2
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	12.7	11.5	6.3	10.2	16.8	19.8	8.1	2.8	6.4	4.9
Chicago central city	100.0	15.4	15.6	2.8	10.2	15.2	15.6	3.3	7.9	3.6	4.6
Cleveland central city	100.0	8.0	8.1	6.4	7.9	15.4	20.4	11.9	11.7	6.2	3.9
Dallas central city	100.0	13.9	16.7	3.0	12.7	16.0	12.9	11.2	5.4	3.5	3.8
Detroit central city	100.0	8.1	7.6	2.2	8.5	16.7	20.2	10.6	15.0	4.7	5.3
District of Columbia	100.0	22.1	22.6	4.6	7.3	15.5	16.9	4.6	1.3	2.1	2.3
Houston central city	100.0	12.7	13.5	3.4	12.4	12.6	16.3	11.8	3.8	5.7	7.2
Indianapolis central city	100.0	17.5	10.1	2.1	12.8	14.5	12.4	10.4	6.9	6.7	5.8
Los Angeles central city	100.0	14.0	15.7	3.0	11.7	13.4	16.7	6.6	7.7	2.9	4.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers		
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
TOTAL—Continued											
Cities:											
Milwaukee central city	100.0	10.7	11.7	2.6	10.8	14.0	22.8	7.4	11.8	3.0	4.3
New York central city	100.0	14.7	16.3	2.4	10.5	17.2	20.0	7.4	4.7	3.2	3.4
Philadelphia central city	100.0	11.6	16.7	3.1	9.4	18.8	20.3	6.7	5.3	3.9	3.5
Phoenix central city	100.0	13.8	10.5	3.3	12.5	15.6	15.5	12.6	5.2	3.8	4.3
St. Louis central city	100.0	9.9	25.6	3.4	10.1	12.9	15.6	4.3	8.9	4.4	3.1
San Antonio central city	100.0	9.6	13.2	3.8	12.0	14.6	15.8	9.6	5.8	4.1	5.8
San Diego central city	100.0	14.2	18.7	2.7	11.0	10.9	18.1	10.4	2.5	2.8	3.3
San Francisco central city	100.0	15.5	20.6	3.5	6.9	13.3	21.8	7.3	3.8	1.7	3.0
Men											
Metropolitan areas²											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	18.2	12.9	3.6	14.9	5.7	8.7	18.0	5.1	5.7	6.2
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	18.1	19.1	2.7	12.1	7.5	11.3	14.3	2.2	6.2	5.7
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	17.7	15.7	2.9	16.1	7.4	11.3	11.1	7.0	6.3	4.1
Bozeman PMSA	100.0	20.4	21.1	3.3	10.2	7.7	9.5	14.2	3.9	4.2	4.1
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	16.7	14.9	2.5	13.0	5.7	10.1	17.1	7.6	5.3	3.2
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	14.1	10.2	2.6	11.3	6.2	8.8	20.7	10.0	7.8	6.6
Chicago PMSA	100.0	16.6	13.6	2.7	12.5	6.7	9.7	16.1	7.7	7.2	6.3
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	17.0	12.4	1.9	12.3	7.8	7.8	16.6	9.5	5.9	7.7
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	15.8	13.3	3.4	10.8	6.6	8.4	16.5	9.1	5.9	6.6
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	16.7	12.2	3.3	12.1	10.0	9.8	14.7	4.8	8.2	5.5
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	17.2	14.0	3.9	13.7	6.4	8.2	18.2	5.1	6.4	5.0
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	14.9	14.0	3.8	8.9	5.0	9.6	18.7	11.3	6.3	5.9
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	16.7	16.7	3.2	12.8	7.6	8.8	16.0	4.4	5.1	5.7
Detroit PMSA	100.0	15.1	15.3	3.2	11.3	4.5	8.1	20.0	9.9	6.2	5.7
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	15.2	9.7	2.6	14.9	5.8	15.6	17.9	4.6	6.1	4.8
Hartford MSA	100.0	17.4	16.9	2.8	13.0	6.3	9.2	16.8	6.9	3.9	5.7
Houston PMSA	100.0	14.5	13.2	3.4	11.7	4.9	8.1	20.3	5.2	8.9	6.2
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	16.8	13.4	1.9	16.1	3.6	5.2	20.2	7.4	7.5	4.8
Kansas City MSA	100.0	16.3	13.9	2.8	12.3	5.7	10.4	16.7	6.8	5.5	7.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	14.2	13.7	3.1	11.5	7.7	11.6	15.1	8.1	6.0	6.3
Louisville MSA	100.0	16.1	10.4	2.2	13.1	5.3	9.9	19.1	9.4	6.7	5.9
Memphis MSA	100.0	17.9	7.8	2.8	13.2	7.0	11.4	19.3	4.9	7.6	6.9
Miami PMSA	100.0	12.3	9.3	2.8	13.9	8.8	13.5	17.3	5.0	6.9	7.2
Milwaukee-Waukegan PMSA	100.0	19.3	14.7	3.1	10.3	4.5	10.3	15.3	10.6	6.7	4.2
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	17.1	14.9	4.1	14.0	6.3	9.2	16.8	5.7	6.1	4.3
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	19.5	14.3	2.7	13.7	6.3	12.8	17.5	4.2	4.1	3.7
New Orleans MSA	100.0	13.9	17.5	2.4	10.8	6.4	10.5	17.0	2.3	9.6	7.1
New York PMSA	100.0	16.3	14.6	2.2	12.2	9.2	16.9	12.6	3.9	5.7	5.7
Newark PMSA	100.0	17.0	14.4	3.3	13.0	6.3	12.0	15.7	5.0	6.9	4.7
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newsport News MSA	100.0	11.5	14.8	1.9	12.8	5.8	12.5	21.3	5.1	5.6	4.8
Oakland PMSA	100.0	19.8	21.6	2.7	13.2	5.8	7.7	14.1	2.2	6.7	5.7
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	16.6	14.2	2.3	12.8	5.9	12.1	17.8	4.4	4.8	7.1
Orange County PMSA	100.0	19.5	15.6	2.3	14.0	5.3	11.1	15.0	6.3	4.9	3.3
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	16.1	17.3	2.7	11.7	6.9	10.7	15.2	4.8	5.8	4.8
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	14.6	11.8	3.1	13.6	6.3	11.3	19.3	5.4	5.7	4.9
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	18.9	15.6	3.0	11.6	6.3	8.8	17.4	5.7	5.6	5.5
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	19.1	12.3	1.8	11.9	4.3	9.5	16.7	7.0	6.9	4.4
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	14.3	12.2	2.4	10.2	5.6	12.7	19.6	10.4	5.2	6.0
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	14.2	11.0	3.6	13.2	6.0	11.3	17.4	5.4	6.5	6.2
Rochester MSA	100.0	17.9	13.7	2.8	13.7	6.4	12.2	15.6	9.6	4.1	4.8
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	18.6	16.1	2.7	11.1	6.3	11.1	15.2	2.9	6.2	4.1
St. Louis MSA	100.0	11.4	15.9	3.8	12.2	7.4	9.8	15.9	7.2	7.9	5.7
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	15.9	13.1	4.1	12.7	6.6	8.0	17.9	5.3	6.5	6.0
San Antonio MSA	100.0	13.3	11.0	4.1	11.7	7.9	10.4	16.7	8.6	7.0	9.0
San Diego MSA	100.0	14.1	17.3	3.0	13.2	7.2	12.8	16.8	3.7	4.0	4.7
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	18.5	18.4	2.8	12.3	6.9	16.4	13.9	3.0	2.6	3.1
San Jose PMSA	100.0	16.0	24.0	7.2	6.0	6.0	6.1	14.2	7.2	3.9	4.3
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	17.9	15.4	3.7	14.0	4.8	11.1	16.9	3.7	6.1	4.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers		
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
Men—Continued											
Metropolitan areas: ²											
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	14.3	11.8	3.4	15.0	5.2	12.5	16.9	3.7	7.8	5.1
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	23.0	21.7	3.3	9.0	6.4	12.0	12.9	1.5	4.4	3.4
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	7.7	14.0	3.9	8.2	6.4	20.9	14.6	1.3	13.7	7.9
Chicago central city	100.0	13.4	12.7	2.2	9.0	8.1	15.6	14.1	10.2	6.6	7.7
Cleveland central city	100.0	8.6	7.5	6.9	5.7	5.8	16.8	19.0	14.5	9.6	5.6
Dallas central city	100.0	14.0	17.4	3.6	12.3	6.1	9.1	18.7	6.5	5.4	5.5
Detroit central city	100.0	5.6	4.8	.6	5.8	5.6	19.7	20.4	19.2	9.5	8.4
District of Columbia	100.0	21.1	21.6	4.4	6.9	9.6	16.7	8.8	1.7	4.2	4.3
Houston central city	100.0	11.7	13.0	2.7	11.0	4.3	11.7	19.4	5.4	8.7	11.1
Indianapolis central city	100.0	18.4	10.4	3.2	13.6	2.4	7.0	19.5	8.3	9.6	6.5
Los Angeles central city	100.0	13.1	15.1	3.0	10.7	7.8	14.8	13.2	7.6	4.6	6.9
Milwaukee central city	100.0	9.5	8.8	2.8	6.1	4.4	22.9	12.2	18.3	6.1	6.9
New York central city	100.0	15.7	13.2	2.3	11.6	9.7	18.1	12.9	4.4	5.9	5.9
Philadelphia central city	100.0	11.1	15.9	2.2	8.4	10.3	18.8	12.3	5.7	7.6	6.3
Phoenix central city	100.0	10.9	8.8	3.1	13.5	6.6	13.4	20.1	6.4	5.9	6.5
St. Louis central city	100.0	8.8	20.8	3.9	11.7	4.9	16.4	7.9	11.9	7.1	3.1
San Antonio central city	100.0	10.8	9.6	3.1	12.7	8.9	12.7	14.7	6.9	7.2	10.5
San Diego central city	100.0	14.3	18.2	3.2	10.8	7.3	15.1	16.5	3.5	4.9	4.7
San Francisco central city	100.0	12.4	19.7	4.2	8.4	9.4	24.9	11.0	1.9	2.5	4.6
Women											
Metropolitan areas: ²											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	17.9	17.5	2.9	13.1	25.1	13.6	2.6	4.1	1.3	1.3
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	16.6	19.2	4.9	12.9	27.1	14.4	.9	2.5	.3	.6
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	15.1	18.1	4.4	14.8	27.6	11.7	1.4	4.5	.5	1.4
Boston PMSA	100.0	17.5	25.1	3.1	10.9	24.0	13.0	1.1	3.1	.8	1.2
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	11.0	17.0	6.8	16.1	22.1	18.7	1.1	2.8	1.2	1.7
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	13.8	16.0	3.6	10.2	21.8	17.2	2.0	12.9	1.1	1.4
Chicago PMSA	100.0	16.2	18.2	3.2	13.1	26.4	14.1	1.7	4.6	.7	1.4
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	13.7	16.6	4.4	14.2	24.2	17.5	2.2	3.8	.6	1.6
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	10.2	16.9	3.4	14.4	26.9	18.7	2.0	4.2	1.7	1.2
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	14.2	15.6	2.6	13.8	28.7	15.8	2.1	2.8	1.1	2.1
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	15.8	16.4	2.4	14.2	27.5	15.5	2.5	3.3	.8	1.1
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	13.2	17.6	3.5	8.6	26.2	21.3	2.1	4.3	1.0	1.9
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	16.7	19.7	3.6	11.3	26.3	14.3	1.7	2.2	1.3	1.8
Detroit PMSA	100.0	14.3	16.5	3.3	12.8	24.9	16.8	1.9	6.8	.7	1.6
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	15.9	15.4	4.0	14.0	26.7	17.5	2.3	.9	1.1	1.6
Hartford MSA	100.0	16.6	19.5	4.5	11.1	24.4	16.5	1.6	3.6	.8	1.5
Houston PMSA	100.0	14.9	15.2	3.7	15.2	27.0	17.4	1.2	1.5	1.5	1.7
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	15.0	14.0	2.0	13.6	26.2	15.5	1.6	4.9	2.4	4.2
Kansas City MSA	100.0	15.5	18.0	2.4	13.3	26.1	15.9	1.4	4.7	.7	1.4
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	14.9	15.8	3.2	13.2	25.2	15.8	2.0	7.6	.3	1.4
Louisville MSA	100.0	12.4	14.3	6.3	15.9	23.2	15.7	2.0	5.4	1.9	2.4
Memphis MSA	100.0	13.4	17.6	2.9	12.1	27.4	14.2	5.0	2.6	1.8	2.4
Miami PMSA	100.0	13.5	14.4	4.3	15.6	25.4	18.0	1.1	4.5	.7	2.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	15.8	15.9	4.4	13.1	25.4	17.0	3.2	3.7	(³)	.9
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	14.5	19.3	3.4	14.4	26.9	13.7	2.0	4.0	.5	.9
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	13.4	19.1	3.6	11.9	31.5	14.8	1.5	2.1	1.4	.5
New Orleans MSA	100.0	10.7	17.8	1.6	13.5	29.1	20.4	1.2	2.4	1.1	1.4
New York PMSA	100.0	14.5	20.7	2.7	10.0	25.1	20.0	1.2	4.7	.2	.7
Newark PMSA	100.0	13.9	19.0	2.7	10.9	25.2	18.1	1.8	4.9	.7	2.1
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA	100.0	10.0	19.9	4.6	14.3	26.4	18.1	1.3	2.8	1.3	.8
Oakland PMSA	100.0	19.3	18.4	4.9	12.2	28.9	10.4	1.9	1.2	.3	2.0
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	16.7	18.1	5.3	13.6	22.2	13.9	2.0	4.6	.5	2.0
Orange County PMSA	100.0	19.0	16.8	4.1	12.0	22.4	15.1	2.3	6.5	.7	.8
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	12.5	19.7	4.5	12.6	27.0	17.1	1.2	3.1	.8	1.1
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	15.9	16.4	3.9	14.2	26.3	14.8	2.9	2.6	.9	1.5
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	12.6	20.9	3.3	14.7	24.3	18.0	2.1	1.9	.3	1.4
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	15.9	16.8	4.0	13.2	25.6	15.1	1.7	3.9	.8	1.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers		
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
Women—Continued											
Metropolitan areas: ²											
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	10.7	16.6	4.0	12.0	25.0	16.6	2.4	10.8	0.2	1.4
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	15.5	13.9	3.6	13.8	27.6	15.7	1.6	4.5	1.1	2.3
Rochester MSA	100.0	12.5	16.5	3.4	13.6	24.6	18.0	2.7	5.0	1.3	1.4
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	19.1	19.4	3.9	11.3	22.9	15.3	2.1	3.2	1.4	.9
St. Louis MSA	100.0	11.5	19.6	3.9	12.3	25.0	18.6	1.4	3.1	1.1	2.6
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	15.2	17.1	2.7	11.5	26.0	13.6	2.6	6.5	.8	1.8
San Antonio MSA	100.0	9.8	16.9	4.1	12.7	28.8	18.6	3.6	3.7	.9	.6
San Diego MSA	100.0	14.2	17.8	3.3	14.0	22.8	18.5	2.5	3.9	.2	2.0
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	21.7	20.3	2.5	13.0	20.6	15.6	1.0	3.7	.3	.7
San Jose PMSA	100.0	17.4	21.6	3.5	10.2	22.7	9.9	4.2	8.2	.6	1.0
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	21.1	17.6	3.5	12.5	24.0	12.8	2.7	2.3	.6	1.9
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	14.0	17.0	4.1	15.9	24.0	17.1	1.6	3.1	1.2	1.3
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	20.1	23.4	3.7	11.6	23.8	14.0	.8	.6	.6	.7
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	16.9	9.4	8.3	12.0	25.7	18.8	2.5	3.8	(?)	2.4
Chicago central city	100.0	17.8	18.8	3.4	11.6	23.5	15.5	1.5	5.2	.7	1.5
Cleveland central city	100.0	7.4	8.8	5.8	10.5	26.8	24.7	3.4	8.5	2.2	1.8
Dallas central city	100.0	13.8	16.0	2.4	13.1	27.5	17.2	2.6	4.2	1.3	1.5
Detroit central city	100.0	9.9	9.7	3.5	12.4	25.1	20.5	3.2	11.7	1.0	2.9
District of Columbia	100.0	23.1	23.6	4.7	7.8	21.0	17.1	1.2	.8	.2	.5
Houston central city	100.0	14.1	14.3	4.3	14.3	23.9	22.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.9
Indianapolis central city	100.0	16.6	9.8	.9	12.0	27.1	18.1	.9	5.4	3.7	5.1
Los Angeles central city	100.0	15.1	16.7	2.9	13.1	21.2	19.3	2.2	7.7	.6	.7
Milwaukee central city	100.0	11.9	14.5	2.3	15.4	23.3	22.7	2.8	5.4	(?)	1.8
New York central city	100.0	13.5	19.8	2.4	9.3	25.6	22.1	1.2	5.1	.1	.7
Philadelphia central city	100.0	12.0	17.4	4.0	10.4	27.5	21.8	1.1	4.8	.1	.7
Phoenix central city	100.0	17.4	12.6	3.7	11.1	26.8	18.2	3.2	3.6	1.3	1.4
San Antonio central city	100.0	8.3	17.2	4.5	11.3	29.2	19.3	4.1	4.5	.8	.6
San Diego central city	100.0	14.1	19.3	2.1	11.4	24.6	21.8	3.0	1.4	.2	1.7
San Francisco central city	100.0	20.0	21.9	2.3	9.0	19.1	17.2	1.7	6.7	.5	.7
White											
Metropolitan areas: ²											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	20.1	17.1	3.7	15.2	14.2	8.7	11.5	3.3	2.8	2.2
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	19.7	21.0	3.3	13.9	15.6	9.6	9.1	2.2	2.3	2.4
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	17.4	16.4	3.4	16.3	16.1	10.4	7.0	5.4	4.0	3.0
Boston PMSA	100.0	20.1	23.2	3.3	10.9	15.5	9.8	6.0	3.2	2.6	2.5
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	14.6	16.0	4.8	14.2	13.4	13.3	9.9	4.8	3.6	2.3
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	16.5	14.8	3.1	12.3	13.8	8.9	13.3	8.6	3.5	4.1
Chicago PMSA	100.0	17.8	15.9	2.9	13.2	14.9	10.5	10.2	5.9	4.0	3.8
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	15.6	15.0	3.1	13.3	14.9	11.1	10.7	6.5	3.5	5.0
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	14.4	15.2	3.1	13.7	15.4	11.8	11.3	6.5	3.8	3.6
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	15.8	13.5	2.8	13.7	18.3	11.7	9.5	3.8	5.1	3.5
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	16.3	15.8	3.0	14.1	14.5	10.8	11.6	3.8	3.5	3.0
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	15.4	15.5	3.8	9.2	14.5	13.3	11.5	7.7	4.0	3.9
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	18.1	18.5	3.5	12.5	15.6	10.9	9.4	3.4	3.4	3.6
Detroit PMSA	100.0	15.8	16.4	3.6	12.5	13.7	10.9	12.3	7.1	3.4	3.9
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	18.6	12.9	3.4	15.4	16.7	11.5	10.8	3.1	3.7	2.5
Hartford MSA	100.0	17.8	20.0	3.7	11.8	14.7	11.0	10.2	4.8	2.2	3.1
Houston PMSA	100.0	16.2	15.2	3.5	12.7	13.0	11.1	13.2	3.4	5.1	5.2
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	14.3	15.0	2.1	16.1	14.2	10.0	12.2	5.3	4.8	3.9
Kansas City MSA	100.0	17.3	17.0	2.4	13.5	15.0	11.2	10.0	5.5	2.0	4.4
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	14.0	14.0	2.7	11.6	14.0	13.8	10.3	9.1	3.9	4.6
Louisville MSA	100.0	15.5	13.5	4.5	14.8	13.5	11.2	10.6	6.5	4.6	3.8
Memphis MSA	100.0	21.0	14.5	2.3	12.8	13.6	10.1	15.2	2.7	4.0	3.5
Miami PMSA	100.0	13.8	11.9	3.1	16.0	16.0	13.6	10.0	5.0	4.0	4.7
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	19.0	15.4	4.2	12.2	14.5	11.3	10.0	6.6	3.6	2.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and area	Total em- ployed ¹	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occu- pations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers		
		Executive, administra- tive, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administra- tive sup- port, in- cluding clerical			Machine operators, assem- blers, and inspectors	Transpor- tation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and labor- ers
White—Continued											
Metropolitan areas: ²											
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	16.1	17.1	3.9	14.4	16.4	10.6	10.2	4.3	3.6	2.6
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	17.3	16.0	2.7	13.3	17.8	13.5	10.1	3.3	2.6	2.3
New Orleans MSA	100.0	14.2	19.9	2.3	13.7	18.8	9.3	9.4	1.8	5.2	3.3
New York PMSA	100.0	17.9	19.7	2.3	12.6	14.9	15.1	7.2	3.8	2.5	3.4
Newark PMSA	100.0	17.8	16.6	2.8	12.9	14.6	11.9	10.5	4.9	3.3	3.1
Norfolk-Virginia Beach- Newport News MSA	100.0	12.1	19.6	3.5	13.9	16.7	12.3	12.8	2.5	2.4	2.6
Oakland PMSA	100.0	20.4	21.2	3.4	13.3	14.6	8.5	9.1	1.7	3.9	3.3
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	17.5	16.5	3.6	14.7	13.5	11.4	9.5	4.1	3.1	4.1
Orange County PMSA	100.0	19.1	16.2	2.8	13.6	12.3	13.1	9.4	6.5	3.2	2.2
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	16.7	19.8	3.6	12.8	15.6	11.8	9.1	3.5	2.9	2.8
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	16.0	13.8	3.5	13.6	15.1	12.7	11.9	3.8	3.7	3.4
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	16.4	18.2	3.1	13.3	14.2	12.3	10.5	4.0	3.2	3.5
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	17.9	14.9	2.6	12.8	13.8	11.8	10.2	4.6	4.6	4.4
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	12.9	14.7	3.2	11.3	15.3	13.9	11.4	9.6	2.9	3.9
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	14.7	11.7	3.7	13.1	14.8	13.1	11.1	5.7	5.3	4.6
Rochester MSA	100.0	15.6	15.3	3.0	12.4	14.9	13.9	9.9	7.7	2.4	3.2
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	18.7	17.7	2.9	11.7	15.2	12.7	9.4	3.0	3.7	2.9
St. Louis MSA	100.0	12.1	17.6	3.9	12.9	15.5	12.7	9.5	5.1	4.3	4.0
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	15.7	15.2	3.4	12.1	16.3	10.3	11.0	5.7	4.0	5.1
San Antonio MSA	100.0	11.7	13.9	4.0	12.1	16.2	14.0	10.7	5.4	3.7	4.9
San Diego MSA	100.0	15.5	17.2	2.9	14.4	13.8	14.7	9.6	3.5	2.5	3.4
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	21.8	20.1	2.6	11.9	11.2	15.9	8.4	2.3	1.8	2.2
San Jose PMSA	100.0	19.2	22.6	4.2	10.1	15.3	7.9	8.8	5.1	2.9	2.9
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	19.7	17.3	3.6	13.6	13.0	10.9	10.6	2.6	3.8	3.2
Tampa-St. Petersburg- Clearwater MSA	100.0	14.9	14.8	4.0	16.1	14.2	13.1	10.1	3.0	4.1	2.9
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	23.3	25.1	3.3	10.3	13.0	11.2	7.3	1.1	1.9	1.6
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	22.4	16.4	4.1	13.3	9.0	14.1	14.0	.1	2.7	2.7
Chicago central city	100.0	18.6	16.9	2.7	10.0	12.5	13.5	9.4	8.1	3.2	4.5
Cleveland central city	100.0	11.0	8.1	7.4	9.6	19.0	14.9	13.3	9.3	4.3	3.1
Dallas central city	100.0	16.9	20.3	2.9	12.5	11.0	11.3	12.9	5.0	2.4	3.7
Detroit central city	100.0	7.8	9.5	2.5	7.6	15.7	21.5	11.8	10.3	3.1	10.1
District of Columbia	100.0	29.7	37.4	4.2	7.8	10.0	7.1	1.8	.1	.9	.7
Houston central city	100.0	13.8	15.9	4.0	10.6	11.0	15.4	13.9	3.2	4.1	7.3
Indianapolis central city	100.0	15.8	11.8	2.5	14.6	14.4	12.9	11.4	4.8	6.3	4.6
Los Angeles central city	100.0	13.5	15.6	2.4	11.2	11.3	17.5	9.0	9.1	3.2	4.7
Milwaukee central city	100.0	12.5	12.5	3.8	12.1	13.8	18.1	8.0	10.6	3.3	4.5
New York central city	100.0	17.4	18.4	2.2	11.8	15.4	17.1	7.2	4.2	2.4	3.6
Philadelphia central city	100.0	13.4	20.7	2.8	11.8	16.7	15.3	7.4	5.3	2.5	2.9
Phoenix central city	100.0	14.6	10.5	3.4	12.1	14.9	15.4	12.9	4.9	4.0	4.2
St. Louis central city	100.0	11.6	27.9	4.2	8.5	12.5	9.1	4.8	10.6	4.5	2.6
San Antonio central city	100.0	9.4	13.2	3.9	11.8	19.1	15.4	10.0	5.9	3.6	5.9
San Diego central city	100.0	17.3	18.3	2.3	12.6	13.9	16.8	8.9	1.8	3.4	3.5
San Francisco central city	100.0	16.2	21.3	3.7	8.5	12.0	22.9	6.9	1.5	1.9	3.7
Black											
Metropolitan areas: ²											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	12.8	10.3	2.1	11.4	17.4	16.2	9.0	7.2	5.7	7.8
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	10.9	11.0	4.5	9.3	22.5	22.2	3.5	3.2	6.6	6.1
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	11.4	12.4	3.2	2.8	26.3	20.4	7.9	8.2	4.3	3.2
Boston PMSA	100.0	10.2	15.4	1.9	5.7	18.5	27.0	7.4	5.0	2.2	6.4
Charlotte-Gastonia- Rock Hill MSA	100.0	6.8	5.6	3.1	6.4	12.8	22.5	8.7	19.2	8.7	5.2
Chicago PMSA	100.0	9.4	13.1	2.8	10.9	19.9	17.4	6.6	7.6	6.6	5.4
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	14.3	7.5	1.3	13.1	16.7	21.3	5.7	10.4	4.1	5.6
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	6.9	9.3	4.9	6.0	21.4	23.2	8.4	8.0	5.1	6.8
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	13.6	10.6	3.6	8.2	26.2	19.5	4.0	2.9	4.1	7.3
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	7.5	11.0	4.0	10.8	26.1	15.2	7.0	5.0	7.4	5.8
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	3.3	14.2	2.9	5.1	14.3	27.1	9.8	13.3	3.1	6.0
Detroit PMSA	100.0	9.1	9.3	1.6	10.3	16.4	18.8	8.5	16.0	5.4	4.1
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	3.5	9.3	2.6	10.1	10.8	35.1	10.8	2.4	5.0	7.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers		
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
Black—Continued											
Metropolitan areas: ²											
Hartford MSA	100.0	12.9	6.9	3.5	12.9	18.3	25.3	2.6	6.6	3.0	8.0
Houston PMSA	100.0	8.7	9.1	3.8	12.6	19.9	16.8	7.9	4.3	9.6	7.3
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	26.8	4.3	1.0	8.7	14.7	10.1	6.1	12.1	8.0	8.3
Kansas City MSA	100.0	7.8	9.7	2.8	8.6	21.0	22.6	5.1	6.8	10.4	4.9
Los Angeles—											
Long Beach PMSA	100.0	14.7	14.9	2.3	9.0	26.4	18.0	5.9	1.3	3.2	3.9
Louisville MSA	100.0	3.8	4.9	2.1	13.5	19.6	25.8	9.0	12.9	2.4	6.0
Memphis MSA	100.0	8.5	9.3	3.8	10.9	23.2	15.9	8.2	5.5	6.1	6.7
Miami PMSA	100.0	7.1	9.1	5.1	8.0	18.0	25.1	11.0	4.1	4.8	6.9
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	7.8	10.8	2	7.6	12.2	31.7	6.7	14.7	2.3	3.9
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	9.2	15.4	7.9	5.3	22.7	17.1	11.3	3.5	7.0	5
New Orleans MSA	100.0	7.1	11.9	1.1	9.5	16.9	29.9	7.6	3.7	5.3	6.3
New York PMSA	100.0	8.9	12.0	2.2	7.0	22.1	26.2	7.7	3.4	4.3	3.7
Newark PMSA	100.0	8.2	14.4	3.2	10.1	17.5	23.7	5.1	5.8	7.1	4.7
Norfolk-Virginia Beach—											
Newport News MSA	100.0	8.4	13.6	2.4	12.4	15.7	21.0	7.8	7.3	6.0	3.0
Oakland PMSA	100.0	17.5	13.7	2.7	8.8	26.0	10.9	6.7	2.0	3.8	7.7
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	15.6	15.3	3.7	4.6	12.6	20.4	12.8	3.6	8	10.3
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	9.4	10.0	3.4	7.3	22.8	25.1	5.9	4.6	6.6	4.7
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	5.9	20.7	4.1	17.5	18.9	19.5	4.5	3.3	3.8	1.9
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	11.0	10.7	3.1	6.6	22.6	27.5	7.9	2.7	1.6	6.2
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	17.2	6.2	3.1	18.2	18.8	13.1	4.5	9.7	(?)	5.0
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	6.9	9.6	.6	5.9	9.2	24.6	11.9	24.9	1.3	3.9
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	17.2	16.4	3.2	11.6	20.2	17.2	5.0	2	4.4	3.4
Rochester MSA	100.0	8.5	13.4	4.3	9.4	15.6	27.1	7.3	4.3	8.0	2.2
St. Louis MSA	100.0	8.0	17.5	1.1	9.5	18.9	21.9	5.6	6.5	3.2	6.8
San Diego MSA	100.0	7.8	21.0	.6	9.3	11.9	29.8	7.8	4.8	2.2	4.7
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	9.2	28.9	.3	12.2	17.9	16.3	9.1	1.4	1.8	3.5
Tampa-St. Petersburg—											
Clearwater MSA	100.0	9.0	9.4	2.5	11.5	14.4	26.7	6.6	4.6	8.3	5.9
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	16.8	13.7	4.5	9.3	19.8	17.6	7.2	1.5	4.3	4.0
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	7.5	7.5	7.0	9.2	21.2	23.4	4.8	4.2	8.6	6.4
Chicago central city	100.0	9.0	11.9	2.9	11.0	20.5	20.6	6.2	6.4	5.8	5.6
Cleveland central city	100.0	3.7	1.2	5.4	5.2	10.8	33.0	10.8	13.7	10.4	5.9
Dallas central city	100.0	6.8	8.4	3.8	9.4	30.3	17.6	7.4	5.3	6.9	4.0
Detroit central city	100.0	8.1	7.1	2.2	10.2	17.1	19.8	10.3	16.0	5.2	3.9
District of Columbia	100.0	17.0	12.8	4.8	7.1	19.3	23.0	6.9	2.1	2.9	3.5
Houston central city	100.0	10.3	8.5	2.0	13.4	17.1	19.9	6.6	3.9	10.4	7.9
Indianapolis central city	100.0	23.7	4.6	1.1	7.9	15.5	10.7	6.5	12.8	8.5	8.7
Los Angeles central city	100.0	14.4	16.2	2.5	8.0	27.5	18.5	5.6	1.4	2.5	3.1
Milwaukee central city	100.0	7.4	9.2	(?)	8.1	12.9	32.5	5.8	15.5	2.5	4.2
New York central city	100.0	8.8	12.1	2.1	6.9	22.1	27.9	7.8	3.7	4.6	3.6
Philadelphia central city	100.0	8.6	10.8	3.0	6.1	22.6	28.4	6.0	3.4	6.3	4.9
St. Louis central city	100.0	7.9	22.8	2.3	12.0	13.3	23.6	3.7	6.7	4.2	3.6
Hispanic origin											
Metropolitan areas: ²											
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	10.6	6.4	3.5	15.1	15.6	14.3	7.5	16.2	3.4	4.9
Boston PMSA	100.0	7.2	12.1	5.7	9.8	14.4	20.4	7.6	9.2	3.0	10.5
Chicago PMSA	100.0	5.7	4.1	2.0	8.8	12.1	14.6	14.4	24.1	4.8	7.9
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	6.0	8.6	1.5	10.1	9.6	22.7	19.9	8.0	5.2	6.1
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	8.1	9.8	1.3	9.3	16.7	17.2	13.1	7.3	4.7	10.8
Detroit PMSA	100.0	12.7	7.7	3.1	13.2	10.8	10.0	19.7	10.3	3.7	9.0
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	11.6	7.6	1.9	13.5	17.1	17.7	14.0	8.5	2.7	3.7
Houston PMSA	100.0	6.7	5.3	.9	8.4	13.0	20.4	20.4	6.1	5.3	11.7
Los Angeles—											
Long Beach PMSA	100.0	6.0	4.6	1.7	8.8	12.6	20.3	13.1	16.3	5.8	7.1
Miami PMSA	100.0	11.0	8.0	3.2	14.8	16.2	15.6	11.6	6.5	5.3	6.2
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	6.1	4.5	4.4	11.4	13.4	17.6	14.5	18.4	4.2	4.3
New York PMSA	100.0	7.5	6.9	2.1	8.1	17.3	26.3	9.1	10.4	3.4	6.1
Newark PMSA	100.0	8.9	7.8	.8	7.5	12.3	14.8	13.0	22.3	5.0	6.4
Oakland PMSA	100.0	10.9	11.5	2.2	9.2	17.6	17.8	13.8	3.3	5.6	7.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons by sex, race, Hispanic origin, and occupation, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers		
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
Hispanic origin—Continued											
Metropolitan areas: ²											
Orange County PMSA	100.0	10.1	4.1	1.1	9.7	8.4	25.4	10.1	16.8	5.1	4.4
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	9.8	10.7	2.0	22.5	10.5	15.4	5.8	12.7	3.8	3.8
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	4.9	6.8	1.6	7.2	10.4	20.5	19.0	7.5	5.8	7.4
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	13.6	1.9	.3	3.9	6.0	22.2	14.6	6.1	2.7	14.4
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	(³)	4.6	.3	7.3	8.8	14.4	14.2	44.8	2.4	1.2
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	9.0	7.2	2.6	11.2	12.2	16.4	12.3	11.0	6.2	7.5
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	15.9	12.8	.3	7.5	15.3	13.6	10.9	5.9	4.3	5.4
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	5.0	7.6	1.8	6.9	12.0	16.8	12.6	25.4	1.9	9.1
San Antonio MSA	100.0	6.2	8.1	1.5	10.1	18.9	21.0	12.2	8.0	4.7	7.6
San Diego MSA	100.0	8.0	10.8	3.0	11.7	12.4	21.0	13.1	8.3	3.5	3.7
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	9.2	7.0	.1	6.4	15.5	36.7	8.5	5.4	1.8	5.5
San Jose PMSA	100.0	5.9	5.1	3.2	7.4	20.9	15.6	11.8	16.2	5.1	4.9
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	7.1	9.4	3.4	9.1	14.4	20.1	14.2	7.4	2.2	7.2
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	14.5	7.7	2.5	7.3	10.0	34.5	16.8	.5	1.0	1.7
Cities:											
Chicago central city	100.0	5.2	3.5	1.3	7.7	14.4	15.9	15.9	22.6	4.5	8.2
Dallas central city	100.0	1.0	5.9	2.2	10.3	10.2	16.6	26.5	9.7	5.3	7.6
District of Columbia	100.0	12.4	14.7	.8	9.5	8.0	41.8	4.9	.1	3.4	4.1
Houston central city	100.0	5.0	5.6	.8	8.4	11.6	25.3	19.0	5.5	4.4	12.9
Los Angeles central city	100.0	4.1	4.3	1.5	8.4	8.8	26.8	13.0	16.4	5.2	7.5
New York central city	100.0	7.5	7.0	2.1	8.0	18.0	28.6	8.8	10.7	3.4	5.7
Philadelphia central city	100.0	6.9	.3	(³)	31.7	11.3	9.5	5.2	23.1	3.6	2.9
Phoenix central city	100.0	3.9	4.4	.7	5.9	8.7	25.5	16.4	8.3	5.6	9.6
San Antonio central city	100.0	4.8	6.9	1.6	10.0	20.7	20.9	12.4	7.8	4.5	8.3
San Diego central city	100.0	7.6	10.6	4.1	11.0	8.3	24.5	16.7	3.5	5.9	5.0
San Francisco central city	100.0	5.3	7.3	.2	1.6	17.3	46.2	6.3	3.6	1.8	8.8

¹ Includes farming, and fishing, not shown separately.

² All are Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA's) except St. Louis and those labeled Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Areas (CMSA's) or Primary Metropolitan Statistical Areas (PMSA's). The differences are discussed in appendix C, "Geographic Boundary Definitions".

³ Less than 500 persons employed or less than 0.05 percent of total employed.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table 25. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Unemployment rates by occupation, 1996 annual averages

Area	Total ¹	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers		
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
Metropolitan areas: ²											
Atlanta MSA	2.9	1.9	1.8	3.4	4.1	2.5	4.3	2.1	5.2	2.1	5.9
Baltimore PMSA	4.5	2.9	1.4	(?)	4.9	3.8	8.7	5.5	(?)	(?)	(?)
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	4.4	1.6	1.6	3.4	2.9	4.7	5.2	5.1	9.7	5.7	20.0
Boston PMSA	3.7	2.8	.9	3.7	4.6	3.4	6.3	6.1	8.0	5.4	6.3
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	5.4	6.5	2.9	(?)	4.0	4.4	8.2	5.0	(?)	(?)	(?)
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	4.2	2.1	1.7	4.8	3.2	4.2	4.8	1.8	5.6	7.5	13.6
Chicago PMSA	5.0	1.6	2.3	1.9	5.3	4.4	8.2	6.8	6.9	6.5	11.5
Cincinnati PMSA	4.4	1.7	1.4	(?)	4.5	4.7	5.9	4.0	9.1	(?)	9.8
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	3.9	2.8	2.3	3.0	3.7	2.1	5.0	5.0	5.6	6.7	5.5
Columbus, Ohio MSA	3.8	3.0	3.2	(?)	3.5	2.7	6.6	2.3	(?)	(?)	(?)
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	4.2	2.3	2.0	4.4	5.7	3.6	5.5	4.9	7.0	2.0	10.7
Dayton-Springfield MSA	5.4	2.7	2.7	(?)	7.0	2.2	6.5	4.5	13.1	(?)	(?)
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	3.7	1.8	1.9	(?)	4.2	3.3	5.6	4.1	(?)	(?)	6.9
Detroit PMSA	4.2	1.9	1.8	2.7	4.1	3.0	7.8	3.3	6.8	5.6	9.7
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	3.6	1.9	2.8	(?)	5.3	2.7	5.6	4.2	(?)	(?)	(?)
Hartford MSA	5.8	3.3	1.7	(?)	5.2	6.5	9.0	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)
Houston PMSA	4.8	1.8	2.2	2.3	5.0	4.1	8.2	7.3	6.6	2.9	7.5
Indianapolis MSA	4.2	2.2	1.8	(?)	4.9	1.3	8.5	6.0	(?)	(?)	(?)
Kansas City MSA	4.3	1.6	1.8	(?)	4.1	4.0	7.6	8.0	2.2	(?)	(?)
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	7.3	4.0	5.3	3.7	7.5	6.8	7.8	9.5	10.5	8.0	15.0
Louisville MSA	5.4	3.2	1.1	(?)	4.1	4.6	7.5	10.5	(?)	(?)	(?)
Memphis MSA	4.9	1.0	1.4	(?)	3.3	3.2	14.4	5.5	(?)	(?)	(?)
Miami PMSA	7.1	2.5	4.8	(?)	8.6	5.4	11.1	7.0	11.2	10.5	10.7
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	4.1	.7	2.1	(?)	6.0	4.8	4.9	5.5	(?)	(?)	(?)
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	3.4	2.2	2.0	(?)	4.3	3.3	4.2	3.7	6.1	(?)	(?)
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	3.5	2.0	2.2	3.6	4.1	3.0	2.9	5.5	6.9	4.1	(?)
New Orleans MSA	6.8	1.7	1.2	(?)	6.0	4.4	13.1	5.9	(?)	(?)	(?)
New York PMSA	7.2	3.0	3.9	4.9	8.0	8.3	8.9	9.6	10.4	5.7	16.3
Newark PMSA	6.1	3.7	3.4	6.4	6.7	5.4	6.2	7.1	11.1	6.2	15.4
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA	5.3	6.2	2.3	(?)	5.6	3.2	6.3	6.6	(?)	(?)	(?)
Oakland PMSA	4.5	2.0	2.9	(?)	3.2	3.7	6.6	4.7	(?)	(?)	15.9
Oklahoma City MSA	2.8	1.6	1.4	(?)	4.0	.8	5.2	2.5	(?)	(?)	(?)
Orange County PMSA	4.7	3.1	2.6	(?)	4.3	6.4	5.7	5.7	5.2	(?)	(?)
Philadelphia PMSA	5.6	2.9	2.5	.9	5.4	4.9	8.4	6.9	13.0	6.1	14.7
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	4.7	2.8	3.0	(?)	4.9	3.4	6.6	4.6	6.5	6.6	10.3
Pittsburgh MSA	5.1	1.6	2.2	2.6	5.9	4.1	7.2	7.3	5.3	6.4	14.2
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	4.5	1.5	1.9	6.3	4.6	2.6	8.5	5.7	6.2	3.8	6.5
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	4.5	2.7	1.6	.3	4.0	5.3	6.0	3.8	6.9	7.2	5.4
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	6.4	5.1	.9	(?)	8.4	5.7	7.8	8.1	12.3	4.6	9.3
Rochester MSA	4.4	.5	.8	(?)	1.7	3.7	7.4	6.8	10.3	(?)	(?)
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	6.5	3.4	2.5	(?)	8.6	7.7	7.7	9.4	(?)	(?)	(?)
St. Louis MSA	5.0	1.6	2.4	(?)	4.6	4.8	9.3	7.0	6.2	(?)	(?)
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	2.7	1.9	.9	2.0	2.5	2.9	4.2	4.1	2.3	.6	5.1
San Antonio MSA	4.7	2.9	1.4	(?)	9.1	3.3	7.8	5.1	(?)	(?)	(?)
San Diego MSA	7.1	6.1	2.5	(?)	5.3	5.8	7.7	11.7	11.1	(?)	18.8
San Francisco PMSA	3.1	2.9	2.3	(?)	2.1	2.4	3.7	2.7	(?)	(?)	(?)
San Jose PMSA	4.6	3.8	2.4	3.4	4.2	4.7	6.2	7.4	2.4	(?)	(?)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	4.6	1.4	2.8	(?)	3.2	5.9	5.9	5.4	(?)	(?)	(?)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	4.5	1.6	1.9	(?)	4.5	4.1	6.1	4.9	(?)	4.0	(?)
Washington D.C. PMSA	4.2	2.5	2.0	2.0	4.6	5.7	7.1	3.7	(?)	6.2	(?)
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	8.5	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)	16.2	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)
Chicago central city	8.1	2.0	2.8	3.0	8.5	8.0	11.3	12.3	10.6	7.8	16.3
Cleveland central city	5.8	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)	5.2	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)
Dallas central city	5.2	2.8	1.5	(?)	10.2	3.7	6.6	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)
Detroit central city	9.7	(?)	(?)	(?)	11.2	6.1	14.5	4.7	10.4	(?)	(?)
District of Columbia	6.1	2.9	2.3	6.2	13.7	11.1	12.8	7.5	(?)	(?)	(?)
Houston central city	6.0	1.5	1.9	(?)	7.7	6.0	8.7	9.1	(?)	(?)	5.2
Indianapolis central city	4.7	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)
Los Angeles central city	8.4	5.3	7.3	3.8	6.2	8.0	8.3	12.6	13.3	7.7	16.7
Milwaukee central city	7.9	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)	6.2	(?)	(?)	(?)	(?)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 25. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Unemployment rates by occupation, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Area	Total ¹	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers		
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
Cities:											
New York central city	8.0	3.2	4.5	5.6	9.5	8.9	9.4	11.0	11.3	6.3	16.7
Philadelphia central city	8.6	2.1	3.4	(²)	7.2	8.1	12.0	11.0	18.1	(²)	(²)
Phoenix central city	5.5	3.1	3.7	(²)	7.8	4.5	6.0	6.8	(²)	(²)	(²)
St. Louis central city	6.3	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Antonio central city	5.5	(²)	2.1	(²)	10.6	4.1	6.7	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Diego central city	9.5	9.5	3.3	(²)	9.7	8.3	8.3	11.3	(²)	(²)	(²)
San Francisco central city	3.5	2.7	3.7	(²)	(²)	2.2	3.5	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience. Includes farming, and fishing, not shown separately.

² All are Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA's) except St. Louis and those labeled Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Areas (CMSA's) or Primary Metropolitan Statistical Areas (PMSA's). The differences are discussed in appendix C, "Geographic Boundary

Definitions".

³ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons in nonagricultural industries by sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1995 annual averages

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government
		Total ²	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ³	
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods					
TOTAL											
Metropolitan areas: ⁴											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	78.9	4.4	12.4	6.1	5.6	10.6	20.9	6.5	23.9	14.1
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	71.2	4.3	9.4	4.8	4.6	5.7	17.7	6.8	27.4	22.4
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	83.6	2.8	19.2	8.9	10.3	6.1	21.8	9.0	24.7	11.4
Boston PMSA	100.0	81.6	3.9	13.8	8.8	4.9	5.8	16.4	8.0	33.7	11.1
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	77.8	3.3	15.0	8.9	6.1	3.6	25.1	5.3	25.4	16.9
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	84.4	5.4	23.3	9.8	13.5	7.6	19.2	7.4	21.3	9.2
Chicago PMSA	100.0	83.8	4.7	18.8	10.9	7.9	6.8	18.6	7.8	27.1	11.1
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	81.7	5.2	18.8	10.4	8.4	5.0	21.8	6.4	24.5	13.3
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	81.9	4.3	21.8	14.7	7.1	4.5	19.2	5.7	26.3	12.1
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	76.3	3.8	11.8	7.4	4.4	7.0	23.7	8.0	22.0	18.0
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	81.4	5.6	16.3	11.9	4.4	7.3	21.0	7.0	23.9	10.1
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	80.3	4.3	23.2	17.7	5.5	5.0	19.4	3.4	24.8	14.1
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	77.9	5.5	12.0	7.8	4.2	8.1	19.4	6.2	25.8	12.6
Detroit PMSA	100.0	84.6	4.1	25.3	21.1	4.1	4.6	20.4	5.1	25.2	10.7
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	82.6	6.5	8.7	5.6	3.1	8.0	23.7	5.3	30.2	11.4
Hartford MSA	100.0	78.4	3.7	14.6	11.8	3.0	3.6	19.0	12.3	25.3	13.7
Houston PMSA	100.0	81.4	7.9	12.0	5.9	6.0	7.5	22.9	5.1	23.8	11.4
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	86.3	6.0	14.8	8.9	5.9	5.3	25.0	9.5	25.7	8.5
Kansas City MSA	100.0	79.0	4.4	13.9	6.6	7.3	8.3	19.5	6.7	26.0	16.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	76.6	3.7	17.6	9.9	7.8	5.1	19.2	6.4	26.5	11.4
Louisville MSA	100.0	83.0	5.4	19.3	12.3	7.0	5.4	20.1	7.1	25.5	11.6
Memphis MSA	100.0	79.2	4.0	12.1	5.1	7.0	12.0	21.1	6.7	23.3	16.2
Miami PMSA	100.0	81.8	6.3	7.9	3.7	4.3	8.4	23.7	7.2	28.2	12.5
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	84.0	3.7	20.2	14.3	5.9	4.4	18.2	7.2	30.2	12.0
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	81.0	4.3	18.3	11.2	7.1	4.6	21.1	8.3	24.4	12.7
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	78.0	5.1	11.9	6.8	5.0	6.6	17.4	8.9	28.2	17.3
New Orleans MSA	100.0	75.9	5.5	5.4	2.5	2.8	6.6	18.8	5.9	32.3	16.5
New York PMSA	100.0	77.7	3.8	10.2	2.8	7.5	5.2	18.5	11.1	30.8	16.1
Newark PMSA	100.0	80.2	3.4	14.7	6.3	8.4	8.4	19.6	7.9	26.2	14.1
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newsport News MSA	100.0	73.4	6.8	9.8	6.8	3.2	4.2	22.4	4.0	26.1	22.0
Oakland PMSA	100.0	73.1	4.3	9.9	5.7	4.2	7.1	20.8	7.0	24.0	15.8
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	71.4	4.6	11.6	6.5	5.1	4.3	22.5	3.9	23.6	20.2
Orange County PMSA	100.0	79.5	3.8	22.5	14.9	7.6	4.1	19.5	6.7	22.8	11.2
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	81.7	3.4	14.5	6.9	7.6	4.8	19.3	6.9	32.7	11.9
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	81.5	7.1	14.0	10.4	3.6	5.6	21.1	8.7	24.7	11.9
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	81.9	4.7	12.5	9.4	3.1	6.2	19.1	6.2	32.5	11.3
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	77.8	5.9	14.8	8.9	5.9	5.6	20.6	5.8	25.1	10.4
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	82.9	3.1	22.7	13.6	9.1	4.1	20.4	5.9	26.7	12.1
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	73.1	5.1	14.9	10.4	4.6	6.5	19.7	5.3	21.7	15.3
Rochester MSA	100.0	82.5	2.3	27.6	20.2	7.4	4.5	18.9	5.7	23.5	12.6
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	67.7	3.6	8.1	5.2	2.6	6.7	19.6	7.4	22.2	21.0
St. Louis MSA	100.0	82.2	5.5	13.5	8.5	4.9	6.8	20.6	6.1	29.6	11.7
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	74.9	7.0	13.7	9.1	4.6	5.8	20.6	6.6	20.6	18.8
San Antonio MSA	100.0	74.0	4.9	8.2	5.2	3.0	5.8	24.9	6.4	23.4	20.7
San Diego MSA	100.0	75.3	4.4	13.6	10.1	3.5	3.9	20.5	4.7	26.2	14.3
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	78.8	3.4	11.3	5.5	5.8	6.7	20.2	6.7	30.5	10.1
San Jose PMSA	100.0	83.8	3.8	33.5	30.7	2.8	3.8	13.9	4.3	24.4	7.8
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	78.5	3.9	14.4	11.2	3.2	6.0	20.9	6.9	26.4	12.8
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	79.3	4.9	8.6	4.1	4.5	5.7	24.1	8.1	27.7	13.8
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	68.8	5.5	4.3	2.4	2.2	5.6	17.1	5.7	30.4	26.0
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	73.1	3.4	8.1	2.8	5.3	4.9	15.4	8.2	33.2	21.7
Chicago central city	100.0	81.1	3.4	16.1	8.6	7.5	6.2	15.8	8.1	31.3	14.0
Cleveland central city	100.0	78.9	1.9	25.6	17.0	8.6	3.8	14.3	6.6	26.7	15.1
Dallas central city	100.0	83.2	6.4	12.1	7.1	4.9	6.1	19.1	8.0	31.4	8.8
Detroit central city	100.0	79.1	2.6	23.7	20.5	3.2	5.3	18.9	4.9	23.7	18.0
District of Columbia	100.0	82.6	2.3	2.6	.4	2.2	5.2	10.5	5.8	36.1	31.7
Houston central city	100.0	83.5	6.2	10.2	5.9	4.3	7.3	25.9	4.8	27.5	9.6
Indianapolis central city	100.0	86.7	5.7	12.1	7.0	5.1	6.6	25.7	10.0	26.5	9.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons in nonagricultural industries by sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government
		Total ²	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ³	
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods					
TOTAL—Continued											
Cities:											
Los Angeles central city	100.0	78.4	4.5	14.6	7.7	6.9	3.6	19.0	6.6	30.0	9.8
Milwaukee central city	100.0	77.2	2.5	17.7	14.1	3.6	3.2	17.1	6.3	30.4	18.9
New York central city	100.0	77.7	3.6	10.1	2.4	7.7	5.3	15.9	11.6	31.1	16.2
Philadelphia central city	100.0	79.8	2.5	9.9	3.8	6.1	4.9	17.7	7.8	37.0	16.1
Phoenix central city	100.0	83.1	7.9	11.5	6.6	4.8	6.6	22.0	8.0	27.1	11.6
St. Louis central city	100.0	70.5	1.4	11.9	5.9	6.0	5.3	16.8	3.2	31.8	22.1
San Antonio central city	100.0	76.0	5.7	8.4	4.7	3.7	5.7	25.8	5.8	24.6	20.0
San Diego central city	100.0	76.2	3.5	12.7	9.9	2.8	3.3	19.0	4.6	33.2	13.9
San Francisco central city	100.0	81.6	3.1	11.7	4.1	7.6	7.0	21.2	5.3	33.2	10.5
Men											
Metropolitan areas⁴											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	82.1	7.5	15.7	8.9	6.8	12.9	22.7	4.5	18.6	9.5
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	73.0	7.1	12.0	7.4	4.6	7.6	19.3	5.2	21.9	19.7
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	82.4	4.8	20.4	10.2	10.2	7.6	21.5	6.7	19.4	11.5
Boston PMSA	100.0	81.7	6.7	18.3	12.1	6.2	7.0	17.1	6.2	24.3	9.8
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	77.1	4.9	19.6	12.6	7.1	3.6	24.9	5.6	18.3	15.8
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	87.4	8.9	26.6	11.9	14.6	10.4	19.0	5.8	16.4	6.1
Chicago PMSA	100.0	85.4	7.8	23.7	14.4	9.4	8.5	18.0	6.4	20.7	8.7
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	84.4	8.0	25.5	15.2	10.4	6.4	21.0	5.8	17.5	10.6
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	83.1	6.7	30.6	21.0	9.6	5.8	17.1	3.7	19.1	9.8
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	79.9	6.6	16.6	10.6	5.9	9.8	21.2	6.8	19.0	13.9
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	83.7	8.8	20.4	15.1	5.2	8.7	21.7	5.2	18.3	7.4
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	83.6	7.0	32.5	25.6	6.9	6.7	18.7	3.0	15.4	10.4
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	78.8	9.3	15.1	9.9	5.2	9.5	19.8	4.6	19.6	11.2
Detroit PMSA	100.0	87.9	6.7	34.7	29.8	5.0	5.7	19.3	3.2	18.3	7.3
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	81.4	10.5	11.6	7.8	3.8	9.2	23.0	5.3	21.8	10.6
Hartford MSA	100.0	78.0	7.0	20.3	16.1	4.2	5.3	20.1	8.1	17.1	11.3
Houston PMSA	100.0	83.8	11.9	15.4	7.7	7.6	9.4	21.4	2.8	20.3	7.7
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	87.5	9.8	18.8	11.3	7.5	7.3	25.5	6.0	20.0	7.0
Kansas City MSA	100.0	81.4	7.5	18.2	9.9	8.3	10.7	20.5	4.6	19.7	13.7
Long Beach PMSA	100.0	79.9	5.8	19.7	12.0	7.7	6.3	19.5	5.1	23.3	9.2
Louisville MSA	100.0	83.7	10.1	25.8	17.9	7.9	6.4	18.6	5.2	16.9	9.4
Memphis MSA	100.0	81.7	6.7	17.7	7.1	10.6	14.8	21.7	3.8	17.1	12.0
Miami PMSA	100.0	82.3	10.9	8.5	5.1	3.4	10.1	24.5	6.3	21.6	10.5
Milwaukee-Waukegan PMSA	100.0	84.1	5.7	29.6	21.9	7.7	6.2	17.4	3.7	21.4	11.3
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	83.0	7.1	23.1	14.7	8.4	5.7	22.1	4.9	20.1	10.4
Niagara-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	77.4	8.8	13.2	7.7	5.5	6.0	19.2	6.8	21.4	16.6
New Orleans MSA	100.0	79.0	10.4	7.7	4.4	3.3	10.7	16.3	3.2	26.1	10.5
New York PMSA	100.0	78.3	6.5	9.9	3.5	6.4	7.0	19.7	11.1	24.1	14.4
Newark PMSA	100.0	80.3	6.0	18.3	8.7	9.6	11.1	19.6	6.2	19.0	12.7
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newsport News MSA	100.0	70.8	11.4	14.1	11.1	3.0	5.8	21.0	1.5	17.0	22.3
Oakland PMSA	100.0	74.9	6.3	13.1	7.5	5.6	8.9	22.7	4.1	19.8	13.4
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	71.0	8.0	13.8	8.5	5.3	5.2	23.1	2.8	16.8	20.0
Orange County PMSA	100.0	80.1	6.1	25.2	17.9	7.3	5.4	19.5	4.7	19.2	9.7
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	81.2	6.0	19.6	9.8	9.8	6.3	20.1	5.3	23.9	11.2
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	84.9	11.4	17.1	13.6	3.5	6.5	22.5	5.8	21.3	8.7
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	81.7	7.7	17.9	13.7	4.2	8.1	17.5	4.9	24.4	10.8
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	78.8	9.3	18.2	12.1	6.1	6.8	21.1	3.6	19.8	6.0
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	81.8	5.5	27.1	18.6	10.5	6.0	20.7	4.9	17.8	11.8
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	74.6	6.8	19.6	14.2	5.5	8.9	18.6	3.2	17.5	13.4
Rochester MSA	100.0	85.3	4.3	37.1	27.7	9.4	5.6	17.8	3.8	16.6	9.3
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	88.7	6.6	11.2	8.1	3.1	8.4	19.5	4.9	18.0	17.5
St. Louis MSA	100.0	83.2	9.4	18.5	12.9	5.6	6.2	20.2	4.6	22.2	10.6
San Jose MSA	100.0	78.0	11.1	16.6	11.1	5.5	7.4	20.8	4.5	16.5	15.5
San Antonio MSA	100.0	76.2	8.3	10.8	8.1	2.7	7.3	26.5	4.0	18.4	16.6
San Diego MSA	100.0	75.0	7.2	15.9	12.3	3.6	4.0	21.6	3.0	23.2	13.6
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	77.8	5.3	11.5	6.8	4.7	7.6	20.9	5.7	26.7	9.4
San Jose PMSA	100.0	85.1	5.8	39.4	36.4	3.1	4.0	13.5	2.9	19.3	6.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 28. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons in nonagricultural industries by sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government
		Total ²	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ³	
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods					
Men—Continued											
Metropolitan areas: ⁴											
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett MSA	100.0	80.3	6.4	18.9	15.5	3.5	7.0	20.3	4.3	23.0	11.3
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	81.5	8.5	11.4	6.3	5.1	8.1	25.7	5.2	22.4	10.4
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	71.3	9.4	6.0	3.5	2.6	6.4	18.2	4.5	26.8	23.2
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	73.0	6.0	7.6	2.6	5.0	7.3	16.2	7.4	26.5	20.1
Chicago central city	100.0	81.5	5.9	20.8	11.6	9.1	8.0	14.8	7.8	24.1	12.9
Cleveland central city	100.0	78.9	3.4	33.3	21.9	11.4	4.8	12.0	3.0	22.4	11.7
Dallas central city	100.0	82.1	10.4	15.1	8.6	6.5	6.0	18.2	5.4	26.9	7.9
Detroit central city	100.0	81.3	5.2	34.0	26.7	5.3	8.9	17.7	3.2	12.4	15.1
District of Columbia	100.0	65.6	4.4	3.1	.4	2.7	6.7	11.7	6.5	33.2	26.7
Houston central city	100.0	86.5	9.9	13.4	7.8	5.6	9.5	25.5	2.7	24.1	5.5
Indianapolis central city	100.0	87.0	9.6	16.7	9.3	7.4	8.4	25.1	6.1	21.2	7.9
Los Angeles central city	100.0	79.6	7.4	15.1	9.1	6.0	4.3	20.1	5.6	27.0	7.5
Milwaukee central city	100.0	74.4	3.9	26.3	22.8	5.4	3.3	16.0	2.3	20.6	20.7
New York central city	100.0	78.3	6.2	9.8	3.1	6.7	7.2	19.3	11.4	24.4	14.5
Philadelphia central city	100.0	77.6	4.7	12.9	4.8	8.1	7.2	19.5	5.7	27.6	17.4
Phoenix central city	100.0	86.2	12.9	13.4	8.9	4.4	6.1	24.9	4.3	22.7	8.0
St. Louis central city	100.0	71.5	1.6	15.5	7.3	8.2	5.3	16.5	4.6	27.9	23.6
San Antonio central city	100.0	79.4	9.9	10.9	7.4	3.5	7.0	29.1	4.0	18.4	15.4
San Diego central city	100.0	77.6	5.9	15.9	13.1	2.8	3.0	22.0	3.2	27.6	12.3
San Francisco central city	100.0	83.9	5.1	10.6	5.0	5.6	7.9	23.8	4.8	31.7	7.3
Women											
Metropolitan areas: ⁴											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	75.4	1.1	6.8	4.5	4.3	6.0	16.9	6.5	29.7	19.3
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	69.4	1.3	6.7	2.1	4.6	3.8	16.0	8.4	33.2	25.2
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	85.2	.2	17.7	7.3	10.3	4.2	22.2	9.5	31.5	11.2
Boston PMSA	100.0	81.6	1.0	9.0	5.4	3.6	4.5	15.8	7.7	43.6	12.4
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	78.5	1.6	10.1	5.0	5.0	3.6	25.4	4.9	33.0	18.0
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	80.9	1.1	19.5	7.3	12.2	4.4	19.4	9.4	27.1	13.0
Chicago PMSA	100.0	81.9	1.0	12.8	6.6	6.2	4.7	19.3	9.4	34.6	13.9
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	78.3	1.5	10.4	4.5	5.9	3.2	22.7	7.2	33.2	16.7
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	80.5	1.7	11.9	7.6	4.3	3.0	21.5	6.0	34.3	14.7
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	72.4	.7	6.6	3.8	2.8	3.8	26.6	9.4	25.3	22.5
Dallas-Fort Worth MSA	100.0	78.7	1.6	11.3	7.9	3.4	5.7	20.1	9.2	30.6	13.4
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	76.4	1.0	12.0	8.2	3.8	3.0	20.2	3.9	36.2	18.5
Denver-Boulder-Greeley MSA	100.0	76.8	.7	8.3	5.3	3.0	6.3	19.0	6.2	33.6	14.4
Detroit PMSA	100.0	80.8	1.1	14.4	11.2	3.2	3.2	21.6	7.2	33.2	14.6
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	84.0	1.7	5.0	2.9	2.1	6.6	24.6	5.4	40.6	12.4
Hartford MSA	100.0	78.9	.2	6.6	6.6	1.7	1.8	17.8	16.7	34.0	16.2
Houston PMSA	100.0	78.1	2.4	7.2	3.4	3.6	4.6	25.1	6.3	26.7	16.6
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	85.0	1.7	10.2	6.2	4.0	3.1	24.4	13.5	32.1	10.1
Kansas City MSA	100.0	76.6	1.3	9.6	3.3	6.3	5.9	16.6	8.9	32.4	19.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	100.0	76.7	.7	14.8	6.6	7.9	3.5	16.7	6.2	30.9	14.5
Louisville MSA	100.0	82.2	.7	12.6	6.4	6.2	4.4	21.4	8.9	34.3	13.8
Memphis MSA	100.0	76.6	1.3	6.4	3.0	3.4	9.2	20.4	9.7	29.7	20.4
Miami PMSA	100.0	81.1	.5	7.2	2.0	5.2	6.3	22.7	8.3	36.0	14.9
Milwaukee-Waukegan PMSA	100.0	83.9	1.4	9.9	6.0	3.9	2.5	19.1	11.1	36.9	12.6
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	78.8	1.0	12.6	7.1	5.5	3.5	20.1	12.1	29.4	15.3
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	78.6	.7	10.4	5.1	4.5	5.0	15.2	11.3	36.0	16.1
New Orleans MSA	100.0	73.0	.8	3.2	.8	2.4	2.8	21.2	8.5	36.2	22.1
New York PMSA	100.0	77.0	.6	10.6	1.9	8.7	3.1	12.9	11.1	36.7	18.0
Newark PMSA	100.0	80.0	.4	10.5	3.6	6.9	5.3	19.6	9.6	34.4	15.7
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newsport News MSA	100.0	75.8	2.4	5.7	2.3	3.5	2.8	23.6	6.4	34.7	21.8
Oakland PMSA	100.0	70.9	2.1	6.1	3.6	2.4	5.1	16.5	10.3	26.6	16.7
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	71.9	.8	9.1	4.2	4.9	3.3	21.9	5.2	31.6	20.3
Orange County PMSA	100.0	78.7	.8	19.0	11.0	8.0	2.5	19.5	9.3	27.6	13.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons in nonagricultural industries by sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government
		Total ²	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ³	
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods					
Women—Continued											
Metropolitan areas: ⁴											
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	82.4	0.7	9.0	3.8	5.2	3.2	18.4	8.7	42.4	12.8
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	77.4	1.9	10.3	8.8	3.7	4.5	19.5	12.3	28.7	15.7
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	82.2	1.1	8.2	4.3	1.8	4.0	21.0	7.7	42.2	11.8
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	76.6	1.7	10.8	5.1	5.6	4.2	19.9	8.5	31.4	13.2
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	84.1	.6	17.9	10.3	7.6	2.0	20.1	7.0	36.4	12.4
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	71.3	2.8	8.9	5.5	3.4	3.5	21.0	8.0	27.0	17.6
Rochester MSA	100.0	79.2	(7)	16.7	11.5	5.1	3.2	20.1	7.9	31.4	18.3
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	86.6	.4	4.6	2.0	2.6	4.9	19.7	10.2	26.8	24.7
St. Louis MSA	100.0	81.1	1.4	8.2	3.9	4.3	5.3	21.1	7.8	37.4	12.9
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	71.3	1.9	10.2	6.6	3.6	3.8	20.3	9.1	25.5	22.8
San Antonio MSA	100.0	71.6	1.1	5.4	2.1	3.3	4.2	23.1	9.0	28.9	25.2
San Diego MSA	100.0	75.6	1.0	10.8	7.4	3.4	3.7	19.2	8.7	34.3	15.1
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	80.1	.7	11.0	3.7	7.3	5.3	19.0	8.0	35.9	11.0
San Jose PMSA	100.0	82.3	1.4	26.5	24.0	2.6	3.8	14.4	5.9	30.5	10.0
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	76.5	.9	9.0	6.1	2.9	4.8	21.5	9.9	30.5	14.6
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	76.9	.9	5.6	1.7	3.9	3.1	22.5	11.3	33.5	17.5
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	86.0	1.1	2.9	1.2	1.7	4.6	15.9	7.0	34.6	29.3
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	73.3	1.1	8.5	3.0	5.5	2.8	14.8	8.9	37.2	23.1
Chicago central city	100.0	80.6	.6	10.7	5.0	5.7	4.1	17.0	8.5	39.8	15.2
Cleveland central city	100.0	79.0	.2	16.1	11.0	5.1	2.6	17.2	10.9	32.0	19.3
Dallas central city	100.0	84.5	1.5	8.5	5.4	3.1	6.3	20.2	11.1	36.9	9.8
Detroit central city	100.0	77.4	.6	15.7	14.1	1.6	2.5	19.8	6.2	32.5	20.3
District of Columbia	100.0	59.8	.3	2.2	.4	1.8	3.7	9.5	5.2	36.9	34.4
Houston central city	100.0	79.3	1.0	5.8	3.3	2.5	4.3	26.4	7.7	32.1	15.2
Indianapolis central city	100.0	86.4	1.5	7.4	4.6	2.8	4.8	26.4	14.2	32.1	11.5
Los Angeles central city	100.0	76.7	.5	13.9	5.7	8.3	2.7	17.3	8.0	34.3	12.5
Milwaukee central city	100.0	80.0	1.2	7.5	5.8	1.8	3.0	18.2	10.2	39.0	17.2
New York central city	100.0	76.9	.5	10.5	1.8	8.9	3.2	11.9	11.8	38.9	18.2
Philadelphia central city	100.0	82.1	.3	6.9	2.7	4.2	2.5	15.9	9.9	46.6	14.9
Phoenix central city	100.0	79.3	1.8	9.2	3.8	5.4	4.7	18.4	12.5	32.5	15.9
St. Louis central city	100.0	89.4	1.2	7.9	4.3	3.7	5.3	17.2	1.6	36.1	20.3
San Antonio central city	100.0	72.4	1.1	5.6	1.6	3.9	4.3	22.2	7.6	31.3	24.9
San Diego central city	100.0	74.5	.5	8.6	5.9	2.7	3.7	15.0	6.3	40.4	15.9
San Francisco central city	100.0	78.2	.1	13.4	2.7	10.7	5.7	17.2	6.0	35.5	15.3
White											
Metropolitan areas: ⁴											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	80.7	5.1	12.8	7.4	5.1	11.1	20.9	7.3	23.7	11.9
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	71.2	5.1	9.4	5.5	3.9	6.1	18.9	6.9	24.9	21.2
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	83.2	3.0	18.8	8.7	10.1	6.3	22.7	9.8	22.5	11.7
Boston PMSA	100.0	81.4	3.8	13.7	8.7	4.9	5.9	16.8	8.0	33.2	10.9
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	100.0	78.3	3.4	14.8	9.0	5.9	3.7	25.5	5.2	25.6	16.1
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	100.0	83.6	5.7	21.2	9.8	11.6	7.9	18.9	7.6	22.2	9.2
Chicago PMSA	100.0	85.3	5.5	19.7	11.3	8.3	6.5	19.2	8.0	26.4	9.5
Cincinnati PMSA	100.0	82.5	5.6	18.7	10.7	8.1	4.9	22.4	7.1	23.6	12.1
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	100.0	83.1	4.8	22.7	15.3	7.4	4.4	19.7	5.7	26.0	10.4
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	78.1	4.1	12.5	8.1	4.4	7.5	24.5	8.2	21.3	15.8
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	81.9	6.2	16.2	11.5	4.7	6.9	21.3	7.1	23.7	9.7
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	81.2	4.5	23.1	17.4	5.8	5.3	19.9	3.8	24.4	12.7
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	100.0	77.9	5.7	12.1	7.8	4.2	7.6	19.3	6.4	26.0	12.3
Detroit PMSA	100.0	85.0	4.6	25.2	20.8	4.4	4.6	20.7	5.3	24.6	8.8
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	100.0	83.9	6.1	10.1	6.7	3.5	8.7	22.8	6.3	29.9	9.4
Hartford MSA	100.0	77.8	4.1	14.6	11.6	3.0	3.6	18.4	12.2	24.8	13.9
Houston PMSA	100.0	82.3	9.2	12.6	6.5	6.1	6.9	21.9	5.7	23.4	9.7
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	86.8	6.4	15.0	8.8	6.3	5.0	26.4	8.5	25.6	7.7
Kansas City MSA	100.0	79.8	5.1	14.1	7.0	7.1	7.9	19.8	6.6	26.1	15.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons in nonagricultural industries by sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government
		Total ²	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ³	
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods					
White—Continued											
Metropolitan areas: ⁴											
Los Angeles—											
Long Beach PMSA	100.0	79.6	4.2	19.0	10.8	8.4	5.0	19.5	5.9	26.2	10.3
Louisville MSA	100.0	83.7	6.2	18.4	12.1	6.3	5.3	21.1	7.2	25.4	10.3
Memphis MSA	100.0	83.9	6.6	12.4	4.9	7.5	10.9	21.9	7.1	25.0	10.3
Miami PMSA	100.0	84.2	6.4	8.3	3.7	4.5	8.8	24.9	7.7	27.9	9.9
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	100.0	84.6	3.4	20.7	14.8	5.9	4.4	19.3	7.6	29.2	11.3
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	100.0	80.8	4.4	18.5	11.5	7.0	4.7	20.9	8.5	23.8	12.8
Norfolk-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	78.3	5.3	12.0	6.7	5.4	6.7	17.8	8.8	27.8	17.0
New Orleans MSA	100.0	78.0	6.0	5.6	2.3	3.3	6.7	19.3	7.0	31.3	12.8
New York PMSA	100.0	78.8	4.3	10.4	2.9	7.5	4.8	16.9	12.2	30.0	14.1
Newark PMSA	100.0	81.1	4.3	15.6	6.6	9.0	7.6	21.0	6.6	24.0	12.8
Norfolk-Virginia Beach- Newport News MSA	100.0	74.9	8.6	10.4	7.3	3.1	3.7	23.5	5.1	23.6	19.5
Oakland PMSA	100.0	73.2	5.6	10.1	5.9	4.2	7.7	20.5	6.5	22.7	14.4
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	72.6	5.1	11.0	6.0	5.1	4.2	22.3	4.5	24.3	18.1
Orange County PMSA	100.0	78.0	4.4	20.8	12.9	7.7	4.3	19.5	6.9	22.3	12.2
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	81.6	3.8	15.1	7.6	7.5	4.6	20.1	6.8	31.2	11.6
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	82.0	7.3	13.7	10.3	3.4	5.5	21.1	9.1	25.0	11.4
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	81.9	4.8	13.0	9.8	3.2	6.2	19.1	6.3	31.8	11.1
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	77.8	6.2	13.9	8.3	5.6	5.8	20.3	6.0	25.5	10.7
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	82.3	3.3	21.9	13.2	8.7	4.2	20.4	6.1	26.4	12.4
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	73.7	5.6	15.6	10.6	5.0	5.9	19.8	5.6	21.3	14.2
Rochester MSA	100.0	82.0	2.4	26.3	20.6	7.7	4.1	19.0	5.5	22.7	12.8
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	100.0	68.3	4.1	7.8	4.7	3.1	6.4	20.0	7.6	22.3	20.1
St. Louis MSA	100.0	83.9	6.2	13.9	6.7	5.2	7.0	21.2	6.3	29.1	9.7
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	74.8	6.8	13.6	9.1	4.6	5.7	20.3	6.8	20.8	18.8
San Antonio MSA	100.0	73.7	5.2	8.0	5.2	2.8	5.6	24.9	6.5	22.9	20.7
San Diego MSA	100.0	75.9	5.1	13.4	9.4	4.0	4.5	21.6	4.6	26.8	12.6
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	77.7	3.9	10.1	5.4	4.8	5.8	18.8	6.1	32.9	9.7
San Jose PMSA	100.0	80.8	4.5	27.2	24.0	3.3	4.1	15.1	4.4	25.3	9.0
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	100.0	78.8	4.0	14.4	11.4	3.0	5.9	20.5	7.0	26.8	12.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg- Clearwater MSA	100.0	79.4	4.5	8.8	4.3	4.5	5.7	24.9	6.1	27.8	13.0
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	70.4	6.2	5.3	3.1	2.3	5.1	16.8	5.6	31.4	23.8
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	75.8	2.7	7.2	3.2	3.9	5.0	20.5	10.5	30.0	15.7
Chicago central city	100.0	84.9	4.5	18.4	9.7	8.7	5.5	15.6	9.3	31.5	10.4
Cleveland central city	100.0	81.0	1.8	30.5	20.9	9.6	3.8	14.7	7.3	23.1	14.1
Dallas central city	100.0	83.6	7.2	12.7	6.9	5.8	5.5	18.8	7.7	31.6	8.8
Detroit central city	100.0	79.4	4.4	17.1	11.9	5.2	6.9	22.3	4.9	23.8	17.3
District of Columbia	100.0	66.4	1.0	3.5	.4	3.1	4.8	7.0	7.6	42.5	26.1
Houston central city	100.0	85.7	8.1	10.6	6.8	3.7	6.8	23.9	6.0	28.0	6.2
Indianapolis central city	100.0	87.7	6.2	11.2	5.7	5.6	6.3	26.8	6.0	27.2	6.7
Los Angeles central city	100.0	79.7	5.1	15.7	7.9	7.8	3.8	19.7	6.1	29.4	8.0
Milwaukee central city	100.0	76.6	2.3	18.2	15.8	2.4	2.7	19.7	7.1	26.6	19.4
New York central city	100.0	79.2	4.0	10.2	2.5	7.8	5.0	16.4	13.5	30.2	13.8
Philadelphia central city	100.0	78.5	2.6	10.3	4.4	5.9	3.4	22.1	6.5	33.8	15.9
Phoenix central city	100.0	84.3	8.5	11.2	6.7	4.5	6.4	22.3	6.1	27.7	10.1
St. Louis central city	100.0	74.9	1.4	15.9	7.4	8.4	4.1	19.7	3.7	30.2	17.9
San Antonio central city	100.0	75.8	6.1	8.3	4.9	3.5	5.3	25.5	6.1	24.5	19.9
San Diego central city	100.0	77.1	4.4	10.9	7.5	3.4	4.1	21.8	3.8	32.1	11.4
San Francisco central city	100.0	82.4	4.0	8.1	3.0	5.1	6.9	19.5	4.5	39.3	6.7
Black											
Metropolitan areas: ⁴											
Atlanta MSA	100.0	73.7	2.7	12.0	4.9	7.1	9.6	20.5	4.9	24.0	20.7
Baltimore PMSA	100.0	70.3	1.7	10.1	2.8	7.2	4.8	14.7	6.8	32.2	27.3
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	100.0	74.3	2.2	13.1	8.2	4.9	9.4	7.5	6.0	36.1	18.8
Boston PMSA	100.0	81.7	7.2	12.1	7.9	4.2	6.1	10.1	7.2	39.0	14.4
Charlotte-Gastonia- Rock Hill MSA	100.0	86.7	4.4	30.4	10.8	19.6	7.4	19.8	7.0	17.6	10.2
Chicago PMSA	100.0	78.6	1.5	13.8	8.1	5.7	9.3	16.0	7.0	29.0	19.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons in nonagricultural industries by sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1956 annual averages—Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government
		Total ²	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ³	
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods					
Black—Continued											
Metropolitan areas: ⁴											
Cincinnati MSA	100.0	75.0	2.2	19.5	9.6	10.0	5.8	16.7	1.7	27.0	23.1
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria MSA	100.0	73.8	3.1	15.1	11.0	4.1	5.8	16.9	6.5	26.3	22.6
Columbus, Ohio MSA	100.0	66.5	2.2	7.5	2.9	4.7	4.8	19.3	8.3	26.4	26.0
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	79.4	2.8	13.1	9.2	3.8	10.2	18.6	7.2	27.5	14.0
Dayton-Springfield MSA	100.0	73.4	2.3	27.0	22.9	4.1	3.1	13.6	(⁵)	27.6	24.6
Detroit MSA	100.0	81.3	1.9	26.0	23.1	2.9	5.3	18.4	4.6	25.0	16.4
Fort Lauderdale MSA	100.0	76.0	6.9	3.4	2.1	1.3	6.2	25.1	1.9	30.5	19.7
Hartford MSA	100.0	80.9	.9	10.3	7.6	2.6	3.6	22.7	12.4	31.0	13.3
Houston MSA	100.0	77.2	4.1	8.6	3.1	5.4	11.7	25.2	2.7	24.8	19.8
Indianapolis MSA	100.0	81.3	2.9	11.6	7.8	3.8	8.4	17.7	17.1	23.7	15.0
Kansas City MSA	100.0	72.0	.2	12.7	4.3	8.3	12.2	15.7	7.4	23.9	27.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach MSA	100.0	69.4	1.5	7.7	4.6	3.0	7.5	12.6	6.8	33.3	24.4
Louisville MSA	100.0	75.8	.1	25.9	13.8	12.0	3.8	13.5	6.8	26.1	21.9
Memphis MSA	100.0	71.4	.4	11.9	5.2	6.7	13.8	18.4	6.4	20.5	25.4
Miami MSA	100.0	69.9	6.0	6.5	3.4	3.1	6.9	18.1	4.7	27.8	24.7
Milwaukee-Waukesha MSA	100.0	78.3	3.3	15.7	10.8	4.9	5.9	8.9	4.8	39.7	18.2
Nassau-Suffolk MSA	100.0	76.9	3.7	9.8	7.3	2.5	7.6	10.9	10.5	34.5	20.9
New Orleans MSA	100.0	72.0	4.5	4.9	2.9	2.0	6.7	18.4	3.9	33.5	24.1
New York MSA	100.0	72.4	3.1	7.7	2.5	5.2	6.1	12.5	8.1	34.8	24.6
Newark MSA	100.0	76.2	.7	12.6	5.3	7.3	11.3	15.2	6.2	30.2	19.3
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newsport News MSA	100.0	70.0	4.0	9.9	6.0	3.9	5.7	17.8	2.0	30.7	27.8
Oakland MSA	100.0	69.2	1.6	2.4	2.4	(⁵)	8.8	23.8	6.2	26.3	24.2
Oklahoma City MSA	100.0	64.6	1.5	10.7	6.1	4.6	5.1	24.4	1.2	21.6	30.4
Philadelphia MSA	100.0	82.1	2.2	9.8	3.5	6.3	6.4	13.7	8.2	41.9	15.2
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	73.7	2.6	10.1	6.3	3.8	9.8	17.3	6.3	27.7	23.1
Pittsburgh MSA	100.0	81.9	3.4	4.3	3.4	.9	7.5	21.3	3.7	41.6	16.6
Portland-Vancouver MSA	100.0	71.4	1.5	14.3	7.8	6.5	7.8	19.4	5.4	23.0	13.6
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	90.7	.5	34.5	19.6	14.9	3.5	15.6	2.2	34.4	6.0
Riverside-San Bernardino MSA	100.0	62.0	(⁵)	8.2	8.4	.2	10.7	15.5	3.0	24.6	31.2
Rochester MSA	100.0	85.8	1.1	16.7	14.7	4.0	8.3	16.2	4.6	33.9	11.6
St. Louis MSA	100.0	72.9	1.8	10.6	7.6	3.1	6.4	17.6	5.2	31.1	22.9
San Diego MSA	100.0	66.3	3.6	6.7	5.9	2.8	2.7	4.3	5.0	43.9	25.5
San Francisco MSA	100.0	82.2	.6	17.2	11.6	5.6	4.0	11.8	4.3	44.3	7.8
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	76.0	6.0	5.3	1.2	4.1	6.6	19.0	9.5	26.9	19.8
Washington D.C. MSA	100.0	61.7	3.6	3.0	.7	2.3	7.3	15.3	5.3	27.0	34.6
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	100.0	71.9	3.1	9.0	2.8	6.2	5.0	13.6	7.5	33.6	25.1
Chicago central city	100.0	73.9	1.6	10.3	6.0	4.3	8.5	16.7	5.7	31.2	21.2
Cleveland central city	100.0	72.6	2.6	15.7	10.1	5.6	4.5	14.9	6.0	26.7	18.9
Dallas central city	100.0	83.2	4.8	10.0	6.9	3.1	8.6	19.3	9.2	31.3	9.8
Detroit central city	100.0	79.0	1.9	25.4	22.9	2.6	4.9	18.0	4.9	23.8	16.4
District of Columbia	100.0	60.0	3.2	2.0	.4	1.7	5.6	12.6	4.8	31.8	35.5
Houston central city	100.0	76.4	2.7	7.7	3.3	4.4	10.6	27.6	1.9	27.2	16.6
Indianapolis central city	100.0	83.0	3.0	12.3	8.3	4.0	6.2	17.6	16.6	25.1	13.1
Los Angeles central city	100.0	70.8	1.2	8.4	6.2	2.3	4.2	11.2	7.1	36.7	21.8
Milwaukee central city	100.0	77.9	2.2	16.6	11.4	5.2	4.6	9.4	5.1	40.0	16.4
New York central city	100.0	71.7	3.2	7.7	2.5	5.2	6.2	11.4	8.1	36.0	25.1
Philadelphia central city	100.0	80.6	2.7	6.6	2.2	4.5	6.9	10.7	10.2	43.7	17.3
St. Louis central city	100.0	65.3	1.4	7.2	4.1	3.2	6.7	13.5	2.6	33.6	26.9
Hispanic origin											
Metropolitan areas: ⁴											
Bergen-Passaic MSA	100.0	90.5	2.8	26.7	14.3	14.4	5.2	25.3	9.3	19.2	5.6
Boston MSA	100.0	81.3	3.4	15.7	6.0	7.6	2.5	16.6	0.4	33.5	13.0
Chicago MSA	100.0	91.4	4.6	34.1	20.8	13.5	5.1	20.8	4.9	21.8	6.4
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	100.0	91.0	11.7	17.1	9.9	7.2	5.8	26.1	5.5	21.7	4.4
Denver-Boulder-Greeley MSA	100.0	78.0	8.9	15.4	6.7	8.6	10.6	23.7	3.5	15.3	17.3
Detroit MSA	100.0	90.0	3.3	26.2	21.5	4.7	3.8	26.0	3.3	25.8	9.6
Fort Lauderdale MSA	100.0	85.6	5.1	19.6	11.0	7.6	8.9	24.5	6.9	21.7	7.4
Houston MSA	100.0	85.2	16.6	10.6	6.7	3.8	5.7	26.7	4.0	20.6	8.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 26. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Percent distribution of employed persons in nonagricultural industries by sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Population group and area	Total employed ¹	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government
		Total ²	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ³	
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods					
Hispanic origin—Continued											
Metropolitan areas ⁴											
Los Angeles—											
Long Beach PMSA	100.0	86.7	5.5	26.1	13.2	12.9	5.4	22.9	4.3	22.4	8.3
Miami PMSA	100.0	86.4	7.1	10.1	4.3	5.8	9.8	26.4	7.0	26.0	7.3
Norfolk-Suffolk PMSA	100.0	87.0	3.0	31.1	18.2	12.9	3.6	24.9	5.2	19.1	11.0
New York PMSA	100.0	83.5	3.1	14.3	3.4	11.0	4.5	23.3	8.6	29.7	12.3
Newark PMSA	100.0	92.6	5.0	30.8	16.1	14.7	8.0	29.4	.3	19.1	6.9
Oakland PMSA	100.0	74.4	3.0	10.8	5.8	5.0	13.7	21.4	8.8	18.9	14.4
Orange County PMSA	100.0	86.3	4.1	26.9	15.9	11.0	3.2	25.1	6.4	22.6	5.8
Philadelphia PMSA	100.0	77.8	3.8	20.4	10.7	9.7	1.1	23.9	8.6	20.0	11.1
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	100.0	83.8	12.9	16.3	11.9	4.4	5.1	21.6	4.6	22.9	13.4
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	100.0	89.3	8.7	21.6	6.1	15.5	1.3	27.8	6.8	23.1	3.6
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	100.0	96.6	.6	53.7	34.8	18.9	.9	18.3	1.8	21.2	1.4
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	100.0	77.0	5.5	18.9	12.9	6.0	8.1	21.1	4.0	19.4	14.1
Sacramento-Yuba CMSA	100.0	75.4	5.0	8.4	4.6	3.9	5.1	29.3	1.9	26.6	23.0
San Lake City-Ogden MSA	100.0	81.0	8.1	29.8	19.8	10.0	2.0	21.4	4.4	14.6	17.1
San Antonio MSA	100.0	76.3	7.3	10.2	6.3	3.9	5.0	26.6	5.0	22.0	20.7
San Diego MSA	100.0	83.2	7.3	16.8	11.4	5.4	3.1	22.6	5.9	27.6	12.1
San Francisco PMSA	100.0	82.5	7.4	9.2	4.1	5.1	5.4	22.7	3.9	33.9	9.4
San Jose PMSA	100.0	86.4	3.5	21.8	17.7	4.1	4.2	14.1	7.2	35.6	6.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	100.0	82.8	3.2	11.0	3.0	8.0	11.1	21.6	6.9	26.6	11.8
Washington D.C. PMSA	100.0	83.7	12.5	1.7	1.5	.2	3.1	31.4	4.3	30.6	15.6
Cities:											
Chicago central city	100.0	89.8	5.2	27.9	17.5	10.5	5.5	20.8	5.7	24.8	8.2
Dallas central city	100.0	87.8	16.2	16.6	7.9	8.7	6.4	21.2	7.5	19.9	7.1
District of Columbia	100.0	83.3	1.5	2.6	(⁵)	2.6	1.7	26.4	8.5	40.4	16.5
Houston central city	100.0	89.2	14.5	9.6	7.3	2.2	6.1	31.7	4.5	22.2	5.5
Los Angeles central city	100.0	87.3	8.2	24.7	11.9	12.8	3.7	24.5	4.1	22.2	6.5
New York central city	100.0	82.9	2.7	14.4	3.1	11.3	4.5	22.2	8.8	30.2	12.9
Philadelphia central city	100.0	73.4	.2	23.9	14.8	9.1	2.2	25.6	11.1	10.2	6.4
Phoenix central city	100.0	86.1	15.7	12.6	8.6	4.0	5.2	24.9	2.6	27.2	9.5
San Antonio central city	100.0	79.1	7.9	10.7	6.1	4.6	5.1	27.2	5.6	22.7	16.1
San Diego central city	100.0	82.4	7.0	11.4	7.1	4.3	3.7	25.4	3.8	31.1	8.8
San Francisco central city	100.0	84.2	8.0	5.4	(⁵)	5.4	5.0	19.6	1.7	44.5	10.1

¹ Includes self-employed and unpaid family workers and mining.

² Includes mining.

³ Excludes private household workers.

⁴ All are Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA's) except St. Louis and those labeled Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Areas (CMSA's) or Primary Metropolitan Statistical Areas (PMSA's). The differences are discussed in appendix C, "Geographic Boundary

Definitions".

⁵ Less than 500 persons employed or less than 0.05 percent of total employed.

NOTE: Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. See appendix B. Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers by industry¹, 1996 annual averages

Area	Total ²	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government
		Total ³	Construc- tion	Manufacturing			Transporta- tion, com- munica- tions, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ⁴	
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods					
Metropolitan areas: ⁵											
Atlanta MSA	2.9	3.4	7.1	3.2	3.2	3.1	0.4	3.7	0.6	4.5	1.8
Baltimore PMSA	4.5	5.8	8.9	6.9	4.2	9.5	2.3	6.3	1.0	6.5	1.1
Bergen-Passaic PMSA	4.4	4.8	17.7	5.1	2.9	7.0	1.7	5.3	2.2	4.0	1.7
Boston PMSA	3.7	4.0	11.0	4.2	4.1	4.4	1.9	5.1	3.3	3.1	2.0
Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	5.5	6.2	(⁶)	5.7	1.4	(⁶)	(⁶)	5.4	(⁶)	5.7	3.5
Charlotte-Gastonia- Rock Hill MSA	4.1	4.5	5.0	3.7	5.0	2.7	5.7	5.1	.6	5.6	2.0
Chicago PMSA	4.9	5.1	10.2	3.4	3.8	2.9	4.9	6.9	2.6	4.9	3.8
Cincinnati PMSA	4.4	4.7	4.6	3.6	2.9	4.4	(⁶)	6.6	4.1	4.4	3.0
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	3.8	4.2	11.0	3.3	3.4	3.3	4.0	5.4	1.6	3.3	1.7
Columbus, Ohio MSA	3.8	4.1	(⁶)	1.4	1.6	(⁶)	4.1	6.0	2.9	3.2	2.8
Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	4.2	4.7	8.3	3.8	4.1	3.0	1.8	6.0	.8	5.0	2.1
Dayton-Springfield MSA	5.1	5.6	(⁶)	6.1	4.3	(⁶)	(⁶)	5.9	(⁶)	5.7	3.2
Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	3.7	4.0	4.1	3.0	3.3	2.3	4.7	4.9	3.4	3.6	4.0
Detroit PMSA	4.2	4.5	6.9	3.8	3.6	4.9	3.3	5.2	3.1	4.7	1.8
Fort Lauderdale PMSA	3.7	4.3	5.5	2.1	(⁶)	(⁶)	3.4	4.0	6.9	4.6	.5
Hartford MSA	5.4	6.3	(⁶)	2.4	2.8	(⁶)	(⁶)	.8	5.1	6.5	2.7
Houston PMSA	4.7	5.1	8.2	4.6	6.9	2.1	2.2	5.5	1.1	6.0	2.5
Indianapolis MSA	4.2	4.3	(⁶)	3.8	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	5.8	1.8	3.3	(⁶)
Kansas City MSA	4.3	4.6	(⁶)	5.2	8.1	2.3	3.6	6.9	1.3	3.2	3.5
Los Angeles- Long Beach PMSA	7.3	8.0	15.7	7.7	7.1	8.3	6.2	8.7	3.3	8.1	3.7
Louisville MSA	5.4	5.5	(⁶)	3.7	4.7	(⁶)	(⁶)	6.5	(⁶)	4.8	4.2
Memphis MSA	4.8	5.5	(⁶)	2.4	(⁶)	(⁶)	.8	6.2	(⁶)	8.4	1.0
Miami PMSA	7.0	7.7	9.3	9.3	(⁶)	7.9	7.9	10.0	2.1	6.1	3.9
Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	4.1	4.5	(⁶)	3.5	3.7	(⁶)	(⁶)	5.9	(⁶)	4.5	1.7
Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	3.4	3.7	7.6	2.8	3.4	1.9	.5	4.0	1.3	4.7	2.4
Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	3.4	4.0	11.4	3.5	4.4	2.3	2.7	5.0	1.5	3.1	1.4
New Orleans MSA	6.8	8.0	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	11.8	(⁶)	5.5	1.7
New York PMSA	7.1	7.9	15.0	7.6	8.1	7.3	8.1	9.6	4.6	7.3	4.1
Newark PMSA	6.0	6.8	10.8	7.1	8.0	6.3	7.3	8.6	3.3	5.5	3.3
Norfolk-Virginia Beach- Newport News MSA	4.9	5.8	(⁶)	7.3	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	5.7	(⁶)	6.2	2.9
Oakland PMSA	4.4	5.2	6.7	5.0	5.1	4.9	3.3	5.0	2.8	6.3	2.7
Oklahoma City MSA	2.8	3.6	(⁶)	1.7	1.4	(⁶)	(⁶)	5.1	(⁶)	3.1	.8
Orange County PMSA	4.6	4.8	10.2	4.1	4.8	2.5	7.1	3.7	3.2	5.5	4.1
Philadelphia PMSA	5.5	5.8	11.2	6.5	5.9	7.1	4.1	6.9	3.8	4.9	5.3
Phoenix-Mesa MSA	4.5	4.9	7.3	3.5	3.3	4.3	3.3	5.8	1.4	5.7	2.9
Pittsburgh MSA	4.8	5.3	14.5	4.3	2.9	8.4	3.2	6.6	1.9	4.6	3.0
Portland-Vancouver PMSA	4.4	5.0	7.0	4.6	6.0	2.5	1.4	6.0	3.0	4.9	2.7
Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	4.3	4.6	6.9	5.1	5.9	3.8	3.2	5.4	2.1	4.1	3.3
Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	6.4	7.4	10.5	6.5	6.8	5.9	8.8	6.8	6.8	7.4	3.4
Rochester MSA	4.3	5.1	(⁶)	2.0	1.5	3.2	(⁶)	5.9	1.4	7.3	.8
Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	6.5	7.2	(⁶)	12.2	(⁶)	(⁶)	4.1	6.0	3.4	6.8	5.2
St. Louis MSA	5.0	5.4	12.7	5.2	5.3	(⁶)	2.4	5.2	4.2	5.0	2.8
Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	2.7	3.3	5.5	2.0	2.1	1.8	2.3	4.5	2.0	2.8	.9
San Antonio MSA	4.6	5.4	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	4.7	(⁶)	7.5	2.8
San Diego MSA	7.1	8.4	21.9	6.8	6.8	(⁶)	(⁶)	8.5	7.0	7.4	4.2
San Francisco PMSA	3.2	3.6	(⁶)	3.9	4.8	3.0	4.0	3.5	2.6	3.3	2.4
San Jose PMSA	4.5	4.8	(⁶)	2.6	2.2	(⁶)	(⁶)	7.4	(⁶)	5.3	4.1
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	4.5	5.1	(⁶)	4.0	3.9	(⁶)	4.9	4.6	2.0	6.2	2.6
Tampa-St. Petersburg- Clearwater MSA	4.2	4.8	7.3	4.5	5.8	3.3	3.2	4.1	3.8	5.8	1.1
Washington D.C. PMSA	1.1	4.9	5.1	6.8	5.2	(⁶)	4.0	5.6	2.7	4.6	2.0
Cities:											
Baltimore central city	8.6	10.5	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	11.1	(⁶)
Chicago central city	7.9	8.4	17.4	6.9	8.2	5.5	6.5	13.5	2.6	7.0	5.6
Cleveland central city	5.9	7.0	(⁶)	5.6	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	5.7	(⁶)
Dallas central city	5.4	6.2	(⁶)	5.9	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	9.4	(⁶)	5.7	(⁶)
Detroit central city	9.8	11.5	(⁶)	9.2	9.0	(⁶)	(⁶)	13.7	(⁶)	14.0	2.6
District of Columbia	8.0	9.9	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	7.2	17.3	4.8	7.5	4.8
Houston central city	5.7	6.2	(⁶)	6.5	(⁶)	(⁶)	2.4	6.0	(⁶)	7.1	2.3
Indianapolis central city	4.7	5.2	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	7.0	(⁶)	2.8	(⁶)
Los Angeles central city	8.4	9.0	15.9	9.9	7.3	12.6	8.1	9.5	3.9	8.4	6.1
Milwaukee central city	7.8	9.2	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	9.6	(⁶)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27. Selected metropolitan areas and cities: Unemployment rates for nonagricultural workers by industry¹, 1996 annual averages—Continued

Area	Total ²	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government
		Total ³	Consti- tution	Manufacturing			Transporta- tion, com- munications, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services ⁴	
				Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods					
Cities:											
New York central city	8.0	8.8	17.2	8.7	10.4	8.1	8.1	10.9	5.0	8.2	4.6
Philadelphia central city	8.4	8.8	(⁵)	12.6	(⁵)	13.8	.8	12.5	4.8	7.4	8.2
Phoenix central city	5.4	5.8	11.0	4.8	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	6.8	(⁵)	4.8	3.3
St. Louis central city	6.4	8.8	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
San Antonio central city	5.5	6.2	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	4.6	(⁵)	8.6	3.2
San Diego central city	9.5	11.1	(⁵)	10.0	10.8	(⁵)	(⁵)	12.8	(⁵)	9.3	5.0
San Francisco central city	3.5	3.7	(⁵)	3.2	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	2.8	(⁵)	3.5	(⁵)

¹ Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

² Includes self-employed and unpaid family workers, mining, and farming and fishing, not shown separately.

³ Includes mining.

⁴ Excludes private household workers.

⁵ All are Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA's) except St. Louis and those labeled

Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Areas (CMSA's) or Primary Metropolitan Statistical Areas (PMSA's). The differences are discussed in appendix C, "Geographic Boundary Definitions".

⁶ Data are not shown when the labor force base does not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area, based on the sample in that area. See appendix B.

Appendix A. Concepts and Definitions for Data Derived from the Current Population Survey

Tables showing labor force status include provisional estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years and over as well as data on the civilian labor force, labor force participation rates, and unemployment rates. Population estimates are revised by the Bureau of the Census each year, and the revised estimates are incorporated into the CPS labor force levels. This adjustment affects the estimates of labor force, employment, and unemployment but does not affect percentages such as unemployment rates, participation rates, or employment-population ratios. Thus, levels contained in this publication may not be comparable to levels published in earlier (or subsequent) *Geographic Profiles*.

The concepts and definitions underlying labor force data in use as of January 1994 are as follows:

Civilian noninstitutional population. Included are persons 16 years of age and older residing in the 50 States and the District of Columbia who are not inmates of institutions (e.g., penal and mental facilities, homes for the aged) and who are not on active duty in the Armed Forces.

Employed persons. All persons who, during the reference week, (a) did any work at all (at least 1 hour) as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, and (b) were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, bad weather, child-care problems, maternity or paternity leave, labor-management dispute, job training, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

Unemployed persons. All persons who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment some time during the 4 week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment. This represents the length of time

(through the current reference week) that persons classified as unemployed had been looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks they had been on layoff.

Reason for unemployment. Unemployment is also categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into five major groups:

- **Job losers**, comprised of (a) persons on temporary layoff, who have been given a date to return to work or who expect to return within 6 months (persons on layoff need not be looking for work to qualify as unemployed), and (b) *permanent job losers*, whose employment ended involuntarily and who began looking for work;
- **Job leavers**, persons who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work;
- **Persons who completed temporary jobs** (included along with job losers in this publication), who began looking for work after the jobs ended;
- **Reentrants**, persons who previously worked but were out of the labor force prior to beginning their job search; and
- **New entrants**, persons who never worked.

Labor force. This group comprises all persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

Unemployment rate. The unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force.

Participation rate. This represents the proportion of the population that is in the labor force.

Employment-population ratio. This represents the proportion of the population that is employed.

Occupation and industry. This information for the employed applies to the job held in the reference week. Persons with

two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours. The unemployed are classified according to their last job. The occupational and industrial classification of CPS data is based on the coding systems used in the 1990 census.

Hours of work. These statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the reference week. For example, persons who normally work 40 hours a week but were off on the Columbus Day holiday would be reported as working 32 hours, even though they were paid for the holiday. For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week; all the hours are credited to the major job.

At work part time for economic reasons. Sometimes called involuntary part time, this category refers to individuals who gave an economic reason for working 1 to 34 hours during the reference week. Economic reasons include slack work or unfavorable business conditions, inability to find full-time work, and seasonal declines in demand. Those who usually work part time must also indicate that they want and are available to work full time to be classified as on part time for economic reasons.

At work part time for noneconomic reasons. This group includes those persons who usually work part time and were at work 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for a noneconomic reason. Noneconomic reasons include, for example: Illness or other medical limitations, child-care problems or other family or personal obligations, school or training, retirement or Social Security limits on earnings, and being in a job where full-time work is less than 35 hours. The group also includes those who gave an economic reason for usually working 1 to 34 hours but said they do not want to work full time or were unavailable for such work.

Usual full- or part-time status. Data on persons "at work" exclude persons who were temporarily absent from a job and therefore classified in the zero-hours-worked category, "with a job but not at work." These are persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week for such reasons as bad weather, child-care problems, maternity or paternity leave, vacation, illness, or involvement in a labor dispute. In order to differentiate a person's normal schedule from their activity during the reference week, persons are also classified according to their usual full- or part-time status. In this context, *full-time workers* are those who usually worked 35 hours or more (at all jobs combined). This group will include some individuals who worked less than 35 hours in the reference week for either economic or noneconomic reasons and those who are temporarily absent from work. Similarly, *part-time workers* are those who usually work less than 35 hours per week (at all jobs), regardless of the number of hours worked in the reference week. This may include some individuals who actually worked more than 34 hours in the reference week, as well as those who are temporarily absent from work.

White, black, and other. These are terms used to describe the race of persons. Included in the "other" group are American Indians, Alaskan Natives, and Asians and Pacific Islanders. Because of the relatively small sample size in most areas, data for "other" races are not published. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent.

Hispanic origin. This refers to persons who identified themselves in the survey enumeration process as Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or of other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race; thus, they are included in both the white and black population groups.

Appendix B. Sampling and Estimation Procedures and Sampling Error Tables

The estimates presented in this bulletin are based on annual averages of monthly data obtained from the CPS, a sample survey of the civilian noninstitutional population. The survey is conducted each month by the Bureau of the Census for BLS, and provides comprehensive data on the labor force, employed, and unemployed, including such characteristics as age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, occupation, and industry. The survey also provides data on the characteristics of those not in the labor force.

Each month, trained interviewers collect information from a scientifically-selected sample (about 50,000 occupied housing units), designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population. Selected respondents are interviewed to obtain information about the employment status of each household member 16 years of age and over. The "reference week" is the calendar week (Sunday through Saturday) which includes the 12th of the month. Actual field interviewing is conducted during the following week, which is known as the "survey" week.

Sampling procedures

The 1996 sample encompasses 754 sample areas, with coverage in every State and the District of Columbia. It is based to a large extent on information about the distribution of the population as reported in the 1990 decennial census. (A redesigned 1990 census-based sample was phased in during the April 1994 through July 1995 period.) These areas were selected by dividing the entire area of the United States into 2,007 primary sampling units (PSU's). With some minor exceptions, a PSU consists of a county or number of contiguous counties. Most metropolitan areas constitute separate PSU's.

To improve the efficiency of the sample, the 2,007 PSU's are grouped into strata within each State. Then, one PSU is selected from each stratum, with the probability of selection proportionate to the relative population size of the PSU. PSU's in strata by themselves are called "self-representing" and are generally the most populous in each State. Other strata are formed by combining PSU's that are similar in such characteristics as population growth, proportion of blacks and Hispanics, occupation/industry, and age/sex distribution. PSU's selected from these strata are "non-self-representing," since each one chosen represents the entire stratum.

Within each of the selected PSU's, the number of households to be enumerated each month is determined in two steps. First, statisticians select a sample of census enumeration districts (ED's) using the population size probability selection procedure. ED's are administrative units and contain, on average, about 300 households. Second, they then select clusters of approximately four addresses (contiguous wherever possible) to be enumerated within each designated ED.

Part of the sample is changed, or rotated, each month. A given rotation group is in the sample for 4 consecutive months, leaves the sample during the following 8 months, and then returns for another 4 consecutive months. A primary reason for rotating the sample is to minimize the lack of cooperation that may result from interviewing a constant panel indefinitely. The rotation plan provides for three-fourths of the sample to be identical from one month to the next and one-half to be identical with the same month a year earlier.

Estimating methods

Under the estimating methods used in the CPS, all of the results for a given month become available simultaneously and are based on returns from the entire sample of respondents. The estimation procedure involves weighting the data from each sample person by the inverse of the probability of the person being in the sample. This gives a rough measure of the number of actual persons that each sample person represents. Through a series of estimation steps (outlined below), the selection probabilities are adjusted for noninterviews and survey undercoverage; data from previous months are incorporated into the estimates through the composite estimation procedure.

I. Noninterview adjustment. The weights for all interviewed households are adjusted to the extent needed to account for occupied sample households for which no information was obtained because of absence, impassable roads, refusals, or unavailability of the respondents for other reasons. This noninterview adjustment is made separately for clusters of similar sample areas that are usually, but not necessarily, contained within a State. Similarity of sample areas is based on metropolitan area status and size. Within each cluster, there is a further breakdown by residence. The proportion of sample households not interviewed varies from 6 to 9 percent, de-

pending upon a number of factors, including weather and vacations.

II. Ratio estimates. The distribution of the population selected for the sample may differ somewhat, by chance, from that of the population as a whole in such characteristics as: age, race, sex, and State of residence. Because these characteristics are closely correlated with labor force participation and other principal measurements made from the sample, the survey estimates can be substantially improved when weighted appropriately by the known distribution of these population characteristics. This is accomplished through two stages of ratio adjustment, as follows.

a. First-stage ratio estimation. The purpose of the first-stage ratio adjustment is to reduce the contribution to variance that results from selecting a sample of PSU's rather than drawing sample households from every PSU in the Nation. This adjustment is made to the CPS weights in two race cells: Black and nonblack; it is applied only to PSU's that are non-self-representing and for those States that have a substantial number of black households. The procedure corrects for differences that existed in each State cell at the time of the 1990 census between the race distribution of the population in sample PSU's and the race distribution of all non-self-representing PSU's.

b. Second-stage ratio estimation. This procedure substantially reduces the variability of estimates and corrects, to some extent, for CPS undercoverage. The CPS sample weights are adjusted to ensure that sample-based estimates of population match independent population controls. Three sets of controls are used:

- 1) 51 State controls of the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and older,
- 2) National civilian noninstitutional population controls for 14 Hispanic and 5 non-Hispanic age-sex categories, and
- 3) National civilian noninstitutional population controls for 66 white, 42 black, and 10 "other" age-sex categories.

The independent population controls are prepared by projecting forward the resident population as enumerated on April 1, 1990. The projections are derived by updating demographic census data with information from a variety of other data sources that account for births, deaths, and net migration. Subtracting estimated numbers of resident Armed Forces personnel and institutionalized persons reduces the resident population to the civilian noninstitutional population. Estimates of net census undercount, determined from the Post Enumeration Survey, are added to the population projections. Prior to January 1994, the projections were based on earlier censuses, and there was no correction for census undercount.

III. Composite estimation procedure. The last step in the preparation of most CPS estimates makes use of a composite estimation procedure. The composite estimate consists of a weighted average of two factors: (1) the second-stage ratio estimate based on the entire sample from the current month and (2) the composite estimate for the previous month, plus an estimate of the month-to-month change based on the six rotation groups common to both months. In addition, a bias adjustment term is added to the weighted average to account for relative bias associated with month-in-sample estimates. The compositing procedure results in a reduction in sampling error beyond that which is achieved after the two stages of ratio adjustment.

Reliability of the estimates

The estimates in this bulletin are based upon a sample of the population rather than a complete count. Therefore, they may differ from the figures that would have been obtained if it had been possible to take a complete census using the same schedules and procedures as are used in the CPS. There are two types of errors in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error tables provided later in this appendix indicate the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration, but do not measure any systematic biases in the data.

Sampling variability. The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, the variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. The sample estimate and its standard error enable one to construct confidence intervals, that is, ranges that would include the average result of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these samples were surveyed under essentially the same conditions using the same sample design, and an estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated from each sample, then the following would occur:

- Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
- Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
- Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two standard errors below the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

The error of a sample estimate varies inversely with the size of the sample and directly with the size of the estimate. Hence, an estimate for a subgroup constituting a small pro-

portion of a population will tend to have a larger error relative to its size than an estimate for a larger subgroup.

Reliability standards

The CPS sample design takes into consideration both national and State reliability. For the State data, a minimum reliability standard is set: An expected maximum coefficient of variation (CV) on the level of total unemployment of 8 percent annually. This is calculated based on a 6-percent unemployment rate. Because each State's design must meet the reliability standard, the CPS sampling rate differs by State. (The sampling rate is the proportion of all households that are selected for the sample.) Generally, the smaller the State population, the higher the sampling rate. The average State sampling rates range roughly from 1 in every 200 households to 1 in every 2,500 households in each stratum within the State.

Publication standards for State and area CPS data

In order to achieve comparability of the data for regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas, and cities for publication purposes, a unique requirement for minimum labor force, employment, or unemployment was developed for each area. This requirement is based on the known differences in sampling rates among these areas. Before estimates are published for a specific category (e.g., Hispanic unemployment in a particular State), a predetermined "critical cell" must meet the comparable minimum publication standard for national CPS data. As a result of this requirement, minimum bases for publication have been developed for each area. Table B-1 lists the minimum necessary base for publication of data in each of the regions, divisions, States, the District of Columbia, metropolitan areas, and cities appearing in this bulletin.

Estimates are not shown when they do not meet the minimum base for the State or area listed in table B-1. In tables showing the labor force status of the population, the critical cell is the size of the labor force of the particular population group. In all other tables, the determining factor or critical cell is the size of the base of the distribution, for example, the size of total employment or unemployment for that area or population subgroup. Data are not published for any cell with a level of less than 500 persons or less than 0.05 percent of the total for a given characteristic.

NOTE: An improved methodology for calculating minimum bases has been developed and will be considered for use in next year's publication.

Using the sampling error tables

Tables B-2 through B-5 provide sampling errors for use in constructing 90-percent confidence intervals (approximately 1.6 standard errors) for major labor force characteristics. They are approximations and thus indicate the order of magnitude of the sampling error rather than the precise amount of the possible error in an estimate. Illustrations on the use of these tables are provided below. In all cases, the computations

present the estimated levels in thousands of persons.

Sampling error of an estimated number. Table B-5 shows that an estimate of 50,000 unemployed persons in Maryland will have an absolute sampling error of 10,000, or a relative sampling error of 20 percent (10,000/50,000). In comparison, an estimate of 100,000 unemployed persons in Maryland has an absolute sampling error of 14,000, yielding a relative sampling error of 14 percent (14,000/100,000). A statement that unemployment in Maryland is between 40,000 and 60,000 in the first instance, and between 86,000 and 114,000 in the second, can be made with approximately 90-percent confidence.

This can be interpreted as follows: If one were to draw all possible samples and make an estimate from each sample (using the same methods and techniques) and construct an interval around each estimate (using the sampling errors shown in the tables), then 90 percent of these intervals would contain the average value of all possible samples.

To convert a sampling error from 90-percent confidence, as displayed in the tables, to 68-percent confidence (one standard error), multiply the sampling error shown in the tables by 0.63. To convert the sampling error from 90- to 95-percent confidence (approximately two standard errors) multiply the sampling error by 1.23. For the example given above, the sampling error at 90-percent confidence was 10,000. At 68-percent confidence, the error would be about 6,300 (10,000 x 0.63). At 95-percent confidence, the error would be about 12,300 (10,000 x 1.23).

Sampling error of a difference. To compute the error of a difference from the tables, an additional step is required. If, for instance, one wishes to know whether a change in the unemployment rate from one year to the next in a particular area for a particular population group is statistically significant, or whether the difference in the unemployment rate between two areas or population groups is statistically meaningful, the significance of the difference needs to be computed. (Differences between estimates for two consecutive years may be influenced to some extent by the redesign of the CPS concepts, questionnaire, and collection procedures, such as that which occurred in 1994.)

As noted above, differences can take two general forms: (1) differences between population groups and/or geographic areas; or (2) differences for the same population group and geographic area over time. Either type of difference can be calculated using the following formula, and noting the limiting covariance assumption discussed below.

$$SE_d = ((SE_1^2 + SE_2^2) - 2C \times (SE_1 \times SE_2))^{1/2}$$

where:

SE_d = the sampling error of the difference.

SE_1 = the sampling error of one group or year.

SE_2 = the sampling error of another group or year.

C = the covariance (or relationship) term.

The SE_1 and SE_2 can be found in the appropriate table of *Geographic Profile* for each year if the comparison is between different years, since the size of the samples and, consequently, sampling errors may differ from year to year. Values for the covariance or "C" term (for employment and unemployment) for differences between consecutive years are as follows. For labor force or employment levels, $C = 0.58$; for unemployment levels or rates, $C = 0.37$. It is important to note that these "C" terms are usable only for calculating the sampling error of a difference for over-the-year change for the same geographic area and population group.

Covariance terms for the relationship between different population groups or geographic areas in this bulletin are not available. When calculating sampling errors for differences between two different population groups or geographic areas, a "C" term of zero must be assumed. The effect of this assumption is: (1) if the relationship between two groups, areas, or years (differences for nonconsecutive years) is small, the "C" term can legitimately be ignored and the sampling errors won't be adversely affected, or (2) if there is a strong positive relationship between the two groups, areas, or years (differences for consecutive years), then the error computed without a "C" term will be overstated. This could lead one to erroneously state that a difference or change was *not* statistically significant when, in fact, it was. When there is a strong relationship over time for a labor force characteristic such as employment (i.e., people tend to remain employed from one year to the next), the importance of using a "C" term when calculating the sampling error of a difference over time increases greatly.

The following example illustrates how to calculate a sampling error for a difference.

Suppose one wished to know whether a hypothetical difference between the unemployment level of 250,000 for a particular population group in California and an unemployment level of 200,000 for the same group in New York was statistically significant at 90-percent confidence. Table B-5 gives the error for an unemployment level of 250,000 in California as approximately 23,000 and the error for an unemployment level of 200,000 in New York as 17,000. Using the formula described above without the "C" term produces the following results:

$$SE_1 = 23; SE_2 = 17$$

$$SE_1^2 + SE_2^2 = 818$$

$$SE_d = ((SE_1^2 + SE_2^2))^{1/2} = 29$$

Because each State's sample is independent, there is no measurable correlation between the two estimates and a "C" term of zero can be assured. Thus, the error of the difference is approximately 29,000. Since the actual difference (50,000) is greater than the error of the difference, it can be stated, with 90-percent confidence, that the difference in the unemployment level is attributable to factors other than sampling variability alone.

Sampling errors for unemployment rates. Unemployment rates and error ranges for these rates are provided in tables 1, 12, and 23. This information can be used to derive a sampling error for an unemployment rate if one is needed. The error range is a 90-percent confidence interval around the unemployment rate. By subtracting the estimated unemployment rate from the upper bound of the range, the sampling error for that rate can be obtained. This sampling error can then be used in the above formula for computing the sampling error of a difference, or for whatever purpose the user chooses.

Interpolation and extrapolation. While sampling errors are listed for selected levels of employment and unemployment in tables B-2 through B-5, users may wish to know the sampling error for an estimate whose value is not listed. To derive such a sampling error, it is necessary to use interpolation or extrapolation.

For example, in order to derive the sampling error for the 1996 total unemployment level in Arizona, it is necessary to use interpolation because table B-5 contains no sampling error for an unemployment level estimate of 124,000. The following formula and accompanying example show how to interpolate for this estimate.

$$SE = [((A - G) / (F - G)) \times (X - Y)] + Y$$

where:

SE = the sampling error for the estimated value.

A = the estimated value (124,000).

F = the table value (200,000) immediately above the estimated value.

G = the table value (100,000) immediately below the estimated value.

X = the sampling error of F (18,000).

Y = the sampling error of G (13,000).

$$SE = [((124 - 100) / (200 - 100)) \times (18 - 13)] + 13$$

$$SE = (0.24 \times 5) + 13$$

$$= 1.2 + 13$$

$$= 14.2$$

$$= 14$$

If the sample-based estimate lies outside the boundaries of the error tables, extrapolation can be used to approximate the sampling error. The formula for extrapolation is the same as that for interpolation; however, the "F" term is the highest value in the table and the "G" term becomes the next highest value. Using the unemployment level in California as an example and table B-5, one can extrapolate the sampling error for the sample-based estimate of 1,126,000. For this example, the highest value in the table is 1,000,000 and the next highest is 800,000.

$$A = 1,126$$

$$SE = \left[\frac{[(1,126 - 800) / (1,000 - 800)] \times (45 - 41)}{41} \right] +$$

$$SE = (1.63 \times 4) + 41$$

$$SE = 6.5 + 41$$

$$= 47.5$$

$$= 47$$

Derivation of sampling errors

The State and area sampling errors are developed using a generalized regression procedure and are *not* based on sample data for each individual area, population group, or labor force characteristic. As with all sampling error tables produced for CPS State and area data, a number of approximations were required in order to derive sampling errors that would apply

to a wide variety of items. As a result, these sampling errors indicate the order of magnitude of a sampling error rather than a precise sampling error for any specific item. The sampling error tables are derived from standard error equations and special parameters developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. These parameters are available upon request to the Division of Local Area Unemployment Statistics, Room 4675, 2 Massachusetts Avenue, NE, Washington, DC 20212-0001. Telephone: (202) 606-6406.

Tables B-2 through B-5 can be used for estimates pertaining to any race/ethnic group. As noted, the sampling errors are based on a generalized regression procedure and are approximate. Generally, the degree of precision in these tables is slightly greater for whites (and the total of all race/ethnic groups) than it is for blacks or Hispanics.

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Contents—Publication Standards and Sampling Error Tables

Tables:	Page
B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of census region and division, State, and metropolitan area data	131
Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level by census region and division:	
B-2. Estimated employment	132
B-3. Estimated unemployment	133
Sampling error at the 90-percent confidence level by State:	
B-4. Estimated employment	134
B-5. Estimated unemployment	136

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Table B-1. Minimum bases required for publication of Census region and division, State, and metropolitan area data

(In thousands)

State or area	Minimum base	State or area	Minimum base
Northeast	29		
New England	27	Metropolitan areas¹	
Middle Atlantic	29	Atlanta MSA	61
Midwest	42	Baltimore PMSA	59
East North Central	41	Bergen-Passaic PMSA	19
West North Central	44	Boston PMSA	20
South	47	Buffalo-Niagara Falls MSA	37
South Atlantic	46	Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill MSA	18
East South Central	43	Chicago PMSA	31
West South Central	52	Cincinnati PMSA	40
West	40	Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria PMSA	38
Mountain	36	Columbus, Ohio MSA	38
Pacific	44	Dallas-Fort Worth CMSA	63
Alabama	45	Dayton-Springfield MSA	36
Alaska	10	Denver-Boulder-Greeley CMSA	47
Arizona	64	Detroit PMSA	26
Arkansas	22	Fort Lauderdale PMSA	41
California	44	Hartford MSA	60
Colorado	60	Houston PMSA	63
Connecticut	60	Indianapolis MSA	70
Delaware	9	Kansas City MSA	55
District of Columbia	8	Los Angeles-Long Beach PMSA	45
Florida	43	Louisville MSA	49
		Memphis MSA	45
Georgia	63	Miami PMSA	41
Hawaii	13	Milwaukee-Waukesha PMSA	59
Idaho	11	Minneapolis-St. Paul MSA	63
Illinois	32	Nassau-Suffolk PMSA	37
Indiana	74	New Orleans MSA	40
Iowa	27	New York PMSA	37
Kansas	30	Newark PMSA	19
Kentucky	48	Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News MSA	70
Louisiana	46	Oakland PMSA	45
Maine	17	Oklahoma City MSA	30
		Orange County PMSA	45
Maryland	59	Philadelphia PMSA	26
Massachusetts	20	Phoenix-Mesa MSA	48
Michigan	28	Pittsburgh MSA	26
Minnesota	62	Portland-Vancouver PMSA	18
Mississippi	24	Providence-Fall River-Warwick MSA	13
Missouri	70	Riverside-San Bernardino PMSA	45
Montana	10	Rochester MSA	27
Nebraska	18	Sacramento-Yolo CMSA	45
Nevada	18	St. Louis MSA	63
New Hampshire	18	Salt Lake City-Ogden MSA	20
		San Antonio MSA	63
New Jersey	19	San Diego MSA	45
New Mexico	22	San Francisco PMSA	45
New York	36	San Jose PMSA	45
North Carolina	19	Seattle-Bellevue-Everett PMSA	50
North Dakota	10	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater MSA	41
Ohio	37	Washington D.C. PMSA	55
Oklahoma	32		
Oregon	36	Cities:	
Pennsylvania	30	Baltimore	59
Rhode Island	11	Chicago	31
		Cleveland	38
South Carolina	29	Dallas	63
South Dakota	9	Detroit	26
Tennessee	48	District of Columbia	8
Texas	66	Houston	63
Utah	26	Indianapolis	70
Vermont	9	Los Angeles	45
Virginia	76	Milwaukee	59
Washington	76	New York	37
West Virginia	22	Philadelphia	26
Wisconsin	67	Phoenix	48
Wyoming	8	St. Louis	73
		San Antonio	63
		San Diego	45
		San Francisco	45

¹ All are Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA's) except St. Louis and those labeled Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Areas (CMSA's) or Primary

Metropolitan Statistical Areas (PMSA's). The differences are discussed in Appendix C, "Geographic Boundary Definitions".

Table B-2. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment by Census region and division

(In thousands)

Census region and division	Estimated level											
	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	800	1,000	1,500	2,000
Northeast	6	8	9	12	18	25	28	35	49	55	67	77
New England	5	8	9	12	17	24	27	33	46	51	61	68
Middle Atlantic	6	8	9	13	18	25	28	35	50	55	67	77
Midwest	7	10	11	15	22	31	34	43	61	68	82	95
East North Central	7	10	11	15	22	31	34	43	61	68	83	95
West North Central	7	9	11	15	21	30	33	42	58	65	78	88
South	7	10	11	15	22	31	34	43	61	68	83	95
South Atlantic	7	10	11	15	21	30	34	43	60	67	81	93
East South Central	7	9	11	15	21	30	33	42	58	64	77	87
West South Central	7	10	11	16	22	31	35	44	62	69	83	95
West	6	8	9	13	18	26	29	37	52	58	70	81
Mountain	6	8	9	13	18	25	28	35	49	54	65	73
Pacific	6	8	9	13	19	26	30	37	52	58	71	81

	Estimated level											
	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	12,500	15,000	20,000	25,000	30,000	35,000	40,000	
Northeast	85	116	137	152	163	170	176	170	-	-	-	
New England	74	87	77	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Middle Atlantic	85	115	133	145	151	153	143	-	-	-	-	
Midwest	105	145	172	192	207	218	232	233	224	203	-	
East North Central	105	142	166	182	192	197	193	169	-	-	-	
West North Central	96	120	125	113	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
South	106	148	177	200	219	235	259	274	283	286	283	
South Atlantic	103	140	165	182	193	200	202	187	-	-	-	
East South Central	95	116	115	92	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
West South Central	105	138	156	163	161	150	-	-	-	-	-	
West	90	123	146	162	175	184	193	191	179	-	-	
Mountain	80	96	94	72	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Pacific	90	122	142	155	163	167	161	-	-	-	-	

Table B-3. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated unemployment by Census region and division

(In thousands)

Census region and division	Estimated level							
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200
Northeast	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	16
New England	1	2	3	5	5	7	11	15
Middle Atlantic	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	17
Midwest	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18
East North Central	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18
West North Central	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18
South	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	19
South Atlantic	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	18
East South Central	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18
West South Central	2	3	4	6	7	9	13	19
West	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19
Mountain	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	15
Pacific	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	20
	Estimated level							
	250	400	600	800	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,500
Northeast	18	23	28	32	36	44	-	-
New England	16	21	-	-	-	-	-	-
Middle Atlantic	19	23	29	33	37	45	-	-
Midwest	20	26	31	36	40	49	-	-
East North Central	21	26	32	37	41	49	-	-
West North Central	20	25	30	-	-	-	-	-
South	21	26	32	37	41	50	58	64
South Atlantic	21	26	32	37	41	50	-	-
East South Central	20	25	31	-	-	-	-	-
West South Central	21	26	32	37	41	-	-	-
West	21	27	33	38	42	52	59	-
Mountain	16	20	25	-	-	-	-	-
Pacific	23	29	35	40	45	54	-	-

Table B-4. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment by State
(In thousands)

State	Estimated level											
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	600	800
Alabama	3	5	6	9	10	14	20	28	31	38	45	50
Alaska	2	3	4	5	6	8	10	12	12	6	-	-
Arizona	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	27	30	37	44	49
Arkansas	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	17	19	23	26	28
California	3	4	6	8	9	13	19	26	30	37	46	52
Colorado	3	5	7	11	12	17	23	32	36	44	52	57
Connecticut	3	5	7	9	11	15	21	29	32	39	45	50
Delaware	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	10	10	9	-	-
District of Columbia	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	7	-	-	-
Florida	3	5	6	9	10	14	20	28	32	40	48	55
Georgia	3	5	7	9	10	15	21	29	32	40	49	55
Hawaii	1	2	3	4	5	7	9	12	13	15	14	-
Idaho	2	2	3	5	5	7	10	13	14	16	15	-
Illinois	3	4	6	8	9	13	19	26	29	37	45	51
Indiana	3	5	8	11	12	17	24	33	37	46	54	61
Iowa	2	4	5	7	8	11	15	21	23	28	33	35
Kansas	2	4	6	8	9	12	17	24	26	31	36	38
Kentucky	3	5	7	10	11	16	22	31	34	42	50	55
Louisiana	3	4	6	9	10	14	19	26	29	36	43	47
Maine	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	15	16	19	18	14
Maryland	3	5	7	10	11	15	22	30	33	41	49	55
Massachusetts	3	4	6	8	9	13	18	25	27	34	41	46
Michigan	3	5	6	9	10	14	20	29	32	40	48	55
Minnesota	3	5	7	10	12	16	23	32	36	44	52	58
Mississippi	2	4	5	7	8	11	16	22	24	29	33	36
Missouri	4	6	9	12	14	19	27	37	42	52	61	69
Oklahoma	2	4	5	7	8	11	16	22	24	30	35	38
Oregon	2	4	5	7	8	12	16	23	25	31	36	39
Pennsylvania	2	4	5	8	8	12	17	24	26	33	40	46
Rhode Island	1	2	3	4	5	6	9	11	12	13	10	-
South Carolina	3	4	6	8	9	13	18	25	27	34	39	43
South Dakota	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	10	11	9	-	-
Tennessee	3	5	7	10	11	16	23	31	35	43	52	58
Texas	3	5	8	11	12	17	24	35	39	48	59	68
Utah	2	3	5	7	7	10	15	20	22	26	28	28
Vermont	1	2	2	3	4	5	7	8	8	5	-	-
Virginia	4	6	9	13	14	20	28	39	43	54	65	73
Washington	3	5	7	10	11	15	21	29	33	41	48	54
West Virginia	2	3	4	6	7	10	13	18	20	23	26	26
Wisconsin	3	5	8	11	12	17	24	33	37	46	55	61
Wyoming	1	2	2	3	3	5	6	7	6	-	-	-

Table B-4. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated employment by State—Continued

(in thousands)

State	Estimated level								
	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	12,500	15,000
Alabama	54	58	57	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alaska	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arizona	52	57	56	50	-	-	-	-	-
Arkansas	28	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
California	58	71	81	89	118	135	143	145	140
Colorado	61	64	59	44	-	-	-	-	-
Connecticut	52	52	43	-	-	-	-	-	-
Delaware	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District of Columbia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Florida	61	73	82	89	107	101	-	-	-
Georgia	60	69	75	78	46	-	-	-	-
Hawaii	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Idaho	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Illinois	56	67	74	80	88	65	-	-	-
Indiana	67	75	79	79	-	-	-	-	-
Iowa	36	34	20	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kansas	38	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kentucky	58	62	58	-	-	-	-	-	-
Louisiana	51	55	53	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maryland	59	66	68	65	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts	50	57	61	61	-	-	-	-	-
Michigan	60	71	78	83	81	-	-	-	-
Minnesota	63	69	69	63	-	-	-	-	-
Mississippi	36	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Missouri	74	83	86	84	-	-	-	-	-
Oklahoma	40	39	32	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oregon	41	41	33	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pennsylvania	51	60	67	72	81	64	-	-	-
Rhode Island	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Carolina	46	48	44	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tennessee	63	70	73	71	-	-	-	-	-
Texas	75	90	102	111	140	146	133	-	-
Utah	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vermont	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Virginia	80	91	98	100	18	-	-	-	-
Washington	59	66	69	68	-	-	-	-	-
West Virginia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wisconsin	66	74	78	73	-	-	-	-	-
Wyoming	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table B-5. Sampling errors at the 90-percent confidence level for estimated unemployment by State

(In thousands)

State	Estimated level												
	2	5	10	20	25	50	100	200	250	400	600	800	1,000
Alabama	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	-	-	-	-	-
Alaska	1	1	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arizona	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	-	-	-	-	-
Arkansas	1	2	3	4	5	7	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
California	2	3	5	7	7	10	15	21	23	29	35	41	45
Colorado	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Connecticut	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	-	-	-	-	-	-
Delaware	1	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District of Columbia	1	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Florida	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	17	19	24	-	-	-
Georgia	2	3	5	7	8	11	15	21	-	-	-	-	-
Hawaii	1	2	2	3	4	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Idaho	1	1	2	3	3	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Illinois	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	20	25	-	-	-
Indiana	2	3	5	7	7	10	15	20	-	-	-	-	-
Iowa	2	2	3	5	5	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kansas	1	2	3	5	5	7	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kentucky	2	3	4	5	6	9	12	17	-	-	-	-	-
Louisiana	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17	-	-	-	-	-
Maine	1	2	2	3	4	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maryland	2	3	5	7	7	10	14	20	-	-	-	-	-
Massachusetts	2	2	4	5	6	8	11	15	-	-	-	-	-
Michigan	2	3	4	5	6	9	12	17	19	-	-	-	-
Minnesota	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	19	-	-	-	-	-
Mississippi	1	2	3	4	5	7	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
Missouri	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	20	-	-	-	-	-
Montana	1	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nebraska	1	2	3	4	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nevada	1	2	3	4	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Hampshire	1	2	2	3	4	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Jersey	2	2	4	5	6	8	11	15	17	21	-	-	-
New Mexico	1	2	3	4	4	6	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
New York	2	3	4	5	6	8	12	17	18	23	28	-	-
North Carolina	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	18	-	-	-	-	-
North Dakota	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ohio	2	3	4	6	6	9	13	13	14	15	-	-	-
Oklahoma	2	2	3	5	5	8	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oregon	2	3	4	5	6	8	11	16	-	-	-	-	-
Pennsylvania	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17	19	24	-	-	-
Rhode Island	1	1	2	3	3	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Carolina	2	3	4	6	6	9	12	17	-	-	-	-	-
South Dakota	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tennessee	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	20	-	-	-	-	-
Texas	2	3	4	6	7	10	14	20	22	28	34	-	-
Utah	1	2	3	4	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vermont	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Virginia	2	3	5	7	8	11	15	21	-	-	-	-	-
Washington	2	4	5	7	8	11	16	22	-	-	-	-	-
West Virginia	1	2	2	3	4	5	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wisconsin	2	3	5	6	7	10	14	20	-	-	-	-	-
Wyoming	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Appendix C. Geographic Boundary Definitions

Table C-1 of this appendix lists the States composing the census regions and divisions for which data are published in section I. Table C-2 provides the geographic definitions of the metropolitan areas for which data are published in section III, including the latest set of changes in definitions. These data for metropolitan areas reflect the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget, on June 30, 1993.¹

Effective December 22, 1987, the boundary of the St. Louis metropolitan statistical area was redefined to include the part of Sullivan City in Crawford County, Missouri. This change is not reflected in the data for St. Louis shown in this bulletin, although the addition of entire counties in 1993 is reflected.

Metropolitan areas

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is that of a core area containing a large population nucleus, together

with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration within that core.

A *Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)* consists of one or more counties and meets specified size criteria—either it contains a city of at least 50,000 inhabitants, or it contains an urbanized area of at least 50,000 inhabitants, and has a total population of at least 100,000.

A *Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA)* is one that has a population of at least 1 million and which has been divided into two or more PMSA's (see below). The CMSA comprises the same geographic area as its constituent PMSA's.

A *Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (PMSA)* is a sub-area within a CMSA. The designation of these sub-areas is based on specific criteria, including having a population of at least 100,000 that is at least 60 percent urban, and the support of local opinion. Areas that were designated separate metropolitan areas as of January 1, 1980, and are now part of a larger area, are designated as PMSA's unless local opinion does not support their continued separate designation for statistical purposes.

¹ The standards were published in the *Federal Register* on March 30, 1990; the definitions and a complete listing of the areas were published on June 30, 1993 in OMB release 93-17.

Table C-1. State composition of the census regions and divisions

Region and division	State
Northeast:	
New England	Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont
Middle Atlantic	New Jersey New York Pennsylvania
Midwest:	
East North Central	Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin
West North Central	Iowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota
South:	
South Atlantic	Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia
East South Central	Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee
West South Central	Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas
West:	
Mountain	Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming
Pacific	Alaska California Hawaii Oregon Washington

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of metropolitan areas

State and area	Type of area	Definition	Change in definition
Arizona			
Phoenix-Mesa	MSA	Maricopa and Pinal Counties	Was previously titled Phoenix; added Pinal County
California			
Los Angeles-Long Beach	PMSA	Los Angeles County	No change
Oakland	PMSA	Alameda and Contra Costa Counties	No change
Orange County	PMSA	Orange County	Was previously titled Anaheim-Santa Ana
Riverside-San Bernardino	PMSA	Riverside and San Bernardino Counties	No change
Sacramento-Yolo	CMSA	El Dorado, Placer, Sacramento, and Yolo Counties	Was previously the Sacramento MSA
San Diego	MSA	San Diego County	No change
San Francisco	PMSA	Marin, San Francisco, and San Mateo Counties	No change
San Jose	PMSA	Santa Clara County	No change
Colorado			
Denver-Boulder-Greeley	CMSA	Adams, Arapahoe, Boulder, Denver, Douglas, Jefferson, and Weld Counties	Was previously titled Denver-Boulder; added Weld County
Connecticut			
Hartford	MSA	Bristol, Hartford, and New Britain cities and Avon, Berlin, Bloomfield, Burlington, Canton, East Granby, East Hartford, East Windsor, Enfield, Farmington, Glastonbury, Granby, Manchester, Marlborough, Newington, Plainville, Rocky Hill, Simsbury, Southington, South Windsor, Suffield, West Hartford, Wethersfield, Windsor, and Windsor Locks towns in Hartford County; Berkhamsted, Harwinton, New Hartford, Plymouth, and Winchester towns in Litchfield County; Middletown city and Cromwell, Durham, East Haddam, East Hampton, Haddam, Middlefield, and Portland towns in Middlesex County; Colchester and Lebanon towns in New London County; Andover, Bolton, Columbia, Coventry, Ellington, Hebron, Mansfield, Somers, Stafford, Tolland, Vernon, and Willington towns in Tolland County; and Ashford, Chaplin, and Windham towns in Windham County	Replaces the Hartford-New Britain-Middletown CMSA; added Harwinton and Winchester towns in Litchfield County; Lebanon town in New London County; Mansfield town in Tolland County; Ashford, Chaplin, and Windham towns in Windham County
District of Columbia			
Washington	PMSA	District of Columbia; Calvert, Charles, Frederick, Montgomery, and Prince George's Counties, Md.; Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls Church, Fredericksburg, Manassas, Manassas Park cities, and Arlington, Clarke, Culpeper, Fairfax, Fauquier, King George, Loudoun, Prince William, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Warren Counties, Va.; Berkeley and Jefferson Counties, W.Va.	Changed from MSA to PMSA; added Fredericksburg city and Clarke, Culpeper, Fauquier, King George, Spotsylvania, and Warren Counties in Va. and Berkeley and Jefferson Counties in W.Va.
Florida			
Fort Lauderdale	PMSA	Broward County	Was previously titled Ft. Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach
Miami	PMSA	Dade County	Was previously titled Miami-Hialeah
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	MSA	Hernando, Hillsborough, Pasco, and Pinellas Counties	No change

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of metropolitan areas

State and area	Type of area	Definition	Change in definition
Georgia Atlanta	MSA	Barrow, Bartow, Carroll, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, Coweta, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Pickens, Rockdale, Spalding, and Walton Counties	Added Bartow, Carroll, and Pickens Counties; deleted Butts County
Illinois Chicago	PMSA	Cook, DeKalb, DuPage, Grundy, Kane, Kendall, Lake, McHenry, and Will Counties	Added DeKalb, Grundy, Kane, Kendall, Lake, and Will Counties
Indiana Indianapolis	MSA	Boone, Hamilton, Hancock, Hendricks, Johnson, Madison, Marion, Morgan, and Shelby Counties	Added Madison County
Kentucky Louisville	MSA	Bullitt, Jefferson, and Oldham Counties, Ky.; Clark, Floyd, Harrison, and Scott Counties, Ind.	Added Scott County in Ind.; deleted Shelby County in Ky.
Louisiana New Orleans	MSA	Jefferson, Orleans, Plaquemines, St. Bernard, St. Charles, St. James, St. John the Baptist, and St. Tammany Parishes	Added Plaquemines and St. James Parishes
Maryland Baltimore	PMSA	Baltimore City and Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Carroll, Harford, Howard, and Queen Anne's Counties	Changed from MSA to PMSA
Massachusetts Boston	PMSA	Taunton city and Berkley, Dighton, Mansfield, and Norton towns in Bristol County, Mass.; Beverly, Gloucester, Lynn, Newburyport, Peabody, and Salem cities, and Amesbury, Danvers, Essex, Hamilton, Ipswich, Lynnfield, Manchester, Marblehead, Middleton, Nahant, Newbury, Rockport, Rowley, Salisbury, Saugus, Swampscott, Topsfield, and Wenham towns in Essex County, Mass.; Cambridge, Everett, Malden, Marlborough, Medford, Melrose, Newton, Somerville, Waltham, and Woburn cities, and Acton, Arlington, Ashland, Ayer, Bedford, Belmont, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Concord, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Hudson, Lexington, Lincoln, Littleton, Maynard, Natick, North Reading, Reading, Sherborn, Shirley, Stoneham, Stow, Sudbury, Townsend, Wakefield, Watertown, Wayland, Weston, Wilmington, and Winchester towns in Middlesex County, Mass.; Quincy city and Bellingham, Braintree, Brookline, Canton, Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Holbrook, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Milton, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Plainville, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Westwood, Weymouth, and Wrentham towns in Norfolk County, Mass.; Carver, Duxbury, Hanover, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Marshfield, Norwell, Pembroke, Plymouth, Rockland, Scituate, and Wareham towns in Plymouth County, Mass.; Boston, Chelsea, and Revere cities and Winthrop town in Suffolk County, Mass.; Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Harvard, Hopedale, Lancaster, Mendon, Milford, Millville, Southborough, and Upton towns in	Added Taunton city and Berkley and Dighton towns and deleted Raynham town in Bristol County, Mass.; added added Newburyport city and Amesbury, Newbury, and Salisbury towns in Essex County, Mass.; deleted Groton town in Middlesex County Mass.; added Plainville town in Norfolk County Mass.; added Wareham town and deleted Hanson, Lakewille, Middleborough, and Plympton towns in Plymouth County, Mass.; added Blackstone and Millville towns in Worcester County, Mass.; and added Seabrook and South Hampton towns in Rockingham County, N.H.

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of metropolitan areas

State and area	Type of area	Definition	Change in definition
Boston—Continued		Worcester County, Mass.; and Seabrook and South Hampton towns in Rockingham County, N.H.	
Michigan Detroit	PMSA	Lapeer, Macomb, Monroe, Oakland, St. Clair, and Wayne Counties	Deleted Livingston County
Minnesota Minneapolis-St. Paul	MSA	Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey, Scott, Sherburne, Washington, and Wright Counties, Minn.; Pierce and St. Croix Counties, Wis.	Added Sherburne County in Minn. and Pierce County in Wis.
Missouri Kansas City	MSA	Johnson, Leavenworth, Miami, and Wyandotte Counties, Kans.; Cass, Clay, Clinton, Jackson, Lafayette, Platte, and Ray Counties, Mo.	Added Clinton County in Mo.
St. Louis	MSA ¹	Clinton, Jersey, Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair Counties, Ill.; St. Louis city and Franklin, Jefferson, Lincoln, St. Charles, St. Louis, and Warren Counties, Mo.	Added Lincoln and Warren Counties in Mo.
New Jersey Bergen-Passaic	PMSA	Bergen and Passaic Counties	No change
Newark	PMSA	Essex, Morris, Sussex, Union, and Warren Counties	Added Warren County
New York Buffalo-Niagara Falls	MSA	Erie and Niagara Counties	Formerly the Buffalo-Niagara Falls CMSA
Nassau-Suffolk	PMSA	Nassau and Suffolk Counties	No change
New York New York	PMSA	Bronx, Kings, New York, Putnam, Queens, Richmond, Rockland, and Westchester Counties	No change
Rochester	MSA	Genesee, Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Orleans, and Wayne Counties	Added Genesee County
North Carolina Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill	MSA	Cabarrus, Gaston, Lincoln, Mecklenburg, Rowan, and Union Counties, N.C.; York County, S.C.	No change
Ohio Cincinnati	PMSA	Dearborn and Ohio Counties, Ind.; Boone, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, and Pendleton Counties, Ky.; and Brown, Clermont, Hamilton, and Warren Counties, Ohio	Added Ohio County in Ind.; Gallatin, Grant and Pendleton Counties in Ky.; Brown County in Ohio
Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria	PMSA	Ashtabula, Cuyahoga, Geauga, Lake, Lorain, and Medina Counties	Added Ashtabula and Lorain Counties
Columbus	MSA	Delaware, Fairfield, Franklin, Licking, Madison and Pickaway Counties	Deleted Union County.
Dayton-Springfield	MSA	Clark, Greene, Miami, and Montgomery Counties	No change
Oklahoma Oklahoma City	MSA	Canadian, Cleveland, Logan, McClain, Oklahoma, and Pottawatomie Counties	No change
Oregon Portland-Vancouver	PMSA	Clackamas, Columbia, Multnomah, Washington, and Yamhill Counties, Ore.; Clark County, Wash.	Added Columbia County in Ore. and Clark County in Wash.

Table C-2. Geographic boundaries of metropolitan areas

State and area	Type of area	Definition	Change in definition
Pennsylvania			
Philadelphia	PMSA	Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, and Salem Counties, N.J.; Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties, Pa.	Added Salem County in N. J.
Pittsburgh	MSA	Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Fayette, Washington, and Westmoreland Counties	Was previously the Pittsburgh-Beaver Valley CMSA; added Butler County
Rhode Island			
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	MSA	Attleboro and Fall River cities and North Attleboro, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, and Westport towns in Bristol County, Mass.; Barrington, Bristol, and Warren towns in Bristol County, R.I.; Warrick city and Coventry, East Greenwich, West Greenwich, and West Warwick towns in Kent County, R.I.; Jamestown, Little Compton, and Tiverton towns in Newport County, R.I.; Central Falls, Cranston, East Providence, Pawtucket, Providence, and Woonsocket cities, and Burrillville, Cumberland, Foster, Gloucester, Johnston, Lincoln, North Providence, North Smithfield, Scituate, and Smithfield in Providence County, R.I.; Charlestown, Exeter, Narragansett, North Kingstown, Richmond, and South Kingstown towns in Washington County, R.I.	Changed from CMSA to MSA; added West Greenwich town in Kent County, R.I.; added Charlestown town in Washington County, R.I.; deleted Plainville town in Norfolk County, Mass.; and deleted Blackstone and Millville towns in Worcester County, Mass.
Tennessee			
Memphis	MSA	Crittenden County, Ark.; DeSoto County, Miss.; and Fayette, Shelby, and Tipton Counties, Tenn.	Added Fayette County in Tenn.
Texas			
Dallas-Fort Worth	CMSA	Collin, Dallas, Denton, Ellis, Henderson, Hood, Hunt, Johnson, Kaufman, Parker, Rockwall, and Tarrant Counties	Added Henderson, Hood, and Hunt Counties
Houston	PMSA	Chambers, Fort Bend, Harris, Liberty, Montgomery, and Waller Counties	Added Chambers County
San Antonio	MSA	Bexar, Comal, Guadalupe, and Wilson Counties	Added Wilson County
Utah			
Salt Lake City-Ogden	MSA	Davis, Salt Lake, and Weber Counties	No change
Virginia			
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News	MSA	Currituck County, N.C.; Chesapeake, Hampton, Newport News, Norfolk, Poquoson, Portsmouth, Suffolk, Virginia Beach, and Williamsburg cities and Gloucester, Isle of Wight, James City, Mathews, and York Counties, Va.	Added Isle of Wight and Mathews Counties in Va. and Currituck County in N.C.
Washington			
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	PMSA	Island, King, and Snohomish Counties	Formerly titled Seattle PMSA; added Island County
Wisconsin			
Milwaukee-Waukesha	PMSA	Milwaukee, Ozaukee, Washington, and Waukesha Counties	Formerly titled Milwaukee PMSA

¹ This is not the official OMB definition of the St. Louis metropolitan statistical area. Excluded is the part of Sullivan city in Crawford County, Missouri.

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